"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Fair, somewhat warmer today; Sunday cloudy, probably snow; moderate south winds.
☞For full weather report see Page 19.

VOL. LXIV...NO. 20,783. . . . NEW YORK, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 19, 1914.—TWENTY PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City and Newark. { Elsewhere TWO CENTS.

RAILROADS WIN RATE INCREASE

Commerce Board Grants Desired 5% Advance, Excepting Coal and Iron.

WAR A MOVING FACTOR

Gives More Revenue to Protect Transportation "for the Common Weal."

TEN DAYS' NOTICE ONLY

Commission Cuts Time Before Advances Can Be Made—Roads Get One Unexpected Award.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 18.—By a vote of five to two the Interstate Commerce Commission today granted the application of the railroads in Official Classification Territory for an increase in rates. The decision announced this morning, as outlined in THE NEW YORK TIMES on Dec. 11, awards the carriers 5 per cent. on everything but coal and iron ore, and is expected to add nearly $50,000,000 a year to revenues of the lines east of the Mississippi and north of the Potomac and Ohio rivers.

The only exceptions made are those which were expected by the railway managers. Increases on bituminous coal and coke were denied because of the recent investigation, as a result of which maximum rates were prescribed. The advances on anthracite coal and iron ore are not allowed because they are before the commission for review in other proceedings. Rail-lake-and-rail, lake-and-rail, and rail-and-lake rates are not to be changed because the carriers have increased the rates by water and so lessened the differences between the combination and the all-rail charges. Rates which are governed by unexpired orders of the commission are not to be changed. On the other hand the railroads received an unexpected award in the permission to raise rates on cement, starch, brick, tile, clay, and plaster in Central Freight Association territory. The commission now allows these rates to be increased throughout Official Classification Territory, although they were excepted by the decision of July 29 from the increases allowed in the Central Territory.

The "Merry Christmas" which the commission extends to the Eastern roads has almost none of the unpleasant qualifications which were contained in the two previous decisions. That the board fully appreciated the urgency of the situation created by the war, to which attention was called by President Wilson in his letter to Frank Trumbull, following the visit to him of the Committee of Railway Men, is shown by the celerity with which an agreement was reached. The evidence was not put into the commission's hands until Oct. 30, and but thirty-nine business days elapsed before the final proofs of the findings were formally signed.

The decision is almost a sweeping victory for the railroads, for not only are all of the increases expected allowed, but the commission suspends its rule requiring the filing of new tariffs thirty days in advance of the date on which they are to go into effect in order to make the relief available at the earliest moment. The order authorizes the roads to put the higher rates into effect on ten days' notice. It was a foregone conclusion that the commission would not allow an increase in the rates on coal and iron ore, which are under review in another case.

Harlan and Clements Dissent.

Chairman Harlan wrote a supplementary and dissenting opinion in which he concurs with the majority of the board in the view that the roads are in need of more revenue, but takes issue with the way in which it is to be gained. He expresses the view that the carriers need more than a $50,000,000 increase in their net revenue, but says that they have not, either in the original hearing or on the reopened case, made any effort to show that the scale of through rates, as measured by the 75-cent rate on first-class traffic from New York to Chicago, is unduly low, or that higher through rates would be fair. He still stands for the remedy proposed in the decision of July 29: A revision of rates and the ending of practices that are unremunerative.

Commissioner Clements was bitterly opposed to the award made by his colleagues, on the ground that the roads did not justify the advances. In his opinion he says that he regards this decision as overturning the approved practice of the commission in previous cases, and as opening the door to great abuses. "I am not aware," he says, "of any prior case in which the commission or any court has held that the need by a carrier of money was itself proof of the reasonableness of a specific rate, or body of rates, increased to meet such need." Further on in his dissenting opinion, Mr. Clements says of the stand taken by the majority:

"If the legislative authority of the commission is as broad and unrestricted as this, then I must confess that I have gravely misunderstood the limitations upon our statutory authority as well as the constitutional power of Congress to delegate its legislative power."

The commission proposes to keep watch on the effect of the 5 per cent. increase on revenues, and for that purpose orders the carriers to keep a report for each of the next two years of the additions made to revenues by the new rates.

It is understood that Commissioner Daniels wrote the majority decision, which is concurred in by Commissioners Clark, McChord, Meyer, and Hall. After reviewing the circumstances of the cases originally filed in May, 1914, the decision says:

> When these cases were originally submitted, as also when the original report was prepared, the revenue and expenditure account for June, 1914, and the property investment account for that financial year, were not available, the war was unforeseen and the results of our order were, of course, yet to come. Collectively they present a new situation
>
> The carriers offered further evidence of their financial condition during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1914, including returns for that year completed by addition of the revenue and expenditure account for the month of June and the capital invested account for the year. They also introduced revenue and expenditure accounts for the months of July and August of the current fiscal year. Reports to the commission for the month of September, 1914, have since made possible a similar statistical statement for that month also.
>
> These figures serve to emphasize our previous finding of the need of car-

Continued on Page 7.

MAYOR'S WIFE AT FIRE.

Escorted to Blaze by Adamson, but Party Arrives Too Late.

Mrs. John Purroy Mitchel, wife of the Mayor, with a young woman companion, both of them accompanied by Fire Commissioner Robert Adamson, George Featherstone of the Fire Prevention Bureau, and Major Merritt Smith of Baltimore, arrived in an automobile last night in front of a negro tenement at 63 West 131st Street, just after a three-alarm fire had been put out. They missed seeing policemen and firemen assist the members of eleven families down the rear fire escapes. No one was hurt.

Deputy Chief Dougherty turned in three alarms, for he learned from tenants that they had smelled smoke fully twenty minutes before the fire was discovered in the rear of the boiler room and the Chief was afraid it might have eaten upwards through the walls. It burned for an hour, but the firemen kept the damage down to about $2,000.

Mrs. Mitchel had been at a dinner party and was going on to the theatre when Commissioner Adamson telephoned her, reminding her of her request to be escorted to the next big fire. They hurried to 131st Street, and when they found themselves too late for the blaze accepted Chief Dougherty's invitation to go through the house. The white slippers of Mrs. Mitchel and her young companion suffered from the pools of water which had accumulated on most of the floors, but they seemed to enjoy their experience.

William Schwedes of 1,547 Second Avenue was knocked down at Lenox Avenue and 127th Street by the motor tender of Engine 36. He was bruised and cut a little, but his worst misfortune came after Dr. Roche of Harlem Hospital had examined him, for then Policeman Dallard arrested him for intoxication, and he was taken to the hospital a prisoner.

$6,000 THEFT AT THE SAVOY.

Gems Taken from Suite and Tenant Adjoining Disappears.

A thief in the Hotel Savoy on Thursday night got jewelry worth $6,000 belonging to Mr. and Mrs. D. N. Hanson and their daughter Rebecca, who were occupying two suites.

Mr. Hanson is of the firm of Mason & Hanson, who are in the woolen business at 79 Spring Street, and in Chicago. He has charge of the Chicago branch, and about a week ago his wife and daughter preceded him to New York to attend the coming-out party of Miss Cornelia Leggett Woolley, a relative, at the Apthorp.

Mr. and Mrs. Hanson were away from the hotel on Thursday when a man friend arrived and had dinner with Miss Hanson in the restaurant of the hotel, leaving his hat and coat in their rooms. After dinner, when she went for the hat and coat, Miss Hanson found another coat in its place. Her mother's room was in great disorder and stripped of jewelry.

Detectives found that a dividing door between Mr. Hanson's room and the suite next was not bolted on Mr. Hanson's side, although it was bolted on the other side. The occupant of the adjoining suite had left the hotel when Miss Hanson and her friend were at dinner, and he carried an alligator bag. An alligator bag was among the things taken. The man registered at the hotel as from Montreal on Tuesday night. The booty included diamond necklaces, watches, rings, and an ermine muff and wrap.

MEAT AND SHOES HIGHER.

War's Drain on Our Cattle Supply to Send Up Prices.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Dec. 18.—Meat at 50 cents a pound and shoes at $10 a pair are the possibilities of the next two years, in the opinion of Government and stock yards experts. They have been taking a census of the cattle of the country, and found a visible supply of less than 35,000,000.

Henry J. Williamson, Government statistician in the Department of Agriculture, has been in Chicago and the West for five weeks, visiting stock centres.

"Meat in America will be a rarity before the war ends, with its drain on our supply," said Williamson today. "The number of cattle has diminished and the population increased progressively for ten years. Leather is low now, but is becoming so scarce that there will not be enough hides for the manufacture of shoes within a year or two. Already the skins of dogs, horses, and other animals are being used to make up the deficiency."

BRIDE LOST $50,000 GEMS.

Prominent Couple Mourning Jewels That Vanished in Auto.

This advertisement is printed this morning in the Lost and Found column of THE NEW YORK TIMES:

> $2,000 REWARD.—No questions asked; lost between the Globe Theatre and Holliswood Hall, on Thursday night, jewel box containing gems of extreme value. Return to Holliswood Hall, Hollis, L. I.

The jewels, which are worth more than $50,000, belong to a bride of a few days, who is stopping with her husband at Holliswood Hall, where they arrived from Chicago. The couple, who refused to give their names last night, rode over in an automobile from Holliswood Hall on Thursday night with their chauffeur and maid. The bride insisted on taking with her the leather case which contained the jewels. She carried the jewels with her when they went to the Globe Theatre and remembers taking them back to the automobile with her. But on the ride back to Hollis they were lost.

The bride was ill yesterday and under the care of a physician and nurse. Her husband spent the day in this city consulting with lawyers and detectives.

The most valuable piece was a necklace containing thirty-eight pearls with a platinum clasp, in which one large diamond and a number of small pearls were set. There were also a diamond sunburst and a number of rings.

J. E. Tench, proprietor of Holliswood Hall, said he was forbidden to name his guests, but that they were very wealthy and well known in Chicago, where they lived, and in Pittsburgh.

DRAWING, STATEROOM SLEEPING CARS, NEW YORK, AIKEN & AUGUSTA, via SOUTHERN RAILWAY. Lv. New York daily, 12:08 P. M. Dining car service. N. Y. Office, 264 Fifth Ave.—Advt.

WIDOWED DAUGHTER REPULSES CLEARY

Aids Him with Her Testimony in Murder Trial, but Tears Herself from His Embrace.

PRISONER TAKES THE STAND

Pleads Insanity from Drink and Shock When He Killed Daughter's Husband—Case to Jury Today.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW CITY, N. Y., Dec. 18.—William V. Cleary, on trial for the murder on July 23 last, of his 18-year-old son-in-law, Eugene M. Newman, took the stand in his own defense at to-night's session of the Court and pleaded that the knowledge that his daughter had been betrayed by Newman had driven him insane, that he did not know at the time of the shooting that his victim had married his daughter, and that he did not intend to kill.

The 20-year-old daughter, on the stand earlier, had told the story of her association with Newman, her illness, and her later marriage. She declared that she had not told her father or her mother of the marriage, though they knew of her condition.

According to the last hour defense put in, Cleary murdered the boy while in a "twilight state," in which he did not know right from wrong. This explanation was offered by Dr Floyd N. Crego, an alienist of Buffalo.

The lawyers will sum up at 9 o'clock tomorrow morning and Cleary will probably know his fate by noon.

The Widow Repulses Her Father.

The first sensation of the day came shortly after 5 o'clock in the afternoon when the widow of Eugene Newman came into the courtroom, supported by Ambrose Cleary, her uncle. She entered from the rear and her father could not see her from his place at the counsel table. Steps lead to the rostrum where the counsel table, jury box, and witness chairs are located. When her foot touched the first step her father saw her. He jumped up and pulled her bodily up the remaining steps. He threw his arms about her and showered her with kisses.

The daughter, taken entirely by surprise, drew away and struggled to free herself, but it was of no avail. Cleary held her like a vise.

Ambrose Cleary then began to pull at the father's arm, but he, too, was helpless against the physical force of the defendant. Then the lawyers took a hand, and they succeeded in freeing the frightened girl widow.

Then Cleary, apparently realizing that his daughter had repelled him, sank back in his chair, bowed his head on the table, and wept.

As Mrs. Newman was led to the witness chair she passed close to the jury box, and two of the jurors broke into tears. They were Louis Ude, a retired delicatessen dealer, of Orangetown, and Fred Frey, a carpenter, of Ramapo. Ude has a son 24 years old and a daughter 8 years old. Frey has two sons, 24 and 26 years old.

Mrs. Newman was dressed in black, but was not in mourning. She wore a white ostrich feather in her large picture hat. The young witness was examined by Frank Comesky, chief counsel for Cleary.

She Tells the Story.

Just as she began her father broke into another crying spell, and this time his wife bent over him and consoled him. Then the young widow, in a voice never lifted above a whisper, told her dramatic story. She did not meet the gaze of father or mother or of any of her acquaintances in the crowded courtroom. The testimony began in this way:

Q.—How old are you? A.—Twenty years.

Q.—Did you and young Gene Newman go together? A.—Yes.

Q.—Was it approved by your parents? A.—No.

Q.—And you knew that? A.—I knew that.

Q.—Did he come to see you at your home in New York after you moved from Haverstraw? A.—Only once.

Q.—Did you see him in Haverstraw? A.—Yes, I did.

Q.—Were you taken ill last July? A.—Yes.

Cleary raised his eyes at this point, but his daughter only stared in space.

"And who was the father of the unborn child?" asked Mr. Comesky.

"Eugene Newman," replied the woman in a firm, but low voice.

"Did you ever tell your parents this?"

"Never," she replied, "I concealed it from them."

The examination then went on:

Q.—When did you last see your father? A.—On July 22, the day before the shooting.

Q.—And you had not told him then of your condition? A.—No, Sir.

Q.—When were you married? A.—On July 18.

Q.—Did he know of your marriage? A.—No, Sir.

Q.—Did you tell your family physician of your marriage? A.—No, I think I was too sick to realize or think of anything.

Q.—Did you ever tell your mother that you were married? A.—Never.

On cross-examination Prosecutor Gagan was very gentle with the young woman.

"Were you engaged to Eugene Newman?"

"Yes."

"How long before the shooting?"

"Three months."

"And you planned to marry him?"

"Yes."

"You thought enough of Gene Newman to marry him?"

"Yes, I did."

Mrs. Newman was in the room just ten minutes. As she was led past her father Cleary again reached out to embrace her. She shrunk from him and did not allow him to touch her. She became so weak on her way to the door that her whole weight dropped on her uncle's arm. A physician waited outside of the room to administer restoratives. Court was adjourned immediately afterward for the afternoon, and in his cell Cleary also received medical attention.

Frederick Newman, father of the slain boy, was not in court to hear his daughter-in-law's testimony.

Cleary's Own Story.

Cleary's story was that the news of his daughter's condition had shocked him so as to leave him insane. He had no intention of killing Newman, he said, and did not know that he was his son-in-law. This is his story:

"I knew Gene Newman as a boy, and I did not consider him fit to associate with my daughter. His mother eloped when she was 16. His father was at one time insane. I hated Gene Newman and I did not want him to go with Anna. We took Anna away from Haverstraw to get away from that boy. I knew that he went with her once in a while and I would not stand for it. One policeman told me that he associated with negresses.

"When I heard of Anna's condition I was shocked. I wanted to think. I told my wife to let me alone. I told her that in my mind the only way to keep my

Continued on Page 6.

"No holiday meal complete without a bottle of ANGOSTURA BITTERS, a splendid tonic."—Advt.

A War Play by Sir James M. Barrie

"Der Tag," ("The Day,") a powerful arraignment of the Kaiser and Germany by the world-famous author of "Peter Pan" and "The Little Minister," will be the leading feature in

TOMORROW'S SUNDAY TIMES.

SENATE ACCEPTS WILSON CHALLENGE

Post Office Committee Reports Against a Kansas City Nomination.

PLANNED AS A REBUKE

Non-Partisan Opposition Expected to Appointments Made Without Senatorial Support.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 18.—Undeterred by the action of the Senate on Monday, when it unanimously rejected the nomination of John R. Lynn to be Federal District Attorney for the Western District of New York because the appointment did not have the approval of Mr. O'Gorman, the Democratic Senator from that State, the President today showed his determination to fight for his supremacy in Federal patronage by sending to the Senate a number of appointments opposed by Democratic Senators from the States concerned.

The Senate at once took up the challenge. The Committee on Post Offices and Post Roads, without leaving the chamber, reported adversely the nomination of W. N. Collins to be Postmaster of Kansas City, who lacked the indorsement of Senator Reed of Missouri, and on motion of Mr. Reed the adverse report was adopted without a singe voice being raised on the President's behalf.

As in the case of Mr. Lynn, the President gave Mr. Collins a recess appointment soon before Congress reconvened, and this added to the resentment of Senators who have been increasingly alarmed at the President's assumption of complete authority over nominations. The Senate's course today seems to predict a similar victory for Mr. Reed in his opposition to Ewing Bland, whom the President has named Federal Marshal in Missouri. It also suggests that in several other pending disputes over patronage in various States the President will find his appointments, when unsupported by the local Democratic Senators, confronted by the solid opposition of the Senate, regardless of party divisions.

What happened in the Senate today is almost unprecedented in the history of the Government. Few Presidents have had the control over their party that Mr. Wilson has exercised; but no one can recall so sudden and sharp a rebuff administered to a President by a house of Congress in which his party had safe control. The way in which Mr. Lynn's appointment was rejected came very near setting a new standard in this respect, but that nomination was at least acted upon by the proper committee in the regular way. Today everything was prepared in advance, and, while the Committee on Post Offices and Post Roads went through the form of softening its action by reporting some uncontested nominations favorably, it was evident that the Democrats and Republicans alike had planned to deliver as sharp a rebuke as possible to the President.

It is likely that a similar fate awaits the recess appointments of Mrs. Marjorie D. Bloom to be Postmistress at Devil's Lake, N. D., although no Democratic Senator is concerned. In the course of the last session her husband was appointed Postmaster through the influence of Postmaster General Burleson and John Burke, Treasurer of the United States, formerly Governor of North Dakota. On personal grounds Senator Gronna, a Republican from North Dakota, opposed the appointment, presented a petition signed by some four hundred citizens of Devil's Lake in opposition to Mr. Bloom's appointment, and, after presenting various charges, including one that Mr. Bloom had deserted his first wife, induced the Senate to reject the nomination.

The President thereupon sent in the name of Mrs. Bloom, his present wife, and the objections first directed against her husband were transferred against her. The Senate also rejected her nomination. After the session the President gave her a recess appointment, and the nomination under that appointment was sent to the Senate today. Mr. Gronna's objections to her are still as lively as ever, and the temper of the Senate seems to promise him full support.

There is also objection of a local kind to the recess appointment of A. H. Buie to be Postmaster at Ennis, Texas. Mr. Buie's nomination was sent to the Senate today. He was nominated at the last session, but the opposition of Representative Beall of Texas, in whose district Ennis lives, prevented favorable action.

The only other recess appointment, of those sent in today, that has any political significance is that of Francis W. Brown to be Postmaster at Lincoln, Neb., the home of Secretary Bryan. At the last session Mr. Brown was opposed by Representative McGuire of Nebraska, who put forward a candidate of his own who is a Catholic. The religious question was injected into the campaign; Mr. McGuire made his campaign on the issue raised over the disputed patronage, and was defeated. Pending the settlement of the controversy, Senator Hitchcock of Nebraska delayed action in the Senate; but with Mr. McGuire out of the way, he has no objections to Mr. Brown, and the appointment will probably be confirmed.

One New York appointment among the several made today has interesting features. It is that of Daniel F. Shea, to be Postmaster at Jamaica. Mr. Shea is the regular leader of the Queens County Democracy, and there is practically no opposition to his leadership. He was indorsed by Representative Dennis O'Leary and Congressman-elect Caldwell and will not be opposed by Senator O'Gorman. It is suggested, however, that the President's favor to a regular Democrat in New York may be explained by the fact that the Queens County organization is distinct from that of Tammany Hall.

The long list of nominations sent in today carried one echo of the scandal incident to the appointment of Henry M. Pindell of Peoria, Ill. to be Ambassador to Russia. Mr. Pindell was unknown to Secretary Bryan and was appointed directly by the President, resigning as soon as he was confirmed by the Senate because of a hint from Petrograd that Mr. Pindell would find himself isolated from his colleagues. Today the President sent to the Senate the name of W. H. Hefferan, who was indorsed by Mr. Pindell, to be Postmaster at Rockford, Ill., though it is reported that Mr. Bryan had favored for this position a man named O. M. Williams.

The Committee on Post Offices and Post Roads is expected to act quickly on the contested cases.

Vafiadis, the cigarettes smoked by connoisseurs abroad, may now be had in New York. Established CAIRO, EGYPT, 1870.—Advt.

CANFIELD LEFT OVER A MILLION

Noted Gambler's Will Distributes Art Works Among Family and Friends.

OTHER WORKS TO BE SOLD

Whistler Portrait Left to His Son—David Bucklin Gets "Un Chasseur d'Afrique."

The will of Richard A. Canfield, once the best known proprietor of gambling resorts in the country who died from a fractured skull on Dec. 11, was filed for probate yesterday. It disposes of an estate estimated far in excess of $1,000,000. The residuary legatees are the widow, Mrs. Genevieve W. Canfield and a son, Howland Dartmouth Canfield, of Providence, R. I., and the daughter, Mrs. Grace Martin Hannon, of 536 West 112th Street. There are no public bequests.

Mrs. Hannon gets the bronze statuette, "Bacchante," by MacMonnies, which adorned the courtyard of the Boston Public Library until rejected by the trustees of that institution. The son, Howland, gets a portrait of his father by Whistler, and historical and reference libraries. David W. Bucklin, 527 Fifth Avenue, a friend, gets the oil painting "Un Chasseur d'Afrique" by Edouard Detaille, and William S. Coe, another friend, gets "The Trumpeter," by Alphons de Neuville. Mrs. Virginia Kelly, "my faithful friend and servant" gets $2,000 "as a token of my appreciation of her untiring devotion to my family."

The residuary estate includes most of the stock of the Spring Stopper Company, all of which Mr. Canfield owned; his realty holdings, which are not enumerated; his American and foreign patents in the stopper company and otherwise, and his paintings, bronzes, and vases, upon which he placed great value.

He directs his sole executor and trustee, Luke Vincent Lockwood, to increase the capital stock of the Spring Stopper Company to $1,000,000, or to such amount as Mr. Lockwood may deem proper, and to transfer to the corporation all indebtedness of the old company to the testator, and his American and Canadian patents for an amount of the increased capital stock as shall represent their value in the judgment of the Directors of the new corporation. From this increased capital stock the following bequests are directed to be made: $50,000 par value to Harry Melville Brown, a friend; $25,000 each to Clayton F. McKenley and Thomas W. Sprague, friends. Mr. Lockwood is to be provided with a competent salary for his labors in the corporation.

The will then directs Mr. Lockwood to obtain a $50,000 life insurance policy on the life of Percy J. Beaumont and to pay the premiums thereon, and "if for reason said Beaumont shall cease to be in my service said policy may be sold, assigned, or surrendered as in the judgment of my executor shall seem best."

The will then contains this clause:

"In view of the fact that a large portion of my estate is in the form of art objects, namely, paintings, furniture, porcelains, rare editions of books, bronzes, rugs, and the like, I desire to give my executor and trustee the widest discretion in the disposition of the same, and I direct that his decision relative to the disposition of these objects and the prices obtained therefor shall be final."

A further clause deals with the sale of the realty and other details of the estate and says in part:

"I authorize and empower my executor and trustee in his uncontrolled discretion to retain as part of any trust under this my will any securities owned by me at the time of my decease, or such as he may acquire in carrying out the terms of my will, and while holding the same to exercise all the powers as a stockholder or otherwise which I could have exercised if living; I do hereby exempt him from all liability resulting from holding the same."

Specifically, the will provides that one-third of the residuary estate is left in trust for life for the benefit of the widow, and at her death it goes to the children equally; one-third goes to the daughter, in trust for life, with the power of disposal at her death; the other third goes to the son under like conditions. There are other bequests.

The will was dated July 2, 1913, and Mr. Canfield stated that he was then a resident of Providence, R. I.

SENDS TO AMERICA FOR NEWS

Indignant Englishman Wants to Know About the Audacious.

W. Lanier Washington of this city has received a letter from a well-known clergyman in England, in which he makes a protest against the censorship in that country. Mr. Washington has asked THE TIMES to send copies of this newspaper to his friend which tells of the recent disaster to the Audacious. The letter, which is dated Dec. 4, reads:

"It is just leaking out in the papers that a disaster happened about a month ago to a ship, or some ships, in our navy, which the Admiralty, under its unprincipled head, Winston Churchill, is keeping so far secret, but which American newspapers had accounts of and discussed.

"For those of us here, who have so many relatives in the navy, this is painful enough. As you will have understood from my letter written a few days ago, we cannot trust our Government, (except as its extreme partisans do.) Can you do me the kindness of telling me what this disaster was? I should feel grateful if you would.

"In the end a Government of England that carries out secret methods and lives by unprincipled actions must come to an end. But in the meantime those in the country whose kindred are in the firing line have to suffer the anxieties of suspense, and the fate of the Government brings no compensation for these anxieties.

"England's real heart is true still, and has not lost its old integrity, and I hope for a resurrection of all its good after the shackles of the usurpers, Asquith and his gang, are broken."

XMAS. THE ALLTOGETHER POUCH holds pipe and tobacco. At the Schulte Stores.—Advt.

FIRST INDICTMENTS IN THE BAFF INQUIRY

Joseph and Jacob Cohen Held in $25,000 for Assault on Slain Man's Friend.

SIX WITNESSES DETAINED

Two May Not Be Permitted to Testify—Moore Has Turned State's Evidence, It Is Reported.

The Grand Jury investigation into the murder of Barnet Baff, who was killed in the West Washington Market on Nov. 24, led yesterday afternoon to the indictment of Joseph Cohen and his brother Jacob, both of whom had worked in the market for many years.

The Cohens were indicted for assault on A. T. Pearson last September and not for the murder of Baff, but Acting District Attorney Delehanty told Judge Malone in the Court of General Sessions that their indictment had been "found necessary" in the course of the Baff investigation. At his request the Judge fixed the bail of each of the prisoners at $25,000, so that their presence might be assured if they were needed in the Baff case. The brothers were locked up in the Tombs.

In the opinion of the District Attorney's office, the assault on Pearson had the same inspiration and motive as the murder of Baff, and was similar to the murder in every way except that Mr. Pearson was not killed. The brothers were indicted, according to reliable report, after James Moore, who was arrested on Wednesday as the actual assailant of Mr. Pearson, had turned State's evidence and said that the two Cohens had hired him to attack Mr. Pearson. Moore was the principal witness before the Grand Jury yesterday.

Moore and five others were locked up last night as material witnesses in the Baff case. One of the five who was confined in the House of Detention was Harry Cohen, known as "Kid Griffo," a brother of the two men under indictment. He is a Poultry Inspector in the market. It was rumored that he, as well as Moore, had turned State's evidence, but this was denied by his lawyer, Alfred J. Gilchrist, of Neu, Gilchrist & Spedick, 26 Court Street, Brooklyn.

Secrecy Sought by Police.

One of the other material witnesses held was Benjamin Lewis of 224 Throop Avenue, Williamsburg. He is a chicken handler in the Washington Market and, according to the police, was released from Sing Sing shortly before the murder of Baff. He was a brother, it was said, of Abe Lewis, a notorious gangster. Every effort was made by the police and District Attorney's office to keep secret the fact of his apprehension.

The three other material witnesses behind the bars were among those taken into custody on Wednesday night and early Thursday morning. They were David Rubin Klodny, known as "Klondike" and "Little Dave"; Isidore Switzsky, known as "Big Izzy," and Moses Rosenstein, known as "Chicken Moe." Klodny and Switzsky were arrested as suspected persons, and Rosenstein was arrested and charged with passing a forged check on a Coney Island shop-keeper. He was arraigned on this charge in the Coney Island Court yesterday and discharged when the complainant against him failed to appear, but he was retaken into custody immediately as a material witness in the Baff case and returned to Manhattan.

The day's quick succession of developments was planned on Thursday night in conference by Police Commissioner Woods, Guy H. Scull, his secretary; Inspector Faurot, Capt. Carey, Mr. Delehanty, and Assistant District Attorneys Murphy and Deuel. This conference was held in Police Headquarters and lasted until late at night.

At 5 o'clock in the morning the police rounded up the three Cohen brothers and Lewis. Moore, Rosenstein, Switzsky, and Klodny already were in custody, and it was said that the information that made the arrest of the others possible came from one or more of them. Detectives Hagen and Golden found Harry Cohen at his home at 1,258 Thirty-eighth Street, Brooklyn, and Detectives L'Heureux, Birmingham, Noonan, and Peeples took Joseph and Jacob Cohen from their home at 165 Penn Street, Brooklyn. Detectives Behan, Reis, Brown, and Hemendinger found Lewis in his home at 225 Throop Avenue, Williamsburg.

Moore Under Examination.

None of these four men was taken to any police station or Headquarters and "booked," but all were kept under cover throughout the day. The rumor that they had been taken into custody spread until it gained general acceptance, but no one was able to find the whereabouts of any of the men, who were not technically prisoners until after the Grand Jury adjourned late in the afternoon.

Moore was with Inspector Faurot and Mr. Delehanty a good part of yesterday morning and early in the afternoon, and, it was thought, gave them his full story. It seemed that little progress was being made with him when the Grand Jury was dismissed until Monday shortly after luncheon time and no indictments had been found. Mr. Delehanty, however, finished his last conference with Moore early in the afternoon, and at once asked Judge Malone to recall the Grand Jurors. He did so, and the jury reassembled in the Criminal Court Building at 4 o'clock.

Mr. Pearson, the poultryman who was the complainant in the assault case, was one of the first witnesses, and Moore followed him. Six other witnesses whose names were not given out were called, and at 5:30 the Grand Jury handed up the indictments of the two Cohen brothers. Bench warrants were issued, and within five minutes the prisoners were arraigned before Judge Malone. They as well as Harry Cohen and Lewis had been taken secretly to the Criminal Court Building to be held pending the action of the Grand Jury.

Joseph Cohen said he wished to engage counsel before pleading to the indictment, and Judge Malone granted an adjournment until Monday morning. Mr. Delehanty then addressed the court.

"Although these men are charged with assault in the first degree," he said "the indictments against them were found necessary in the course of the investigation of the murder of Barnet Baff by the December Grand Jury. It is of the highest importance to the State that these men be held in such bail as will insure their presence at any time they may be wanted while this investigation is going on, and I, therefore, ask you to fix bail for each of them in the sum of $25,000."

Bail Fixed at $25,000.

"I recognize the importance of the investigation," Judge Malone replied, "and think the crime that provoked it is of sufficient magnitude to justify the bail you ask. I will accordingly fix bail at $25,000 for each of the prisoners."

The brothers were asked whether they had anything to say and both nodded

Continued on Page 5.

HOLIDAY RATES SOUTH via SOUTHERN Railway. New York Office, 264 Fifth Ave.—Advt.

SCANDINAVIAN KINGS IN WAR CONFERENCE

Gustave, Haakon, and Christian Meet at Malmoe to Formulate an Agreement.

MALMOE, Sweden, Dec. 18.—King Gustave of Sweden, King Haakon of Norway, and King Christian of Denmark arrived here today for their conference, at which they are to formulate an agreement designed to combine their respective interests during the period of the war.

The meeting of King Haakon and King Gustave was of unusual interest, since it was the first time that the rulers of these countries had met since Norway severed her connection with Sweden in 1905. The conference is expected to establish closer relations between these countries.

The royal conference is being held in an ancient dwelling in the market place of Malmoe, the headquarters of the present Lord Lieutenant. King Gustave was the first to arrive, and he welcomed King Christian when he reached port on the cruiser Heimdal. Later the two monarchs met King Haakon, who came to Malmoe by special train. The greeting of the monarchs was of a most cordial nature.

The town is profusely decorated and crowds lining the streets cheered the sovereigns.

The three Kings spent the greater part of the day in conference.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PETROGRAD, Dec. 18.—The Bourse Gazette regards the meeting of the three Scandinavian monarchs as an important step in the direction of an alliance of Denmark, Norway, and Sweden, which, in the writer's opinion, is desirable in the Russian interests.

Considering the present predominance of pacific tendencies in the policy of the three Scandinavian States, the prospective alliance would lead to a declaration of permanent neutrality both for the States themselves and the straits uniting the Baltic with the North Sea and Atlantic. The allied States would be sufficiently strong to defend their neutrality against all attempts at infringement, and thus the question of a northern Dardanelles would be settled in Russia's favor without sacrifice on her part.

ADMIRALTY DENIES RAIDERS SANK SHIPS

British Reply to Berlin Report That Two Were Destroyed and One Damaged.

LONDON, Dec. 18.—A report from Berlin today quotes the German Official Press Bureau as announcing that in the raid on the English coast on Wednesday "two British destroyers were destroyed and one was heavily damaged." The British Admiralty issued a statement tonight asserting that no British warships were lost as a result of the raid, and that all German statements to the contrary were untrue.

In reply to a request from the Corporations of Hartlepool and West Hartlepool to make an investigation of the raid, the Admiralty has replied that this will not be necessary as the Government is in possession of all the facts.

That the British destroyer Hardy was among the warships which engaged the German squadron that made the raid was disclosed by an Admiralty casualty list issued tonight. The list shows that two men were killed and fifteen were wounded aboard the Hardy.

The Coroners of the three towns which were bombarded are still busy holding inquests over the bodies of the victims. The death roll continues to grow, several persons having died of wounds.

As a result of the bombardment, the kingdom has been flooded with posters, saying: "Avenge Scarborough! Up and at 'em now!"

AIMS TO DIVERT ITALY INTO A PEACEMAKER

Reputed Mission of Kaiser's New Envoy—Wilson Said to Indorse New Papal Effort.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MILAN, Dec. 18, (Dispatch to The London Daily Chronicle.)—Prince von Buelow, who arrived in Rome yesterday in his new ambassadorial capacity, is said in political circles to be intent on frustrating Italy's threatened entry into the European struggle against her Imperial allies by inducing the Italian Government to assume the rôle of the world's peacemaker on the basis of "neither victor nor vanquished."

The Kaiser deems the present opportune by reason of the persistent deadlock on the Belgian-French front, and the decided check all along the eastern line to the Russian advance.

This version well agrees with a statement in the Vatican press that Emperor Francis Joseph, regretting the failure of the Pope's appeal for a Christmas truce through the persistent opposition of Russia and France, has warmly welcomed and supported Benedict XV.'s resolve to exert further diplomatic pressure at the beginning of the new year with a view to stopping the war.

It is said that President Wilson heartily associates himself with the papal initiative.

IRON CROSS TO CHANCELLOR

Kaiser, Who Will Return to the Front This Week, Confers It.

AMSTERDAM, (via London,) Dec. 18.—According to the Telegraaf, Emperor William, who has been detained in Berlin for some time because of illness, will return to the front this week.

The Emperor, the same dispatch says, has just conferred the decoration of the Iron Cross, First Class, on Chancellor von Bethmann-Hollweg.

SPECIAL SALE Great Variety HOLIDAY GIFTS. Tower, 826 Broadway at Pearl St.—Advt.

RUSSIANS ADMIT FALLING BACK, BUT NOT DEFEAT

Shifting Battle Line in Places to Meet Reinforcements, They Say.

VIENNA TELLS OF VICTORY

Announces Two Central Poland Towns Taken by Storm—Berlin Still Withholds Details.

RUSSIANS WIN IN GALICIA

Attack Austro-German Force and Capture 3,000 Prisoners, with Considerable Artillery.

ALLIES REPORTED IN LILLE

Said to be Fighting Germans in the Streets—Flanders Army Is Nearing Ostend.

LONDON, Saturday, Dec. 19.—Although there seems to be no doubt that the Russians are retreating, and that for the present any expectations the Allies may have held of an early invasion of Germany must be dismissed, considerable mystery surrounds the reported decisive victory by the Germans which Berlin has been celebrating.

Vienna gives a few details of the fighting in the east. The claim is made that the Russians have been driven out of their positions north of the Carpathian Mountains from Krosno to Zakliozyn—which would indicate that part of the southern line of railway in Galicia again is in the hands of the Austrians—and that Piotrkow and another central Poland town—Przedborz—have been stormed, but silence is maintained as regards North Poland, where the German victory is said to have been achieved. The German official report dismisses this battle with the statement that "in Poland we are still pursuing the enemy, who continues to give way."

Amsterdam dispatches serve to heighten the confusion over the situation by quoting Berlin papers received there as expressing disappointment at the fact that no names of battlefields are mentioned, that no tangible results of the fighting are disclosed, and that no lists are given of the number of captured guns and prisoners.

The Russian official announcement issued last night in Petrograd merely announces a realignment of forces which has been foreshadowed for several days. It says: "In connection with the advance of part of our troops towards the Bzura River, Russian Poland, and in view of the fact that the Austrians are continually receiving reinforcements in the Carpathians, we have thought fit to rearrange the positions of some of our armies," and goes on to declare that in Western Galicia between Sanok and Lisko, which are southwest of Przemysl in the Carpathian country, the Russian offensive has succeeded, and that 3,000 prisoners have been captured with considerable artillery.

This apparently means that the three divisions which were withdrawn from Servia with such fatal results, and which are said to have been reinforced by two army corps drawn from France and sent around into Hungary by Gen. von Hindenburg, has been driven back after forcing their way through the Dukla Pass, further west, in an effort to raise the sieges of Cracow and Przemysl. However, Krosno, where the Austrians report a victory, is only forty miles northwest of Sanok on a railroad.

The Russian official announcement also says that there is an almost complete lull on the left bank of the Vistula, following recent attacks by the Germans, which were repulsed.

SOLID IN EAST PRUSSIA.

Russians in Complete Control of Vistula North Bank.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PETROGRAD, Dec. 18, (Dispatch to The London Daily News.)—Prince Stcherbatoff, director of the Russian imperial stud, who has returned from a visit to East Prussia, where he inspected large horse-breeding establishments which the Germans left on their hasty retreat, states that the Russians have penetrated deeply into East Prussia. He saw not a single German. The entire population has gone into the interior of Germany.

The advance in the northern campaign has linked the operations of the Russian Army now inside the southern border of East Prussia with the army pressing westward through the lake region. This situation has impelled the Germans to attempt a new rapid movement by crowding their left flank between Sochaczew and the Vistula. They have evacuated Lodz and have brought a great part of the army of occupation round through Kutno into this region. Neither army now sets any value on Lodz and the plains and woods around the once crowded but now silent city.

The density of the German position in the region of Sochaczew is shown by the presence there of 350,000 men. Gen. von Hindenburg is still crowding men upward through Ilow to the left bank of the Vistula. Incessant, rapid, and violent attacks are being made upon the Russian lines on the Bzura because the time of the great frosts is close at hand. It is practically impossible for him now to use the Vistula from Thorn for transport, and very soon the Russians, who are complete masters of the

North bank of the Vistula to East Prussia, will be able to use the frozen river for all military operations.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PETROGRAD, Dec. 18, (Dispatch to The London Morning Post.)—The pursuit of the defeated German force, which exceeded 60,000 men of all arms, has been continued north of the Vistula. The Russians have captured guns, prisoners, and trains of military stores. Cavalry and supports have crossed the political frontier into German territory in the neighborhood of Soldau.

There has been comparative quiet during the last two days on the left bank of the Vistula and in West Galicia. This is the normal prelude to a big battle, which is developing in this region. The garrison of Przemysl during the last week has made a series of attempts at sorties, but each time the defenders have been driven back with heavy loss. I understand the garrison has been driven to attempt these sorties by the increasing scarcity of provisions complicated by sickness, and the Russians, well knowing the condition to which the troops are reduced, no longer now, as in the earlier days of the investment, allow the garrison to get well outside before surrounding them. During the last attacks none was allowed to get away, the main object being to compel the garrison to continue to occupy this extremely unhealthy fortress or surrender altogether. The last sortie was Dec. 15, when the Russians captured a number of Maxims and several hundred prisoners.

LONDON, Saturday, Dec. 19.—The Petrograd correspondent of The Times sends the following:

"The enemy's third incursion into Galicia has been arrested on the very borders of the Province. Some manoeuvring on the part of Gen. Radko Dimitrieff's corps sufficed to check the invading columns, although they crossed the Carpathians on a wide front extending between Wieliczka and the headwaters of the San River.

"No definite information has been forthcoming as yet regarding the new point of attack in Field Marshal von Hindenburg's invasion of Poland. After his fruitless efforts to break through the Russian lines on the Bzura River, it is probable that he will seek to deliver a blow further south, but it is not known whether this will be toward Warsaw or Kielce.

"All the enemy's efforts, however, can only stave off the day of reckoning. The Russian Army is within a stone's throw of the Silesian border north of Cracow, which is the real pivot of all the operations now developing. The desperate flanking moves on the Bzura River and from the Carpathians only serve to indicate that the Russians hold the pivot firmly, whence, in good time, they will sweep the flanking columns off the road and advance into the heart of Germany."

CRITIC CAUTIONS GERMANS.

Calls Senseless and Misleading Talk That Russians Are Crushed.

BERLIN, Dec. 18.—(by wireless to Sayville, L. I.)—The Official News Bureau to-day gave out the following items:

"The coincidence of the expedition to the English coast and the victory in the East continues to cause general rejoicing. Although the headquarters report is chary of details there is a general expectation that the Russian defeat will prove to have been complete. From details available, however, it seems safe to say that the victory has freed Germany from any possible menace of invasion from the East for a long period. The Austrians appear to have done their work quite as thoroughly. The political effect of the victory also is likely to be advantageous as regards certain powers whose attitude might depend on the course of the events of the war.

"While nearly the whole press is disposed to consider Field Marshal von Hindenburg's victory in the light of an utter crushing of the Russians, the military critic of The Vorwaerts speaks in a more moderate tone.

"'The talk of a destructive defeat of the Russians is for the present a senseless and misleading exaggeration,' says this critic. 'An army of a million men like the Russian army, which has indeed, in the last four weeks suffered severe losses but which always has been able to fill the gaps with recruits, does not let itself be destroyed under present conditions on a front of several hundred kilometers.'

"Vienna's report indicates that the Russians still are maintaining the aggressive in the Carpathians, but declares that they are retreating elsewhere. That Field Marshal von Hindenburg will follow up his advantage to the fullest extent may confidently be expected."

GEN. WELITCHKO KILLED.

Famous Russian Engineer Who Designed Port Arthur Fortress.

BERLIN, Dec. 18, (via wireless to Sayville, L. I.)—The following was given out today by the Official Press Bureau: "Gen. Welitchko, the Russian officer of Port Arthur fame, has been killed near Lodz.

Gen. Welitchko was one of the most famous engineers in the Russian service. He designed the fortress of Port Arthur and aided Gen. Stossel in its defense ni 1904. He had what were then revolutionary ideas in regard to the fortification and defense of a fortress. He did not believe in extensive outlying works, but he did believe that the natural position of such works covered by the heavy guns of the main fort should be occupied by the field army which by its mobile artillery should keep the enemy at such a distance as would prevent him from using his heaviest guns against the main position. For this reason, he left Tu-ku-shan at Port Arthur unfortified, but the Russian field army soon lost it by assault, and the Japanese at once turned it into one of their most important points of approach.

A successful carrying out of Gen. Welitchko's ideas may now be observed in the French defense of Verdun, where for more than four months the field army has prevented the Germans from bringing their gigantic siege howitzers near enough to reduce the main forts, as Liege and Namur were reduced.

ENTERTAINED BY MR. ASQUITH

Prof. McClenahan of Princeton in London on His Way to Belgium.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Dec. 18.—Prof. Howard McClenahan of Princeton University is in London on his way to Belgium to inquire into conditions there on behalf of his university. He was entertained at luncheon today at 10 Downing Street, the Premier's official residence, by Mr. and Mrs. Asquith. Those present included Admiral Lord Fisher, Gen. Sir Ian Hamilton, John Lane, the publisher, and Miss Violet Asquith.

The Prime Minister, who is in excellent health, was much interested in hearing from Prof. McClenahan about the American point of view.

Argentine Press Assails Caillaux.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BUENOS AIRES, Dec. 18.—The newspapers continue to attack Joseph Caillaux, the former French Minister of Finance, who is here on a mission of some sort supposed to be designed to keep him away from France. They charge that he helped the Germans and came near encompassing the defeat of the British.

HUNGARY STUPEFIED BY SERVIAN TRIUMPH

Carrying Out of Threat to Court-Martial Prague Rioters Would Cause Trouble.

TISZA REBUKED BY EMPEROR

Angered by Premier's Speech—General of British Parentage May Succeed Potiorek.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Saturday, Dec. 18.—The Morning Post prints the following letter from Budapest to a correspondent of a Hungarian newspaper in London:

"I gather from official private sources that the whole Austro-Hungarian army in the South (Servia) is by now practically non-existent. The bare facts are that we lost in dead and wounded during the rear-guard actions and flight more than 60,000 men, and in prisoners something like 35,000, while we sacrificed in guns, provisions, and ammunition more than the Servians ever had in the whole war.

"I hear the troops in the North, around Belgrade, and the garrison in that city are crossing the river and evacuating the town, and that guns are being unmounted in Semlin and opposite Semendria again to defend Hungary from Servian invasion.

"A Servia invasion of Hungary sounds in the ears of people here not unlike a Zulu invasion, for they believed one to be as impossible as the other. You can imagine their stupefaction when confronted with the fact that, after all, it is not only not impossible but is, indeed, very likely.

"I understand that Gen. Potiorek will have to answer for the disaster before a special court-martial next week in Vienna, whither he has been cabled to appear; for the public, and official circles as well, are furious at him. The Viennese press makes him responsible for the rout, arguing that he ought to have known whether his army was strong enough to stand against attack if it were weakened by the withdrawal of three army corps. He consented, it appears, to the withdrawal, and it is believed his case is quite hopeless. It is rumored that Gen. Minarelli Fitzgerald will be his successor. He is a very able man, the son of English parents.

"A Viennese journalist told me yesterday that the old Emperor when informed of the Servian disaster by Count Paar turned as white as death, then bent over his writing table and wept. Later on he had an interview with the Minister of War, and it is on his orders, it is said, that Gen. Potiorek is to be court-martialled.

"The rumor spread in Vienna that the Emperor was furious, and this gave courage to the people there to begin a demonstration. Thousands marched down the Ringstrasse and stopped before the Royal Palace, shouting 'hochs' for the Emperor and 'Down with Potiorek!'

"In Budapest the demonstrations have been renewed every day for the last week in spite of vigorous police measures. In other cities excitement and dissatisfaction are still greater, especially in Prague, where the demonstrations assumed a riotous character. More than 200 persons were arrested there this week and these will be charged with rioting before a court-martial, which means they will be shot unless the authorities in Vienna recoil from such wholesale executions and their undoubted consequences in Budapest and other Hungarian towns. They dare not put their threats about a court-martial into effect. The demonstrators there are being dealt with by the police.

"As to the political side of the question, a most interesting situation has developed during these momentous days. On the last day of the session Count Tisza made a statement in Parliament in answer to a question concerning the Russian invasion, a statement which had a bewildering effect in Vienna. He said, in brief, that the invasion of Hungary was par excellence an affair concerning the people's armies of both Allies, but that in case its importance was not realized by the combined General Staff, then it would be an affair for Hungary only, and independent Hungary would find means to concentrate her sons who were fighting abroad in defense of their own homes from a hostile invasion. He emphasized the point that Hungary was an independent State in the union with Austria and, if necessary, capable of independent action.

"Next day he was summoned to Vienna and saw the Emperor, who, it is said, expressed his great displeasure, but refused to accept the Prime Minister's resignation, though he tendered it as soon as the Emperor questioned his loyalty. These people know only one kind of loyalty. Never was there such applause, never were cheers so deafening as when the Premier made in the House that day the statement I quoted above. Members of the Opposition, one of whom fired three shots at him a year ago, cheered for ten minutes, the enthusiasm being much greater than that which greeted the declaration of war.

"Count Tisza's attitude has led to another demonstration on the part of the Opposition leaders. A declaration has been signed by all the Opposition members of the National Committee, including Count Karolyi and Count Battyany, in which they call upon the people to be ready to defend the sacred frontiers of our kingdom in the event of the authorities in whose hands we placed our forces not complying with the wishes of their supreme ruler, the Hungarian nation.

"The Prime Minister was asked to sign the declaration, but, though he declined, he assured the signatories that he would facilitate its distribution and the placarding of the document throughout the country."

SERBS BACK IN PODRINIE.

Losnitza Said to Have Been Burned During Austrian Occupation.

PARIS, Dec. 18.—In a dispatch from Nish, Servia, the correspondent of the Havas Agency says the Servian authorities have re-established themselves in the vicinity of Podrinie, where the Austrian troops surrendered to them.

Prisoners affirm that the Austrian losses in the recent engagements in killed and wounded have been very large, and that they exceed the losses in prisoners. Heavy casualties are shown by the innumerable unburied bodies of Austrian soldiers found on the line of their retreat.

Losnitza, where there has been no fighting recently, was burned by the Austrians.

The following statement was given out yesterday afternoon at the Austro-Hungarian Consulate:

"Concerning the news published in the American papers on Oct. 11 and 12 about great Servian victories and about mutinies of four Austro-Hungarian regiments, the Austro-Hungarian Embassy in Washington addressed on Dec. 12 a wireless request to the Austro-Hungarian Ministry of Foreign Affairs for a statement in the matter, and has just received the following wireless message from Vienna:

"'News of great Servian victories unfounded. The fact is that owing to attack of superior forces our right wing was withdrawn and new positions occupied. Servian allegation about our losses enormously exaggerated. News of mutiny absolutely false. You are authorized to publish démenti.'"

Official Reports of War Operations.

RUSSIA.

PETROGRAD.—On the left bank of the Vistula an almost complete lull on nearly all of the front has replaced the attacks made by the enemy in the course of the past few days. All of these attacks were repulsed.

In connection with the advance of part of our troops toward the Bzura River, Russian Poland, and in view of the fact that the Austrians are continually receiving reinforcements in the Carpathians, we have thought it fit to rearrange the positions of some of our armies.

We checked the offensive of the enemy yesterday in Western Galicia. On the front between Sanok and Lisko, we have succeeded in our offensive, and have captured 8,000 prisoners, several guns, and mitrailleuses.

AUSTRIA.

VIENNA.—The beaten Russian main forces are being pursued on the entire battle front 400 kilometers wide, (about 250 miles,) from Krosno, in Galicia, to the mouth of the Bzura River in Poland, where it empties into the Vistula.

The enemy yesterday was driven from his positions north of the Carpathians, between Krosno and Zakliozyn. On the Lower Donajee River we and our allies are doing battle with the enemy's rear guard.

In South Poland our advance so far has been made without important fighting. Piotrkow, day before yesterday, and Przedbors yesterday were stormed.

The heroic garrison at Przemysl has continued further fighting in front of the fortress with success.

The situation in the Carpathians has not yet substantially changed.

GERMANY.

BERLIN.—The fighting in Nieuport continues favorable, but no decision yet has been reached.

The French attacks between La Bassée and Arras and on both sides of the River Somme have resulted in failure, with severe losses to the enemy. On the Somme the French lost 1,200 men in prisoners and at least 1,800 in dead; our own losses were under 200.

In the Argonne Forest our successful attacks resulted in the capture of some 750 prisoners in addition to war material. There have been no important developments elsewhere on the western front.

On the frontiers of East and West Prussia the situation is unchanged.

In Poland we continue to pursue the retreating enemy.

FRANCE.

PARIS.—(*Night Report*)—We have gained some ground along the Downs at the northeast of Nieuport. We have repulsed two strong counter-attacks by the enemy at the north of the road between Ypres and Menin.

The British troops have advanced slightly in the region of Armentières.

Our artillery has destroyed two heavy batteries in the vicinity of Verdun.

There is nothing of importance to report from the other parts of the front.

(*Day Report*)—The day of Dec. 17 was marked, as we said yesterday, by an advance on our part in Belgium, where every counter-attack undertaken by the enemy failed.

In the region of Arras a vigorous offensive made us masters of several trenches. These are located at Auchy, La Bassée, St. Laurent, and Blangy. At this last mentioned place we occupied on a front more than one kilometer long, almost all the first-line trenches of the enemy.

In the region of Tracy-le-Val, on the Aisne, and in Champagne our heavy artillery won distinct advantages.

In the Argonne the Germans blew up one of our trenches to the north of Four de Paris, and endeavored to move out from their position with three battalions of troops. This infantry attack, as well as the one they undertook at St. Hubert, was repulsed.

To the east of the Meuse and in the Vosges there is nothing to report.

EMDEN'S MISSING MEN CAPTURED BY BRITISH

Landing Party That Escaped From Cocos Island Caught by the Empress of Japan.

PARIS, Dec. 18.—The Ministry of Marine announced today that the British auxiliary cruiser Empress of Japan had captured the collier Exford, having on board three officers and forty men from the German cruiser Emden, which was sunk on Nov. 10 by the Australian cruiser Sydney.

These are the men who were left on Cocos Island and sailed away in a commandeered schooner.

Forty men of the cruiser Emden were ashore on Cocos Island when their vessel was overtaken and sunk by the Sydney. Under the command of Lieut. Muecke, they commandeered a Cocos Island schooner, loaded it with provisions, and sailed away. A dispatch from Manila Wednesday said these men afterward captured a collier, on which they mounted two Maxim guns, evidently brought with them from the Emden, and began raiding commerce in the Pacific.

This report came through officers of the British steamer Malacca, which arrived at Jolo. Where they captured this collier has not been divulged.

In a letter received in this city a few days ago from a civil engineer in Cochin China, who was on board a steamer which the Emden captured, mention is made of the Exford as having been among the Emden's prizes. After telling of the capture on Oct. 23 of the Troilus, on which he was a passenger, the writer says:

"We witnessed another interesting capture of a British steamer. It was the Chilkana, Capt. Archdeakon, from Aden. All of a sudden we saw the steamer through the mist. The Emden first fired a shot across her bow and then circled around her and went up under her stern. A Lieutenant from the Emden went aboard and told the Captain and crew to pack up their belongings. Meanwhile sailors from the Emden went aboard, took off the wireless, and put it up on their collier, which was a captured steamer named the Exford. Their second collier, the Bureskhad, which was also standing by, already had been equipped with a wireless taken from a captured British steamer."

The Emden's landing crew after escaping from Cocos Island evidently knew where to find the Exford and made their way to her.

STEAMERS FEAR THE DRESDEN

Buenos Aires Also Hears Another German Fleet Is Coming.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BUENOS AIRES, Dec. 18.—The escape of the German cruiser Dresden has caused a suspension of the sailings of British ships to the Pacific.

There are rumors here that another German fleet is coming.

BUENOS AIRES, Dec. 18.—The commandant of the Argentine cruiser San Martin, which has just come into port, relates that in the Golfo Nuevo he met the British cruiser Carnarvon and exexchanged visits with her commanding officer.

The engagement of Dec. 8, which resulted disastrously to the German squadron, was discussed. The commandant of the St. Martin was informed that the English squadron had four men killed and fifty-six wounded. None of the wounded have been landed; they are all being cared for on board. The German cruisers opened fire at a distance of 13,000 yards. The British vessels held their fire until they were within 8,000 yards of the enemy.

Rumanian Neutrality Approved.

Berlin, Dec. 18 (via wireless to Sayville, L. I.)—The following was given out by the Official Press Bureau to-day:

"A special committee of the Rumanian Conservative party has approved the continuation of neutrality."

POEM BY PHILLPOTTS ON TIMES EDITORIAL

British Novelist Takes 'Peace With Freedom' as Theme of Lines 'to America.'

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Saturday, Dec. 19.—The Daily News publishes a poem entitled "To America," by Eden Phillpotts, who has taken THE NEW YORK TIMES editorial, "Peace with Freedom," as his text. The poem has the following introductory note:

"THE NEW YORK TIMES has published the most striking indictment of Germany that has appeared in the American press since the war began. 'The world,' it says, 'cannot and will not let Germany win; if she were to dominate Europe peace and security would vanish from the earth.'"

The sonnet reads:

All hail to thee, Columbia! It is meet
That this most righteous rescript of the free
Should spring from thine august democracy;
And she who labors in the battle's heat
Lifts weary eyes of gratitude to greet
The watchful guardian of her liberty.
Civilization's heart doth turn to thee,
Thou who wouldst lave her bloody hands and feet;
For thus she reads thy solemn far-flung word—

Mightier than any might of fire and steel;
Greater than armaments—wherein is heard
Humanity's own law above repeal:
That they who spurn her paramount decree
Poison the fruit of their own destiny.

The Spectator, commenting on THE NEW YOR TIMES's editorial article on Dec. 15, "For the German People, Peace with Freedom," says:

"We congratulate THE NEW YORK TIMES on the noble feeling of its article. We are reminded of the eulogy which Walt Whitman pronounced on leading articles of Northern newspapers during the American civil war. That great tribute to journalism from a man of letters was thoroughly well deserved.

"The American press may in peace time too often show a certain triviality of touch, but the best newspapers can rise greatly to great occasions, and here we have a splendid example of that fact."

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Dec. 18.—The Figaro devotes a front page column to THE NEW YORK TIMES's war editorial, giving extensive extracts. The article begins with a quotation from the passage referring to the certainty of a German defeat. The newspaper comments as follows:

"Was the above written by a Frenchman, an Englishman, a Russian? No! it is the unbiased, independent opinion of neutral Americans in their most important newspaper, THE NEW YORK TIMES. Such is America's reply to the four months' furious propaganda of Bernstorff and Dernburg."

WATSON ADDRESSES WAR SONNET TO AMERICA

Tells "Would-be Umpire" that Victory Over Germany Must Precede Peace Parleys.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Dec. 18.—The Evening News prints the following sonnet, entitled "To a Would-be Umpire," by William Watson:

Great Perseus babbled not of peace while free
To rend were still the Gorgon's talons, nor
Did mighty Theseus while the Minotaur
Took his red toll of white virginity
Crave mediation. Glaucus' son, when he
Vanquished the triple-mouthed Chimera for
The Lycians, reined not back his furious war
Till he had felled the monster's foreheads three.

Nor shall St. George of England stay his spear
In parley while yon ravening shape accurst
Ramps over life and treads down arts and laws.
To you far westward we will give an ear
Where sage and safe you sit; but hew we first
The dragon's teeth out of the dragon's jaws.

Stamps for a German Switzerland.

PARIS, Dec. 18.—As proof that Germany made plans to annex Switzerland the Matin prints photographs of German 10 and 20 pfennig stamps, across which are printed in black letters, "Schweiz, 10 centimes," and "Schweiz, 25 centimes."

The editor says that he has stamps of this kind in his possession.

REPORTS THE ALLIES FIGHTING IN LILLE

Correspondent Says a Bayonet Combat Is Going On and Most Germans Have Left the City.

ADVANCE NEARING OSTEND

Patrols at Middlekerke, Five Miles from Seaport—One Report Says German Line Is Broken.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

NORTHERN FRANCE, Dec. 18, (Dispatch to The London Daily Chronicle.)—A week of successes for the Allies has followed the resumption of hostilities in France and Flanders.

Roulers has been captured after fierce assaults on the German trenches outside the town.

The inundated district between Dixmude and Nieuport has been surrounded by the allied troops, who have pushed northward from Dixmude and southward from Nieuport, and joined forces on the northeastern side of the flooded region. Repeated bayonet attacks have been pushed home at Lombaertzyde, with the result that the Allies' patrols have advanced to Middelkerke, about eight kilometers from Ostend.

The fighting on the borders of the flooded area was particularly furious.

The Belgians advanced toward the entrenched positions of the Germans at Oostkerke, but were driven back by the well-posted mitrailleuses of the enemy. Three times they rallied to the charge, and three times they were repulsed. The fourth assault, however, crowned the gallantry of the Belgians with success, and the trenches were carried at the point of the bayonet.

So interwoven were the allied and German trenches in this region that the defeat of the invaders at Oostkerke was responsible for the capture of nearly 1,000 German prisoners. They were caught in parties, varying from thirty to 300 in number.

For a time the reckless dash of two armored motor cars into the Belgian lines nearly saved the situation for the Germans. The cars fired with deadly effect until they were compelled to withdraw.

The wounded are beginning to arrive at the base hospitals. The German casualties are reported to be very heavy. The sweeping offensive of the Allies has been no less successful to the south. French and British troops have arrived at the gates of Lille. Fierce bayonet fighting in the streets of this great industrial city is reported, and a general withdrawal of the main German forces to Tourcoing and Roubaix has taken place, (eight miles to the northeast.)

GERMANS SHELL ARMENTIERES

General Action There May Last Several Days.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

NORTHERN FRANCE, Dec. 18.—(Dispatch to The London Times.)—The Germans have again brought their heavy guns into play northwest of Lille. They bombarded Armentières last night. Their shells fell in the town at the rate of two a minute for several hours. The allied artillery replied with great effect.

The general action which is now in progress is expected to continue several days.

Reports German Line Broken.

LONDON, Saturday, Dec. 19.—A Times correspondent in northern France, writing under date of Thursday, says:

"The Allies have advanced. Their troops are reported to have passed Middelkerke and to have broken through the German line just below Dixmude."

FIERCE ATTACKS NEAR ARRAS.

Half a Mile of German Trenches Reported Taken by Allies.

LONDON, Saturday, Dec. 19.—The offensive movement of the Allies in Flanders and Northern France continues to be successful, according to the official bulletins from Paris.

When the gains reported to have been made during the past week are taken together, a considerable advance is indicated in Flanders and in the vicinity of Arras.

At these points the Allies seemingly are making their greatest efforts, in the belief that penetration of the German lines would compel a general German retirement.

Near Arras, it is stated, German trenches for more than half a mile have been captured by the French.

Last night's bulletin added to the scenes of activity the region of Armentières, where, it is said, the British troops have made some gain.

All the fighting in France and Belgium partakes of the nature of siege operations, with the daily progress limited to a few hundred yards, excepting in a few instances.

Berlin reports that many of the attacks of the Allies are being repulsed with heavy casualties.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 18.—Additional details of the French advance in Flanders and Northern France, reported today by the War Office, were given in an official dispatch to the embassy here. The message said:

"We have reached the road from Tombaertzy-les-Bains to the east of Steenstraate. We have captured the enemy's trenches, gained 350 yards, made 100 prisoners, and taken three mitrailleuses.

"In the region of Bixschoote we have gained 500 yards, made 80 prisoners, and taken three mitrailleuses.

"To the north of Notre Dame de Consolation our progress has been about 500 yards."

RANGERS SAVED INDIANS.

Charged Germans Three Times Before They Won.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Dec. 18, (Dispatch to The London Daily Express.)—A thrilling story of how the Connaught Rangers saved an Indian regiment is told here by a wounded interpreter.

It was arranged that the Indians should make a surprise attack on the German trenches at dawn. They had gone half way when the Germans, whose artillery had been reinforced during the night, opened fire violently. The Indians went bravely on, but were raked by infantry fire and had to retire to their trenches.

The Germans found the range and bombarded the trenches for twenty minutes. This bombardment was followed by an infantry attack in overwhelming numbers.

Matters looked serious when cheers were heard and the Connaught Rangers came up at the double.

A desperate hand to hand battle followed. The Irishmen in the face of the terrible odds facing them were repulsed and had to retreat. They reformed and attacked again, but were again driven back before the overwhelming onslaught of the Germans.

In spite of their heavy losses the Rangers did not lose courage. They reformed a second time and with the remnants of the Indians made a third charge. This time they swept the Germans before them.

The latter at first made a determined stand, but in spite of their numbers they were powerless before the Irishmen. When all their officers had fallen the Germans threw down their rifles and the Connaughts occupied their trenches.

DROP BOMBS IN LORRAINE.

French Airmen Pelt Three Towns, Causing Death and Damage.

BERLIN, (via London,) Dec. 19.—Two of the Allies' aeroplanes flew over Saarburg, Lorraine, at midnight Thursday and dropped ten bombs, which killed a Uhlan Corporal and a cavalryman and severely wounded a servant girl. The material damage done in the town was considerable.

The aviators also threw two bombs at the railroad station at Rieding, and two bombs at the village of Heming.

PUSHING EAST FROM VERDUN.

Operations There 'Very Important,' Writes a French Officer.

A French officer attached to the army fighting near Verdun has sent a letter to a friend in this city, under date of Nov. 29. In part he says:

"Although our progress here is slow it is very important when one takes into consideration the fantastic works which one is forced to construct to dislodge the Germans. Our division is pushing further and further to the east and northeast of Verdun.

"Our morale is excellent; our men are so impatient that one needs a great deal of energy to restrain the troops from exposing themselves unnecessarily. On the other hand, the German morale seems very low. No day goes by without numerous deserters arriving within our lines. Yesterday three German infantrymen rushed out and surrendered to me while I was picking my way along the edge of a wood to rejoin an advance post. The preceding night they had slipped into the wood through our lines to await daylight and the opportunity.

"It would interest you very much to see how we work, and to witness the energy of our soldiers. The food is abundant and good, but for six weeks I have not slept in my bed. We generally pass the night on some straw in some underground chamber.

"The Germans are not bombarding us much. They have been delivering infantry attacks, preferably at night or at daybreak. Their procedure is always the same, but they are repulsed with enormous losses. They are mostly reservists or older men, and they do not follow up their movements with any continuity. A few days ago I found myself in the midst of an attack, and having snatched a gun from a man who had been killed next to me, I shot down five Germans before they retired.

"The important thing is to attain the final result. When will this be? I hope to be still alive, as it will be a glorious moment for our country, which is thoroughly deserving, for France has met this terrible situation with the greatest fortitude. I am sorry for Austria, which will be the greatest victim."

PERCIN ALIVE AND DENYING.

General Accused of Failure to Help British Proves He Was Not Shot.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Dec. 18.—Something of a sensation was caused after the battle of Charleroi by the rumor that Gen. Percin, commanding at Lille, had wrecked Joffre's plans and almost involved the British contingent in ruin by failure to obey an order to reinforce the allied left. It was even alleged that he had been publicly disgraced by Gen. Pau; some reports said he had been shot.

Defenses attempted by friendly newspapers were censored, and the Liberté in an article about Charleroi, published Dec. 4, said that the General failed to support the third army.

The Liberté tonight publishes a letter from Gen. Percin, denying the charge and saying:

"It is true that I commanded the Lille army, but I received no order to reinforce the troops engaged at Charleroi."

Although Percin thus disposes of the specific charge, it is freely stated here that Gen. Joffre, who did not hesitate to dismiss five important Generals after the last manoeuvres, has been equally severe since hostilities began toward all incompetents, regardless of their rank or previous reputation.

MORE GERMANS COMING.

Ten Thousand Marines and Infantry Passed Through Liege in a Day.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

AMSTERDAM, Dec. 18, (Dispatch to The London Morning Post.)—I learn from Liége that many trains have arrived there with marines and infantry going to the front in Northern France and the Yser region. On one day about fifty trains passed, each filled with 200 men.

In many places along the Rhine, including Cologne and Düsseldorf, torchlights are being used during the whole night.

FRENCH COURT IN ALSACE.

Establishment by the Army Rouses Natives to Enthusiasm.

PARIS, Dec. 18.—The first French court in the reconquered territory was installed at Thann, Alsace, yesterday, with a ceremony dramatic in its simplicity. The courtroom was crowded with girls in picturesque Alsatian costumes and old men who had waited forty-odd years for the day when France should return to Alsace.

The courtroom was silent until the Dragoons, posted back of the dais, drew their sabres at the word of command from their officers. Another officer then entered the room, advanced to the judge's desk and said: "In the name of the French people——." The low sobbing of an old Alsatian, unable to restrain his emotion, interrupted the officer but, after a short pause he continued: "and by virtue of the instructions of the general commanding the first army we declare M. —— Judge at Thann with jurisdiction," &c.

That was all. The young people rushed out in the street cheering, while the old men remained for awhile in their places in quiet ecstacy.

THE ALSATIAN A WARSHIP.

New Allan Liner Becomes the Flagship of Admiral de Chair.

The agents of the Allan Line received a dispatch from Liverpool yesterday saying that the new 18,000-ton liner Alsatian had been refitted and armed with eight six-inch guns and several quick firers. She is now the flagship of Admiral de Chair, the French officer, who is in command of the mercantile cruiser squadron of the Allies.

The Alsatian is the latest addition to the Allan Line fleet of Atlantic liners.

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FRANCE HAS MONEY TO FIGHT LONG WAR

Her Resources, Says Finance Minister, Enable Her to Look Forward Without Anxiety.

FOR $400,000,000 BOND ISSUE

Bank Advances of $1,200,000,000 Arranged For, and More Can Be Obtained If Needed.

PARIS, Dec. 18.—Speaking before the Appropriations Committee of the Chamber of Deputies today on the 1915 budget, M. Ribot, Minister of Finance, emphasized the strong financial position of France, stating that the nation would not lack resources to continue the unsought war to the end without faltering and would not be embarrassed by the prolongation of hostilities. He said in part:

"When the war began the French Treasury had not taken any precautions to enable it adequately to meet the expenses involved. This is one of the proofs that we did not want war. It was forced upon us, and I aver that we are not responsible for the unchaining of these terrible evils from which the belligerents as well as neutral countries are suffering today.

"The interests of all peoples are so interwoven that the nations, not actually engaged in the hostilities are deeply affected by the war."

M. Ribot said he thought the most pressing need today was the re-establishing of credit, temporarily paralyzed by the first shock of the war. The intricate system of commercial and industrial credit, brought to perfection after centuries of labor, had been stunned for the moment, but was now recovering.

"France will not lack resources to continue the war, which she did not seek but which she is resolved to pursue to the finish, without faltering," M. Ribot continued. "From a financial viewpoint, France's reserves are such that she can regard without anxiety the prospect of prolongation of hostilities. The end of the war will not depend at any time on the status of our financial power."

M. Ribot told the Appropriations Committee that the Government had advanced to allied or friendly countries these amounts: To Belgium, 250,000,000 francs, ($50,000,000;) to Servia, 90,000,000 francs, ($18,000,000;) to Greece, 20,000,000 francs, ($4,000,000;) to the Bank of Montenegro, 500,000 francs, ($100,000.)

The Treasury had in circulation on Sept. 1 427,000,000 francs, ($85,400,000,) of Treasury bonds. This was increased before the end of November to 940,000,000 francs, ($188,000,000,) the total authorized under the Government's decree of Oct. 1. However, the Government on Dec. 3 authorized an increase to a total of 1,400,000,000 francs, ($280,000,000.) The total National Defense 5s, subscribed for, now surpasses 1,000,000,000 francs, ($200,000,000.)

Bank to Advance $1,200,000,000.

The Finance Minister explained that the Bank of France, under the law of Nov. 11, 1911, advanced to the Government for mobilization expenses 2,900,000,000 francs ($580,000,000) and the Bank of Algeria 100,000,000 francs ($20,000,000.) This proved insufficient for the first expenses of the campaign, and the Government called upon the bank in September to increase its advances to an ultimate total of 6,000,000,000 francs ($1,200,000,000.) M. Ribot requested the Appropriations Committee to recommend that Parliament sanction this agreement with the Bank of France, which was dated Oct. 21.

M. Ribot pointed out that the gold holdings of the bank on Dec. 10 were slightly in excess of the amount held just before the beginning of the war, which was 4,141,341,663 francs ($822,826,833.) Efforts are being made to increase this stock. The bank figures of Dec. 10 were analyzed by M. Ribot, who called attention to the comparatively small increase in note circulation, in the last two months and a half only 687,000,000 francs ($137,400,000.) The magnitude of the current accounts item indicated the degree of confidence inspired by the Bank of France and the abundance of funds awaiting employment. M. Ribot said that the notes of the Bank of France were standing at par abroad, while the notes of countries against which France was fighting had depreciated considerably.

Touching upon the financial situation of the bank and the country after the war, the Minister said that the bank could without danger to its credit make during the war such advances as would be required. It would be after the war, when repayment was necessary, that the greatest difficulties would arise. The greatest peril for French finance, he continued, would be for the country to be obliged to accustom itself to the compulsory circulation of bank notes. M. Ribot said that the Government would find it an apparent advantage to delay repayment of its debt to the bank, but in this connection he discussed the experience of France after the war of 1870 and added that the State would reimburse its debt to the bank from its first resources.

Plan for a Bond Issue.

M. Ribot said that the Government in the bill submitted requested the authorization to issue Treasury bonds up to 2,000,000,000 francs ($400,000,000) with authority, if the necessity arose, to go beyond this maximum by decree after consulting the Council of State. The Government, he continued, asked to be trusted as to choosing the moment when the loan could be issued advantageously.

The Government's normal revenues had decreased in every direction, said the Minister. Stamp taxes, Bourse transfers, customs, and various indirect revenues, such as those from sugar receipts and spirits, had diminished 47 per cent. This was attributable to the large number of consumers called to the colors, the voluntary restraint of the people, the early closing hours, and the prohibition of the sale of absinthe. Tobacco receipts had diminished 16 per cent.

BRITISH WILL CABLE THANKS TO AMERICA

Committee to Express at Christmas Gratitude for Our Aid to Sufferers.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Saturday, Dec. 19.—The London Times announces that an influential British committee is preparing a cable message which is to be sent to the people of the United States at Christmas, thanking them for the aid they have given the British wounded and other sufferers during the war. This announcement is made in reply to a letter from Maude Pauncefote, daughter of the late Lord Pauncefote, former British Ambassador at Washington, who writes "to inquire if before Christmas the courtesy of the press may be invoked to make known the deep appreciation of this country to all Americans who have contributed such magnificent aid to us in England, and equally to those in distress through the war in other countries."

As indicating the extent of this help, Miss Pauncefote mentions the American hospital and Santa Claus ships, the several splendid base hospitals and ambulances, tons of dressings and clothes of all sorts. "To women,' she says "the wonderful organization is chiefly due, but the immense sums of money to enable these blessings to float across the Atlantic have also come from the pockets of generous, large-hearted men, by whom the cry of the weak is never unheeded."

400 LOST ON FRIEDRICH KARL.

Sinking of German Cruiser Now Officially Reported by Russia.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PETROGRAD, Dec. 18, (Dispatch to The London Daily News.)—The Admiralty now confirms the report of the sinking by the Baltic squadron recently of the German cruiser Friedrich Karl.

Two-thirds of the crew were lost, fewer than 200 being saved.

A Petrograd report (unofficial) on Dec. 17 stated that the Friedrich Karl had been sunk "during a recent sortie in the Baltic." Previous reports said that the cruiser had struck a mine.

The "sortie" referred to took place late in November, when the Russian Admiral von Essen caused several of his cruisers and destroyers to be painted like the German ships. Flying German colors, they joined a squadron of the enemy returning to Kiel from a raid in the Gulf of Finland. Too late the Germans identified them. As a result a Petrograd dispatch of Nov. 27 said that the "injuries, in some cases, were so serious that the vessels actually sank in the canal."

POPE IS STRICTLY NEUTRAL.

His Secretary Denies Reports of Hostility to France.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Dec. 18.—The Petit Parisien publishes an interview which its Rome correspondent had with Cardinal Pietro Gasparri, the Pope's Secretary of State, who desires emphatically the suggestion that the Vatican is opposed to the Allies, owing to the anti-clerical attitude of the French Government during recent years.

Mgr. Gasparri reiterated that the Vatican was absolutely neutral, adding:

"That does not prevent our having opinions."

In proof of his statement the Papal representative referred to the Pope's letter to the Rheims Cardinal, and commented on the inexplicable postal error which caused a delay of twenty days at Tours in the delivery of the letter, which gave ground for the anti-French rumors. It was because of this that the Pope, learning it had not been received, authorized the publication of the letter in the press.

Secondly, he pointed out that the Pope had replied with an unequivocal assertion of neutrality to a letter addressed to him by Cardinal Sevin, Archbishop of Lyons, who complained of the anti-French attitude of certain religious bodies and newspapers. The Pope said that such an attitude was wrong and unauthorized.

Finally Mgr. Gasparri informed the interviewer that the Vatican had made large contributions to needy Belgians and French, despite the large decrease of the Peter's pence offerings owing to the war.

He also gave the correspondent a copy of the Pope's reply to Cardinal Sevin, which the Petit Parisien publishes.

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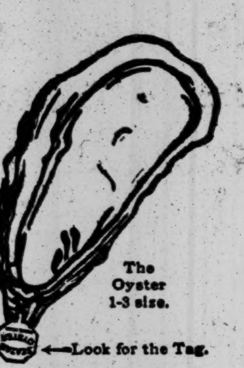
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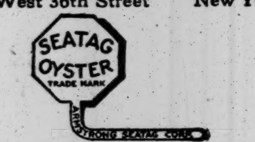

The Tag—Full Size

HON. H. L. BRUCE KILLED.

Husband of Camille Clifford, American Actress, a War Victim.

LONDON, Dec. 18.—The name of Capt. the Hon. Henry Lyndhurst Bruce of the Royal Scots Guards appears in tonight's list of officers killed in action.

Capt. Bruce, who was the eldest son of Lord Aberdare, married in 1906 Camille Clifford, a well-known American actress, whom he met while she was playing in an American musical production in London.

Early in November "Capt. the Hon. H. B. Bruce of the Argyll and Sutherland Highlanders" was reported killed, and, as there was no officer of that name in the British Army List, it was supposed that Capt. Henry Lyndhurst Bruce was meant. The report from London shows this surmise to have been erroneous.

WANTS THE SUBMARINES.

Spring-Rice Talks with Bryan About Decision Barring Shipments.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Dec. 18.—The decision of the Washington Government against the shipment of submarines in parts is the subject of conferences at Washington between Ambassador Spring-Rice and Secretary Bryan. The British Government does not agree with the American interpretation that the exportation of submarines in parts is a violation of neutrality. It is not understood, however, that any formal protest has been made. On the contrary, the representations are said to have been of the most informal character. There is no indication here whether Washington will alter its decision.

DEATH SENTENCE QUASHED.

British Appeal Court Annuls Conviction of Ex-Consul.

LONDON, Dec. 18.—The Court of Criminal Appeal, consisting of the Lord Chief Justice (Lord Reading) and four other Justices, today annulled the conviction of Nicholas Ahlers, who on Dec. 10 was found guilty of treason and sentenced to death.

Ahlers, a naturalized Englishman, was formerly German Consul at Sunderland Borough. He was accused of having aided German reservists to reach their country after the war began.

SEVERE FIGHTING IN ASIA.

Turks Reinforced—British Bombardment Did Much Damage.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PETROGRAD, Dec. 18, (Dispatch to The London Daily News.)—There have been considerable engagements in Asia Minor, where the Turks have been reinforced in the Vilayet of Van and on the Persian frontier.

PARIS, Dec. 18.—The Havas Agency has given out a dispatch from its correspondent at Athens, who quotes a message from the Island of Tenedos to the effect that the recent bombardment in the Gulf of Saros, immediately north of the Dardanelles, by a British fleet completely destroyed the Turkish barracks on shore and seriously damaged the fortifications.

The Turks, panic-striken, fled to the interior.

TURKEY YIELDS TO US.

Permits Departure of Consuls and Other Aliens from Syria.

LONDON, Dec. 18.—The Athens correspondent of the Exchange Telegraph Company says the Turkish Government has yielded to the combined representations of the United States, Italy, and Greece and has removed the interdiction on the departure from Syria of the Consular representatives and citizens of neutral countries.

Britain Ratifies Morocco Treaty.

LONDON, Dec. 18.—Great Britain has recognized the French protectorate over Morocco and declared her adhesion to the Franco-Moroccan Treaty of March, 1912.

The Franco-Moroccan Treaty of 1912 instituted a French protectorate over Morocco, with a French Resident-General, who exercises civil and military powers under the sovereignty of the Sultan. Previously France and Germany had signed a convention whereby Germany's commercial and industrial interests were not to be impeded and Germany undertook not to hinder the establishment of the protectorate. By the Anglo-French Convention of 1904 France received a free hand in Morocco and England a free hand in Egypt.

Botha Thinks Boer Revolt Ended.

CAPE TOWN, Dec. 18.—Gen. Louis Botha, Premier of the Union of South Africa, considers that the rebellion, apart from the rounding up of a few stray bands, is at an end. Accordingly he has gone for a short vacation on his farm before undertaking a campaign against German Southwest Africa.

EGYPT'S NEW RULER IS PRINCE HUSSEIN

Son of Ismail to Succeed the Deposed Khedive, with the Title of Sultan.

PROTECTORATE PROCLAIMED

France Agrees to It, and England in Return Agrees to the Franco-Moroccan Treaty of 1912.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

CAIRO, Dec. 18, (Dispatch to The London Daily Chronicle.)—"Long Live Sultan Hussein!" Such is the cry which will be resounding throughout Cairo and Egypt as these lines are being read.

It is a glad sound that heralds the end of the four-hundred-year old connection between Turkey and Egypt.

A new and promising chapter is being opened in the long and fascinating history of the land of the Pharaohs, and it is appropriate and auspicious that in the Nile land a new era of promise should be opened under the sovereignty of its most enlightened and popular Prince.

Sultan Hussein is an uncle of the deposed Khédive, Abbas Hilmi, who has made common cause with the enemies of Egypt and the British Empire.

The new ruler is a man of distinguished appearance and is undoubtedly the most highly cultured member of the Khédivial family. He received an early scientific and linguistic education in Egypt, and later went to Paris to carry on his studies. His father commended him to the care of Emperor Napoleon III., and that monarch received him as an honored guest at the brilliant Court of the Tuileries. To the Empress Eugénie he was like a son, and soon became the favorite companion of the ill-starred Prince Imperial.

Had a Salon in Paris.

After a while Prince Hussein had his own residence in Paris, where he established a much frequented salon. When the Suez Canal was about to be opened he returned to Egypt, where he was nominated Inspector General of the Provinces of the Delta. A mission to Italy followed, and then the Prince returned to Paris to complete his studies. He left the city only ten days before the Germans closed around it in 1870, and two months after his return to his native land his father appointed him Inspector of Upper and Lower Egypt.

Thus began his long and highly successful administrative career, and in a number of posts he gained experience which will now stand him in good stead—positions in which he proved himself to be a man of statesmanlike abilities.

As Minister of Public Instruction the Prince accomplished much excellent work in establishing bursaries and awarding prizes of all kinds. These acted as a very healthy stimulus to the rising generation of Egyptian students.

Afterward Prince Hussein went to the Ministry of Public Works. While there he superintended the building of the railway from Cairo to Helwan. A period as Minister of the Interior followed, and the Prince then became Minister of War.

While he held the latter post the war with Abyssinia began, and it was due in no small degree to his administrative powers that in a brief space of time the army was sent, excellently equipped, to that country. The last office that the Prince held was that of Minister of Finance.

It will be seen, therefore, that the new ruler has had varied and all-around experience in the administration of the country of which he is now called to be the head.

Is Uncle of Khedive Abbas.

LONDON, Dec. 18.—A British Protectorate over Egypt was proclaimed today, and Prince Hussein Kemal has been appointed Sultan and has accepted that position. Prince Hussein is an uncle of Abbas Hilmi, until now Khédive.

The French Government has recognized the British Protectorate over the country in which France formerly had such important interests, and in return the British Government has given notice that it adheres to the Franco-Moroccan Treaty of 1912, which, following the Agadir affair, gave France a Protectorate over Morocco.

The Official Press Bureau in its announcement says:

"Prince Hussein Kemal Pasha, the eldest living Prince of the family of Mehemet Ali, has accepted the post of Sultan of Egypt."

In a letter addressed to Prince Hussein on his appointment, the British Acting High Commissioner for Egypt, Milne Cheetham, C. M. G., details the efforts, which, he says, England made to avoid war with Turkey, and which were frustrated by the Turkish war party and the Ottoman Cabinet. Mr. Cheatham states that there is ample evidence that Abbas Hilmi has thrown in his lot with the enemies of Great Britain, with the result that "the rights over the Egyptian executive exercised by the Sultan of Turkey and the late Khédive are forfeited."

Mr. Cheetham announces in the letter that Egypt's relations with foreign powers will be conducted by a British representative in Cairo, and that the religious convictions of Egyptians will be respected scrupulously. He says:

"By reason of your age and experience you have been chosen as the Prince of the family of Mehemet Ali most worthy to occupy the Khedivial position, with the title of Sultan of Egypt. I give you the assurance that Great Britain will accept the fullest responsibility for the defense of the territories under you under all aggression. All Egyptian subjects will be entitled to receive the protection of the British Government. There will disappear the restrictions heretofore placed by the Ottomans on the numbers and organization of the Egyptian Army."

In connection with his letter the Commissioner in a statement tonight says that, in declaring Egypt free from obedience to Constantinople, Great Britain has been animated by no hostility toward the Caliphate, and that in any movement to strengthen and improve Mohammedan institutions the new Sultan will have the support of the Government. The promise is made that after the war the treaties will be revised, and that, "in such measure as the degree of enlightenment of public opinion may permit," the governed will be associated with the task of government.

The opinion is expressed by many persons here that the clearer definition of Great Britain's position in Egypt will accelerate progress toward self-government in that country.

Abbas Hilmi arrived in Vienna today, according to advices received in London.

Earl Cromer, who has held the posts of Commissioner of the Egyptian Public Debt, Controller General of Egypt, and British Agent and Consul General in Egypt, calls attention to the fact that Egypt must continue to pay to Turken an annual tribute amounting to over $3,000,000 owing to a promise given by the Egyptian Treasury more than thirty years ago to pay the amount to Turkish bondholders.

CAIRO, Dec. 18.—A British protectorate was formally proclaimed throughout Egypt today.

In all garrison towns a salute of 101 guns was fired, and the union jack was hoisted.

Turks Near Suez Canal.

BERLIN, Dec. 18, (by Wireless Telegraphy to Sayville, L. I.)—The following was contained in the information given out by the Official Press Bureau today:

"Naples reports that Turkish troops are fifteen miles from the Suez Canal.

"A special dispatch from Geneva reports that representatives of different groups of the Egyptian National Party have pointed out to representatives of the Italian Government that the Egyptians would be loyal to Italian Tripolitana, and would be better neighbors for Italy than the British."

When it was reported that his uncle was about to succeed him the present Khedive, Abbas Hilmi, interviewed in Constantinople, said that such an appointment was contrary to the law of Egypt. This is true, but the appointment conforms to the Moslem Law, which obtains in most Mohammedan countries, providing for descent through the eldest heir. Thus in Turkey the present Sultan succeeded to the throne on the deposition of his elder brother, Sultan Abdul Hamid, on April 27, 1909.

The law referred to by Abbas Hilmi is in the form of a firman executed by Khedive Ismail on June 12, 1866, by which the succession to the throne of Egypt was made direct from father to son. According to this firman the heir to Abbas Hilmi's throne should be his son, by the Princess Ikbal Hanem, Prince Mohammed Abdul Mouneim, who was born on Feb. 20, 1899, and has always been acknowledged as the heir-apparent.

Prince Hussein Kemal is over sixty years of age, and the son of the Khedive Ismail, who reigned from 1863 to 1879, when he was deposed in favor of his son, Mohammed Tewfik, Abbas Hilmi's father.

During his entire reign and even before Ismail Pasha was a most picturesque figure. The story of his adventures would fill volumes. Born in 1830 and educated in Paris, his Orientalism had a veneer of the Boulevards and his absolutism a touch of democracy. He is said to have spent his pre-Khedivial existence in avoiding assassins in the pay of his uncle Said Mohammed, whom he was to succeed. The foreign financiers found him an easy prey for their magnificent schemes to make over Egypt, only one of which became practical—the Suez Canal. After selling the controlling interest in the canal to England in 1874, he so heavily involved his country that he was finally forced out by the French and British interests in 1879. The Sultan aided in the abdication, for Ismail had never paid him more than a tithe of the huge sums promised for a free hand in Egypt. He retired to his palace at Emirghian on the Bosporus, where he died on March 2, 1895, a disillusioned reformers and practically a state prisoner.

Prince Hussein Kemal is the eighth ruler of the dynasty of Mohammed Ali, who was appointed Vali of Egypt, under the Sultan of Turkey in 1805, and became absolute master of the country by massacring the Mamelukes in 1816.

The fact that Prince Hussein Kemal is to assume the title of "Sultan" would imply his independence of the Sultan of Turkey, for a Sultan is the head of an independent Moslen State—that is, independent, as far as other Moslem states are concerned. It may also account for the breaking of the firman of 1866.

SINK TWO TURKISH SHIPS.

Russians in the Black Sea Active—One Vessel a Levant Liner.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PETROGRAD, Dec. 18, (Dispatch to The London Morning Post.)—The Russian Black Sea fleet has had some new successes of that minor character which alone are possible while the Turkish ships under German command decline to fight in accordance with the best traditions of the Turkish Navy, and limit their activity solely to piratical raids on undefended coasts.

On the night of Dec. 14 a Russian squadron cruising about the Turkish coasts stopped at Kerasund a steamer proceeding with all her lights out, which was identified as the Derindje of the German Levant Line. The Russians signaled to the liner to put out her boats and abandon the ship, as the squadron would proceed to sink her.

Two Turkish officers and twelve soldiers alone took advantage of this offer and duly became prisoners, after which the liner was sent to the bottom by a few rounds, which blew up her boilers and started a series of explosions of ammunition, with which the German liner was apparently laden.

On the evening following part of the Russian squadron espied under the Turkish coast line a steamship or naval vessel—it is uncertain which—and sent two torpedoes into her.

"The darkness of the night and other circumstances," as the official report has it, prevented observation of the full results, but the torpedoes appear to have struck their objective, as two explosions were heard, followed by a duller sound, as of internal explosions, accompanied by a huge sheet of flame.

CRIED TO DOOMED FATHER.

Belgian Child Asked Forgiveness as Men Lined Up for Execution.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Dec. 18, (Dispatch to The London Daily News).—Little has been known up to the present of the circumstances in which the male population of Surice, in the district of Namur, were shot and the little village was almost destroyed by the Germans in September. The Belgian journal, Siecle, which now is published at Havre, gives a few details.

The Prussians arrived in the village covered with dust and black with powder. Their officers yelled that shots had been fired. Immediately closed doors were burst open and the cowering occupants were dragged forth. With the butt ends of rifles the soldiers drove the wretched herd into the market square, heedless of the entreaties of women and the cries of terrified children.

Then as the soldiers, obedient to the Captain's orders, hustled the men up against a stone wall for execution, a little girl's voice arose from a group of weeping women and children whom the other soldiers were keeping back at bayonet's point: "Father, father, they are going to kill you. Forgive me, father, forgive me all the pain I know I have caused you."

Among the doomed men opposite one father was seen to draw the back of his hand across his eyes to hide the tears that gushed forth. At that moment the signal was given for the execution.

SAYS FRENCH SHELLS FAIL.

Fired Accurately, but Don't Explode, According to Correspondent.

The French artillery is served very accurately, but its ammunition is of an inferior quality, according to the statement of a correspondent in Germany of the German Information Service of New York. A letter from the correspondent, given out last night, says in part:

"According to information which I received from a German Captain at the front, the French field artillery is firing very accurately, but has poor ammunition. More than 50 per cent. of their shells do not explode.

"I heard that a few days before a French flier had appeared, showing on his machine the iron cross, the distinction of German flying machines, while the French are distinguished by the tricolor to prevent fire from their own troops. Of course, in this case the Germans omitted to fire, and showed themselves, expecting the flier to land or drop a message. Instead of this he dropped a few bombs, killing some German soldiers. He was fired at immediately, but managed to escape. If he had been captured he would have been hanged on the next tree."

Denmark Guards Food Imports.

LONDON, Dec. 18.—According to a Copenhagen dispatch to the Central News the Government has ordered all Danish importers of foodstuffs from America to deposit bills of lading and orders showing the disposal of these cargoes, with a view of preventing any export of food to Germany.

Cruiser Australia at Callao.

CALLAO, Peru, Dec. 18.—The Australian battle cruiser Australia arrived here this evening.

GERMAN RAID DRAWS NO WILSON PROTEST

President and Bryan Determined to Take No Official Notice of English Coast Attack.

BRITISH EMBASSY SILENT

But Suggestions in London Newspapers Cause a Discussion of Affair at the White House.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 18.—Determined that the United States shall continue uninvolved in the controversy which has arisen between the European belligerents over alleged violations of The Hague conventions, President Wilson and Secretary Bryan will make no representations to Germany concerning the bombardment of the east coast of England by German warships.

Suggestions from the British press that the United States should take the initiative in protesting to Germany for the alleged infraction of an article of The Hague conventions which prohibits naval bombardment of "undefended towns" has met with no response from the Washington Government.

No formal communication on the subject has come from Great Britain, but the suggestions in the newspapers developed an informal discussion among high officials here as to the course to be pursued by the Government, after which the President and Secretary Bryan renewed their determination not to interfere.

Should England make a protest to the United States it will be received courteously, as have similar protests from Belgium, France, and Germany concerning the use of dumdum bullets and other alleged violations of the rules of warfare by their enemies. The fact that German officials already have taken issue with the British contention that the English coast towns recently bombarded were undefended, has emphasized to officials here the controversial nature of the case.

While the attitude of the United States Government is chiefly due to a desire not to become entangled in the war's controversies, its course also has been influenced largely by the feeling that during the progress of the conflict protests to neutral powers are of little avail, although they surely will be taken into full account when a final reckoning is made at the conference of powers which ultimately will meet to discuss terms of peace.

WARNS AMERICA AND ITALY.

Westminster Gazette Says That Germans Might Bombard New York.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Dec. 18.—The Westminster Gazette, in an editorial on the coast raid, says:

"But let it be freely conceded that these exploits are possible to any power which chooses to take the risk and has no regard for the conventions which limit the savagery of war. If Germany were at war with the United States, or if she chose to declare war at short notice, it would be quite possible for her to open the campaign by bombarding the skyscrapers of New York, or throwing shells on the numerous undefended towns of the North American coast. No possible navy can do more than make these adventures a hazard, for a perfect patrol of the seas is an impossibility.

"This country will know how to sustain its own case and will do so by more effective methods than appeals to any neutral tribunal; but it goes without saying that the neutral nations, and especially those which, like Italy and the United States, have large stretches of undefended seaboard, must be deeply interested in the challenge which Germany has thrown down to all accepted interpretations of the rules of war."

THREE IN ONE FAMILY KILLED.

Youth Saw His Mother and Two Brothers Crushed in Home's Ruins.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

SCARBOROUGH, Dec. 18.—New details of the destruction of life and property by the German raid are coming to light today.

Christopher Bennett, a boy who is one of the two survivors of a family of five, tells this story:

"I had just got out of bed and was beginning to dress when a shot came crashing in. It hit the house full. I fell through my bedroom into the kitchen, and everything fell on top of us all. Father and mother and two children were downstairs in the kitchen. Father had called out to me: 'Come on, lad! Let's get downstairs! It's the Germans come, and look after mother,' but before I had time to get downstairs it had all happened.

"It was a long time before I realized anything, or where I was. I was practically buried in stuff. When at last I could look around me I had only my shirt and slippers on. I had to butt in and do the best I could. I found mother and the children all up in one corner, crowded together, and buried beneath it all. When I found them mother was on a chair nursing the children. She had lost her hand. Father was also in the kitchen. They had not been downstairs above seven minutes before it came. Father was covered with débris, but somehow he pulled himself out.

"I don't remember much about what happened after that; it was too terrible. Father and I got the others out as we could. Eventually we moved mother into the yard, with little Jack and little George; but it was all too late. Mother was not dead when I was pulling them out, but she was gone by the time I got her into the yard. I carried George into the next house, but he died as I put him down."

SPY WORK AT SCARBOROUGH.

Authorities Think the Germans Had Aid in Locating Buildings.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

SCARBOROUGH, Dec. 18, (Dispatch to The London Morning Post.)—The authorities, especially those concerned with coast defense, are investigating some strange coincidences in connection with the German raid. All the facts point to intimate knowledge of the localities on the part of the commanders of the German warships.

It may be said that it is easy to gain exact acquaintance with the position of a railway station, for instance, by the use of an ordnance map or the ordinary plan of a town, but the German gunners went further than that. They directed their fire at houses, hotels, and other buildings where until recently men of the Yorkshire dragoons, yeomanry, and territorials were quartered for training purposes. In only one case did these premises escape injury. I am told that the same remarkable knowledge of the training quarters and officers' quarters was shown at Whitby and Hartlepool.

The principal question the people ask is how the Germans knew there would be no British war vessels in Scarborough on Wednesday morning. At Hartlepool the Germans met the Patrol and the Doon, both inferior ships to meet attack by battle cruisers. There were no British craft in Scarborough Roads until afternoon. These are perturbing facts which have quickened interest in the spy question all along the Yorkshire coast, and serious action is spoken of if steps are not taken to clear every one of German birth, antecedents, or interests away from the shore for a distance of at least twenty miles.

Nothing has been seen of the man who it is admitted by the Admiralty was seen signaling on Wednesday from Scarborough cliffs, although search for him is still in progress. Like all towns on this coast Scarborough was swarming with German and Austrian waiters.

Waiters Marched Out.

In fact, it is said that at one hotel the head waiter drew up his staff in military formation and marched them out the day war was declared. Most of the waiters employed here were arrested and are now under detention. The locality is one with which the Germans are intimately acquainted, and the fact that their wireless news announces the destruction of the water works is significant.

The terms of rejoicing with which they have announced the results of the attack, the killing of so many persons, and the damage to property, has put the whole of Yorkshire in a cold rage, which will not be without its effect on recruiting.

"After this," said a merchant of position to me, "I think that the only good German is a dead German."

Leaving Hartlepool out of account, though it is in no way fortified in a military sense, I have by personal inquiry found that at Whitby and Scarborough any cannon that the inhabitants possess are of purely ornamental character. There is in the public garden before the Grand Hotel at Scarborough a Russian 64-pounder, a relic of the Crimean war. It is a smooth bore, with its vent spiked, and the tampion has not been removed from its muzzle for two generations. The German ships were less than two miles from this gun when they started their bombardment. That it was not a bombardment to destroy fortifications is proved by the fact that the projectile used throughout was shrapnel.

The inquest over the bodies of those who lost their lives in the bombardment was concluded today. The verdicts returned were similar to those found at Hartlepool and Whitby—that the victims were killed by shells from German warships. The foreman of the jury wanted to employ the word "murder," but the Coroner explained that this would necessitate the prosecution of some one.

Ex-Sheriff Turner of York, in giving evidence expressed the belief that it was not safe for any women to remain in Scarborough.

RAID DEATH ROLL NOW 122.

Total Number of Wounded Is Placed at 549.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Saturday, Dec. 19.—The number of victims killed and wounded in the German raid on the East Coast has now risen to 671. The additions are made at the Hartlepools, where there have been several more deaths from wounds and where many more persons reported injuries.

The total is made up of 122 killed, 175 severely wounded, and 374 slightly wounded. Of the 122 killed only six were combatants and at least fifty-seven were women and children. Several aged persons and invalids have died from shock caused by the bombardment.

NO GUNS AT SCARBOROUGH.

Mayor Asserts That Not a Shot Was Fired at the Raiders.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Dec. 18.—A graphic description of the plight of Scarborough following the German bombardment is contained in a cable dispatch to The Chicago Daily News from Edward Price Bell, in which he says:

"Holed, gashed, battered, and certain parts reduced to brick dust and powdered plaster, Scarborough still turns a smiling face on the visitor. It is somewhat disfigured, but still a long way from down and out, so its official spokesmen assert."

Mr. Bell then quotes Mayor C. C Graham of Scarborough as saying:

"I want to correct the statement that guns on Castle Hill replied to the German fire. There is not a gun on Castle Hill, and has not been for many years. At one time we had there a few old muzzle-loading forty and sixty pounders, but they have long since disappeared.

"The plateau or yard is now a municipal recreation ground, and the place is as far as possible from being a military base of any sort. Scarborough is wholly defenseless. Not a gun at any point offers it the slightest protection. Not a shot was fired in answer to the German attack.

"We express no indignation at these attacks on unfortified communities. Not a soldier was killed here on Wednesday, and no military damage of any kind was done. We are content to leave the ethics of German warfare to the judgment of the world."

Mr. Bell goes on to describe the havoc at the Hotel Royal, in the roof of which was torn a hole twenty feet square. He adds:

"Through the outside corner of the first room crashed a shrapnel shell and burst full in the inside room, smashing the walls of the next room and blowing away the panels of the door into the third room.

"The last named apartment is that known as the Princess Royal. It is strewn with brick and plaster, and the mirror over the mantlepiece is shattered, but otherwise it is not damaged.

"In this room when the explosion occurred were two guests, a man and a woman. Both escaped without a scratch. The woman, according to Manager Beattie, came out into the hallway and quietly asked what was the meaning of this extraordinary noise and mess.

"'I am afraid, Madame,' answered Mr. Beattie, 'that the Germans are saluting us.'"

HERE TO BUY FOR FRANCE.

Army Officers Arrive to Select Horses, Machinery, and Supplies.

Capt. M. Dulauroy of the French Army arrived yesterday from Havre on the French liner Touraine, accompanied by Lieut. Henri Reitlinger and several other officers, as a commission sent by the French Government to purchase horses, mules, and all kinds of stores, equipment, and machinery. Lieut. Reitlinger brought with him samples of the machinery he has come to order, but declined to give any particulars to the reporters.

It is understood that three veterinary surgeons from the French Army, who arrived yesterday morning on the steamship Floride, of the same company as the Touraine, will accompany the commission under Capt. Dulauroy to the West to examine the horses which have been selected by agents in advance for their approval. The horses will be shipped through Chicago to Halifax, where steamships have been chartered to convey them to Havre.

FRENCH HIT CENSORSHIP.

Journalists in Parliament Make an Energetic Protest.

PARIS, Dec. 18.—An energetic protest against the press membership was made at a meeting today of Deputies and Senators who are journalists. The meeting drafted a formal statement of objections to the censorship, which is to be handed to the Minister of Justice, Aristide Briand, as President of the Council of State.

A committee of journalists was formed, headed by Georges Clemenceau, former Premier. Associated with him are Stephen Pinchon, former Minister of Foreign Affairs; Jean Dupuy, and Maurice Barres.

THE CECILIE AT NEW DOCK.

Temporary Structure for Ship's Safety Built at Cost of $5,000.

BOSTON, Dec. 18.—After swinging at her anchor chains in two harbors for more than four months, the German liner Kronprinzessin Cecilie was hauled into a dock today for the first time since leaving New York with her cargo of gold on July 26. The Cecilie has been at anchor at quarantine since she arrived from Bar Harbor on Nov. 9, but Capt. Polack decided that her position there was too exposed. She was berthed at a temporary dock in East Boston, constructed at a cost of $5,000.

Three other German steamers, now at quarantine, will also be brought up to the city.

STARVING RIOTERS KILLED IN BELGIUM

H. C. Hoover Says They Attempted to Seize German Military Stores.

$10,000,000 IN FOOD READY

Relief Committee Chairman Says Supplies on the Way Will Last Until Feb. 12.

LONDON, Dec. 18.—The members of the American Commission for Relief in Belgium were entertained today by American business men at the Luncheon Club. In introducing Herbert C. Hoover, the Chairman, Ambassador Page, gave high praise to the work of the Commission. He said it was the only existing link between the great belligerent nations and the farmer of the Mississippi Valley.

In the course of his speech describing conditions among the famine-stricken Belgians Mr. Hoover said:

"There has been a large loss of life among innocent people already in certain districts which we have not been able to penetrate. Attempts have been made by the starving population to seize German military stores, and the resultant loss of life has been serious."

Mr. Hoover spoke of the organization and work of the Commission and the plight of the Belgian people which called it into being. He said that close harmony existed between the Commission and the National Committee in Belgium. In describing the work of the latter body, Mr. Hoover said:

"Its patron, protector, and most ardent spirit is the American Minister, Brand Whitlock, for whom the Belgian people cherish a justifiable and undying affection."

Mr. Hoover described the financial plan mapped out by the Commission, under which every cent collected in America is expended for the actual purchase of food without any deductions for the cost of delivery and distribution. The result is that there has already been provided food of an aggregate value of between $7,000,000 and $10,000,000.

Thirty-two Food-bearing Ships.

The response of the American people to the appeal in behalf of the Belgians was even greater than their contributions for the sufferers from the San Francisco earthquake, Mr. Hoover continued. The Commission now has on the way or under charter thirty-two ships, which will provide an adequate supply of food until Feb. 12. The appeal to Governors of various States and such institutions as the Rockefeller Foundation has met a most generous response.

Mr. Hoover pointed out the absolute necessity of having active workers on the Commission, saying that even the diplomatic members were not merely ornamental. He said that the Commission was perhaps the only philanthropic organization in the world which issued weekly balance sheets, and that there was none whose administration cost less in proportion to its turnover. In regard to the relations which the Commission has established with the various belligerents, Mr. Hoover said:

"I wish to say a few words upon the diplomatic situation in connection with this work. I make this statement in view of the discussion which is now raging around these points. The first thing I wish to make clear, with emphasis, is that the Germans are not interfering with the distribution of this foodstuff. Not one mouthful has gone down a German throat yet, nor do I believe it ever will. We have had nothing but help from the Germans.

Responsibility for Famine.

"When we were asked to undertake this work the first question which arose in our minds was: 'Why don't the Germans provision the people of Belgium?' We were told that under international law it was the duty of an occupying army to feed the civil population. We were told further by certain independent elements in England that in importing foodstuffs into Belgium we were relieving the Germans of their moral and legal duties, that we were performing unnecessary labor, and that above all we were in effect supplying England's enemy with foodstuffs, by thus relaxing the demands which otherwise would have fallen upon the stores of the Germans. Furthermore we were told that it would be necessary for the occupying army to increase its force in order to put down violence on the part of a starving population, and that therefore Germany's forces would be occupied otherwise than on the firing line.

"These are largely the views of the English soldier. The German soldier, on the other hand, states that the Belgians hitherto have imported two-thirds of their food supplies, that the civil population still possesses resources in credit which would be available upon the return of industrial activity, and that in taking the harbor of Antwerp the gateway was opened to the neutral world through which the Belgians could provision themselves. It is also said that nothing prevents the normal flow of trade and the revival of industry in Belgium except the British Navy, and that, therefore, the moral responsibility for the starvation of this population rests with the Allies. It is stated, furthermore, that the people of Belgium by their hostility seriously discomfited the German plans; that their continued hostility requires considerable forces of occupation, and that the Belgians refuse to operate the public services of their country, thereby compelling the Germans to carry on these services with soldiers.

"For this reason, it is argued, the civil population is still assisting the Allies, and since the Allies have these benefits they are morally obligated to support the population. Furthermore, it is said that while the German food supply is adequate to carry on the war to its end, if that country had to take upon its back the additional load of feeding 7,000,000 persons their stores might be depleted seriously, and as their national integrity is at stake they do not propose to do it.

"I am not offering either of these views as being my own. I could suggest dialectic replies to both of these series of arguments. I am merely placing before you the argument which is in progress among these clashing powers in reference to a matter which concerns the life of 7,000,000 persons, of whom 5,000,000 are women and children.

"The American people's ideals of humanity never have shone so brightly as at present.

Says Germans Killed the Starving.

"I have an observation to make with regard to the arguments I outlined, not by way of refutation, but with reference to the American point of view. It is that before the question is settled as to who is morally responsible for the feeding of the Belgians these people will have been starved and violence will have broken out in that country. There has been a large loss of life among innocent people already, in certain districts which we have not been able to penetrate. Attempts have been made by the starving population to seize German military stores, and the resultant loss of life has been serious.

"Another observation which I wish to make is that in this time of intense national hatreds discussion of the right or wrong of a problem of this kind becomes, as time goes on, only the more acute. Each side aligns itself with greater obstinacy. In the meantime the Belgians starve. It is enough for America that 7,000,000 of humanity are in the hoppers, passing between two gigantic millstones.

"The Belgians are not a people who dragged the world into war by the ambition of their soldiers or their sailors. They, like our own people, have sought to conquer only by the ways of peace, industry, and intellect. They have fought a hard fight. I have not yet met a man in Belgium who regrets in the least having made the struggle. At this moment, surrounded by a ring of steel, 1,500,000 persons are in the breadline, and no household in Belgium has bread to eat except it comes through us. The natural philanthropy of our American people, our wealth, and our abundance—these are the arguments which we put forward."

You undoubtedly know several men to whom you wish to send a not too expensive remembrance of the Christmas season - -
As a suggestion - your tobacconist will show you a most attractive special Holiday packing of 100 - - -

PALL MALL
FAMOUS CIGARETTES

This is the big sale today

Men's Bath Robes,
House Coats and Dressing Gowns
reduced one-third, one-half, and some more than that

¶ The values can tell their own story. But we must say a word about the variety. It is splendid. There is every type of house garment a man can wear, and there is a range of selection which, from $4 Terry Robes to elaborate $25 Dressing Gowns from England, is one uninterrupted succession of choice and colorful variety. By all means, see them.

None C. O. D., Exchanged, nor Credited.

Blanket & Terry Bath Robes	*Reduced from $4.00*	**$2.95**
Blanket & Terry Bath Robes	*Reduced from $5.00*	**$3.95**
Reversible Cloth Robes	*Reduced from $5.00*	**$3.95**
Blanket & Terry Bath Robes	*Reduced from $6.50*	**$4.95**
Blanket & Terry Bath Robes	*Reduced from $10.00*	**$4.95**

House Coats—$10
Were up to $25
Made of fine matelasse silk, in a variety of smart colors and patterns. Big bargains.

Dressing Gowns—$10
Were up to $25
Of matelasse silk, and soft, fleecy English cheviots and vicunas, handsomely trimmed.

Three special sales today of
Men's Fine Silk Shirts
$5.00 Shirts **at $2.95** $6.00 Shirts **at $3.85**
$8.00 Shirts **at $4.85**

¶ Figuratively, this proposition is all silk and a yard wide. Literally, they are the finest silk shirts money can buy, varying in quality, of course, according to the prices. But they are perfect silks, all of them. Rich, heavy, lustreful, and shown in a range of colorings and designs which embraces the choicest and most distinctive novelties in smart silk shirtwear. And the workmanship in them, from cut to completion, from collar to tail, is on a par with the silks themselves, perpetuating in the making the excellence they bring from the loom.

Special today
Solid Gold Knives—$2.85
Usually $5.00
English or Roman finish, plain, engine turned, or engraved, and having three blades and a file. Splendid value.

Special today
Silver Cigarette Cases—$7.50
Usually $12.50
A hand-engraved, extra heavy case, in a thin, concave model, gold lined, and holding cigarettes both East and West.

Broadway **Saks & Company** at 34th Street

1,000,000 BRITONS WANT YELLOW BOOK

Enormous Demand for Today's Issue of The London Times, Which Gives It Free.

SAYS PLOT IS NOW PLAIN

Paper Declares Charges Brought In French Documents Are Corroborated by Italian Statesmen.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Saturday, Dec. 19.—The London Times today isues with its ordinary edition free a thirty-two-page supplement containing the complete text of the French Yellow Book.

The publisher of The Times yesterday announced a record-breaking demand for the issue, the advance orders reaching nearly 1,000,000 copies. The Times says in an editorial article this morning:

"We have decided upon this step because we feel assured that it will be of great and lasting service to the cause of the Allies. We wish to gratify the wholesome desire of as many readers as possible to study these documents for themselves and to draw their own conclusions from the evidence. We want them to see and to weigh the proofs adduced by the French Government for the existence of this standing plot against the liberties and tranquility of Europe.

"The enormous demand which we have received for this issue of the paper shows that we have rightly gauged the mind of our public. They want, as becomes the traditions of this self-governing race, to form their own opinion on this part of the great controversy, as they formed it upon the invasion of Belgium, and they want, here again, to form it upon the facts.

"Premeditated Aggression."

"We have not the slightest doubt what their judgment upon these papers will be. It will concur in the judgment we passed upon them when they first saw the light, and will find that the charge of premeditated aggression is conclusively established against Germany.

"Our assurance that it will confirm the conclusions to which we have come is strengthened by the considered opinion which THE NEW YORK TIMES has expressed within the last few days—an opinion that is the weightier and the more significant because this journal has not given an unvarying support to the cause of the Allies.

"After study of the 'Yellow Book,' of which it has placed the full text in our translation before American readers, it pronounced upon Germany a sentence of the sternest and most incisive reprobation.

"Americans are bred in the same conceptions of right and of judicial proof as ourselves. The evidence of the 'Yellow Book,' which has had so great an effect upon this leading American newspaper, is not likely to weigh less heavily with the Englishmen who will see it for the first time today.

Says Charges Are Corroborated.

"The gist of the French case, it should be borne in mind, has been corroborated in most striking and emphatic fashion since the Yellow Book was published. The main position which the French documents establish is, as we have already said, the charge against Germany of premeditation.

"It is the proof they contain of this position which forces THE NEW YORK TIMES to declare that, with the victory of Germany 'peace and security would vanish from the earth,' that 'for their own peace and safety the nations must demolish that towering structure of militarism in the centre of Europe that has become the world's greatest danger,' and that the Allies are the champions of civilization against the menace of the sword that for ever rattles in its scabbard.'

"But this very charge of premeditation has ben repeated and brought home to Germany by the recent speeches of the Italian Prime Minister and his predecessor and by the telegrams which the latter read out in the Italian Chamber. Signor Salandra and Signor Giolitti have shown, not only that Italy refused to join her partners of the Triple Alliance because she regards them as aggressors in this war, but that Germany and Austria have not ventured to question the justice of her refusal.

"Signor Giolitti has proved in addition, from telegrams sent at the time, that in August, 1913, Austria proposed to attack Servia and that she declared this attack would be 'defensive.' If those telegrams stood alone they would be enough to demolish the whole German case and to explain what she now means when she calls heaven to witness that she is engaged in a 'defensive' war. They add independent support from an ally of Germany's to the chain of evidence in the 'Yellow Book.'"

Times Replies to Criticisms.

The Times in another column makes a reply to the criticisms of Liberal newspapers on its publication of the Yellow Book and declares the reason of their indignant protests was jealousy that The Times should be chosen by the French Government to present the documents to the English public.

The Times says the French Government requested it, through its Paris correspondent, to undertake the translation and official publication in the English language. The Times, realizing the importance of the widest possible publicity for so important a State document, at once undertook the work.

"The English version, a considerable piece of gratuitous labor," says The Times, "was actually printed some time before the French Government was ready for the publication, and was placed on sale simultaneously with the French original on Dec. 1." The Times asserts that there was no financial profit in the publication and that "in point of fact The Times spent a considerable sum of money as well as time and labor in meeting the wishes of the French Government."

As regards the two shillings charge for the publication The Times says it was always its intention to render Yellow Book still more accessable to the British public by producing a cheaper subsequent issue. The Times concludes with an expression of "great satisfaction that a still further publication is at last being undertaken by our own Government."

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Dec. 18.—The Temps declares that the first French edition of the yellow book constituted 10,000 copies which were distributed within and without France to the members of Parliament, university professors, ambassadors, and other notables. The second edition of 10,000 copies were put on sale at 50c, which was under the cost price, and was exhausted in a few hours. An edition of 30,000 new copies in official form is to be sold next week and a third edition of 50,000 in smaller form, identical with that of the English translation, will also be sold throughout France at the same price, 50c.

ATTACKS YELLOW BOOK.

German Newspaper Calls Secret Army Report a "Clumsy Invention."

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Dec. 18.—According to an agency dispatch from Amsterdam, the officially inspired Norddeutsche Allgemeine Zeitung of Berlin published yesterday a long review of the French "Yellow Book."

The article begins by saying that the "Yellow Book" contains 159 documents, "obviously chosen and prepared in order to prove that Russia did not provoke the war and to put the burden of responsibility for the war on Germany."

The newspaper reserves the right of reverting to the publication after further perusal, but asserts that it can already be said that the pretended official German secret report concerning reinforcements of the German Army, which the French Minister of War received in March, 1913, is only a clumsy invention.

"We don't know," proceeds the journal, "what is the reliable source from which the document emanated, but most assuredly no official department in Germany had anything to do with it.

"It seems that this secret report emanates from a French agent, and its publication in the 'Yellow Book' has been made only with the object of creating dissension between Germany and Austria, and of setting neutrals, especially Holland and Denmark, against Germany. The falseness of this invention is obvious from the fact that it seeks to show that the purpose of the German policy is to bring the whole world under Germany's paramount power, to oppress small nations, and to reconquer territories which long centuries ago belonged to the German Empire, such as Burgundy and portions of the Baltic provinces inhabited by Germans.

"No serious man in Germany ever harbored such fantastic ideas. Quite as ridiculous are other efforts made in the first chapter of the 'Yellow Book' to give verisimilitude by means of official reports from French representatives in Germany to the assertion that Germany is a danger to peace. The documents consist merely of reports from military and naval attachés which obviously were based upon communications from very questionable agents. Were the German Government to adopt a similar method it could compose a bulky volume of such documents.

"For instance, a report from the Military Attaché to the German Embassy at St. Petersburg of the date of Aug. 10, 1910, referring to increased activity in the Russian Army in connection with measures undertaken with a view to a war against Germany. The Military Attaché wrote this report owing to an article in the official Russian military paper, the Russky Invalid, in which the writer proposed a jubilee celebration of the fifth centenary of a Slav victory over the Teutons, a victory which the writer of the article, Col. Eltchaninnow, an officer on the Russian General Staff, said he would like to see repeated. The victory to which he referred was the battle of Tannenborg on July 15, 1410. In this battle a German army was defeated by Poles and Lithuanians."

SUGGEST NEW BELGIAN KING

Germans Talk of Otto of Windisch-Graetz, Under the Empire.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Dec. 18, (Dispatch to The London Daily News.)—The Germans are doing their utmost to force upon the Belgians the conviction that their country is definitely conquered and will become a German State after the fashion of Bavaria and Saxony.

They even hint that the future Belgian ruler will be Prince Otto of Windisch-Grätz, who married Princess Elisabeth, daughter of the late Archduke Rudolf and Stephanie, now Countess de Lonyay, daughter of the late King Leopold.

CALL PEACE POLICY BEST PROTECTION

Dr. Butler and Bishop Greer Favor Limiting Armaments at American League Meeting.

PRAISE FOR THE PRESIDENT

But Resolution Commending His Attitude Toward Extending Armaments Is Voted Down.

A resolution commending President Wilson's refusal to be "stampeded by the hysterical craze for additional armaments" was voted down, 45 to 12, by men and women peace advocates at the organization meeting of the American League to Limit Armaments, in the rooms of the Railroad Club, 30 Church Street, yesterday afternoon. The resolution was referred to a committee consisting of Nelson S. Spencer, Charles C. Burlingham, Oswald Garrison Villard, Hollingsworth Wood, Miss Lillian D. Wald, Mrs. Anna Garlin Spencer, and Mrs. William H. Baldwin, which will determine what to do with it and report when the league holds its next meeting.

President Nicholas Murray Butler of Columbia University presided, and speeches were made by Bishop David H. Greer, Miss Wald, Austen G. Fox, the Rev. John Haynes Holmes, Morris Hilquit, Joseph M. Price, and others. The cry for increased armaments was denounced as hysteria, and the Administration was praised for its attitude toward a militarist propaganda. Opposition to the resolution was voiced by John M. Lyle of 500 West 122d Street, who contended that it placed the organization in the light of being a partisan body

Bishop Greer, who opened the meeting, said that the men and women present had not come together for any political purpose.

"We are not actuated by sentiment," he said, "but are here to voice our approval of the attitude of President Wilson on the question of armaments and to take such action as shall enable others to share our convictions.

"I am not so impractical as to think that we can get out of all this militaristic tangle by a single leap. But we can at least resist the attempts that are being made to plunge us into the tangle more deeply than ever. The President of the United States has had the courage to see this epochal opportunity for the United States to exercise the moral leadership among nations."

Not a Partisan Body.

Dr. Butler, who was chosen permanent Chairman, said the league should dispel any misapprehension that it was a partisan body. He took the stand that the league should not oppose the holding of an inquiry into the condition of the army and navy.

"I for one am in favor of a full inquiry into the military and naval expenditures of the Government," he said. "I am convinced that this country could have got what was needed in this respect for much less money. Just at present the great cry is that we must protect our country. It is said that we have not adequate means for this. Yet for one hundred years we have been able to safeguard our country without entering into a policy of competitive armaments. Our love of peace has been our greatest protection ever.

"Why prepare? For what or for whom? Canada? That line invisible could have no better protection than it has enjoyed for the last hundred years. Our past policy has proved a preparedness for war that has no equal. It is a form of peace-loving and peace-pursuing policy. Five years ago there might have been a theoretical reason for war talk, but certainly not today.

"And if not Canada, whom else should we prepare against? The countries of Europe? Why prepare against them when they are about to be reduced to exhaustion and starvation by the very evils that we deplore? We do not wish to be weighed down by the life-destroying implements worthy of the middle ages and fit only for the museums of battered Europe."

When Dr. Butler had finished speaking a proposal was made that the league should not go on record as opposing an inquiry into the fitness of the army and navy for war. This led to a long discussion. Among those who opposed the suggestion was Austen G. Fox, who said that "scattering powder all around may be a good way to scare the enemy, but not the best way to prevent an explosion." Another was Morris Hilquit, the Socialist, who thought that the league should take a firm stand or none at all, while the Rev Dr. Holmes argued that the present inquiry should not be approved, as it was "not an honest political movement." The proposal was defeated, and the original resolution concerning the aims of the organization was adopted without modification.

The League's Policy.

The resolution stated that "the true policy of this country is not to increase its land and sea forces, but to retain for productive and humanizing outlay the vast sums demanded for armaments" and called for the formation of a permanent organization to further the league's purposes.

The following telegram from Lansing Lewis President of the Canada Club of Montreal, was read:

"Recruiting against the god Odin and his agents, the various Krupps, is very badly needed if we mean to be loyal to our God and His civilization. Would Germany be at war if she had simply been policed instead of loaded to kill? Thank Heaven, our mutual border, 3,000 miles long, is totally unprotected. Let us keep it so, and we won't quarrel. Provide in your new Constitution for the affiliation of a Canadian society."

Among those at the meeting were Frederick W. Kelsey, Prof. Stephen P. Duggan of the College of the City of New York, George Foster Peabody, Joseph M. Price, the Rev. William M. Fincke, Paul J. Sachs, Paul Kennedy, Frederic C. Howe, Edward Ingraham, Hamilton Holt, Ellis O. Jones, Dr. E. R. L. Gould, Dean Frederick P. Keppel of Columbia College, the Rev. Percy Stickney Grant, Mrs. Ernest Poole, Mrs. Edward Baldwin Whitney, Miss Emily O. Butler, Mrs. Inez Milholland Boissevain, Mrs. Henry Villard, Mrs. Oswald Garrison Villard, Dr. and Mrs. Frederick S. Lee, Gaylord White, and E. J. de Coppet.

BISHOP AND LAWYER DIFFER.

Dr. Greer and Herbert Barry Correspond Regarding Disarmament.

Letters passing between Herbert Barry, a lawyer of 59 Wall Street, Secretary of the new National Security League, which aims at public enlightenment in the matter of armament, and Bishop David H. Greer, were made public last night by Stanwood Menken, President of the league.

The National Security League is for a sound constructive policy, wrote Mr. Barry. He then adds that it is strange that an effort should be made to prevent or dissuade citizens from securing adequate information on what he says they are vitally interested in, pointing out that any rational policy can hardly be predicated on ignorance or misinformation.

"We advocate no hectic propaganda," he writes. "We seek to stimulate no popular hysteria. We desire no truculent militarism, but we do believe that this is the time to quietly, dispassionately, and rationally examine into our own affairs to see whether we ourselves have done our full duty as citizens. If we should find that our navy is deficient, that our army is but nominal, should we not temperately, unexcitedly, and scientifically prepare a logical constructive programme for making the men of our nation its potential defenders?"

Bishop Greer in his reply said in part: "The pressure upon me just now is so great that I cannot go into the matter at length, and can only say in a word that the religion of Jesus Christ, in which I profess to believe, teaches as its central truth that we should love our enemies instead of preparing to fight them. I know that many persons regard this as Utopian and doctrinaire, and altogether unworkable. But if it is, then Christianity is unworkable—and this I do not believe."

FAVOR DISARMAMENT ALSO.

Young Democrats Indorse President Wilson's Policy.

The first meeting of the Young Democrats Association was held last night in the Hotel Martinique, with President Joseph H. A. Symonds presiding. The subject under discussion was "International Disarmament," and the speakers were Congressman-elect Murray G. Hulbert, Prof. Edgar Dawson of Hunter College, James R. Brown, Charles S. Brand, Dr. John N. Lyle, and others. While all speakers favored international disarmament as soon as it may be accomplished, nearly all agreed that it is a vitally desirable result which cannot be obtained suddenly.

A resolution offered by Dr. Lyle was adopted after many proposed amendments and protracted discussion to the effect that the association indorses President Wilson's stand and believes that "the paramount question of the hour for the people is not how the United States shall be prepared for war, but how to make war impossible in the future."

Letters of regret and hearty approval of the stand of the association in regard to disarmament were read from Andrew Carnegie and Thomas Mott Osborne.

DENIAL BY FRANK E. WEBB.

Has Never Said He Was Agent of British or Canadian Governments.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

My attention has been called to a special dispatch dated Washington, Dec. 17, published in your issue of this date and purporting to be a quotation from the British Embassy with reference to myself.

Since wide publicity has been given to the alleged statement, thereby causing me much damage, I beg that you will give equal publicity to this my emphatic denial, that I have at any time ever made the statement or intimated that I was making purchases on behalf of the British or Canadian Governments. As a matter of fact, I have sold large quantities of goods to various purchasing agents whom I believe were buying supplies for both the British and Canadian Governments, but this is only a matter of belief, and not of personal knowledge.

I am, Sir, very truly yours,

FRANK E. WEBB.

New York, Dec. 18, 1914.

No Zeppelin Attack on London.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Dec. 18.—There is no foundation whatever for the rumor that London has been attacked by Zeppelins.

JASON GIFTS REACH BERLIN.

Crown Prince's Sons at Municipal Reception—Nation Grateful.

BERLIN, Dec. 18, (via London, Dec. 19.)—The American Christmas gifts for the children of fallen German soldiers arrived today. They were accompanied by representatives of the German Foreign Office.

A reception was given this afternoon by the municipality of Berlin for the formal presentation of the gifts. It was attended by the Lord Mayor, leading city functionaries, Baron Mumm von Schwarzenstein, representing the Foreign Office; Prince Hatzfeldt, President of the German Red Cross, which undertakes the distribution of the gifts; James W. Gerard, the American Ambassador, his wife, and other members of the Embassy, and the Empress's two chief ladies-in-waiting. The Crown Prince's three eldest sons, dressed in sailor suits, were also present and attracted much attention.

Five hundred girls and boys, with American and German flags, were stationed on the broad stairway of the Town Hall and awaited the arrival of the official party, and a picked choir of children sang Christmas carols around a Christmas tree.

The Lord Mayor, in the course of his speech of welcome, said:

"This noble deed will be kept in our memory for a long time as a pledge to us that our worldly quarrels are overpowered by the gospel, 'Peace on earth, good will toward men.'"

The Norddeutsche Zeitung, commenting on the arrival of the gifts, says:

"We extend the capital's heart's welcome to this demonstration, free from any political design and an expression of pure love of humanity, whose value the German people know how to appreciate, even in the stress of war time. The Christmas festival has not lost its charms to the souls of Germans by reason of the war forced upon us."

ASSAILS HOUSE DEMOCRATS

Moon Says They Are Influenced b Railroads to Betray President.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 18.—The refusal of the House this afternoon to adopt a rule for considering new legislation concerning the mails caused a scene in which Chairman Moon of the Post Office Committee charged his Democratic colleagues who voted against the rule with being actuated by influences due to railroads.

The amendments for which a rule was asked were recommended to the committee by Postmaster General Burleson. They provided for a new method of computing and fixing salaries of Postmasters, a new plan for weighing mails with reference to fixing the compensation for railway mail cars, and a provision for an experimental installation of contract rural free delivery in one county in each State. The rural delivery proposition was relied on to reduce the annual cost to the Post Office Department of upward of $22,000,000.

On the vote the rule resolution was lost by 148 to 131.

Chairman Moon then launched his criticism. Fifteen railroad officials of high rank had appeared before the Post Office Committee, he said, to oppose the bill. Arguments had passed about on the floor during the roll call that he recognized as coming from these gentlemen. "These railroad influences," concluded Mr. Moon, "have forced a betrayal of the Democratic President and his policies. That has already been done before, and the result appeared in the verdict of the country in reducing the majority of this chamber from 141 to 81."

Representative Mann, the Republican floor leader, challenged Representative Henry, Chairman of the Rules Committee, who came to Mr. Moon's support, to name the railroad men who opposed the bill. But Mr. Henry did not furnish them.

Mr. Moon closed the incident by saying he hoped that if the desire to betray their party persisted with his colleagues the country might turn the House over to the Republicans, as he always "preferred the devil to a thief."

VETO CUBAN AMNESTY BILL.

Measure Designed to Free Gen. Asbert Rejected by the President.

HAVANA, Dec. 18.—President Menocal today vetoed the amnesty bill which was passed by Congress on Dec. 9. The measure was designed to effect the release of Gen. Ernesto Asbert, former Governor of Havana Province, who is serving a sentence of twelve years in prison for complicity in the killing of Chief of Police Riva last year.

The President bases his action on the questionable constitutionality of the act, which was so framed as to apply to only one person. He also objects to canceling the decision of the Supreme Court, before which Gen. Asbert was tried, as creating a dangerous precedent.

The action of the President has caused much surprise, as it was generally believed that he would either approve the act or permit it to become a law without his signature. Partisans of Gen. Asbert express great indignation and declare that the act will be passed over the President's veto.

The Aristocrat of Cigarettes
RAMESES
For the Holidays
Rameses in Tins of 50
and
in Tins of 100
Stephano Brothers

R. H. Macy & Co.'s Attractions Are Their Low Prices.
Store Opens 9:00 A.M.
Macy's
Store Closes 6:00 P.M.
Herald Square. Broadway, 34th to 35th St.

Christmas Gifts for Use in Any Room
High Grade Imported RUGS

In the Victorian Axminsters, the unusual two-tone effects, with neat floral borders, brought out so clearly that they seem to be appliqued on the rug, harmonize with the present day wall-paper idea in a way that no domestic rug will. The Super Wiltons are in high-class Oriental colorings and patterns, each being reproduced from some well known Oriental rug.

Victorian Axminster Rugs.
Made in one piece, and because of the Chenille weave the fabric cannot be pulled out or swept out.

Size	Price.
32 in. x 63 in.	$5.74
4 ft. 6 in. x 6 ft. 6 in.	$13.74
6 ft. x 9 ft.	$23.24
9 ft. x 10 ft. 6 in.	$39.75
9 ft. x 12 ft.	$46.50
9 ft. x 15 ft.	$60.75
10 ft. 6 in. x 13 ft. 6 in.	$63.75

Super Wilton Rugs.
These Rugs are linen fringed. Oriental designs in medallion effects and all-over Persians.

Size	Price.
27 in. x 54 in.	$6.48
4 ft. 6 in. x 7 ft. 6 in.	$19.48
6 ft. 9 in. x 9 ft.	$35.50
9 ft. x 10 ft. 6 in.	$53.50
9 ft. x 12 ft.	$58.50
9 ft. x 15 ft.	$78.50
11 ft. 3 in. x 13 ft. 6 in.	$85.50

FOURTH FLOOR.

Reed Rocker $2.89
Finely woven and well constructed throughout. Has a high back and comes in a beautiful brown finish.
SIXTH FLOOR.

High Chair $1.67
In golden oak. Large tray, wood seat and panel back. The price quoted is a special one.
SIXTH FLOOR.

Muffin Stand $5.24
Specially priced for the Holidays. Beautifully inlaid in solid mahogany. It has three shelves and is stoutly constructed.
SIXTH FLOOR.

R. H. Macy & Co.

Lord & Taylor
Fifth Avenue, 38th Street, 39th Street
Music Daily—Luncheon and Afternoon Tea, 10 A. M. to 5 P. M., Tenth Floor
Special Luncheon, 75c

Extraordinary Values in "Selected Furs"
Handsome Christmas Gifts

The fashionable styles of the season in qualities that can be absolutely depended upon—an important consideration, particularly if you have furs in mind for holiday presents.

Black Caracul Coats Usually $75.00	$55.00
Black Caracul Coats Usually $110.00	$82.50
Seal-Dyed Coney Coats Usually $75.00	$59.50
Seal-Dyed Muskrat Coats Usually $110.00	$82.50
Seal-Dyed Muskrat Coats Usually $135.00	$110.00
Persian Lamb Coats Usually $250.00	$195.00

Muffs and Scarfs

	Scarfs	*Muffs*
Black Fox	$12.50	$16.50
Black Lynx	$16.50	$29.50
Skunk	$19.50	$25.00
Natural Raccoon	$5.50	$10.50
Silvered Coney	$4.50	$7.50
Dyed Raccoon	$13.50	$14.50
Seal-Dyed Muskrat	$17.50	$19.50
Silvered Kitt Fox	$17.50	$32.50
Black Wolf	$12.50	$15.00
Persian Paw	$3.50	$9.50

Third Floor

Stern Brothers
42nd and 43rd Streets, West of Fifth Avenue

Will continue Today, the Extraordinary Clearance Sale of
Fur Garments, Scarfs and Muffs
At the largest price concessions quoted this season.

Women's Caracul Coats, plain or with skunk raccoon collars, at $49.50, 75.00, 125.00
Women's Hudson Seal Coats, in various lengths, including Cossack model, at $57.50, 95.00, 135.00
Women's Persian Lamb Coats, made of lustrous skins, flare skirt model, at $135.00 and 195.00

MUFFS		SCARFS	MUFFS		SCARFS
$25.00	Natural Skunk	$11.50	$23.50	Beaver	$12.50
21.00	Black Lynx	13.50	12.50	Natural Raccoon	6.75
16.50	Black Fox	8.50	22.50	Hudson Seal	13.50
27.50	Pointed Fox	24.50	4.00	Persian Paw	2.50
34.50	Silver Kit Fox	29.50	21.00	Cinnamon Wolf	10.50

J. M. Gidding & Co.
564-566 and 568 Fifth Avenue, 46th and 47th Sts.
will close out, today,
Silk & Serge Dresses at $25
Formerly selling at $45 to $95
An accumulation of odd garments from our most successful lines of street and afternoon frocks.

Motor and Utility Coats at $25
English tweeds, plaids, and plain colors, particularly suitable for Misses and Small Women—*Usually $45 to $50*
$65 to $125 Fur-trimmed Coats—$45 & $58

$12 to $25 Blouses—$5, $7, $10
A final grouping of ones and twos from many lines—a splendid variety of attractive styles in black, white and colors.

Holiday Furs—Reduced
Featuring, today:
$125 to $175 Fur Sets at $95
Dyed Blue Fox, Skunk, Black, White, Natural and Silvered Fox.
$75 to $95 Black Fox Sets at $45
$135 to $195 Fur Coats at $85 & $125

Sale of Street Hats
Formerly to $25—at $5

Cathedrals and Cloisters of France
By E. W. Rose and V. H. Francis
4 Parts, 2 vols. each. Over 200 Illus. Each $5.00 net.
1. Northern France. 2. Isle de France.
3. Midland France. 4. Southern France.
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UPTON SINCLAIR'S
Stirring New Novel
SYLVIA'S MARRIAGE
Arouses admiration and halts criticism by its vitality and directness.
$1.20 *net, at Booksellers.*
THE JOHN C. WINSTON CO., Phila.

SAYS LACK OF WORK IS GROWING PROBLEM

Chamberlain Bruere Asks Help of Jewish Women at Emanu-El Mass Meeting.

PLAN TO AID JOBLESS GIRLS

Committee of One Hundred Named to Devise Means for Giving Assistance.

Because he could not get money from the City Treasury, Chamberlain Bruere appealed to a women's mass meeting at Temple Emanu-El yesterday for funds to advertise in trade journals the new Municipal Employment Bureau.

Mr. Bruere was the chief speaker at the meeting called to find ways to help unemployed Jewish girls. He said in part:

"It is strange about New York, that you can build a pyramid, as it were, and for years the unheeding crowds will pass it and not know it is here. That is the trouble with our new employment bureau. The jobless know it is here, but busy employers are so engrossed that they do not note the fact or its significance.

"We must carry the message to these people. The city cannot pay for advertising in trade journals, so we must seek the money outside.

"The Employment Bureau is a very important cog in the new organization to meet the problem of the unemployed. If an epidemic of smallpox should break out, we would get the figures every morning. But we have let chronic unemployment come among us and we know little about it.

"I can bring you word that Judge Gary Chairman of the Mayor's Committee, expects to get results and takes his position seriously. He has told me that he found it the biggest job he ever tried to get under. One firm lets the hiring and firing of men rest entirely with Superintendents. In another the head of the firm watches the matter with great care. We once had no social outlook on the problem, and so a man quit work Saturday night only to return Monday morning and find a slip notifying him that he was fired.

"In that brief, curt stroke of the axe the man's whole outlook upon life is suddenly thrown out of gear, and we have not counted the consequences upon the man.

"We have need of a public opinion that will stop all that. I know one big employer who recently stopped it. He has a trade that has slack seasons, but instead of firing men he works them all five days a week, or four days.

"Our problem runs further back than the employment office. It runs back to the heart of industry. We must have first accurate facts,—facts about industries that have never yet been collected."

Mr. Bruere said Judge Gary, chairman of the Mayor's committee, had employed John A. Shillady, formerly with the Industrial Relations Commission, to gather and classify facts about the city's industries.

Mrs. Alexander Kohut, chairman of the meeting, was authorized to appoint a committee of 100 women to co-operate in obtaining work for unemployed Jewish girls. Mrs. Kohut announced the following committee:

Mrs. Sidney C. Borg,
Mrs. Stonehill,
Mrs. John Palmer,
Mrs. Morris Loeb,
Mrs. A. J. Marcuse,
Dr. Josephine Walter,
Mrs. Aaron J. Bach,
Mrs. Jerome Hanauer,
Mrs. H. Liebowitz,
Mrs. S. M. Banner,
Mrs. B. H. Kaufman,
Mrs. Oscar S. Straus,
Mrs. J. B. Greenhut,
Mrs. N. E. Brill,
Mrs. Leopold Stern,
Mrs. C. L. Sulzberger,
Mrs. B. L. Freedman,
Mrs. L. Kohns,
Mrs. Ira L. Bamberger
Miss Sadie American,
Mrs. S. Ekeles,
Mrs. B. Naumberg,
Mrs. J. E. Hoffman,
Mrs. E. Grunsfeld,
Mrs. A. E. Nusbaum,
Mrs. Irving Lehman,
Mrs. S. Greenbaum,
Miss O. Leventritt,
Mrs. Arthur Selig,
Mrs. Adolph Lewisohn,
Mrs. J. G. Kugelman,
Mrs. Stephen Wise,
Mrs. R. G. Gottheil,
Mrs. Frank Altschul,
Mrs. C. Oppenheim,
Mrs. D. Guggenheim,
Mrs. Francis D. Pollak,
Mrs. M. G. Alexander,
Miss Regina Bondy,
Mrs. Louis Marshall,
Mrs. Max Lowenthal,
Mrs. Mortimer Menken,
Mrs. S. R. Guggenheim,
Mrs. H. Bodenheimer,
Mrs. Sidney Levi,
Mrs. Ernst Tiefenthal,
Mrs. F. Lowenfels,
Mrs. Felix Warburg,
Mrs. Roger Straus,
Mrs. Jacob H. Schiff,
Miss Sophie Berger,
Mrs. Frederick Nathan,
Mrs. Leo Furchgott,
Miss Alice Seligsberg,
Mrs. Victor Gumzberg
Mrs. Louis Gimbel,
Mrs. A. Scheflel,
Miss Cyd Bettelheim,
Mrs. Albert Stern,
Mrs. Samson,
Mrs. Summerfield,
Miss Elkus,
Mrs. A. Kohut,
Mrs. E. Stonehill,
Miss Myrthie Davies,
Mrs. M. Wertheim,
Mrs. Arthur Lehman,
Mrs. Walter E. Beer,
Mrs. Walter Liebman.
Miss Rose Sommerfeld.

Applicants at the Municipal Lodging House for shelter last night dwindled to the usual average for this time of year. As the temperature crept up nearly to the freezing point, Superintendent Whiting of the Lodging House announced that the effect of the cold snap on the homeless was over. On the Park benches at midnight a few stragglers were asleep for the first time this week.

$10,651 FOR JOLINE BOOKS.

Sale of Part I. of Library Ends—Many Fine Autographs.

The sale of Part I. of the late Adrian H. Joline's library was concluded by the Anderson Auction Company yesterday. The total for the four sessions was $10,651.

Gabriel Weis obtained for $186 "Our Presidents," by Virginia F. Townsend, one of an edition de luxe, limited to 500 copies. This example is extra-illustrated by the insertion of about 270 fine portraits, views, &c., and sixty-eight autograph letters, documents and signatures of twenty-three Presidents of the United States, their wives and contemporaries.

An autograph letter of President Wilson was in an extra-illustrated "Memorial Book of the Sesquicentennial Celebration of the founding of the College of New Jersey and of the ceremonies inaugurating Princeton College," for which Robert H. Dodd gave $86. This letter of President Wilson, however, was not the one he wrote to Mr. Joline, suggesting that the present Secretary of State, William J. Bryan, be "knocked into a cocked hat."

George D. Smith paid $210 for an extra-illustrated copy of "The Loyalist Poetry of the Revolution," edited by Winthrop Sargent, the first of only ninety copies printed, and in red levant morocco binding by Bedford. Mr. Smith also obtained for $95 a large paper copy of Lester Wallack's "Memories of Fifty Years." Inserted in it are fifty-eight autograph letters and signatures of celebrated actors, seventy-five portraits, and four original playbills, including the programme of the performance of "Hamlet" in honor of Lester Wallack in 1888.

Walter R. Benjamin gave $127.50 for "The Presidents of the United States, 1798-1902," by John Fiske and others, James G. Wilson, editor. It is extra-illustrated by the insertion of more than 250 portraits, views, and battle scenes, and about the same number of autograph letters, documents, and signatures. Edward Everett's "Life of George Washington," extra-illustrated by the insertion of 264 plates and manuscript field notes in the handwriting of Washington, went to Mr. Smith for $120.

An interesting holograph letter of Walt Whitman to Bayard Taylor, dated Nov. 18, 1866, and mentioning "Leaves of Grass," sold for $65 to James F. Drake. E. H. Wendell gave $91 for a first edition of Washington Irving's "Life of George Washington," extra-illustrated. A letter of William Tryon, Colonial Governor of New York, written on board of a British vessel to the inhabitants of this city, went to L. M. Thompson for $40. A war letter of Gen. Zachary Taylor, dated Monterey, Nov. 8, 1846, brought $51. J. P. Horn gave $11.50 for an interesting copy of "Recollections of a Player," by Francis Wilson. Laid in is a letter of Wilson to Mrs. Charles Dudley Warner, saying: "Both you and Mr. Warner will like Mrs. Wilson, who helps many a worthy person to put up with her husband."

Reduce Federal Reserve Discount.

The Federal Reserve Bank of New York reduced its discount rates yesterday to 5 per cent. for thirty-day bills, 5½ for longer bills up to sixty days, and 6 per cent. for others, thus conforming with the rates prevailing in most of the other districts.

FIRST INDICTMENTS IN THE BAFF INQUIRY

Continued from Page 1.

negatives. Senator Gilchrist admitted he expected to be retained by them as counsel. He said he had known the three Cohen brothers for many years and had represented Harry Cohen when he was arrested about two weeks ago on an old assault charge and subsequently dismissed. A friend of the Cohens, who had been unable to find them while the police had them hidden away, had urged him to take a hand in the case, he explained. Senator Gilchrist said he was sure neither Joseph nor Jacob Cohen could be connected criminally with the Baff murder.

"I have not gone into the case thoroughly," he said, "but I have known the Cohen boys, and am more or less familiar with conditions in the West Washington Market out of which the murder of Baff grew. Since this murder none of the Cohen brothers has made any attempt to hide or get away, but on the contrary they have gone on attending to their business as honest men should. I know that the police have had them under surveillance, but this was useless, for they had nothing to fear and had no intention of fleeing. I don't think they had any connection with either the assault on Pearson or the murder of Baff.

"Regarding Harry Cohen, who has retained me as his counsel, I intend to take action tomorrow. I will have him released on a writ of habeas corpus, for he is being held in the House of Detention illegally. No charge has been made against him and he has not been arraigned before any one. By tomorrow morning he will have been in custody twenty-four hours without arraignment, and this is positively against the law. Besides getting him out of jail I don't know what I shall do, but, if he desires it, I may bring a suit for heavy damages on the grounds that he has been illegally deprived of his liberty."

Mr. Gilchrist was told of the report that Harry Cohen had given valuable information to the State and that, according to rumor, he had consented to remain in custody, but the lawyer refused to accept this as the truth. He said that, as far as he knew, Harry Cohen had given no information and the police were not justified in holding him without arraignment. Harry Cohen had told him that he knew nothing about the killing of Baff or the assaulting of Pearson.

No one appeared who intended to seek the release of James Moore, and it was said at the District Attorney's office that he decidedly did not want his immediate release, it being inferred that he was not anxious to be turned unguarded on the streets. Where he was confined Mr. Delehanty would not tell. He said the six witnesses were being kept apart so that all possibility of their getting together and "framing" a common story might be avoided.

Grand Jury Programme.

Moore will go before the Grand Jury again on Monday and complete his story. Others of the six will be called after him and then witnesses not in custody will be heard.

"We had only a preliminary investigation, today," said Mr. Delehanty. "We have now material that will keep the Grand Jury busy all day Monday, and perhaps all of the two days following. Also, our material is being supplemented half hourly, so that there is plenty of work ahead of us. Subpoenas have been issued for from forty to fifty witnesses, and Washington Market will be searched with a fine-toothed comb for evidence bearing on the murder of Baff."

Mr. Delehanty admitted he felt "more cheerful" about the Baff case than at any time previous. He would make no predictions or boasts, but it was evident from his manner that he expected the complete solution of the murder mystery.

It was reported last night that the new development in the Baff murder started in the Coroner's Court on Tuesday afternoon, when Michael J. Aseltta, a saloon keeper, of 327 West Forty-first Street, who was held for the Grand Jury by Coroner Feinberg for the killing of a negro "Kid" Jones, asked the Coroner whether things would go lighter with him if he told who committed the Baff murder.

Coroner Feinberg called Assistant District Attorney Deuel, Detective Flood of the District Attorney's office, and the prisoner to the bench. Aseltta was told, without any promise, that any assistance he gave in the Baff case would be explained to the Judge before whom he would be arraigned for the killing of Jones. He then told, according to Coroner Feinberg, the first names of two men, and said he did not know their last names, but that both were chicken handlers well known at the market by the names he gave.

Taken to Prosecutor's Office.

Aseltta was taken to the District Attorney's office and questioned. Coroner Feinberg said he did not know what details were learned from Aseltta there.

The activities of the Cohen brothers in the West Washington Market and their connections with both chicken handlers and retail buyers have made them subject to police surveillance ever since Baff was murdered. Joseph Cohen, the eldest of the three, is the head of the family. He began work in the market years ago as a boss truckman and made a good living renting horses to the poultrymen. His first quarrel with Barnet Baff occurred when Baff, after several of his horses had been poisoned, discontinued the use of horses and substituted automobiles. He thus set an example that, if followed, would deprive Cohen of his living, and, according to report, Cohen became bitter against Baff as a result.

But Cohen extended his business until, at present, he is called a contractor, for he not only supplies trucks, but is practically the boss of the laborers who handle the incoming poultry in the Hoboken freight yards and unload it in the market. He has contracted to supply labor in the market and has been known to be able to control a large number of men.

Harry Cohen, the second brother, was a poultry Inspector in the employ of the New York Live Poultry Dealers' Protective Association, an organization of retail buyers who were bitter business enemies of Baff and Pearson. It was Harry Cohen's business to inspect each crate of poultry received in the market to see whether sand had been fed to any of them to increase their weight. For this inspection Cohen charged the receivers of the poultry, Baff, Pearson, and others, $1 a crate, and bad blood arose between him and the two men named when they balked at paying this fee, calling it "blackmail" and "graft" for Cohen's benefit.

Jake, the youngest of the brothers, worked, when employed, as a poultry handler in the Hoboken freight yards. He was known in the market as the representative of his brothers on many occasions and is said to have kept them in touch with conditions and sentiments among the men with whom he worked.

Two Not Called to Testify.

Because of his influence and his ability to give employment to many, Joseph Cohen had many protégés, and among them was "Big Izzy" Switzsky. Switzsky was sentenced to Sing Sing some years ago for the assault for which Harry Cohen was arrested two weeks ago, and when he applied for parole recently Joseph Cohen appeared as his sponsor. He promised the Parole Board to give "Big Izzy" permanent employment and, as far as possible, keep him out of trouble. He did give Switzsky employment as a chicken puller.

Although Switzsky and Klodny were held as "material witnesses" as far as could be learned, they were not interrogated as witnesses. They have not been taken before the Grand Jury, and it was said in the District Attorney's office that perhaps they would not be taken before that body. A report spread that the District Attorney did not want them to gain immunity by testifying.

"Chicken Moe" Rosenstein waited for the Grand Jury to act in the Coney Island Police Court, a free man, but held in the court by notice to appear when called or forfeit $1,500 bail. He was arrested on Wednesday night on a warrant charging him with passing a forged check, and on Thursday night he was taken to the home of Magistrate Steers, at 2,694 Bedford Avenue, Brooklyn. The Magistrate released him in $1,500 bail, pending examination in the Coney Island Court yesterday, and he went to his home, watched closely by Detectives Flynn and Finn.

When court opened at Coney Island Rosenstein was on hand, but his case was not called. Every other case on the docket was disposed of, and still Rosenstein sat in the courtroom. Magistrate Steers retired to his chambers and still Rosenstein waited, for court had not been adjourned, and the defendant was told that he certainly would be called before the adjournment. He did not know that the machinery was working in Manhattan and that the police were not quite ready to arrest him as a material witness.

Finally, at 5 o'clock, Rosenstein was called to the bar. Answering the charge of forgery, he said that he had received the check in question from another man and had simply asked the Coney Island shopkeeper to cash it. When he found that it was no good, he said, he promised to pay the shopkeeper $20 she had given him, and he actually had given her $11.50. Before Magistrate Steers gave his decision he asked the man what he knew of the Baff murder, and Rosenstein denied any knowledge of the crime. He said he had known Baff very well and liked him.

"Baff used to call me 'Sonny,'" he said, "and I used to call him 'Dad.' I was awful sorry when I heard he was killed."

The Magistrate discharged Rosenstein, and immediately Detectives Flynn and Finn took him in custody as a material witness in the Baff case.

Mr. Delehanty would not give out the names of any of the witnesses who had been subpoenaed to testify before the Grand Jury on Monday, but it was learned that Harry Baff, son and business partner of the slain man, will be among them. H. A. Emerson, the Vice President and General Manager of the Live Poultry Auction Company, who was a friend of Baff and gave the police valuable information concerning conditions in the market, will be another witness. Mr. Pearson will probably be called again. M. M. Frankel, the Secretary of the Live Poultry Dealers' Protective Association, an organization hostile to Baff, may be another witness.

TWO ARRESTED IN MURDER.

Seized After Attack on Manager of Chinese Restaurant.

Ike Warcozsky of 268 Cherry Street, and Harry Fink of 215 West 108th Street, said to be known respectively as "Battling Coupon," and "Chinatown Harry," were arrested in a club room at 16 Bowery yesterday by Detectives Franklin and Herbery of the First Branch and locked up in Police Headquarters, charged with complicity in the murder of Leon Charles, a Chinaman, of 54 Division Street.

Charles, who was the manager of the Port Arthur Restaurant in Mott Street, was attacked by thieves in the hallway of his home on Dec. 12, and beaten with a black jack. He died of a fracture of the skull.

55-GEM NECKLACE FOUND.

St. Regis Manager Puts Value at $200,000—No Clue to Owner.

In the safe at the St. Regis is a necklace of pearls with a diamond clasp about which is a mystery. Nobody at the hotel knows who is the owner. Likewise nobody exactly knows the value of it, though Charles Mascord, one of the assistant managers, who is looking for the owner, estimates this as being $200,000. Some estimates run a little less.

Anyhow, there are fifty-five pearls on the string. Mr. Mascord has had a jeweler in to appraise the value of the necklace, but the jeweler told him it would take a long time to estimate that with anything like accuracy, and pointed out that while the gems looked costly individually, they were not well matched, and that was always an important detail in estimating the value of a pearl necklace. So Mr. Mascord is now waiting for somebody to miss a string that corresponds with the one he has.

The necklace was found in a room on the seventh floor by a woman who arrived yesterday morning. Upon being ushered into the room, she sat down to wait for her maid to come up. At one side of the thick cushion of an armchair she saw something glittering and she dislodged it with her finger. It proved to be a diamond clasp. She drew it out and with it a string of pearls. Apparently the necklace had slid down into the crevice between the cushion and the chair frame.

In trying to find the owner, Mr. Mascord searched the records for some weeks back. The last previous tenant of the room was a woman whom Mr. Mascord knew did not possess a pearl necklace. The occupant before her was a man who had had the room for several weeks. Having gone back this far, Mr. Mascord decided to wait for the owner of the necklace to miss it.

James E. Sullivan's Will Filed.

James E. Sullivan, Secretary-Treasurer of the Amateur Athletic Union, when he died, Sept. 16, left an estate of only $1,000, all of which goes to his widow, Mrs. Margaret Eugenie Sullivan of 540 West 114th Street, according to his will filed in the Surrogates' Court yesterday. The instrument was dated Nov. 27, 1905. Mr. Sullivan died at Mount Sinai Hospital following an operation.

THE BEST INVESTMENT FOR JANUARY DIVIDENDS

You can invest any sum from $10 a month to $1,000,000 or more in our Guaranteed First Mortgage Certificates, and interest will commence immediately.

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"THE UGLY DUCKLING," Etc.
"THE MERMAID," Etc.
ENGLISH FAIRY TALES
FAIRY STORIES FROM SPAIN
FEATS ON THE FJORDS
GULLIVER'S TRAVELS
KING ARTHUR AND HIS ROUND TABLE
LA FONTAINE'S FABLES
PERRAULT'S FAIRY TALES
PINOCCHIO
ROBIN HOOD AND HIS MERRY OUTLAWS
ROBINSON CRUSOE
SINBAD THE SAILOR AND OTHER TALES
THE STORY OF BAYARD
THE WATER BABIES

Beautifully printed and illustrated in colors

By such artists as Maxwell Armfield, Charles Folkard, Arthur Rackham, etc whose work is usually found in editions at five times this price.

Published by E. P. DUTTON & CO., 681 5th Ave., N. Y.

My Path Through Life

By Lilli Lehmann

"Decidedly the Autobiography of the Year."

500 pages. 50 Illustrations. $3.50 net.

Personal memoirs of one who is rightly called the greatest dramatic singer of her time, and is, as well, a brilliant woman and a shrewd musical critic.

"It is a story of rare and well-nigh unprecedented achievement—so naively and simply told that the veriest neophite might take courage from its record of artistic adventure. Mme. Lehmann, herself a hero worshipper, has no idea of the vast army of singers here and abroad for whom she is an exemplar and an inspiration."

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Number Please!!

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BALMACAANS in a wide variety, including Tartan Plaids, Glen Urquharts and smart Scotch Mixtures. IN OVERCOATS, Black and Gray Kerseys, Gray Shetlands, Brown, Blue and Oxford Chinchillas. IN SUITS, Tartan Plaids, Glen Urquharts, Pencil Stripes and Scotch Mixtures.

$25.00 Value, Now $14.50

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Superbly styled, splendidly tailored and finished; smart-fitting coats, with 3 buttons, 1 or 2 to button; Chinchillas, Cassimeres, Black and Gray Kerseys and Thibets, with self or velvet collars. IN SUITS—Some of this season's choicest products; Gray Stripes, Shadow Stripes, Donegal Tweeds, Scotch Cheviots, English Worsteds, and silk Mixtures.

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IN OVERCOATS—Single and double-breasted, form-fitting coats in black and Oxford, velvet piped or plain; Chesterfield Coats and warm Storm Ulsters. IN BALMACAANS — Scotch mixtures, tartan plaids and velvet collar chinchillas. IN SUITS—Remarkably Smart Glen Urquharts, tartan plaids, blues, grays and pencil stripes.

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Carr's Melton Overcoats

Made from the world-famous XXX Isaac Carr's Melton and lined with Skinner All-Silk Satin. Coats that could not be touched under $50.00 Now $30.00

Brill Brothers

279 Broadway, near Chambers Street
Union Square, 14th Street, near Broadway—Open Evenings
47 Cortlandt Street, near Greenwich Street
125th Street, Corner Third Avenue—Open Evenings

YOUR MONEY BACK IF YOU'RE NOT SATISFIED

GIMBELS

Broadway and Thirty-third Street. *Store Opens at 8:30*

A Remarkable Sale of Plated Silverware At 25 to 33⅓ Per Cent. Less

Think for a moment, please—do you remember ever having participated in such a sale a week before Christmas?

Usually such purchases are possible at any time during the year, except just before Christmas.

At 25c	At 50c	At $1
Vases	Card Trays	Bon Bon Baskets
Sugar Tongs	Butter Tubs	Egg Sets
Napkin Rings	Sugar Racks	Sandwich Plates
Castors, 2 bottles	Castors, 3 bottles	Candle Sticks
Open Salt Cellars	Bells	Jewel Boxes
Napkin Markers	Mustard Holders	Relish Dishes, 3 compartments.

$4.50 Long Chains of Fine Pearls $2.95

$12.50 to $15 Imported German Silver Mesh Bags, $7.50

$3.95 to $5 German Silver Party Cases, $1.95

$7.50 to $13.50 Sterling Silver Vanity Cases, $5.50 to $10.50

$1.85 Japanese Metal Jewel Cases, beautiful designs, $1

$5 to $10 Real Shell Cameo La Vallieres and Brooches, Antique Styles, $3.95

$1 Platinoid Oval Photograph Frames, cabinet size, 50c

Solid Gold—10 kt.—Jewelry, $1 to $60
Sterling Silver Gifts for the Home, 50c to $220
The Famous Watches of the World, $9.50 to $1,000
Exquisite Diamond Jewelry, $8.50 to $1,000

Extra Salespeople to Facilitate Prompt Service. Main Floor

Caracul Coats That Are As Soft As Kid Gloves—$72.50

Muff pockets are introduced in these coats.

Collars are of Leopard skin, Skunk or Skunk-raccoon.

In the smart 42-inch length, with the flare—*illustrated.*

Fine selected skins—and the coats are beautifully tailored, for they were made for us by the most skilled furrier in New York.

$72.50

Russian Ponyskin Coats, $27.50

With collars of Beaver, Civet Cat, Natural Raccoon, Skunk-Opossum or Fisher Coney.

Hudson Seal (dyed muskrat) Coats $65 to $95

With collars of Skunk, $75, $85 and $95.

Arctic Seal (dyed coney) Coats, $55

With collars of Skunk, $62.50.

Fur-lined Broadcloth and Tweed Coats, $38.50, $42.50.

Scarfs and Muffs Which Match

Scarfs.		*Muffs.*
$7.50, $10, $13.50	Natural Raccoon	$9.50, $12.50, $15
$9.50, $16.50, $20	Natural Skunk	$22.50, $25, $29.50
$9.50, $15	Black Fox	$15, $18, $22.50
$8.50, $12.50	Beaver	$12, $18, $22.50
$13.50, $19.50	Lynx	$15, $19.50, $27.50
$15, $18.50	Rose Wolf	$15, $18.50
$7.50, $9.50, $13.50	Black Wolf	$13.50, $15, $17.50
$12.50, $15	Taupe Wolf	$15, $19.50
$17.50, $22.50	Sitka Fox	$22.50, $29.50
$5, $7.50	Black and Kitt Coney	$7.50, $10

Iceland Fox, $15 Set. Persian Paw, $7.50 Set.

Furriers Since 1842 Third Floor

INNOVATION TRADE MARK

Chiffonier Wardrobes

Special Models For Men and Women.

Hardly More Than Half Price

Large, 48-inch models for men or women are in this sale.

$125 Solid Mahogany Wardrobes, $69
$100 Imitation Mahogany Wardrobes, $59
$120 Quartered Oak Wardrobes, $67
$85 Mahogany Finish Wardrobe, $49

These are genuine standard and perfect Innovation Wardrobes. Supplying all the conveniences of a clothes press and a chiffonier, yet taking up no more space in your room than a small dresser would occupy. Seventh Floor

EVERY CENT GOES TO '100 NEEDIEST'

Charity Societies Keep Separate Account for Each Case Named in The Times.

$2,223 IN NEW DONATIONS

A. I. C. P. Spent $105,903 More in Relief Work Last Year Than It Received in Gifts.

The response to the appeal for the "100 Neediest Cases," set forth in THE NEW YORK TIMES SUNDAY MAGAZINE last Sunday, continues most generous. The State Charities Aid Association received yesterday about $500, making the total to date $2,074.78. Sixteen donors contributed to the fund of the Charity Organization Society, which has to date received $2,700. Yesterday's contributions amounted to $265. There is still $3,000 needed to insure care for the neediest cases in the care of this organization. The Association for Improving the Condition of the poor acknowledged $1,458, making a total received of $13,786.50.

Bailey B. Burritt, director of the A. I. C. P. said:

"Many persons interested in THE TIMES article have asked us this question: 'What percentage of your fiscal contributions goes for administration expenses?' Last year we received in contributions $139,733.07. We spent, however, $245,635.96 just for the relief of the 9,467 families in our care. We, therefore, spent for the relief of these needy families $105,903 more than was received from contributors. The administrative cost for all activities of the association—relief, fresh air, institutions and constructive social welfare work—is about 20 per cent.

"Every cent that is contributed for the families described in last Sunday's TIMES goes directly to these needy persons. Wet set up a separate account for each family. This consists of a statement showing each amount contributed, and by whom and when given. Each expenditure and the time made are also shown, so that we know each day what amount, if any, is still due the family. If the family becomes self-supporting again before the total contribution is expended the contributors are notified and the balance is either returned or transferred to some other needy family, according to the wishes of the contributors."

Several little charges of the State Charities Aid Association will today have a day long to be remembered. Friends have notified Miss Mary V. Clark, head of the association's distribution work, that they intend to take the youngsters out and have them fitted out from head to toe.

Contributions and donations for the "100 Neediest" may be sent to the Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor, 105 East Twenty-second Street, New York; the Charity Organization Society, 105 East Twenty-second Street, and the State Charities Aid Association, 289 Fourth Avenue.

FOR 100 NEEDIEST CASES.

Contributions for Aid of Unfortunates Sent to The Times.

THE NEW YORK TIMES acknowledges receipt of the following contributions sent for the 100 neediest cases:

M. B. W., for case No. 87	$1
"Little Phoebe"	20
K. L. B.	1
Mr. and Mrs. F. B. A.	50
Anonymously, for case No. 38	50
Anonymously, for case No. 6	54
K. D. White	2
Friend, for cases Nos. 57 and 58	5
M. H. F.	10
C. R. Dickinson, for case No. 42	5
Hirsch Lumber Company	10
Yours truly	2
For the Belgian Relief Fund:	
R. R. Hill	$10
For a woman made idle by war and near starvation:	
M. N. Williams	$3

PARDONS MRS. KATE COBB.

Connecticut Woman Free After 36 Years in Prison.

Special to The New York Times.

HARTFORD, Conn., Dec. 18.—The State Board of Pardons today granted an unconditional pardon to Mrs. Kate Cobb, who has served thirty-six years of a life sentence for the murder of her husband Tomorrow she will go to the home of her daughter, Mrs. Luther Spalding, in Lebanon, Conn. Mrs. Cobb is 66 years old.

Mrs. Cobb's accomplice, Wesley U. Bishop, who poisoned his wife six months before Charles Cobb died, confessed, and was sentenced to life imprisonment. He died in prison six years ago.

When told of the pardon Mrs. Cobb became hysterical. At first she said she did not think she cared to leave the prison, and that there was so little left in life for her that it might be as well for her to spend her last days behind the bars. She has always insisted that Bishop poisoned her husband.

Two other prisoners were released by the Pardon Board. One of them, Joseph Eardley, had served eleven years for killing his wife. The other was Stanley Jorcak, who was convicted of an attack on a girl a year ago. Today the girl told the board members that she wished to marry Jorcak.

SUFFRAGE TAMMANY'S ALLY.

Chairman Black Tells Women Their Vote Would Benefit State.

William Harman Black, Chairman of the Tammany Hall General Committee, came forward as a warm advocate and supporter of woman suffrage yesterday in a short address at the Suffrage Shop of the Women's Political Union, 663 Fifth Avenue. More than sixty women were present.

Mr. Black said women were entirely qualified for suffrage, and he undertook to show that they have been qualified from time immemorial by citing some of the most famous types of women. He pointed first to Sappho, the Greek poetess, whose lyrics for more than 2,500 years have stirred romantic hearts. Then he pictured Hypatia, the Greek Neo-Platonic philosopher and teacher, whose fearless denunciation of Archbishop Cyril in Alexandria aroused a mob which killed her. And finally, as a prototype of some of the women of today, Mr. Black held up Joan of Arc.

The State, according to Mr. Black, would be greatly benefited if the women were permitted to vote. He believed they would throw their influence with honesty and intelligence on the right side of the majority of political issues. Even if it should prove harmful to the State for women to have the power of suffrage, he would not be in favor of keeping them still unenfranchised, because he held they had the right to vote.

Flees from Bed as Fire Razes Home.

Special to The New York Times.

MAY'S LANDING, N. J., Dec. 18.—Awakened last night by flames bursting into his bedroom, Hugh McNeil, an aged resident of Mizpah, was driven from his home near Weymouth Siding in his night clothes. The house and outbuildings were destroyed. McNeil was burned badly about the head.

WIDOWED DAUGHTER REPULSES CLEARY

Continued from Page 1.

daughter's sin from the world was to go away, away, far away to the West. I wanted my wife and the children to go right away and I expected to follow.

"Then I left the house. My thoughts all ran together. I walked and walked, and took cars. I borrowed money at Jack's Restaurant, and walked some more.

"Then I started to drink, and I drank all night. I remember going to Paddell's, Dowling's, and the Times Café. Jim Carroll was with me. After drinking all night without knowing what I was doing I left for Haverstraw about noon the next day.

"Then came the shooting. Don't ask me to tell about it. It's all an apparition. I have no recollection of it. Oh, my God, I never realized what I did. It did not come to me until I was in the District Attorney's office."

"Did you know that your daughter was married?" he was asked.

"No, no, I didn't know that," he wailed.

"Did you have any intention at any time of taking a human life?"

"Oh, no, no," he cried.

Cleary's Wife Testifies.

Mrs. Cleary preceded her daughter on the stand. She was very composed and faced the whole courtroom.

She knew of the attachment between her daughter and Gene Newman as early as 1911. She opposed it and the family moved to New York so that Anna might study music and forget her lover. She never imagined that the relations had continued. She related how Dr. David Schultz of 610 West 152d Street, the family physician, had discovered Anna's condition, and how the news had been broken to her and her husband on the evening of the day before the shooting.

"When my husband learned it was Gene Newman," she said, "he acted deaf and dumb. Later he talked. He wanted to go west and leave the disgrace behind. He made me write to his sister out in California asking her to get a house for us. He told me not to tell a soul.

"My husband left that evening, the evening before the shooting, and I stayed up all night. I could not sleep. At 6 o'clock the next morning he called me up and said he was going to Haverstraw. He called me later from Haverstraw, but he mumbled so I knew he had been drinking. I knew then that Anna had been married to Gene, but I did not tell my husband. I couldn't tell him, because he was not himself."

"Was your husband particularly fond of Anna?" asked Mr. Comesky.

"Oh, yes; we have a son 15 years old, but Anna was his favorite child.

"My daughter has never yet told me that she was married," said Mrs. Cleary, "and neither of my children have seen their father since the shooting. He would not allow them to see him in a jail."

Tell of Cleary's Intoxication.

Many witnesses were called by the defense who accounted for Cleary's movements during the twelve hours before the shooting. Among them were Jim Carroll, James Wakeley, and Thomas Randolph of New York and several employes of the West Shore Railroad, on which Cleary went daily to Haverstraw. They all told of Cleary's dazed condition, how he walked all over town wearing a house coat, a cap, and a pair of slippers. They all said that Cleary was very intoxicated.

"He drank everything on the calendar," Carroll testified. "He had all of fifty drinks. I could not prevent him from drinking. He was wild."

One of the next important witnesses called by the defense was District Attorney Gagan.

"I heard four shots fired," said Mr. Gagan, "and soon after Cleary was in my office. He swayed back and forth as he came in. His color was ashy-white. As soon as he got in, he shouted, 'I have shot Gene Newman. I killed him. He ruined my daughter. He seduced her. He broke up my home!' He kept shouting about the ruin of his daughter, and did not speak coherently. When he sat down beside me I smelled intoxicants."

Josiah Felter, Town Supervisor of Haverstraw, was the prosecution's strongest witness. He was in Cleary's office with Bernard J. Fox and Patrolman Hugh Sheridan when the shooting occurred.

"What did Cleary say when young Newman came into his office?" asked Prosecutor Gagan.

"He said: 'You thought you had the best of me, but I've got you now,'" replied Felter.

The defense got an admission from Felter that Cleary looked "rough" and that he had a "wild and unnatural look."

Fox, who met Cleary at the station shortly before the murder, is a collector for a brewery. He and Sheridan, while called by the prosecution, were really good witnesses for the defense. They testified as to Cleary's irrational conduct in Haverstraw. He acted worse after the murder than before. He tried to choke Fox and wanted to pass the hook of his cane around the neck of the Magistrate before whom he was arraigned.

William H. Jenkins, Jr., a clerk in Prosecutor Gagan's office, corroborated Fox and Sheridan as to Cleary's appearance and acts.

"Twilight State" Insanity.

The attempt to prove Cleary's insanity by the expert testimony of Dr. Floyd S. Crego of Buffalo provoked laughter in the courtroom. His reference to Cleary's state of mind when he committed the crime as a "twilight state" was greeted with laughter even in the jury box.

Robert M. Moore of New York asked long hypothetical questions bearing on Cleary's particular case, and Dr. Crego's explanations concerning "mental disturbances," fit the situation exactly. Everything that Cleary did before shooting Newman was typical of a man in a "twilight state," according to the Buffalo specialist. Under cross-examination the witness insisted that such a state might last for a moment, for an hour or even for weeks. A man in that state, he said, would not realize the difference between right and wrong.

In rebuttal to Dr. Crego the prosecution called Dr. Carlos F. MacDonald of New York, who said that there was no such thing as "twilight state." He had absolutely no belief in it, he said.

"My opinion," said Dr. MacDonald, "is that the man was sane and knew that he was doing wrong. I believe the defendant received a mental shock, but this of itself could not have induced insanity."

Convicted of Murdering Boy.

MOUNT HOLLY, N. J., Dec. 18.—A verdict of first degree murder was rendered tonight in the case of Edgar C. Murphy, who shot Herman Fisher, 17 years old, near Taylor's Station, on July 17. Murphy confessed he shot Fisher because the latter had told girls he visited that Murphy was a married man. Murphy, who was 27 years old, was separated from his wife.

TEACHERS TO AID DESTITUTE

School Relief Committee Will Systematize the Work.

The School Relief Committee, of which Miss Grace C. Strachan, District Superintendent, is Chairman, held a meeting in the Board of Education building last evening and made plans for systematizing its work. Circulars have been sent to all the Principals and teachers in the city, asking them to assist in relieving the great distress among the families of the children in the public schools. They are asked to designate Tuesday, Dec. 22, as the first "Contribution Day" for teachers, pupils, and Principals.

There are many districts in the city, Miss Strachan said last night, where the families are in comfortable circumstances and where they will be glad to contribute to the relief of those in the poorer districts.

It was decided last night to ask each District School Superintendent to organize a special committee in his district with a local headquarters for the receipt of supplies. One general headquarters has already been opened at 10 Hoyt Street, Brooklyn, and with the permission of the authorities, another will be opened at the old fire headquarters at Sixty-seventh Street and Third Avenue. With Miss Strachan on the committee are Margaret O'Connell, George W. Dorland, Magnus Cross, Frederick W. Mar, Edward Mandel, and William O'Flaherty.

FOX TERRIER KILLS FOX.

Owner Resorted to Blasting to Release Dog Imprisoned in Hole.

BLOOMINGDALE, N. J., Dec. 18.—Auburn J. Taylor, a policeman, is nursing back to health a fox terrier which chased a big grey fox into a hole in Federal Hill and killed it. The fox, dying, was caught in the hole in such a way that the dog could not get out, and almost starved to death.

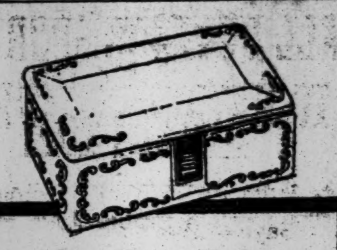
With a friend Mr. Taylor started in after the dog digging and hauling rocks out of the way. Three blasts had to be fired, but yesterday afternoon they managed to reach the imprisoned animal. The dog was weak and exhausted for want of food and water, and showed the marks of his fight with the fox. The ears of the fox will net Mr. Taylor $5, $3 from the State and $2 from Passaic County.

SUBWAY HOPPER BURNS.

Broadway Traffic Blocked While Firemen Extinguish Flames.

A fire which damaged the hopper, traveling crane, and operator's cage of the United States Realty and Improvement Company and put the machinery used in excavating the new subway at Broadway and Thirty-eighth Street out of commission last night, stopped traffic for twenty-two minutes, causing a congestion of conveyances on Broadway for many blocks.

The blaze started in the rear of the hopper and quickly burned to the cage on the frame structure, which has a height of about fifty feet, and threatened the entire woodwork. The fire was kept in check and only did damage to the hopper, the cage, and the machinery. While the firemen, under Deputy Fire Chief Martin, were at work two show windows of Taylor's trunk store on Thirty-eighth Street, near Broadway, were broken and the stock suffered damage by water.



Get Yours Today
$1.25 for this beautiful Opal Humidor, filled with 100
Herbert Tareyton Cigarettes
Dealers have only a limited number, so call on yours today.
Trade Mark

UNTIL XMAS — UNTIL XMAS

This style 3-letter monogram or initial (any color) on every piece of Domestic or Imported Ivory purchased in our stores from now until Christmas.

FREE ENGRAVING
ON DOMESTIC OR IMPORTED IVORY SETS
$2.98 to $21.98
Until Christmas

Mirrors $1.79 TO $7.89
Buffers 39c TO $1.64
Clocks 98c TO $6.49
Puff Boxes 49c TO $4.89
Hair Brushes $1.59 TO $5.29
Combs 39c TO 89c
Hair Receivers 49c TO $4.14
Clothes Brushes $2.19 TO $3.34

LADIES' SET—Special Value
No. 1,000—3, same as illustrated, with 5½-inch mirror $3.84

ENGLISH IVORY
3-Piece Set $4.98
10-Piece Set 14.98
14-Piece Set 19.94

PARISIAN IVORY
4-Piece Set $8.49
6-Piece Set 9.14
12-Piece Set 16.59

PYRALIN IVORY
6-Piece Set $5.49
8-Piece Set 7.89
14-Piece Set 10.29

Kenney Needle Shower
1—Beats a tub bath "40 ways"—makes either hot or cold water twice as stimulating and refreshing.
2—Only sanitary way to bathe—you bathe in running water—every drop that touches you is absolutely fresh and clean.
3—All metal—fits any bath tub—easily attached — a strong, handsome fixture that you leave up permanently.
4—No clammy, unsanitary curtain.
5—Guaranteed not to splash out of tub. Regularly $6.00; until Christmas $3.85

RIKER HEGEMAN DRUG STORES

Open This Evening Until 10 o'Clock

GREENHUT'S
J. B. GREENHUT COMPANY.
"THE BIG STORE"
BOTH SIDES SIXTH AVE., 18TH TO 19TH STREET
"Meet me at the Fountain"

WE GIVE S&H GREEN TRADING STAMPS. TWO GREEN STAMPS with EVERY 10c Purchase in the Forenoon, and ONE Green Stamp with EVERY 10c Purchase in the Afternoon.

—MAIN BUILDING—
Leather Goods for Christmas Gift Givers
"Something in Leather" Will Always Make a Good Christmas Gift
Lowest Prices in Town for Newest and Most Novel Kinds

Children's 39c Bags—many colors; chain handles; two pockets each side of frame 25c
Men's 50c 3-Fold Card Cases—ticket pocket in center; made of good black grained leather 29c
$1 Cuff and Collar Boxes—new low roomy style; black or red, (illustrated) 49c
$1.75 Collar Pouches—draw string fasteners; made of long grain black seal leather 98c
$2.50 Hand Bags—double side handles and covered frames; full leather lined; made of good black goat seal leather. $1.50
$3 Imported Cigar Cases—plain pin or genuine seal leather with frame; a useful gift for the smoker $1.95
$3.50 Beaded Bags—artistic bead combinations; also plain black or steel with deep festoon edge fringe; chain handle, durably lined; inside pocket $1.95
Men's $4.50 Wallets or Letter Cases—finest imported black real seal; strictly handmade $2.50
$4 Fitted Hand Bags—Fine black pin seal leather; silk lined and fitted with purse, mirror, powder box and rouge case $2.50
$4.50 "Shur-Lok" Bags—made of fine English Morocco in black and colors; inside frame; fitted mirror and purse $2.95
$5 Imported Jewel Cases—covered with genuine black seal leather; lift out tray with partition; rich silk lined; lock and key $3.75
Men's $5 Wallets—popular 3-fold style; with index memo or address book $3.95
$5 Hand Bags—genuine pinseal leather, beautifully silk-lined; new extra deep shape, fitted with large, round hanging mirror and purse, with the stylish flat leather handles $3.95

—MAIN BUILDING—
Men's $12 to $20
Winter Suits, Overcoats, Balmacaans and Raincoats Today, at $10

We'll come right down to details, simply saying that THESE VALUES POSITIVELY CANNOT BE MATCHED IN NEW YORK.
Your choice in this sale includes:
$12 to $22 Overcoats, $12 to $22 Balmacaans, $12 to $20 Suits, $12 to $20 Raincoats, at $10
The Overcoats and Balmacaans—fancy mixtures and plaid backs; Black Kersey Overcoats, Oxford Kersey Overcoats, and Overcoats in dozens of the best prevailing styles; usually to $22, at $10
The Balmacaans—beauties; some made from imported fabrics; 30 different styles in all sizes; usually to $22, at $10
The Suits—all sizes and styles for men and youths; handsomest fancy mixtures, worsteds and cassimeres; usually to $20, at $10
The Raincoats—small lots from our regular $15 lines; all guaranteed; also sample Raincoats; usually to $20, at $10
Overcoats, Balmacaans, Suits and Raincoats; Usually Priced to $25, Today, at $15
Included in this remarkable offering are Overcoats and Suits from such famous makers as Kirschbaum and Snellenburg. An excellent variety for your choice in styles, patterns and sizes up to 54 stout.

—MAIN BUILDING—
BOOKS
Wonderful Stocks for Gift Giving Purposes to Everybody.
We couldn't list all the books in this department even in an entire section of this newspaper.
Suffice to say that we have chosen carefully and New York's Most Notable Christmas Stocks of Books are at GREENHUT'S
And we give you this hint:—
"WHEN IN DOUBT—GIVE BOOKS"
Prices, of course, THE LOWEST IN TOWN.

—ANNEX BUILDING—HOME FURNISHINGS—
The Wonder of the Year!
Busts and Figures of Florentine Moulded Marble
Think of it! Sale Today, at, each, $1
Classic and ideal subjects, beautifully moulded—truly exquisite works of art. offered at a price hitherto unheard of.
The trade has never known of a value like this.
Today's selling price is A MERE FRACTION OF THE REAL VALUE OF THESE HIGHLY ARTISTIC BUSTS AND FIGURES.
Choice of six subjects.
A pair of these busts would make handsome Christmas gifts.

Choice at $1 each.

—MAIN BUILDING—
2,500 Strings of "Ceylona" Pearls
Usually Priced up to $2.95; Will Be Sold Today at $1
A delayed shipment of these exquisite pearls just received. 13½ to 18 inches long; choice of uniform and graduated strings.
Although we claim only up to a $2.95 value, some stores price pearls that are not as good as high as $5 a string.
No Less Than 1,000 Strings of "Ceylona" Pearls Usually Priced $10 to $15; for today, at $5
These were in the same shipment with the above choice collection. This is really the opportunity of a lifetime to buy beautiful, flawless and exquisite pearls which are exact reproductions of genuine pearls AT FRACTIONS OF THEIR REAL WORTH.
Look at These Splendid Values:
$40 Nine Stone Cluster Rings—each stone perfect; set in round cluster, platinum face; solid gold mountings; now $25
$32.50 Diamond Solitarie Rings—each gem weighing about ¼ karat; high prong mounting; now $25
$75 Diamond Princess Rings—wonderful bargains; 16 stones, platinum set, on gold; rings look like $125 ones; at $49
Solid Gold Lavallieres
Set with pearls and other stones; regularly $3, at $2.75
Diamond Set Lavallieres—regularly $5, at $3.75
Stone and Pearl Set Lavallieres—regularly $8.50, at $5
Pink Cameo Lavallieres—regularly to $15, at $5
Diamond Set Lavallieres—regularly $9.50, at $6
Diamond Set Lavallieres—regularly to $25, at $15

—MAIN BUILDING—
Men's Finest 50c to $2
Silk Neckwear
Today at 39c and 79c
Newest large shape, open-end FOUR-IN-HANDS. Every scarf cut full and long. This season's smartest and most fashionable patterns for your choice. Every plain color you can think of, and hundreds upon hundreds of fancies.

Gloves For Men
Pique Washable Cape Gloves—at $1
PXM Washable Cape Gloves—at $1.10
"Meyer's" Cape PXM Gloves—at $1.25
'Meyer's" Cape PXM Spear Point Gloves—at $1.50
"Dent's" Cape Gloves—at $2
Lamb Lined Gloves—at $2
Fur Lined Gloves—at $2.95
Fur Gloves with Gauntlets—at $5
Chauffeur's Gauntlet Gloves—at $2
Chauffeur's Gauntlets, Fur Lined—at $5
Chauffeurs' Strap Gloves—at $1.50
Chauffeurs' Strap Gloves, Lamb Lined—at $3
Also AUTO GLOVES, AUTO HALF MITTENS and AUTO FULL MITTENS—fleece lined or fur lined.

Skating Shoes
For Men, Women and Boys
MEN'S SKATING SHOES—at $3.50 & $5
Women's Skating Shoes—at .... $3.50 & $5
Boys' Skating Shoes—at $2.95
Men's Racing Shoes—at .... $3.75 & $5.00
We attach, free of charge, skates on shoes when both are purchased from us.

—MAIN BUILDING—
"Gainsborough" Initial
Writing Paper
Gift Boxes Today at 69c
Exquisite holiday hinge cover cabinets; covered with old-rose cover papers. Each cabinet contains 24 gold edge correspondence cards, 24 sheets of cloth-finish writing paper, stamped in gold with a beautiful old-rose panel effect background, 48 envelopes to match included.

J. B. GREENHUT COMPANY — WE GIVE S&H GREEN TRADING STAMPS

CALL DECISION SPUR TO NATION'S TRADE

Puts Pulmotor to Work, Banker Says—Business Is Encouraged.

HEARTENS RAILROAD MEN

Traffic Leaders Here View It as a Distinct Help—Middle West Is Enthusiastic.

Railroad officers of this city who commented yesterday on the decision of the Interstate Commerce Commission said that the carriers would be aided substantially by the increased rates, although further concessions would have been more satisfactory.

"As nearly as I can ascertain," said President A. H. Smith of the New York Central, "from the preliminary report which I have received, the commission has granted an increase on perhaps a little more than one-half of the tonnage, but to the extent that the increase has been granted it will help the railroad situation. It should also promote general public confidence for the future.

"The commission has recognized not only the needs of the railroads, but the effect upon the railroads of the peculiar conditions generally at the present time. The increase now granted will not solve the transportation problems of the day, but in view of all the circumstances, the commission has evidently done what it thought wise. We are thankful for the help given, and will endeavor to make the best possible use of it."

Howard Elliott, President of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad Company and Chairman of the Board of Directors, said regarding the decision:

"The 5 per cent. does not apply on all of the freight business of the company, and this should be clearly understood in considering the effect of the decision. The freight earnings of the company for the year ended June 30, 1914, were $32,476,639.25; 5 per cent. of that sum would be $1,623,834.96.

"Careful calculations, however, indicate that the increase in the gross freight earnings of the New Haven Road because of the decision of the Commerce Commission will be less than $250,000 per year, and probably not be much in excess of $200,000 a year on the present volume of business. So far this fiscal year the freight earnings of the company have decreased $1,399,000.

"We are gratified to have the commission recognize the necessity of increasing freight rates, and we are glad to have even this modest increase. The aggregate sum, however, is not very large compared with the total decrease in freight earnings already sustained since July 1."

President L. F. Loree of the Delaware & Hudson said that he could not work up any enthusiasm over the findings because the commission did not need to be praised for doing what it should have done.

"Early reports indicate that the roads will get a large part of what they asked for," he added. "It will relieve the distress of the railroads as it will fill a hole in their earnings. But I do not believe that it will give them any additional purchasing power.

"I consider the decision a distinct help to the general railroad situation. It cannot help the railroads in financing, however, until the security markets improve, and this improvement depends on business and the war."

George F. Brownell, Vice President and General Solicitor of the Erie, who took an active part in presenting the pleas of the roads before the Interstate Commerce Commission, said that a cursory reading of the decision persuaded him that it was decidedly favorable to the roads.

"I gather that the lines in official classification territory," said he, "have been granted a very substantial relief in that the increases extend over all the region covered by the application for higher rates. In its broad scope the increase as granted shows, in my opinion, that the Interstate Commerce Commission had realized that the relief which the commission previously had thought could be gained from other measures than increased freight tariffs had been made impossible by the results of the war and existing conditions.

"A favorable feature of today's decision is that it not only applies to interstate traffic where certain advances were granted in July, but it also extends to interstate traffic outside of the official classification territory, as well as covering points within."

Speaking from the viewpoint of the banker, Alexander J. Hemphill, President of the Guaranty Trust Company, said:

"From my point of view the most favorable feature of the commission's decision is that the people at Washington are displaying a disposition to help the railroads. I do not believe, however, that the industrial companies will reap any great benefit from it. The railroads should have received assistance two years ago. I am confident, however, that the decision will be favorably received on the whole. The sentimental benefit and the confidence which investors and business men should get from the decision will do more than anything else to start things in the right direction."

W. C. Van Antwerp, a Governor of the New York Stock Exchange, said:

"The decision is highly encouraging and will no doubt be approved by the higher court of public opinion, which appears to have decided upon a policy of fair play for all honestly conducted business. I am hopeful that the full text of the commission's ruling will leave a way open for a further consideration of bituminous coal rates. The lake-and-rail features of the decision must also be carefully considered when the full text is available, because these rates are of great importance."

George A. Post, President of the Railway Business Association, the national organization of manufacturers of railway equipment, materials and supplies, in discussing the decision said:

"That the railways have received substantial relief seems certain. The effect of the decision will be stimulating because the public will feel assured that the commission has taken cognizance of the plight of the railroads, and has decided that their revenues should be larger in the interest of all concerned.

"It must be borne in mind, however, that railway tonnage is at low ebb, owing to the derangement of all business, and as a consequence the immediate augmentation of earnings will be only in proportion to the tonnage being carried. Any idea that the railways will instantly let loose an avalanche of orders for equipment because of the decision would be in error, because general business conditions must show decided improvement before liberal buying would ensue. Railway officials naturally will be more hopeful of the future and contemplate additions to their facilities with greater cheerfulness."

Chicago Rejoices Over Decision.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Dec. 18.—There was unlimited satisfaction on the part of the railroad officers, bankers, manufacturers, and business men generally here over the rate decision. To a great extent the decision, however, had been discounted, as THE NEW YORK TIMES's accurate forecast had been circulated widely in the Middle West.

Slason Thompson, head of the Railway News Bureau, analyzed the decision as follows:

"The total revenue of the Eastern roads in 1913 was $977,000,000. Now, 5 per cent. of that would amount to about $48,000,000 or $50,000,000—if it were all obtainable. But it isn't. The amount actually obtainable does not approach that sum.

"What means more than dollars and cents to the railroads, though, is the fact that the Interstate Commerce Commission by its decision shows that it has taken counsel of public policy in granting the advance at all. That $50,000,000 I mention has all been absorbed by labor advances since this case came up. The decision will stimulate business all over the country, however."

W. A. Gardner, President of the Chicago & Northwestern Railroad Company, said: "Having full confidence in the honest intent of the commission, I am sure its ruling is based on fairness. The only bearing it will have for granting increases to the Western roads is whether the latter can present equal justification and necessity. I believe they can.

"It is a reasonable presumption that the decision will be an essential factor in stimulating and will add a tremendous encouragement to all lines of business. The first effect will be felt in the East and later on in the West, and a similar recognition of the Western lines will intensify the return to general prosperity."

A. M. Schoyer, resident Vice President of the Pennsylvania lines, said:

"Apparently it isn't a complete increase of 5 per cent. The exclusion of coal and iron is disappointing and will affect seriously some of the lines in the Central States. On the whole, though, it is quite a favorable decision, although not enough to warrant as full a return of prosperity as we had hoped for."

Hale Holden, President of the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy Railroad, expressed these views:

"The decision seems to me to be a substantial recognition of the injustice which has been done to the railroads in years past. As far as it affects the plan for increases for the Western roads, the decision is important in a general way. We are not asking horizontal increases as the Eastern roads did, but there is just as much need for relief in the West as there was in the East."

H. U. Mudge, President of the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Railroad, said:

"The greatest benefit to the railroads will not be the increased earnings, but will be the restored confidence of the investing public, which has been withholding for a long time because of the uncertainty of railroad securities. The restored confidence will be reflected in the sale of railroad securities which will make possible the improvements needed, giving employment to thousands of men. These improvements will mean more work for lumber and steel mills, helping to start those industries."

Newman Erb, President of the Minneapolis & St. Louis Railroad, said:

"I am inclined to regard the findings favorably on the whole, and believe they will be so received generally. Conservative interests, as far as I know, did not expect a horizontal increase of 5 per cent. for the entire territory."

John J. Mitchell, President of the Illinois Trust and Savings Bank, said:

"Granting of the rate increase is the greatest single piece of constructive cooperation that the finances of America could receive today. The decision, if it is what it purports to be, should have a far-reaching effect. It should enable the railroads to do that financing which has been denied them by reason of the fact that their statements have discredited their standing. With the increased rates, however, and the revenue assured thereby, they should be able to borow and to replenish their depleted equipment and rolling stock."

Opens Up a New Era.

E. D. Hulbert, Vice President of the Merchants' Loan and Trust Company, said:

"It opens up a new era for the railroads. If the roads are granted substantially what they have asked for, the rest is up to them. We shall soon see whether or not their statements as to what they would do in case of a rate increase will be the basis for their actions. Many officials have told me that if they got the increase they would immediately give orders for supplies and equipment. If they do this the effect will prove that the decision was one of the biggest favorable factors that has been injected into business for years."

George M. Reynolds, President of the Continental and Commercial National Bank, in discussing the decision said:

"This is a Christmas present to the investors of America—and jobs for the idle. It is difficult to estimate the great good of this decision. It simply puts a pulmotor to work on business, big and little."

William T. Fenton, Vice President of the National Bank of the Republic, said:

"I believe the decision will have a very good effect on business, and the railroads will begin now to make some improvements which will, in turn, set a lot of people to work."

E. F. Carey, Vice President and General Manager of the American Car and Foundry Company, said:

"This decision amounts to a vote of confidence in the railroads. Its immediate effect ought to be to bolster up the credit of the railroads and allow them to begin purchasing necessary supplies."

T. H. George, President of the Indiana Car and Equipment Company, said:

"It is fine news. We will put a hundred more men to work right away. It brightens the whole business outlook. It means prosperity for Chicago. We will undoubtedly start a greater volume of work immediately."

A. W. Trenholm, Chairman of the Western General Managers' Association, said:

"The atmosphere to be created by this decision will result in a market where the railroads will be able to get money. That has been the crying need of the roads—money. Money is needed badly for improvements in service and equipment, and much work has been held up because of the lack of it. The end of this stringency is bound to be exceedingly beneficial."

W. L. Park, Vice President of the Illinois Central Railroad, said: "This decision is going to have a greater immediate pyschological than financial effect. It is a rift in the clouds. It will help to restore confidence. There are from 15,000 to 20,000 men out of work on the Eastern roads now, and many of these will go back if conditions pick up, as it is reasonable to suppose they will."

Vice President J. M. Hopkins of the Ryan Car Company, said: "Unquestionably we shall start more men to work immediately. Other firms will do the same. I can not tell how much this brightens the outlook. It is a most decided turn for the better."

Will Stimulate Business.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. LOUIS, Dec. 18.—Railroad and business men here received the news of the rate decision with general satisfaction. The bearing which the decision will have on the application of the Western roads for a like increase was discussed from every angle, and because of the longer hauls and more sparsely populated districts in the West, it is believed that eventually the commission will grant the request.

Edward B. Pryor, Receiver of the Wabash, said regarding the decision:

"As a general proposition, the decision is satisfactory for the railroads and is bound to have a stimulating effect on their business and the general business of the country. I believe that the sentimental value will be notable. Its effect will be to restore confidence in railroad securities."

Clarence Howard, President of the Commonwealth Steel Company, said:

"The rate increase means that 10,000 men will be put to work in St. Louis and its vicinity within thirty days if the railroads renew buying, as I expect them to do. It is a step very much in the right direction, will restore confidence, and should remove the last prospect of hard times because of any internal conditions."

Albert T. Perkins of the St. Louis Union Trust Company said: "It will help tremendously. Of course, the railway supply business is only a part of the general business in the country, but the effect will be noticeable all the way down the line."

Sam D. Capen, President of the Business Men's League, today said the rate increase was "the best boost for business" that could have happened at this time.

Little Effect in New England.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Mass., Dec. 18.—Howard M. Biscol, Vice President in charge of the Boston & Albany Railroad, discussing the rate decision today, said:

"The increase will not amount to very much to the Boston & Albany, because it does not affect any business in New England. It only applies to through business to and from points west of the Hudson, and does not apply on coal."

President Hustis of the Boston & Maine said that if the full allowance was made, the most the Boston & Maine could hope for would be additional revenue of $250,000 yearly, and $250,000 was less than 1 per cent. of the road's total freight revenue.

Philadelphia Is Sanguine.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 18.—The general opinion of railroad men and bankers today was that the rate decision was an entering wedge for the return of business activity. Officials of the Pennsylvania, Philadelphia & Reading, and Baltimore & Ohio refused to be quoted. An era of unprecedented prosperity for Philadelpia and Pennsylvania was forecast as the direct result of the decision. The policy of retrenchment which the railroads have been following for several months, it is prophesied, will be supplanted by a period of expansion and development. The decision was particularly gratifying to the large industrial interests, to which it mean increased orders and a revival of business.

DELAYS IMMIGRATION BILL.

O'Gorman Blocks Move to Bring It to a Vote Today.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 18.—The Senate devoted today's session to a discussion of the literacy test in the immigration bill, following an unsuccessful effort by Mr. Smith of South Carolina, Chairman of the Committee of Immigration, to get an agreement by unanimous consent for a vote on the bill tomorrow. Mr. O'Gorman of New York, who is actively opposing the literacy test, objected.

Speaking against the proposed restriction on immigration, Mr. O'Gorman suggested that because of the war many men might flee to this country to escape military subjection. The suggestion was promptly rejected by Mr. Smith, who said that after the civil war the men of the South had stayed where they were and worked out their salvation and that the "manhood of the South did not want deserters."

"It is surprising," said Mr. Smith, in effect, "that the President of the United States, who was raised from the seclusion of his college halls to the highest office within the gift of the people, and who had spent his life in educating the young men of the country, should be opposed to this educational test."

Mr. Reed of Missouri, who is filibustering against the bill, told Mr. Smith that in his own State of South Carolina 25.7 per cent. of the population was illiterate while only 4.10 of 1 per cent. was foreign born. He argued that immigrant illiteracy had nothing to do with illiteracy in South Carolina.

"The Senator," replied Mr. Smith warmly, "should not taunt my State with a condition due to the misfortunes of war and the presence of an alien negro race. But if our illiteracy is already so heavy, then I say for God's sake let us not add to it."

Senator Robinson of Arkansas said that the illiteracy of immigrants was about 26 per cent., a shade above the general average of illiteracy in South Carolina.

Dr. Dernburg Visits von Bernstorff.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 18.—Dr. Bernhard Dernburg, former Colonial Secretary of Germany, came to the embassy here today to visit Ambassador Count von Bernstorff for a few days. It was said his visit was a social one.

Sale for Benefit of Blind.

A sale of work of the blind for the benefit of the Light House is being held daily at Fifty-third Street and Fifth Avenue. All sorts of useful articles are being sold, and some of the blind are there daily making various things for sale. Mrs. Gardiner W. Millett, Mrs. Lewis B. Woodruff, Miss Winifred Holt and others interested in the blind are at the shop daily.

RAILROADS WIN RATE INCREASE

Continued from Page 1.

riers in official classification territory, taken as a whole, for increased net revenue. For the fiscal year just ended the net operating revenues as shown by the carriers are lower than was estimated or anticipated when the original report was issued.

Low Net Revenues.

Not since 1908 have the net operating revenues of the carriers been so low as in the fiscal year ending June last. In 1908, moreover, the property investment account of the carriers was $1,309,000,000 less than in this last fiscal year. The surplus for 1908, after deducting $102,000,000 paid in dividends, was $47,000,000, whereas for the last fiscal year the dividends paid, amounting to $118,000,000, drew on the accrued surplus to the extent of $8,200,000. Of this amount the New England roads contributed over $4,000,000.

From whatever comparative standpoint viewed, the net operating revenues of the last fiscal year must be regarded as unduly low. Operating costs and operating revenues fail to show the tendency to such concomitant variation as should prevail in the transportation industry. While the gross revenue in that year declined only 3.4 per cent., the net revenue shrank approximately 17.7 per cent., as against the previous fiscal year. The indication is that some important items of costs have become relatively inelastic, and that a fall in gross revenue leaves an increasingly narrow margin of net revenue.

The situation is different when an attempt is made to estimate the decline in the rate of return. The property investment accounts as now standing on the books of the carriers cannot be accepted as accurately representing the face value of their property devoted to serving the public. To whatever extent recent increased provision for depreciation or expenditure for maintenance may militate against a fair comparison of supposedly comparable statistical items for various years, we cannot say on this record that such charges as the present returned by the carriers are excessive, viewed either from the standpoint of proper accounting or safety of operation.

The testimony shows that while in some cases maintenance is being deferred, other maintenance deferred during the last fiscal year is now being made, and that the expenditure therefor during the months of July and August measured up to the level of recent years. The testimony also shows transportation expenses being reduced through the laying off of employes and cancellation of train service.

It was urged on behalf of the carriers and the investment bankers who appeared at the hearing that the war in Europe has created a condition which renders the diminution of the carriers' net income a menace to the prosperity of the country; that the war has placed an added strain upon the credit of carriers; that rates of interest will rise; that a large volume of railroad securities is held abroad; that the denial of the increase in freight rates would, in view of the diminished net income, be followed by a dumping of foreign securities upon the American markets; that our markets would not be able to absorb these securities, at least without great fall in price; that disaster would result not only to our railroads, but to insurance, banking, and industrial concerns, and that for these and other reasons, extending far beyond the direct needs of the carriers themselves, we should now allow the proposed increase in rates.

The conflict in Europe will doubtless create an unusual demand upon the world's loan fund of free capital and may be expected to check the flow of foreign investment funds to American railroads. It appears that our railroads represent the bulk of European investment in this country. The rate of interest—the hire of capital—has risen during the last decade, and may rise still further. It is computed that in the years 1915, 1916, and 1917 the carriers in official classification territory must arrange for the payment or refunding of securities aggregating over $500,000,000.

After discusing the representations of the carriers in the 1910 case, the decision continues:

> While we differ as to the relative importance to be attached to the various considerations presented, we agree in the conclusion that by virtue of the conditions obtaining at present, it is necessary that the carriers' revenues be supplemented by increases throughout official classification territory. Whatever the consequences of the war may prove to be, we must recognize the fact that it exists, the fact that it is a calamity without precedent, and the fact that by it the commerce of the world has been disarranged and thrown into confusion. The means of transportation are fundamental and indispensable agencies in our industrial life and for the common weal should be kept abreast of public requirements.

Calls it a New Situation.

The original report, besides approving a rate increase in Central Freight Association territory, suggested ten sources of additional revenue for all carriers throughout official classification territory. The present report, recognizing the existence of a new situation since July 29, acquiesces in a territorial extension of the relief granted to the Central Freight Association lines by permitting the carriers to file tariffs providing, with certain exceptions specified herein, for horizontal rate increases in official classification territory. It is expected that the constructive work suggested in the original report for the purpose of conserving and augmenting the net revenues of the carriers generally will be carried forward without interruption.

For various reasons we shall except from the proposed increase the following rates:

(1.) Rail-Lake-and-Rail, Lake-and-Rail, and Rail-and-Lake Rates.—It is shown on the record that since the rail carriers acquired ownership and control of the lake lines successive increases have been made in the rates via lake, tending to lessen the differences between them and the all-rail rates.

(2.) Rates on Bituminous Coal and Coke.—Not long since these rates were investigated and maximum rates were prescribed by the commission. The key rates upon bituminous coal—the rates from the Pittsburgh district to Youngstown and the rate on lake cargo coal to Ashtabula—have been fixed in the light of the various factors which enter into the transportation on such coal. The prevailing rates are remunerative, and the financial condition of the principal bituminous coal carriers is in marked contrast with that of many of the other carriers in official classification territory.

Twice in the not distant past the rates on bituminous coal have been increased 5 cents a ton, and would seem now to be as high as may fairly be allowed. It must be remembered, also, that the carriers are not seeking general increases in rates on anthracite coal, and both kinds of coal are used in competitive markets. As to coke, the rates controlling the greater volume of traffic now moving in official classification territory, have recently been set by the commission upon a basis which is specifically designed to guard against shrinking the carriers' revenue therefrom and which really resulted in substantial additions to their earnings on that traffic.

(3) Rates on anthracite coal and iron ore, largely because they are before us for review in other proceedings.

(4) Rates held by unexpired orders of the commission.

In our original report we declined, for reasons therein stated, to allow increases in Central Freight Association territory on cement, starch, brick, clay, and plaster. On further consideration, in the light of the existing situation, these rates may be increased throughout official classification territory under the limitations herein set forth.

Joint rates between official classification territory on the one hand, and Southeastern territory, the Southwest, and points on or east of the Missouri River on the other, may be increased not to exceed 5 per cent. of the division of the rate accruing to the carriers in official classification territory. If the increases involve a change in the relationship under the long and short haul rule between intermediate points and more distant points outside of official classification territory relief from the fourth section of the act must first be secured on regular application.

Specific Rate Increases.

Interstate rates to and from New England from and to points in Trunk Line or Central Freight Association territory, where necessary to preserve established relationships between points or ports in New England and points or ports in Trunk Line territory, may be increased not to exceed 5 per cent.

Subject to the maintenance of the established Atlantic port differentials, rates to and from New York may be increased not to exceed 5 per cent., and rates to and from Portland, Boston, Philadelphia, and Baltimore may be increased to the extent necessary to maintain said differentials.

Except as otherwise above specified, rates in official classification territory may be increased by not more than 5 per cent.; but rates increased since July 29, 1914, may not now be again increased so as to exceed those then in effect by an aggregate of more than 5 per cent. of the intraterritorial rate, or of the portion or division of the interterritorial rate accruing to the road or roads in official classification territory, as the case may be.

Morally Wrong, Harlan Says.

In his dissenting opinion Commissioner Harlan said:

> The original record contained no evidence tending to prove that any of the proposed increased rates affecting Trunk Line or New England territories were just and reasonable, and this deficiency in proof was not supplied upon the further hearing.
>
> I cannot but think that a general increase in the standard rates of this country, while the rate structures of these carriers remain full of inconsistencies, discriminations, and wrongful practices that deplete their revenues, is morally wrong; that the placing of additional burden on interstate commerce that is not also placed upon State commerce is also wrong; and that the course approved in the supplemental report will ultimately be as disastrous to the carriers themselves as it will be harmful to the general interests.

In his dissenting opinion Commissioner Clements says:

> I can but regard the action now taken by the commission as out of harmony with the spirit and purpose of the law, and as taking a step that leads away from the sound principles necessary to conserve the ends of justice.
>
> If the legislative authority of the commission is as broad and unrestricted as this then I must confess that I have gravely misunderstood the limitations upon our statutory authority as well as the constitutional power of Congress to delegate its legislative power.
>
> If, now, to stregthen and maintain the credit of the carriers, regardless of the causes of its exhaustion or impairment, and without the application of the usual tests of reasonableness these increases are justified, then it seems to me that we are only at the beginning of what I fear will be a train of demoralizing results, disappointing and embarrassing to all concerned. It is by no means certain that it would not in the long run be cheaper to the public to guarantee the bonds of the weak roads unable to meet their obligations rather than to try to take care of them by increased rates, which inure to the strong roads as well as the weaker.

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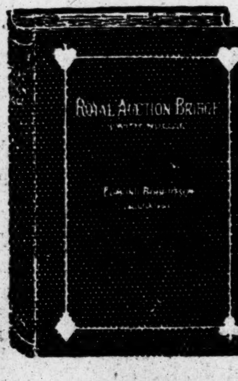

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HARDING TO CANAL IF GOETHALS QUITS

Lieutenant Colonel in Training to Take Post When Present Incumbent Decides to Retire.

NEW JOB FOR THE COLONEL

Rumor in Washington That He Will Be Assigned to the Building of the Alaskan Railway.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 18.—Lieut. Col. Chester Harding, Engineer Corps, U. S. A., has been chosen for the office of Governor of the Panama Canal Zone, which carries with it the duties of Engineer in Chief of the canal operation in succession to Col. George W. Goethals when the latter decides to leave the Canal Zone. Col. Goethals left the Isthmus yesterday on the steamer Panama and is due in New York on Dec. 23. No information has been received here to indicate that Col. Goethals does not desire to return to his duties on the Isthmus.

It was made plain in official circles today that Col. Goethals is at liberty to retain his office as long as he pleases. The understanding here is that he desires to remain in the Canal Zone for another year or longer, if necessary. He has explained that he would not like to quit control of the canal operation until the success of the great waterway has been determined, and he was particularly anxious to remain in charge until all danger from land slides had been overcome. In this knowledge of Col. Goethals's attitude, it is believed here that he will return to the canal on the expiration of his present leave of absence.

There have been reports in Washington that Col. Goethals might be assigned to take charge of the work of building the government railway in Alaska, for which Congress has appropriated $25,000,000. The route of this proposed railway is now being surveyed and considerable time must elapse before the actual construction of the road can be begun. Therefore, even if Col. Goethals should be induced to accept the Alaska assignment, his services in that connection would not be required until after he was satisfied he could safely relinquish his duties in the Canal Zone.

Whether Col. Goethals has expressed any preference for undertaking the construction of a Government railway in Alaska is not known, but there have been intimations here that it would be exceedingly gratifying to the Interior Department, under whose jurisdiction the railway construction has been placed, if it could obtain Col. Goethals for this important project.

Col. Goethals has been credited with a desire to make a tour around the world for rest and recreation after he retires from the position of Governor of the Canal Zone. Should he care to begin this tour soon, ample time would be at his disposal to circle the globe before his services would be required on the Alaska project.

Lieut. Col. Harding was recently detached from duty as Engineer Commissioner of the District of Columbia and assigned as an assistant to Gov. Goethals. He has been at the Isthmus since Dec. 1, and on Jan. 1 will succeed Col. Harry F. Hodges as Engineer of Maintenance of the Panama Canal. Col. Hodges is now acting Governor of the Canal Zone. He will leave the Isthmus on Jan. 1 to return to the United States.

When Secretary Garrison was asked today why Lieut. Col. Harding had been sent to the Canal Zone he said:

"We must always have at Panama an experienced second man, who will be in training for the first man's place. There is so much ground to be covered by the functions of the Governor, and it is such a big job and there are so many technical and engineering features of the work, that we decided it would be absolutely foolish to send a brand-new man to the Canal Zone to take the place of the Governor at any time the Governor left there. If we send a new man who did not have at his fingers' ends everything pertaining to the canal, the Government would be greatly embarrassed if any delicate situation arose. So we have sent Col. Harding there in accordance with this policy to go into training in order that he will be competent to take charge of the canal any time that Col. Goethals goes away, either temporarily or permanently."

What reward shall be conferred on Col. Goethals for his successful completion of the greatest engineering feat in the world's history has not been determined by the Administration or Congress. Secretary Garrison is seeking an opportunity to examine many bills introduced in the House and the Senate providing for honors for Col. Goethals and those chiefly concerned in the canal construction.

It is expected that Secretary Garrison will shortly put into writing his views with regard to these proposed measures. It seems to be already settled that Col. Goethals will at least be elevated to the rank of Major General, with full pay for the period of his life beyond the date of his retirement from active service.

ORGANIZE TO AID FRANK.

Committee in Every New York County to Get Petitions for Pardon.

A meeting will be held this morning at the office of Meier Steinbrink, 215 Montague Street, Brooklyn, to organize a Leo M. Frank Committee of fifty prominent Brooklyn men who will circulate through the State petitions asking Gov. Slaton of Georgia to pardon Frank.

Joseph Goldstein of 16 Court Street, Brooklyn, who started the Brooklyn petition for the pardon of Frank, which now has 6,000 signatures, said yesterday that an effort would be made to have ex-Judge Edgar M. Cullen and Presiding Justice Almet F. Jenks of the Appellate Division, head the committee on which a number of the most prominent men of Brooklyn have promised to serve.

Mr. Goldstein said that, since the petition had been started, he had received letters, telegrams, and telephone calls from men in New York and all parts of the State anxious to join the appeal to the Governor of Georgia. He said a committee would be formed in every county of the State to circulate petitions.

At the meeting today arrangements will be made to hold a mass meeting at the Academy of Music in Brooklyn at which addresses will be made and petitions will be circulated.

CANAL SAVES HER 10 DAYS.

Indradeo's Captain, in from Far East, Says Locks Work Rapidly.

The steamship Indradeo, which arrived yesterday from the Far East with 11,000 tons of mixed cargo, was the first Indra liner to pass through the Panama Canal. She saved about ten days.

Capt. Thomas R. Evans said that he left Yokohama on Nov. 1. The only German cruiser he sighted was the one interned at Honolulu. He did not keep to the regular track, however. "If you were going to walk up to Times Square," he said, "and had warning that there were savage lions loose in Broadway you probably would take another route, and that's what I did."

Capt. Evans said the canal locks worked splendidly and very rapidly. As to the slides in the Culebra Cut, Capt. Evans said the dredges worked on the slides in the mornings and let the ships pass in the afternoons while the channel was clear.

Mrs. Carman Quits Suffrage Club.

FREEPORT, L. I., Dec. 18.—Mrs. Florence Carman, who was tried for the murder of Mrs. Lulu D. Bailey, and in whose case the jury disagreed, has quit the Freeport Suffrage Club, of which she was Secretary and a prominent member. Her resignation was accepted at the recent annual meeting of the club. Mrs. Carman was one of the first members of the club and much regret was expressed at her decision to abandon suffrage work.

MISS ST. CLAIR ILL, HER TRIAL STOPPED

Collapses When Max D. Steuer Begins Testifying Against Her in Perjury Case.

JEROME CROSS-EXAMINED

Denies Request for Defendant's Indictment Was Due to Her Refusal to Sign Affidavit.

Edith St. Clair, who is charged with perjury growing out of her testimony in a civil suit against Abraham Erlanger for alleged breach of contract and subsequent statements in affidavits, in which she asserted that she had been induced to swear falsely by Max D. Steuer, then her lawyer, collapsed yesterday at her tried before Justice Davis in the Supreme Court.

Miss St. Clair was taken ill just after Mr. Steuer had begun to testify regarding his first meetings with her through Moses H. Grossman and Louis J. Vorhaus. Mrs. Helden, a friend of the defendant, who was sitting next her, whispered to a court attendant, who in turn spoke to Justice Davis. An adjournment of ten minutes was taken, but at the end of the period Miss St. Clair was still ill, and the case went over until Monday morning.

For three hours William Travers Jerome, who was counsel for Mr. Erlanger during part of the proceedings, was cross-examined by Benjamin Slade, of counsel for the defense, about an affidavit Miss St. Clair made in his office on May 7, 1913, which is the basis of the perjury charge. There were four affidavits drawn up in all. She signed three. A fourth was drawn but was not signed.

"When Miss St. Clair called on you in May, was she in distress?" was one of the questions put by Mr. Slade.

"I should say not," Mr. Jerome replied.

Mr. Slade read from the record of the disbarment proceedings against Mr. Steuer before Former Judge Holt, in which Mr. Jerome testified that the conference on a certain day was very laborious, that he scarcely could make Miss St. Clair understand, and that she was in great distress.

"Up to the time the last affidavit was drawn your relations with Miss St. Clair were very friendly, were they not?" Mr. Slade asked.

"Yes. I believed that she had done a courageous thing and I admired her for it."

"But when she refused to sign the last paper you asked for her indictment, did you not?"

"I did not."

Mr. Slade quoted another part of Mr. Jerome's testimony in which he said that he had advised Assistant District Attorney Robert E. Manley to indict Miss St. Clair for perjury. He read another part of the testimony in which Mr. Jerome admitted that at one time he had sought to obtain immunity from a perjury indictment for Miss St. Clair.

"As long as Miss St. Clair continued to make affidavits satisfactory to you you were willing she should escape prosecution for perjury?" Mr. Slade said.

"It is not correct to assume that I was employing the processes of criminal law to make Miss St. Clair give only statements which would be satisfactory to me. I did ask for her indictment three months after she refused to sign the fourth affidavit, but this was not connected in any way with her refusal to sign."

Alfred Frankenthaler said that Miss St. Clair would be the first witness in her own behalf. She is to take the stand on Monday or Tuesday.

RICHMOND CHARGE FAILS.

Vestryman Accused by Philadelphia Pastor Goes Free.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Penn., Dec. 18.—Following a dramatic hearing before a Magistrate today, friends of the Rev. George Chalmers Richmond and William Hamilton, one of his Vestrymen, whose arrest he had caused on a charge of "vandalism," clashed in the corridor of the City Hall, and one of the young friends of the accused Vestryman was placed under arrest. The pastor accused the young man, Joseph Comegys, of saying: "If I had the chance I would give him a good licking."

At the hearing in which Hamilton was acquitted of the charge of destroying a bulletin posted in Dr. Richmond's church by the rector himself, attorneys for the defendant said the removal of the notice was too trivial an occurrence to warrant any legal proceedings, and that the statements in the bulletin rather warranted proceedings against the rector for libel. In this the Magistrate agreed, saying: "I think the notice was libelous, and I discharge Mr. Hamilton."

FRENCH THE SCULPTOR

To Make Statue of Lincoln for Washington Memorial.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 18.—Daniel Chester French of New York was selected unanimously today by the Lincoln Memorial Commission to make the bronze statue of Abraham Lincoln, which is to be placed in the Lincoln Memorial Building to be erected in this city. Mr. French is Chairman of the Commission of Fine Arts, and anxiety was expressed at the meeting lest, in view of his incumbency of this office, Mr. French might feel a delicacy about accepting the task. It was explained, however, that Mr. French would retire from the Chairmanship of the Fine Arts Commission next June, and the Memorial Commission immediately thereafter made its unanimous choice of Mr. French as the designer of the statue.

The meeting of the Memorial Commission was attended [illegible] ex-Senator J. C. S. Blackburn of Kentucky, Chairman; ex-President Taft, Speaker Clark, ex-Speaker Cannon, and ex-Representative McCall of Massachusetts.

Mr. French was born in Exeter, N. H., in 1850. He was the sculptor of statues of John Harvard, Lewis Cass, Rufus Choate, the Gen. Grant equestrian statue in Philadelphia, and the George Washington equestrian statue in Paris. He also designed the bronze doors of the Public Library in Boston. The Lincoln Memorial is to cost $2,000,000, of which not more than $50,000 is to be paid for the statue.

$25,000 Verdict for Loss of Arm.

Special to The New York Times.

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., Dec. 18.—A jury before Justice Keogh in the Supreme Court today, awarded a verdict for $25,000 to Joe Grimm against the Lehigh Valley Coal Company for the loss of his left arm and other injuries. He was working in a mine at Lost Creek, Penn., when several tons of coal caved in, crushing his arm. The defense contended that Stephen A. Machcinski of Yonkers, who appeared for Grimm, kidnapped him and took him from Pennsylvania to Yonkers, so that the company would be forced to fight the case in New York instead of Pennsylvania. Grimm lives in Yonkers.

CITY BREVITIES.

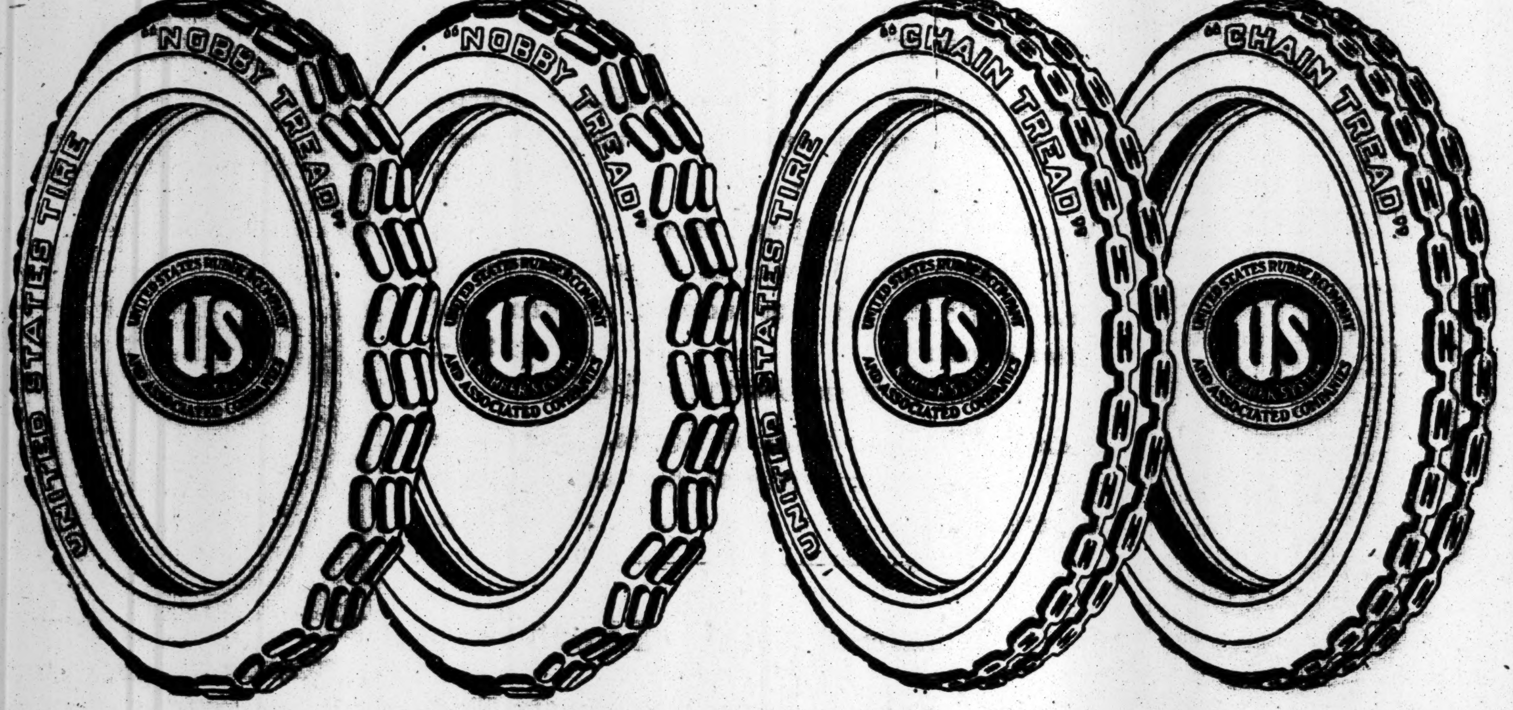
The Church Extension Committee of the Presbytery of New York has elected the Rev. Dr. Henry Sloane Coffin, pastor of the Madison Avenue Presbyterian Church, President, and the Rev. Dr. William P. Merrill, Vice President.

The Alumni of the General Theological Seminary have selected Bishop Rhinelander of Pennsylvania, the Rev. Ralph B. Pomeroy of Princeton, N. J., and Rev. John A. Dix of New York Trustees of the seminary.

The debating team which will represent Columbia in the triangular debates between Cornell and Pennsylvania and Columbia were picked yesterday. The question to be debated is: "In view of the present European situation, the United States should materially increase its military force." The Columbia debaters will be J. W. Danahy, '17; J. E. Earle, '17; K. End, '18; H. W. Hall, '16; I. B. Levine, '16; C. B. Patchtie, '16; I. N. Rosenmann, '15, and W. Mussaeus.

Ex-President Taft will speak at the Young Men's Hebrew Association, Lexington Avenue and Ninety-second Street, tomorrow evening at 8 o'clock.

"Each in a class by itself"



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"DER TAG" ("The Day")
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Tomorrow's Sunday Times
will contain:

A Day With the Kaiser's Navy
By a Staff Correspondent of The New York Times, whose letters from Germany have been notable contributions to the literature of the war, and have been widely reproduced in Europe. He describes the activities of the German Navy at Kiel, in preparation for the approaching "Great Battle" on the Sea." He was allowed to inspect everything including the big battleships, the newest submarine, and the torpedo factory.

Remarkable Letters by Charles W. Eliot and Jacob H. Schiff
The President Emeritus of Harvard and the Financier have been comparing views and trying to get together on the problems of the war. Their interesting correspondence is published in full.

Many Other Articles of Timeliness and Interest.
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MEXICAN BULLETS STILL RAIN ON NACO

U. S. Troop Trains on Their Way to the Scene of Danger—Gen. Scott Due Today.

NEW WEST COAST CAMPAIGN

Gutierrez Sends 15,000 Men to Expel Carrancistas—Report of Puebla's Fall Denied.

Special to The New York Times.

NACO, Ariz., Dec. 18.—Sniping has been resumed by both sides on the Mexican battle line. Maytorena's men could not resist the temptation to return the fire which the Hill forces had been pouring into the enemy's trenches when it was possible without any danger of firing into the United States. Five bullets were seen to hit on the American side, and one buried itself in a pile of baled hay which was guarding the schoolhouse.

Gov. Maytorena has added his contribution to the complexity of the situation here by refusing to abandon the positions which he has taken up, although he has kept his word in refraining from firing toward Naco, except when it was impossible for his men to control the Yaqui Indians.

Gen. Bliss, after announcing that his ultimatum was not really an ultimatum, but a strong warning, expressed his impatience today at the failure of the Texas City and Fort Sill troops to arrive. He has telegraphed repeatedly to El Paso, where the first sections of the troop trains were stopped for food and water. He has sent an urgent telegram to the commander of the Fifth Field Artillery to hurry to the border. Nothing is expected to happen until the arrival of Gen. Scott, Chief of Staff and official pacifier of the United States Army. He will reach here on Saturday night and will have conferences with Maytorena and Hill at different points on the border.

George C. Carothers, the State Department's personal representative in Mexico, hastened here today from Juarez with secret instructions to meet Gov. Maytorena and explain to him the gravity of the existing situation. He is also known to have a message from Villa for Maytorena telling him to do nothing until he (Villa) can communicate with him.

EL PASO, Dec. 18.—Troop trains are rushing through here tonight at the rate of one every three hours. The Fifth Artillery arrived tonight in two sections and left at once for Naco. The infantry started coming early this morning, and will continue until late in the night, when Gen. Frederick Davis will go through on the headquarters train from Texas City. All of the soldiers are anxious to reach the border, and are keen for service.

Reports received here by Gen. John J. Pershing, commanding at Fort Bliss, say that the Thirteenth Cavalry has been called to the border for special patrol duty, and that it is now stretching a cordon of troops between Bisbee and Hermanas, west of Naco.

Carranza is concentrating his troops on Torreon and has made Gen. Antonio Villareal his Jefe de Armas in command of the entire movement. Villa has wired to Juarez for additional cannon, and twelve have been sent. This leaves the town almost unprotected, with Salazar less than eighty miles away, with 2,000 men and two machine guns.

DOUGLAS, Ariz., Dec. 18.—The third battalion of the Sixth Brigade, en route from Texas City in reinforce the American troops on border guard at Naco, Ariz., arrived here late today. Eight more trains bearing troops are expected tomorrow.

Guatemalans on the Border.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 18.—Zapata and Villa troops operating in the southernmost Mexican State of Chiapas, bordering the Guatemalan frontier, have caused such alarm that the Government of Guatemala has called out troops to patrol the border.

A dispatch to the State Department today from the American Legation at Guatemala, sent yesterday, said that the American Consular Agent at Ocos had reported by telegraph "that Zapata and Villa forces are in Chiapas, that on the Guatemala border some alarm is shown, that at Ayutla 300 soldiers are doing patrol duty, and that on the night of the 16th the entire village was ready to evacuate. The Consular Agent at Ocos and his family have left for Mazatenago."

Advices to the State Department indicate that the Gutierrez Government is engaged in a vigorous campaign on the Mexican West Coast, having for its object the rounding up of the Carranza forces there. Admiral Howard reported earlier this week that 1,200 Carranzista troops had taken the port of La Paz, the capital of Lower California. Today he reported that this force had been divided, 600 troops remaining at La Paz, while the other 600 had left La Paz three days ago for Topolobampo, Topolobampo is on the Mexican West Coast just across the Gulf of California from La Paz. It is on the shores of Sinaloa, where Carranza forces have been massing to enter Sonora from the South. The other 600 troops at La Paz will start for Topolobampo tomorrow.

These Carranza troops were brought from the Isthmus of Tehuantepec to La Paz, over the roundabout route to the northwest coast of Mexico, the main route through Mexico City now being barred by the occupancy of the Gutierrez Government forces.

The State Department also received a dispatch late this afternoon from Mexico City, saying that Gen. Cabral, with 15,000 troops, had left there yesterday for the West Coast. The dispatch stated that Gen. Cabral would go into the Yaqui country, where he "has much influence and a wide acquaintance." It further reported that all Generals and Governors had been ordered either to attend the meeting of the convention on Jan. 1, or send delegates. This is the convention which is to take up the question of the Provisional Presidency for settlement.

Secretary Bryan announced today that he had received a message from Mexico City saying that the authorities had promised to accord Gen. Iturbide a fair trial. Yesterday friends of Iturbide expressed fear for his safety, and the American Government made representations in his behalf.

George C. Carothers, the American representative with the Villa forces, who received two weeks' leave of absence on account of illness, caused by his stay in Mexico City, is convalescing. He telegraphed the State Department that he would leave El Paso last night for Naco, where he expected to arrive this morning, in order to use his good offices with the Mexican factions in an effort to persuade them to cease firing over the line. He reported to the State Department that conditions as he observed them en route from Mexico City to Juarez appeared to be "satisfactory and improving."

Still another dispatch to the State Department from Mexico City today bore the information that Provisional President Gutierrez had appointed Gen. Lucio Blanco as Secretary of the Interior. The name of Gen. Juan Cabral has been mentioned as the probable selection for the post of Assistant Secretary General. No Minister of Foreign Affairs has yet been appointed.

The American Consul at Ensenada telegraphs that conditions there remain quiet, and that telegraphic communication has just been restored after having been interrupted for a week.

DENY THAT PUEBLA IS LOST.

Carranza Officials Say They Still Hold That City and Guadalajara.

The Mexican Bureau of Information in this city yesterday gave out the following statement:

"Gen. Pesqueira, Secretary of War, has made a public statement in which he denies the reports issued by the Villa forces, claiming that they took Puebla and Guadalajara. He asserts that both of these cities are in the possession of the Constitutionalist Government, and that the reports issued by the Villa Generals are absolutely without foundation.

"The Villa forces in the region of the Isthmus of Tehuantepec have surrendered to Gen. Gavira, who is in command of the Carranza troops there. Gen. Caballero defeated the Villista force under the command of Gen. Carrera Torres at Alaquinez, taking a great number of prisoners.

MEXICO CITY, Dec. 17, (via El Paso, Texas, Dec. 18.)—Details of the fall of the City of Puebla were received here today. It was said that after evacuating the place the Carranza forces made a stand to the north, where they were defeated, losing many men.

The Carranza troops retreated in disorder toward the Interoceanic Railroad, with the evident intention of making their way toward Vera Cruz. The retreating forces burned freight and passenger trains. The oil tanks in the vicinity were emptied and set on fire. Gens. Zapata, Arguemedo, and Almazon were in command of the Villa troops. They place their losses at fifty killed and wounded.

TELLS OF MEXICAN MISERY.

Chicago Priest Says Conditions Are Worse Than in Belgium.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Dec. 18.—Mexico is a greater sufferer than Belgium, according to the Rev. Father Francis Kelley, while conditions in the southern republic are far more terrible than in war-torn Europe. Father Kelley, who is the head of the Catholic Church Extension Society, has just returned from the Mexican border, where he has been directing work among the refugees.

"The Mexican situation gets more complicated every day," he said. "Mexico is very far from peace—indeed, further from peace than most of us supposed. The hatred existing between the Villa and Carranza factions is no less great than that which existed between those former allies and Huerta. To complicate matters more, there are two other well-defined revolutions—that of Gen. Salazar and the one in Oaxaca. The country cannot stand the struggle. The Mexican dollar today is worth only 20 cents. The people of the country have been robbed systematically by the Constitutionalists. The robbery has been so outrageous that industry has been paralyzed. Worse than all, a large number of laboring men have discovered that it is easier to earn money as fighters than as farmers. The land is being neglected.

"There are 250,000 professional fighters who are likely to become bandits later. Practically they are bandits today. Coin has been taken out of the country in millions. Every 'patriot' who runs before a conqueror has his share of it sent on ahead or safely carried with him.

"In the meantime poverty has become so great that the people of Texas are trying to relieve the conditions, as we in the North are trying to relieve the same conditions in Belgium. I honestly believe that Mexico is worse off than Belgium today; and there is no hope on the horizon.

"The religious situation has changed in a very strange way. Carranza continues his persecution of the Church. Villa is now attempting to protect religion, having seen his terrible blunder. He has little authority, however, over many of his Governors and Generals. Zapata has never persecuted religion."

MORE MEXICAN FIAT MONEY.

Salazar Issues Notes with the Motto "Peace and Justice."

EL PASO, Texas, Dec. 18.—Mexico now has three varieties of fiat paper currency as well as three opposing Governments. The new revolutionary movement headed by Gen. José Ynez Salazar, which recently was launched in central Chihuahua, today placed in circulation its currency. The money, which was printed in the United States, bears the signature of the former Huerta commander and the motto "Peace and Justice."

Salazar's troops at Sabinal, on the Mexican Northwestern Railroad, this week held up a train bearing a Villa paymaster and confiscated 200,000 pesos in Villa paper money. The money was being sent to pay the Villa garrison at Casas Grandes.

Salazar's troops recently received a large shipment of ammunition purchased by their agents in the United States. Villa troops have made no advance against the independent leader.

Traffic has been restored between Juarez and Torreon, on the Mexican Central Railway, but below the latter point is reported as interrupted by the burning of several bridges by the Carranza troops, who are being engaged by the Villa forces east of Torreon.

SAN LUIS POTOSI TAKEN?

City Has Surrendered to Carranza, His Consul at San Antonio Says.

SAN ANTONIO, Texas, Dec. 18.—San Luis Potosi, one of the largest cities in the republic, has surrendered to Carranza, according to an announcement by Consul Beltran here tonight.

A message received by Beltran read that Gen. Samuel de los Santos, at the head of several thousand troops, had revolted in favor of Carranza, and allowed his troops to enter the city.

DEATH TO HUERTA SOLDIERS.

Carranza Decree Dooms All Found with Villa and Zapata Forces.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

VERA CRUZ, Dec. 18.—Gen. Carranza has issued a decree ordering the immediate execution of all Huertistas found with the Villa and apata forces.

Ex-Federal prisoners will be shot without a court-martial.

THREATEN COUNSEL'S LIFE.

Gunmen Figure in Wife's Suit Against Well-to-Do Bootblack.

The trial of the separation suit of Mrs. Leonard Volpe against her husband, who has a bootblack stand in the Standard Oil Building, was halted long enough yesterday to get three detectives and a special court officer to protect Eugene L. Parodi, Volpe's counsel. Volpe owns twenty shares of Standard Oil Stock and his wife is the owner of three shares. He has considerable real estate also, and his weekly earnings reach a big figure.

Mr. Volpe charges that her husband treated her cruelly and failed to maintain her on a scale commensurate with his wealth. Yesterday morning Mr. Parodi told Justice Erlanger that on Thursday two rough-looking men in a dark corridor of the Court House told him if he didn't "let up" on Mrs. Volpe he might as well bid good-bye to his own wife and children. Mr. Parodi said he recognized them as gunmen.

Justice Erlanger ordered Court Officer Joseph F. Blackmore to telephone to Police Headquarters, and Detectives Michael Griffin and George Reichhold were assigned to look up the alleged gunmen and incidentally to watch over the lawyer during the trial. The detectives picked out three men in the courtroom whom they suspected, but Mr. Parodi could not recognize them, and they were released.

The Justice had all of the witnesses searched, but none had any arms. All of them were excluded from the courtroom until their testimony was needed.

WAR AIDS BANKRUPT BANKER

Cuneo's Macaroni Stock Advances—100% Payment Promised.

An offer whereby it was maintained the creditors of Andrew Cuneo, a private banker of 28 Mulberry Street, would receive 100 cents on the dollar was made yesterday before Judge Mayer, in the Federal District Court, to a meeting of 400 claimants. It was proposed that the cash now in the hands of the receiver should be paid to the creditors pro rata, and that the balance should be paid in notes of a new corporation, which would take over and liquidate Cuneo's assets.

Counsel for Cuneo expressed the opinion that if the assets were nursed the depositors would recover in full within eighteen months. Among these assets, it was pointed out, was a large block of stock in the American Macaroni Company, which had been benefited by the war. In the ordinary way, marconi is imported from Italy, but under present conditions the company is exporting it. The dividends on this stock would be paid to Cuneo's creditors.

The banker was present and was briefly examined. He owes about $200,000 to his depositors.

OPPOSE EXTENDING MOTOR BUS SYSTEM

New York Railways and Others Who Protest Will Have Hearing on Dec. 29.

FOUR COMPANIES COMPETE

Prospective Bidders Tell Board of Estimate Franchise Requirements Are Severe.

Four motor bus companies appeared yesterday before the Franchise Committee of the Board of Estimate to discuss the plan for a motor bus system for the city, drawn up by the Franchise Bureau of the board. The Fifth Avenue Coach Company, the concern now, in possession, had marshaled an array of civic organizations to support its claim for enlarged routes, but there were signs that the extension of the motor bus system will meet with considerable opposition, and Mayor Mitchel was obliged to set another hearing for Dec. 29, at which those against it may have their day.

J. L. Quackenbush, counsel for the New York Railways Company, will be one of those who will then argue that there is no need of encroaching on streets already occupied by street car systems, and when the Mayor announced that it would be impossible in the time at the committee's disposal to hear the opposition, a number of citizens left the Council Chamber. As it was, the contract drawn up by Harry P. Nichols of the Bureau of Franchises came in for much criticism from the companies, and William M. Ivins for the Fifth Avenue Coach Company said flatly his clients would withdraw if the city insisted on the terms it had proposed.

Mr. Ivins objected to the requirement in the contract that the coach company should pave the Central Park transverse roads and remove snow and ice from along its route. He asserted that such clauses were bad economic practice, and the Fifth Avenue Coach Company would not bid, if it were required to undertake such tasks.

"We have a tried plant and the lessons of experience, but we ask a live and let live treatment. The contract now is an omnium gatherum, which would be of great service to the city, provided the city could get any intelligent business man to accept it."

Bainbridge Colby, with whom was associated William R. Willcox, attacked the Fifth Avenue Coach Company on behalf of the New York Motor Bus Company, as a monopolist, to which, in spite of its ability, the Gaynor administration had determined to supply a competitor.

"There is no question," he said, "that the motor bus is by far the safest means of street transportation. It is very efficient and far from contributing to congestion, it is the most scientific means of relieving congestion."

The New York Motor Bus Co., Mr. Colby said, would ask permission to use Fifth Avenue from Fifty-seventh to Twenty-third Street in spite of the presence of the existing line, as it wished to help solve the great problem of the Pennsylvania station.

William M. Coleman, who briefly advocated the claims of the Manhattan Motor Bus Co., of which Oren Root is president, described the function of the motor bus as between the taxi and the street car, and disclaimed all intention of competing with trolley cars.

When it came to the turn of George W. Loft's People's Five Cent Bus Co. to be heard, Alfred J. Talley, its counsel, made a bitter attack on the proposed contract. If it had been drawn by Mr. Ivins to stifle competition with his clients, he said, it could not have been more skilfully contrived. Thus it demanded that the new companies should pay the city a percentage on its gross annual receipts, as well as any other taxes which might be asked. But the Fifth Avenue Co. only pays the city five per cent. on its gross profits.

President McAneny was drawn into an argument with Mr. Talley over the question of permitting any other company but the Fifth Avenue to operate over that thoroughfare, and said that the question of the wisdom of placing rival concerns on the same route was one of the most important matters before the Franchise Committee. In the course of his argument Mr. Talley stated that the idea of a zone system had been dropped, and that if his company received a franchise it would operate it on an universal 5-cent basis.

After Gilbert Ray Hawes had registered a protest against sending any motor buses along West End Avenue, which he stated was restricted from such traffic by law, a number of representatives of prominent organizations were marshalled by the Fifth Avenue Coach Company in favor of its application.

"Open Air to Everywhere"

Increased 'Bus Service

We are pleased to announce an increased and frequent 'bus service on the following routes:

St. Nicholas Avenue Line
On 155th Street Viaduct, from Central Bridge to St. Nicholas Place, to St. Nicholas Avenue, to Manhattan Avenue, to 110th Street, to Fifth Avenue to Washington Square.

Riverside Drive and Cathedral Parkway Line
On 135th Street, from Broadway to Riverside Drive, to 110th Street, to Seventh Avenue, where direct connection will be made with the 'buses of the Seventh Avenue and the St. Nicholas Avenue lines for Fifth Avenue to Washington Square.

Seventh Avenue Line
On Macomb's Dam Road from Central Bridge to 153d Street, to Seventh Avenue, to 145th Street, being an extension of the present frequent service on the Seventh Avenue Line.

72d Street Crosstown Line
On East 72nd Street, from First Avenue to Fifth Avenue, to 57th Street, to Broadway, to West 72nd Street, to Central Park West.

Fifth Avenue Coach Co., 102d St., East of 5th Ave.

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VESTS—Fine ribbed cotton, winter weight; high neck; tights to match.	*Formerly 65c* 3 for 1.30; 6 for 2.55.	45c
VESTS—Fine ribbed merino, winter weight; high neck; tights to match.	*Formerly $1.00* 3 for 2.20; 6 for 4.30.	75c
UNION SUITS—Light winter weight; fine cotton; low neck; knee length; Regular and extra sizes.	*Formerly 75c* 3 for 1.45; 6 for 2.80.	50c
UNION SUITS—Fine ribbed cotton, winter weight, high neck; pure white.	*Formerly $1.25* 3 for 2.80; 6 for 5.50.	95c
UNION SUITS—Fine ribbed merino, winter weight; high neck.	*Formerly $1.75* 3 for 3.90; 6 for 7.75.	1.35

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All are special qualities of fine, close-rolling silks with the best trimmed and novelty handles of all silver, pearl, horn and gold trimmed. Sizes 26 and 28 in.

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PURE SILK UMBRELLAS—Excellent quality of serviceable taffeta and twilled silk coverings. 8-rib paragon frame and fine natural crook and straight handles. Styles for men and women.	*Regular price $3.00,*	2.15
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WOMEN'S CREPE DE CHINE—White and new colors. 25c each. Box of six,	1.25
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Our exclusive brand; superb quality and in all fashionable street shades, including black and white.
Made to Sell at $1.50 pair.

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Regularly pair $6.00	4.75
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Regularly pair $10.75	8.50

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SAYS EGG DEALERS ROBBED RAILROADS

Inspectors, for Bribes, Reported Shipments Damaged in Transit.

DRIVERS TOOK "GRAFT"

Investigator Says Trunk Lines Paid $700,000 Claims in 1913, but Only $200,000 This Year.

William S. Meek, an investigator for the Trunk Lines' Association, was a witness yesterday before Edward R. O'Malley, referee, before whom the State is attempting to prove that there is a butter and egg trust here, and that the Mercantile Exchange is operated in restraint of trade. He described the methods employed by an alleged ring of city consignees in the matter of shipments of eggs into the city. He said he had known of case after case where city consignees caused crates of eggs to be broken open and the top layer of eggs deliberately broken so that suit could be brought against the railroads.

He said Inspectors for his association had been bribed so artfully that they could scarcely avoid taking the bribe. Out of thirteen Inspectors, he said, ten had received bribes. He thus described the method:

Members of the ring would approach Inspectors at the receiving point and after passing them a cigar, would hand the Inspector a box of matches that also contained $15 or $20 or even $25. The Inspector knew that he was expected to report a certain shipment of eggs—perhaps 600 crates or cases—as damaged in transit, when possibly less than six or seven crates were damaged.

Mr. Meek said drivers were bribed at 10 cents a case to make favoring deliveries so that members of the ring could get their eggs upon the market before their competitors. The system, he charged, extended even to the checkers employed in the loading of wagons. He said ten inspectors had been approached within a week after they had been assigned.

Statistics, he said, showed that in 1913 the railroads paid claims to egg dealers of nearly $700,000, while this year the claims were less than $200,000. He said that of late, since a watch has been kept on shipments, the receivers of goods have been writing consignors complaining of damages by the railroads, and on these grounds paying the shippers 2 or 3 cents a crate below the market price.

The hearing will be resumed on Monday morning.

MORE BIG CHRISTMAS GIFTS.

Central Trust Co. Votes Half Year's Salary to Clerks.

The Central Trust Company announced yesterday that the usual Christmas distribution of 50 per cent. of their salaries would be made this year to all employes, in accordance with the procedure followed for several years.

The Equitable Trust Company will give the regular bonus of 10 per cent. of salaries, and a gift of 10 per cent. was voted also by the Astor Trust Company and the United States Mortgage and Trust Company. Directors of the latter yesterday declared a quarterly dividend of 6 per cent., payable on Dec. 31.

While announcements have not been made, it is expected that the New York Trust Company, the Columbia Trust Company, and other institutions in the financial district which insure their employes under blanket policies will this Christmas pay the individual premiums by way of a gift.

ACTRESS SUES DE CAMP.

Miss Clark Says She Was Jilted for a Titanic Widow.

Horace S. De Camp, who married the widow of Daniel V. Marvin, one of the victims of the Titanic disaster, a year ago, has been sued by Miss Florence E. Clark, an actress, for $50,000 for breach of promise. Yesterday an application was made in the Supreme Court by Mr. De Camp through his counsel, Hays, Hershfield & Wolf, for a bill of particulars. Miss Clark, in her complaint, said she abandoned a stage career, gave over taking lessons in dramatic art, and surrendered all of her social connections after she had engaged herself to marry the defendant.

She said the promise of marriage was made in a mountain resort in Pennsylvania in the Summer of 1913. Then De Camp returned to this city and shortly afterward Miss Clark telephoned him, she said, asking when he thought she should come back to her home. His reply, she said, was to the effect that so far as he was concerned she could remain in Pennsylvania forever. The reason for this sudden indifference, Miss Clark alleged, was because the defendant had met Mrs. Marvin at the Poughkeepsie races.

Mr. De Camp wants the bill of particulars to state whether the alleged promise to marry was made orally or in writing, what were the social connections the plaintiff abandoned, and what dramatic school she attended.

Mr. De Camp's wife remained with her first husband on the Titanic until he insisted that she leave the ship. On her arrival in this city she gave birth to a child, one of three born of women who had been rescued from the steamship. Her father is Frank Farquharson of 317 Riverside Drive.

LION TRAINER RELEASED.

No Criminal Charge for Theatre Accident Holds, Magistrate Says.

Magistrate Barlow in Harlem Court dismissed the charges against Mme. Andree, the lion tamer; Carl A. Turnquist, a showman; and George H. Hamilton, a booking agent, who were arrested last night and charged with criminal negligence in connection with the escape of five lionesses at the East Eighty-sixth Street Theatre.

The three defendants had been arrested on a charge of criminal negligence by Lieut. Morris, who interpreted the law as holding them for the wounding of Sergeant Daniel Glynn, who was shot in the back, and of Policeman Craig, whose head was grazed by a bullet, when one of the five lionesses was shot to death on the fourth floor of a tenement house at Eighty-sixth Street and Third Avenue. Magistrate Barlow held that the three might be liable to civil damages, but were not open to any criminal charge.

Sergt. Glynn, who was struck in the small of the back by a bullet, will probably recover, as the bullet was located in a muscle and reached no vital spot. He was reported at the Flower Hospital last night to be doing well.

RELIEF SUPPLIES STOLEN.

Two Employes of Belgian Consulate Are Charged with Theft.

James Dubridy, 36 years old, an Irishman, of 228 East 26th street and Peter Beyns, 42 years old, a Belgian, of 431 East 16th street, employes of the Belgian Consulate at 25 Madison Avenue, were arrested yesterday in the Consulate by Detectives Barron and Culhane of the Second Branch, charged with Grand Larceny. The police say both confessed to stealing clothing and provisions intended for the relief of the Belgian suffers.

Mayor Mitchel recently received a letter from a German living in the neighborhood of Dubridy's home in which he said that Dubridy was selling clothing and provisions, and in instances giving goods away, boasting that he had stolen all from the Belgian Consulate. Dubridy was first placed under arrest and the detectives say he implicated Beyns. Both men said in their confession, the police say, that many packages were unmarked and there was little opportunity for their employers to discover pilfering.

ORDERS SUIT TO END SUBWAY CONGESTION

Public Service Board Contends Service Is Inadequate in Non-Rush Hours.

$5,000 A DAY AS PENALTY

Commission Can Demand the Interborough Be Fined or Start Mandamus Proceedings.

Counsel for the Public Service Commission was instructed yesterday to begin legal proceedings against the Interborough Rapid Transit Company to force it to live up to the orders of the commission concerning traffic during the non-rush hours. This means that the commission either will institute mandamus proceedings or will start a penalty action. Under the latter procedure the company could be fined as much as $5,000 a day for each day's infraction of the commission's regulations, and it would be possible to prosecute some of the officers of the company for misdemeanor. The instructions were given to George S. Coleman, counsel of the commission, by a unanimous vote on motion of Commissioner Maltbie.

Under a compromise which was reached some time ago between the commission and the transportation companies, it was ordered that the Interborough must provide outside of the rush hours sufficient seats in each period of twenty minutes to accommodate all passengers during that time. It was recognized by the commission that, considering the natural irregularity of traffic, it would be impossible for the company to supply a seat for every passenger at the moment he demanded it, but it was considered that as a few minutes of congestion were counterbalanced by a few minutes of comparative slack travel, it was reasonable to expect the company to provide seats enough on the average.

In the rush hours the Subway is running trains just as fast as it can get them over its lines, and congestion is inevitable, but many complaints have been received that at other times the Subway has had an undue number of straphangers. Joseph Johnson, the commission's head of the transportation bureau, was asked to make a count. He reported that on a recent Saturday evening at Ninety-sixth Street, between 11:20 at night and 1:40 in the morning, the northbound trains carried standing passengers in every twenty-minute period but one, and that on a recent Sunday night there was overloading from 9:20 o'clock until midnight, and similar conditions prevailed on Sunday afternoon from 2:20 to 5:20 o'clock.

Mr. Coleman began yesterday to go through the reports of the transportation department to establish the proof on which he would decide what steps he would take.

Two Judicial Dinners Tonight.

There will be two dinners at the Manhattan Club tonight, one in honor of Justice Seabury, newly elected to the Court of Appeals, tendered by the Justices of the First Department, and the other for the presentation to the club of a painting of Justice Dowling of the Appellate Division.

Unlimited Messages to Germany.

The Western Union Telegraph Company announced yesterday that the twenty-five-word limit on messages to Germany and Austria-Hungary by way of the Tuckerton wireless station has been removed.

MORE HONORS FOR WHITMAN

Becomes Honorary President of International Peace Forum.

More State appointments were decided upon yesterday in the office of Republican State Chairman Tanner. Mr. Tanner's secretary, Louis W. Gett, will be the secretary to Attorney General Egburt E. Woodbury. Merton E. Lewis of Rochester will be First Deputy Attorney General at $7,000. Henry Sell Neimer of Erie County will be Journal Clerk of the Senate, and Erie County will also get a Deputy Attorney General and a Transfer Tax Appraiser.

Among Gov.-elect Whitman's callers yesterday were George Foster Peabody, Chairman of the commission administering the affairs of the State Reservation at Saratoga Springs. Mr. Peabody would like to have the Legislature appropriate enough money for the further development of the valuable State property at Saratoga.

The Rev. John Wesley Hill, Vice President of the International Peace Forum, persuaded the Governor-elect to accept the Honorary Presidency of that organization.

Col. Alexander S. Bacon, Bela Tokaji, and Senator James F. Duhamel, all of Sulzer's American Party, called at Mr. Whitman's headquarters last night.

ROBBERS BEAT A WOMAN.

Mrs. Koscak Clung to Her Handbag and One Thief Is Arrested.

Mrs. Sophie Koscak, 35 years old, of 526 Morris Avenue, the Bronx, was held up by two men as she started up the stairs at the Intervale Avenue station of the Subway yesterday morning. They seized her arms from behind, and one man snatched at her handbag, which contained $40. She clung to it, and both men then struck her several times in the face.

Her screams brought Policeman Kilcline, and as the men ran in different direction Kilcline chased one into the cellar of an apartment house in Westchester Avenue. He was hiding behind the furnace when the policeman dragged him out. In the Morrisania Court he said he was Philip Pinoguo, 24 years old, a laborer of 149 East Ninth Street.

Pinoguo said he met the other man in East Eleventh Street in the early morning. He did not know his name, but the man said he had a job in the Bronx for him, and Pinoguo, who was out of work, went along with him. Magistrate Breen held Pinoguo in $1,500 bail for examination today on charges of assault and robbery.

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We have some books—all of us; and it is only too bad that we do not have more.

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Our Philadelphia. Described by Elizabeth Robins Pennell, with over one hundred illustrations from the lithographs of Joseph Pennell	$7.50
Through the Brazilian Wilderness. By Theodore Roosevelt; illustrated from photographs by Kermit Roosevelt and others	$3.50
Abroad at Home. American Ramblings. Observations and Adventures. By Julian Street and illustrated by Wallace Morgan	$2.50
From the Log of the Velsa. Adventures in Denmark, Holland and East England. By Arnold Bennett, with frontispiece in color by the author and other illustrations by E. A. Rickards	$3
Delightful Dalmatia. By Alice Lee Moque; illustrated in color	$2
The Sunny Side of Diplomatic Life. By Mme. L. de Hegermann-Lindencrone; illustrated	$2
Colonial Mansions of Maryland and Delaware. By John Martin Hammond; illustrated	$5
Indian Blankets and Their Makers. By George Wharton James; illustrated in color	$5
A Far Journey. The Autobiography of a Syrian. By Abraham Mitrie Rihbany; illustrated	$1.75
The True Ulysses S. Grant. By General Charles King; illustrated	$2
The Story-Life of Napoleon. Short stories forming a continued biography. By Wayne Whipple; illustrated in color by Andre Castaigne and others, at	$2.40
The Practical Book of Outdoor Rose Growing. By George C. Thomas, Jr.; illustrated in color	$4

Books for Boys and Girls

The Flower Babies' Book. By Anna M. Scott; illustrated in color by M. T. Ross	$1
The Fairy Book. Old Fairy Tales collected by Mrs. Craik. New edition; illustrated in color	$2.50
Arabian Nights. Illustrated in color by Milo Winter, at	$1.35
Robinson Crusoe. By Daniel Defoe; illustrated in color by Milo Winter	$1.35
The Bugaboo Men. By Louise Rand Bascom; illustrated in color	$1
The Dot Book. A Picture Book with Jingles. By Clifford L. Sherman; illustrated	$1
Myths Every Child Should Know. New edition, illustrated in color	$2
Aesop's Fables. Illustrated by J. M. Conde	75c
Buffalo Bill. By E. L. Sabin	$1.25
Scout-Master of Troops. By I. T. Thurston	90c
Every Boy's Book of Hobbies. By C. H. Bullivant, at	$1.35
Kenilworth. Illustrated by H. J. Ford	$1.50

Newest Fiction

Amazing Grace. A Tale of Tennessee. By Kate Trimble Sharber; illustrated by R. M. Crosby	$1
The Clarion. By Samuel Hopkins Adams	$1.35
The Pastor's Wife. Anonymous	$1.35
The Man of the Desert. By Grace Livingston Hill Lutz	$1.25
Under Cover. By Roi Cooper Megrue	$1.25
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M'LOUGHLIN RANKED FIRST IN TENNIS—BASEBALL—ROLLER SKATING—BASKETBALL

M'LOUGHLIN TOPS TENNIS PLAYERS

Ranking Committee Places National Champion Williams Second on List.

Although the official ranking of the leading lawn tennis players in the United States will not be announced until today, it is understood that precedent has been upset and the winner of the National Amateur Championship at Newport, R. I., will be placed second on the list of the first ten players. The report of the Ranking Committee for 1914 was submitted to the members of the Executive Committee of the United States National Lawn Tennis Association at the annual meeting yesterday at the Waldorf-Astoria. Maurice E. McLoughlin of California will be placed at the top of the list, and R. Norris Williams 2d of Philadelphia, the national champion, second.

The selection of McLoughlin as the leading player in the United States will come as no surprise to the followers of tennis, as it is generally admitted that in spite of his defeat in the national challenge round McLoughlin is not only America's best player, but acknowledged even in England as the world's champion. The victory of Williams came at a time when McLoughlin had gone stale after a long season of play, including the nerve-racking contests in the Davis Cup match. The rating of the players in the first two positions on the list will be the same as last year.

There is considerable speculation as to the remaining eight players in the first division. Among those who are expected to find a place among the ten leaders are Karl H. Behr, William J. Clothier, F. B. Alexander, William M. Johnston, R. Lindley Murray, George M. Church, Watson M. Washburn, and Elia E. Fottrell. As in past years, one hundred men will be ranked. Of this number ten will be ranked numerically, while the remaining ninety players will be divided into nine classes, the men in each class being placed alphabetically.

The report of the Ranking Committee, which is composed of Frederick C. Inman, Chairman; W. L. Pate and Walter Merrill Hall, deals exhaustively with the conditions which led to the selection of McLoughlin over Williams. Following the innovation established last year, the report of the Women's Ranking Committee was read and approved. The committee is made up of Mrs. Barger-Wallach, Mrs. T. C. Bundy, and Mrs. Benjamin Briggs. Outside of the fact that Miss Mary Browne of California is ranked first, nothing is known outside of the committee as to the rating of women; but the next best seem to be Miss Florence Sutton and Miss Marie Wagner.

With a commendable spirt of true sportsmanship, it was decided to postpone action on the Davis Cup challenge. With the present unsettled conditions, it was felt that to formally challenge at once would be taking an unfair advantage of the Australian tennis authorities, as several of the best players in the Antipodes are fighting for the Allies. There is no immediate hurry, and the question of a challenge will be decided at a meeting of the Executive Committee on the morning of the annual meeting of the association next February. It is probable that a tentative or technical challenge will be issued at that time, subject to withdrawal should the European war continue.

The plan to present all National champions, past and present, was abandoned. Palmer E. Presbry, the Chairman, presented a favorable report from the committee. A L. Hoskins, Chairman of the National Colors Committee, also reported the findings of his committee on the proposal to adopt distinctive colors, the same as other nations do.

An earnest effort will be made to advance the game among the juniors and tournaments will be held with entries limited to boys. Raymond D. Little has charge of the project and received hearty support, as it was felt that sufficient attention has not been paid to the younger element. Along these lines it was suggested that the interscholastic championship tournament should be open to all comers and made a separate feature instead of continuing it as a side issue to the National Championships at Newport, but it was felt that the present arrangement added to the morale of the game and no change was made.

The question of the adoption of a universal ball was raised by George T. Adee, chairman of the Ball Committee. In England the subject has caused considerable agitation and the authorities on the other side are divided between the use of the ball of the country in which the match is played and drawing lots between the competing nations.

The committee finished its labors last night and the reports will be submitted to the delegates at the annual meeting next February. Robert D. Wrenn, President of the National Association, was in the chair, and those present included Vice President A. L. Hoskins, Secretary E. F. Torrey, Treasurer Richard Stevens, Palmer E. Presbry, William A. Larned, William J. Clothier, George T. Adee, Raymond D. Little, and C. F. Watson, Jr.

Great Schoolboy Carnival Today.

The twelfth annual elementary schools championship games of the Public Schools Athletic League, which will be held at Madison Square Garden this afternoon, will be the greatest in the history of the league. Two thousand and thirty boys have been entered from all over Greater New York. The names of the boys entered show twenty-four distinct national groups; all the nations of Europe represented, with two Assyrians, two Chinese, one East Indian, an Egyptian and others of African descent.

The feature of the games will be the revival of the Olympic custom of a review of athletes conducted by Mayor Mitchel, Major Gen. Leonard A. Wood, Commander, U. S. Army, Department of the East, with his full staff. In the reviewing box will be Gen. George W. Wingate, President of the Public Schools Athletic League, Thomas W. Churchill, President, Board of Education, Wm H. Maxwell, City Superintendent of Schools, and Dr. C. Ward Crampton, Director of Physical Training, who is in charge of the meet.

The two thousand athletes will form in masses on the floor; will pledge allegiance to the flag under the leadership of District Superintendent John S. Roberts, and will sing the "Star Spangled Banner" accompanied by the ten thousand school boys, teachers, principals and guests.

Erasmus and Morris Shooters Win.

Erasmus Hall and Morris High School won the championships in their respective divisions of the high school rifle league yesterday, and will shoot three matches next week for the city championship and possession of the Whitney Trophy. Erasmus Hall defeated Commercial High yesterday, the first defeat administered to Commercial in the tournament, and although each team had the same percentage of victories, the aggregate total of scores for Erasmus was higher than for Commercial, and Erasmus won the championship of Schedule B. (Queens and Brooklyn.) Morris won her fifth straight victory yesterday, when De Witt Clinton went down to defeat before her shooters, and Morris's high aggregate score gives her the Manhattan and Bronx championship. Three matches will be played between Erasmus Hall and Morris High, and the rifle team having the highest aggregate score for the three shoots will get the Whitney Trophy, which is now held by Curtis High. Commerce High School's rifle team defeated Stuyvesant yesterday, and Flushing High shooters gained a victory over the Manual shooters.

Schlater in Tie for Billiard Title.

A. Schlater last night displayed a flash of his usual good form in his game with A. Curtis in the amateur Class C 18.2 balk-line billiard tournament for the championship of Harlem, at the Morningside Billiard Academy, and after sixty-eight innings of careful and interesting playing won, 100 to 70. Schlater made high runs of 13, 12, and 10, with an average of 1 32-68. Curtis's best high runs were 8 and 6, and he averaged 1 2-68. Schlater is now in a tie for first honors of the tournament with William Mason, each having won three out of four games played, and the winner of the tournament will be decided Monday night.

COLUMBIA CANE SPREES.

Freshmen Defeat Sophomores, So Out Come Pipes, Canes, &c.

A last bitter pill was administered to the Columbia sophomores yesterday when the freshmen tore victory from their hands in the cane spree contests held yesterday afternoon in the gymnasium by the narrow margin of 4 to 3 bouts. Throughout the Fall the youngsters had won victory after victory from the second-year men, and in desperation the sophomores endeavored to win this final contest between the two classes, the most important match of all.

By their victory the ban is lifted on the freshmen carrying pipes and canes on the campus, smoking all the cigarettes they wish, bring girls to dances, and not have to assist in waiting on the fraternity tables, parade past the sophomores in derbies, and generally do as they pleace. That is what victory means to the freshmen in the cane sprees.

All of the bouts were well fought, and furnished rare excitement to the upper-class men at Columbia as well as the members of the two classes represented. The stands about the floor were packed, fully 2,000 students witnessing the bouts.

"Bob" O'Loughlin, following in the footsteps of his brother Jerry, who captured the crew in his day and played football, made a record for speed in winning his bout from K. Noble of the sophomore class in 30 seconds. Noble hardly knew he was in the bout so quickly did O'Loughlin wrest the stick from his hands.

The sophomores suffered from the absence of two of their veterans from last year's team, both being ruled out at the last minute for overweight. D. Kerr brought them some consolation, however, by winning the bout in the unlimited heavyweight. Underweighing his opponent H. Ritter, a freshman, by over 45 pounds, Kerr in short order made his bulky opponent look ridiculous.

J. B. Bryan, a find in the freshman class, surprised the followers by defeating J. Haight of the sophomore class. Haight spreed last year and was the sensation of the event, defeating L. Neff, the crack Annapolis wrestler. He fought desperately through the first two periods and then finally went down before superior weight and strength. The summaries:

115-pound Class—J. B. Aranof, freshman, defeated F. Michaelson, sophomore. Time—4:49.

125-pound Class—K. A. W. Schaeffer, freshman, defeated E. Korkus, sophomore. Time—7:00.

135-pound Class—H. F. Pohlman, sophomore, defeated J. M. Aimee, freshman. Time—8:24.

145-pound Class—J. B. Bryan, freshman, defeated J. Haight, sophomore. Time—9:44.

158-pound Class—R. R. O'Loughlin defeated K. Noble, sophomore. Time—0:33.

175-pound Class—R. K. Tichborne, sophomore, defeated I. Zychlinski, freshman. Time—4:32.

Unlimited Heavyweight Class—D. Kerr, sophomore, defeated H. Ritter, freshman. Time—2:40.

NO GAME FOR MICHIGAN.

Harvard Has Not Promised to Play Wolverines Next Year.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Dec. 18.—Harvard's football management was upset today on reading a press dispatch from Ann Arbor, Mich., in which Director of Athletics Bartelme, at University of Michigan, was quoted as saying that Graduate Manager F. W. Moore of the Harvard Athletic Association had promised the Wolverines another football game at Cambridge next Fall. This evening Mr. Moore gave out the following official statement regarding Harvard's relations with the Michigan management:

> While I cannot believe that Director Bartelme made some of the statements attributed to him in the alleged interview published in this morning's papers, I think I ought to correct the false impression which the statement sent out from Ann Arbor may create.
>
> As Mr. Bartelme says in the arrangement of the game last year no mention was made of a second game. He did say in a letter to me dated Jan. 5, 1914, that he must confess that personally he was very much opposed to the game because of the principle maintained at Michigan for years that they would not accept a game from any college without an assurance of a return game at Ann Arbor; that he knew only too well that it was out of the question to expect this of Harvard at this time, but hoped that at some time in the future Harvard would find it possible and agreeable to consider playing Michigan at Ann Arbor.
>
> The subject of a second game has not been mentioned since, except in a conference I had with Mr. Bartelme in Boston after the Yale game. At this conference I not only gave him no assurance of the game either here or at Ann Arbor, but expressly stated in answer to his inquiry that I did not think our Faculty would consent to a game in Ann Arbor and that nothing had been done about our schedule or would be done until the football Advisory Committee met. I got the impression from my talk with him that Michigan would not play a second game here unless we held out some prospect of a game later at Ann Arbor.
>
> I also distinctly stated that a second game even in Cambridge could not be played unless it fitted into the plans of our coaches for the gradual development of our team, as our schedule was always made up by the committee along lines which would best operate for any particular year to accomplish the best results at the end of the season.
>
> The committee has since decided that a game with Michigan next year is not advisable, and I so notified Mr. Bartelme.

Harris Wins Road Race.

C. Harris, unattached, last night won the weekly road race of the Evening Recreation Centre of the High School of Commerce, held under the auspices of the Federal Athletic Club. The race was run over a four-mile course, from Fifty-ninth Street and Fifth Avenue to Eighty-sixth Street, through the park driveway, down Eighth Avenue to Fifty-ninth Street, and east to the clubhouse. Fifteen runners faced the starter and all finished, the leader crossing the line after running a splendid race all the way in 20:41, four seconds ahead of his nearest competitor. D. Dwyer was the first Federal runner to finish, coming in third in 21:58. Following is the order of finish of the first ten runners:

C. Harris, unattached, 20:41; F. Lux, Mohawk Athletic Club, 21:45; D. Dwyer, Federal Athletic Club, 21:58; J. Cunningham, Holy Cross Lyceum, 22:32; E. Hecker, Holy Cross Lyceum, 22:39; F. Bormerman, Federal Athletic Club, 23:37; P. Snyder, Salem-Crescent Athletic Club, 23:50; J. Burns, unattached, 23:53; J. Ellis, unattached, 23:58; E. Easton, Federal Athletic Club, 24:02.

Bantams Box at Long Acre.

Bantamweight boxers were the attraction at the second show of the new Long Acre Athletic Club last night and some interesting exhibitions were witnessed in three ten-round bouts. In the main event, Pinky Burns, former holder of the paperweight title, was entitled to the honors over Young Denny of the west side, the former being more clever and aggressive. Jimmy Taylor and Young Marino, east side bantamweights, were the contestants in the semi-final ten-round bout, and at the final bell honors were even. It was a fast and interesting bout throughout. The first bout brought together Johnny Martin and Paul Edwards, welterweights, and this resulted in a slow draw.

Robideau Outpoints Shugrue.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., Dec. 18.—Sam Robideau of Philadelphia and Joe Shugrue of Jersey City, lightweights, fought fifteen fast rounds here tonight, and a majority of the newspaper writers gave Robideau the advantage by a slight margin. Robideau had the advantage in six rounds, Shugrue in four, with the others even. Shugrue weighed 134¾, Robideau 134½.

Few Spectators for Pioneer Bouts.

Because there were more empty chairs than spectators, the officials of the Pioneer Sporting Club, which holds forth in West Forty-fourth Street, decided to call off their boxing show, which was scheduled for last night. The few persons who were there and had paid to go in were informed that by applying at the box office their money would be refunded. There was no wild rush on the treasury and the lights were turned off and the building dark in five minutes after the announcement was made.

Pirates Sell Hyatt to Cardinals.

PITTSBURGH, Dec. 18.—Hamilton Hyatt, extra outfielder and pinch hitter of the Pittsburgh National League Club for several seasons, was sold today to the St. Louis National League Club. The sale was for cash, the amount of which was not announced.

ROLLER SKATERS ASK RECOGNITION

New Association Would Affiliate with International Skating Union.

Due to the chaotic conditions which have attended roller skating racing in this country and Canada, both the amateurs and professionals in this sport have withdrawn from the Western Skating Association, which heretofore has been the only controlling body, and have formed a new association to be known as the National Skating Association. The representatives of this body are now on the eve of asking for membership in the International Skating Union as an affiliated body, which shall have the direct control of roller skating racing. The petition will have to be presented to the Board of Control of the International Skating Union, and, according to the statement of Cornelius Fellows of St. Nicholas Ice Rink, one of the Board of Control of the union, and Allen I. Blanchard, President, there is every likelihood that the request will be granted. All five members of the Board of Control have signified that they will not oppose the admission of the new body as an affiliated organization. This will place it on equal terms with the Western Skating Association, which has heretofore, through sufferance, controlled the sport.

The movement for the new body came only recently as a result of what is termed the commercialization of roller skating by Julian T. Fitzgerald, President of the Western Skating Association. He was elected to the office but a short time ago, and primarily by the votes of the roller skaters, but they have since become dissatisfied. The difficulty reached a crisis when the Western Association failed to acknowledge the suspension of Robert McLean by the International Skating Union, and followed this by suspending Leon Kimm, the amateur roller skating champion, and Elmer Eckman, because, it was alleged, they had demanded $5 expense money before they would go to a certain city to compete. The National Skating Association was in its incipiency before the election of Fitzgerald, and, according to some, he had said that he would give his support to the new body if he was not elected head of the Western Association. He was elected, however, and then the action against the two roller skaters crystallized the skaters of the country into definite support of the new association.

The National Skating Association when it was first formed applied to Frederick W. Rubien of the Amateur Athletic Union for recognition as an affiliated body. In the letter, which was written by Leo J. Brimm, it was put forth that the new organization had a large following, and would hold a meeting at the time of the roller skating races in Madison Square Garden, and it was asked that a member of the A. A. U. be present. As the International Skating Union, by the articles of affiliation with the A. A. U., controls roller as well as ice skating, the correspondence was referred to S. C. Austin, the representative of that body with the A. A. U., and he informed the new association that it would have to apply directly to the International Skating Union for an affiliation. This will now be done and a mail vote will be taken among the members of the Board of Control, which is composed of B. J. Woods of the New England Division, Cornelius Fellows of the Eastern Division, Louis Rubinsteain of Montreal, George K. Herman of the Western Division, and James Boswell of Winnipeg.

The most pretentious argument which the new organization puts forth for eliminating the control of the Western Association, aside from the fact that it does not give a national contest, is that of commercialism. Joseph Munch, who is the owner of the Riverview Rink, the largest in Milwaukee, in support of this theory said yesterday: "I wanted to have the last national championships in Milwaukee, and wrote to Fitzgerald, telling him the amount that I would spend for prizes. I received a reply indicating that I could hold the event, but there were other conditions attached to which I could not agree, and the event went to Mrs. Harrison's rink in Detroit. There, however, I understand, the value in prizes was not nearly that which I had offered, and yet my request was turned down in favor of the Detroit rink."

The International Skating Union, despite its control of roller skating, conceded by the A. A. U., has never been particularly desirous of taking up the sport, confining its attention to ice skating. Now that there is a definite organization to take over this feature under affiliation with the union, the sentiment has changed, and there will probably be a big boom in the sport under the direction of a competent governing body, which shall distinguish definitely between amateurs and professionals, but control both, and isue sanctions the same as for any other event. One thing that has hurt the roller racing is the close part that the manufacturers of the skates played in directing affairs. From now on, however, the manufacturer will be completely eliminated.

Yale to Play Hockey Here Tonight.

Yale's veteran hockey team will get its first real test of the season on the ice at the St. Nicholas Rink tonight when the Blue faces an equally seasoned combination representing the Crescent A. C. Both teams have had plenty of practice and the game should be a good one. Shiller, who made a good record as a goal keeper last season, will guard the cage for the Elis tonight. His ability will likely be put to a severe test as the Crescents have a team of fast skaters and hard shooters. Artie Liffiton, Bob Wall, Sars Kennedy and Jimmy Shirreff are among the Crescent veterans who will likely get in the game against the collegians.

If Capt. Sweney is not able to get on the ice because of his injured leg, Wilson will go in as rover. Murray, Buchanan and MacDonald are the other forwards who will play for the Blue. Schiller, Herron and Bierworth will make up the Yale defense.

Williams Wins First Hockey Game.

Special to The New York Times.

WILLIAMSTOWN, Mass., Dec. 18.—Williams triumphed over Massachusetts Agricultural College here this afternoon in the first hockey game of the season for the Purple by the score of 2 to 0. C. Cutler made both goals for the Williams team on team play with his brother, H. Cutler. Roughness was in evidence on both sides, and several players were temporarily put out of the game for fouls. The summary:

Williams.	Positions.	M. A. C.
Cole	Goal	Butterick
McNamee	Point	Ross
Swain	Cover Point	Archibald
Coleman	Left wing	Wooley
DeWindt	Right wing	Chisholm
C. Cutler	Right forward	Fernald
H. Cutler	Left forward	Johnson

Goals—C. Cutler, 2. Substitutions—Conklin for Coleman, Rochester for Conklin, Conklin for DeWindt. Referee—Mr. Peacock of Pittsfield. Time of halves—Twenty and fifteen minutes.

To Play Golf on Astor Roof.

Another indoor golf school will open on Monday evening on the roof of the Hotel Astor and novel competition has been provided. Several well-known professionals will compete at driving, approaching, and putting, the winner being the one who scores the greatest number of points on form. Jerome D. Travers, A. W. Tillinghast of Philadelphia, and Ralph Day of Wykagyl, will act as judges, and some of the well-known players who will compete are George Low, Robert M. Thomson, Orrin Terry, Dave Hunter, Isaac Mackie, George Cockburn, Jack Jeffrey, Ben Nicholls, Gil Nicholls, Tom Anderson, Tom Young, "Sandy" Auchterlonie, Joe Higgins, Hubbard Martin, and Louis Tellier.

In addition to five driving lanes and ample putting facilities provided under a roof, there is a new feature on the roof in the open air. It is an arrangement for approaching and putting. Sand bunkers will be constructed.

Chicago to Play Dartmouth in 1916?

CHICAGO, Dec. 18.—It is extremely unlikely that Chicago and Dartmouth will meet on the gridiron next Fall, but a game in 1916 is probable, according to a statement made today by Coach A. A. Stagg of the Maroons. "Chicago's football schedule is practically complete now," he said, "and so it is extremely unlikely a hard game like one with Dartmouth will be added. Dartmouth offered us almost any November date, but its offer came too late to be available before 1916, when the teams probably will get together." Final decision rests with the Board of Athletic Control, but in view of Stagg's statements, students do not believe that Green and Maroon will clash next Fall.

CYCLISTS STEAL LAPS.

Six Teams Now in Tie for First Place in Newark Six-Day Race.

NEWARK, N. J., Dec. 18.—Lap stealing of an unparalleled order marked the fifth day of the limited six-day cycle race at the First Regiment Armory this afternoon and evening. At the end of a long series of wild "jams" two teams, those of Corry and Spears and Kaiser and Carman, gained two laps, while three others—Moran and Drobach, Cavanagh and Walthour, and Walker and Wostrab—gained one lap, putting six teams in a tie for first place, the lone leaders at the start of today's racing being Goullet and Hill.

At 10 o'clock, or the forty-sixth hour of the grind, the riders had traveled 1,025 miles and 6 laps. In case more than one team is tied for first place at the finish tomorrow night, the leadership will be decided by the Berlin sprint system adopted for the first time this year at the Garden race. Corry and Spears started the lap stealing at 4:15 o'clock, and Carman and Kaiser followed suit twenty minutes later, both teams thereby gaining the second division.

Dupuy and Linart next thrilled the crowd by annexing a lap. At 7:22 o'clock Spears at the end of a stiff chase for a "prime" darted away from the field and with the field hanging back and all unwilling to start the pursuit the Australian pair were able to get up with the leaders. Walthour and Cavanagh, Carman and Kaiser, Moran and Drobach annexed laps between 9 and 10 o'clock which brought them all on even terms with the leaders.

Harry Kaiser, the Bronx boy resorted to a clever ruse in selecting the time to make his dash for the lap that brought his team up in the race. While the announcer was telling the spectators about the conditions for the next "prime" Kaiser caught the riders off their guard and in a twinkling was half a lap ahead. Here he was picked up by his partner and before the other riders got fairly started in the chase the pair had made the distance.

FORDHAM BEATS OLD RIVAL.

Georgetown Vanquished in Basket Ball by Margin of Three Points.

The Fordham basket ball team defeated Georgetown last night at Fordham's gymnasium by a score of 31 to 28. The Georgetown five had the advantage in the first half, but in the second period the Fordham five played together well, and their teamwork outclassed that of their opponents. The game was rough at times, Referee O'Shea calling penalties for many infringements of the rules. The line-up and summary:

Fordham.	Position.	Georgetown.
Walsh	Left forward	Cochrane
Dunn	Right forward	Dinn
McAvoy	Centre	Tormey
Kelleher	Left guard	Foley
Dale	Right guard	Kelly

Field goals—Walsh, (5,) Dunn, (2,) Dale, (2,) Tormey, (4,) Cochrane (2,) Kelly, (2,) Dinn. Goals from fouls—Walsh, 13; Kelly, 10. Referee—W. O'Shea. Time of halves—Twenty minutes.

Columbia 'Varsity Five Winners.

The Columbia 'Varsity basket ball team defeated the alumni team at Columbia gymnasium last night by a score of 32 to 17, reversing the decision of the game last year. The game was rather rough, and near the finish Meeman of the alumni poked Cornfend in the eye and the 'Varsity player was led from the floor. Kiendl, the former Columbia star, played a good game for the alumni and did much of the scoring. Calder did good work for the 'Varsity. Line-up:

Varsity.	Position.	Alumni.
Cornfend	Left forward	Kiendl
Calder	Right forward	Mahon
Wegener	Centre	Ryan
C. Lee	Left guard	M. Lee
Benson	Right guard	Hurley

Field goals—Calder, (5,) C. Lee, (3,) Benson, (2,) Walker, Cornfend, Wegener, Kiendl, (2,) Mahon, (3,) Ryan. Goals from fouls—Benson, (6,) Kiendl, (2,) Hurley, Alexander. Referee—Ed. Thorpe. Time of periods—Twenty minutes.

Commerce Defeats Newtown.

Commerce High School basket ball five defeated the Newtown High School quintet in a rough game at Newtown yesterday by the score of 32 to 26. This is the third straight victory for Commerce in the P. S. A. L. Basket Ball League. The line-up:

Commerce.	Positions.	Newtown.
Fishben	Left forward	Sacconani
Holman	Right forward	Caliguiri
Dewitt	Centre	Damiano
Whittner	Left guard	Yerkes
Pakula	Right guard	Schauss

Substitutions—Damiano for Yerkes, Daminitti for Damiano. Field goals—Fishben 2, Holman 5, Dewitt 3, Sacconani 3, Caliguiri 4, Damiano 1, Daminitti 1. Goals from fouls—Holman 11, Caliguiri 4, Damiano 4. Referee—Mr. Johnson. Time of periods—Fifteen minutes.

Horace Mann Five Triumph.

The Horace Mann basket ball team triumphed in a perfect game over the Collegiate School five on the latter's court yesterday by a score of 30 to 12. Not a foul was committed in the entire thirty minutes of play. Horn, right forward, and Donnell, right guard, for Horace Mann played a splendid offensive game, and between them registered twenty of their team's points. Line-up:

Horace Mann.	Position.	Collegiate.
Horn	Right forward	Rickerson
Haine	Left forward	Goodell
Goetel	Centre	Mather
Donnell	Right guard	Jacoby
Kadison	Left guard	Hunter

Goals from field—Horn, 6; Donnell, 4; Goetel, 2; Haynes, 1; Lyons, 1; Kadison, 1; Goodell, 4; Rickerson, 1; Jacoby, 1. Substitute—Lyons for Haines. Referee—Mr. Snedecker. Time of halves—Fifteen minutes each.

Ethical in Line for Championship.

The fast Ethical Culture School basket ball team defeated the Barnard quintet yesterday by the score of 19 to 16. The brand of basket ball shown by Ethical was the best seen on a scholastic court this season. Barnard has held the championship for two seasons now, but it looks as if Ethical would displace them. Line-up:

Barnard.	Position.	Ethical.
Alexander	Left forward	Peck
Brown	Right forward	Mills
Isaacs	Centre	Allison
Renie	Left guard	Lumtny
Miller	Right guard	Goldberg

Goals from field—Peck, (3,) Allison, (3,) Mills, (2,) Renie, (2,) Isaacs, Alexander, Brown. Goals from foul—Peck, (3,) Brown, (5.)

"Frats" Clash in N. Y. U. Basket Ball.

In the fourth game of the annual interfraternity and dormitory basket ball championship at New York University, held in the university gymnasium yesterday, the Psi Upsilon quintet easily defeated the team representing the Pi Kappa Alpha Fraternity, 21 to 0. The line up:

Psi Upsilon	Positions.	Pi Kappa Alpha
Doggett	Right forward	Ehrgott
Stroud	Left forward	Phillips
MacKenzie	Centre	Nichols
Smith	Right guard	Sulzer
Russell	Left guard	Gunther

Field goals—Doggett, (5;) Stroud, Russell, McDowell. Foul goals—Doggett. Substitutes—Doggett for MacKenzie, MacKenzie for Smith, MacDowell for Doggett, Delaney for Gunther. Referee—J. Story, New York University. Time of halves—Fifteen minutes.

The Times Team Wins Again.

THE NEW YORK TIMES basket ball team added another victory to its list last night when they defeated the Sacred Heart Club quintet in a closely contested game on the latter's court at Highbridge, by the score of 14 to 12. The game was keenly contested throughout, and the score alternated frequently. Two points separated the combatants at the end of the first twenty minutes of play, and during the second half the playing was equally close.

N. Y. U. Vs. Georgetown Tonight.

New York University opens its series of home games in basket ball tonight when the Violet five meets Georgetown in the gymnasium at University Heights. The game with the Southerners is the second of the season, and with the memory of two victories last year over the Washington team the New York men expect victory.

Princeton Swimmers Win.

PRINCETON, N. J., Dec. 18.—Princeton defeated the College of the City of New York here tonight in swimming and water polo by the scores of 40 to 13 and 73 to 0, respectively.

MARTIN WINS ROLLER RACE AT THE GARDEN

Long-Distance Champion Best in the Twenty-four-Hour Team Contest.

Freddie Martin of Milwaukee, Wis., long distance championship roller skater, gained a victory for his team in the twenty-four-hour roller skating race at Madison Square Garden last night when he won the mile sprint at the end of the race, beating Arthur Taunay to the tape by a foot in an exciting finish. Arthur Eglington finished third in the mile sprint, and John Clark, of the Clark-Galla team, beat out Billy Yale, of the Yale-McLean team, for fourth place in a special sprint between the two skaters.

Martin, Launay and Eglington were started in the last mile by Dick Rudolph of the Boston Braves, and for the first five laps of the mile they circled the track at a snail's pace. Just before the finish of the sixth lap, Martin, who had been skating on the outer edge of the banked track, shot down into the Twenty-seventh Street straightaway and was off at full speed. Launay and Eglington immediately followed in pursuit, and the big crowd which had been merely curious during the first few laps, were on their feet cheering wildly. For the next three laps the three skaters were bunched, whirling around the track at top speed, but Eglington could not stand the terrific pace, and in the ninth lap dropped behind the other two skaters. Martin was in the lead all the way on the tenth lap, with Launay a few inches behind him. As they swung from the Madison Avenue curve into the Twenty-seventh Street stretch Launay attempted to pass inside of Martin, but he tripped momentarily and Martin shot across the finish line with a victory for the Martin-Bacon team. Launay brought second money to the Launay-Woodworth team, and Eglington and Shipley divided the prize for third place.

The last hour was replete with sprints, and skater after skater would shoot ahead of the field in an attempt to steal or regain a lap. Excitement was intense, and as the skaters whirled around the track at top speed the big crowd was on its feet most of the time. There was no change in the standing of the teams after the hour's skating, and the Eglington-Shipley, Bacon-Martin, and Launay-Woodworth teams finished the race, each with 293 miles and 3 laps, and qualified for the mile sprint that was to decide the winner. The McLean-Yale and Clark-Galla teams completed the twenty-four hours skating with a score of 293 miles and 2 laps. Kirkbride and Randall had a score of 293 miles and 1 lap, Birkhimer and Cioni finished with an even 293 miles, while Strause and Moffatt brought up the rear with 291 miles, 2 miles and 3 laps behind the leaders.

At 9 o'clock last night, when the skaters started on the last hour of their long race, three teams were tied for the lead, another was one lap behind, two more were two laps behind, and the eighth team of Strause and Moffatt was nearly two miles behind. Out of the original fifteen teams that started in the race only eight survived the twenty-three hours' strain. Four of the eight teams were made up at the track from members of those teams that had dropped out, and the other four were the same as when they started Thursday night.

Yesterday some of the skaters tired greatly, and in the afternoon they started to drop out of the race. The strain was plainly visible on some of the skaters as they quit and were helped to their camps

Spills were frequent during the day, but none of them resulted seriously. Whenever a skater went down the big bell would clang, indicating that no laps could be stolen. There were a large number of sprints and some of the teams were lapped, but most of the time, especially in the afternoon and evening, the skaters settled down to a slow, easy pace.

Blackburn dropped out of the race about 8:30 o'clock and Cioni, his partner, teamed up with Bukhimmer. Billy Yale and Jack McLean, remnants of the Yale-Burke and McLean-Nebez teams, joined fortunes one lap behind the leaders yesterday afternoon. John Kirkbride and Burt Randell constructed a team after their partners retired from the race.

The fourth team made up at the track was George Strause and Steve Moffatt. These four teams and the Eglington-Shipley, Bacon-Martin, Launay-Woodworth, and Galla-Clark teams were the eight teams who entered the last hour of the twenty-four and who survived the gruelling test and finished the race.

Fine Trophy for Millrose A. A.

The prize at stake in the Millrose-600-Invitation, one of the features of the all-star programme of the Millrose A. A. games in Madison Square Garden on January 14, is perhaps the most valuable and artistic trophy which any club has ever offered for an event of this kind. Three of the world's best distance runners have already signified their intention of competing for this beautiful trophy. Ted Meredith of the Meadowbrook Club of Philadelphia, Homer Baker of the New York A. C. and Tom Halpin of the Boston A. A., with other prominent fliers still to be heard from. The trophy is made of sterling silver gold plated, and is a rare bit of workmanship. It arrived from London a week ago. It is an exact duplicate of a cup offered by King Edward at the 1907 Horse Show in London. In the place of the English crown on the top of the original horse show trophy a figure of a runner bearing the Millrose emblem has been substituted.

The trophy is the unsolicited donation of a new recruit to the ranks of athletic enthusiasts, E. H. Posen, a business man of international reputation. The trophy will become the permanent property of the club that succeeds in putting across a winner three times. With the pick of the best athletic talent in the country in competition for this valuable trophy, the Millrose-600-Invitation should prove the classic of the indoor season.

71st Regiment Games Close Year.

Entries are coming in rapidly for the athletic games of the Seventy-first Regiment, the champions of the Military Athletic League, which are scheduled for decision in their armory, Park Avenue and Thirty-fourth Street, New Year's Eve. Many feature events are carded, most of which promise to attract the pick of the champions of this and other territories who usually embrace the opportunity of rounding off their competitive efforts for the year in a fling for the valuable prizes offered. Among the title holders who will put in an appearance, is Abel Kiviat, who will be a starter in the 1,000 yards handicap in which he will be opposed by the best men of this division. It is anticipated that the Gordon brothers will reconsider their intention to retire and nominate themselves for this event. The open events for track and field men include handicaps at 70 yards, 300 yards, 1,000 yards, two miles and one mile relay, while the cyclists will take part in a two-mile scratch race. Entries close with H. Obertubbessing, 340 West Fifty-first Street, New York; Capt. S. J. Delaney, Seventy-first Regiment; J. J. McHugh, 159 East Sixtieth Street, or Dieges & Clust, 20 John Street, New York.

Eighth Coast Artillery Games.

The annual athletic carnival of the Eighth Coast Artillery, to be held at the Armory, Ninety-fourth Street and Park Avenue, on Saturday evening, Jan. 16, has been given careful consideration by Coach "Benny" Mann and the regiment staff. Their intentions are to give the High School boys and novices a chance to win some of the valuable prizes by staging the following list of events: Sixty yards, novice, for high schools; two-mile run, novice, A. A. U.; one-mile walk, novice, A. A. U.

Closed events for members of Eighth Regiment are: Sixty-yard dash, handicap; 880-yard run, handicap; 880-yard heavy marching order, novice; one-mile relay walk, two-man teams. Immediately after the athletic events the basket ball team of the Second Naval Battalion will try to stop the winning streak of the fast Eighth Regiment team, which will be followed by dancing. Entry blanks may be procured at Dieges & Clust, 20 John Street, and from "Benny" Mann, Eighth Regiment Armory, Ninety-fourth Street and Park Avenue.

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MAY KEEP MARQUARD.

R. S. Ward Says Brooklyn Has Not Decided to Give Up Pitcher.

CHICAGO, Dec. 18.—Members of the Executive Committee of the Federal League met here today to consider questions which James A. Gilmore, President of the league, said were largely private affairs of the organization. It was expected, however, that new plans for the 1915 campaign would be announced. Besides President Gilmore, the committee is composed of Robert B. Ward of the Brooklyn club and W. E. Robertson of the Buffalo club.

Ward said the Brooklyn club had not decided to give up Rube Marquard.

"We offered to return Marquard to the Giants if the New York National League club would produce a binding contract signed by him," said Ward. "So far the National Leaguers have not done so and we have Marquard's affidavit that he was a free agent, legally, when he agreed to play for us."

WARDS NAME LEE MAGEE.

St. Louis Outfielder to Manage Brooklyn Federal League Club.

George S. Ward, Vice President of the Brookfeds, received word from Robert B. Ward in Chicago last night that he had appointed Lee Magee manager of the Brooklyn club for next season. Magee had a conference with Mr. Ward yesterday and a satisfactory arrangement was arrived at.

Magee will be the youngest manager in the new league. He was formerly with the St. Louis Cardinals, and last Winter made the world's tour with the Giants. Magee is 26 years old and is an outfielder, although for a time last season he played at first base for the Cardinals.

CURLERS SET DATES.

International Will Be at Utica—Other Changes Unimportant.

The curling schedule for this Winter was decided upon at a meeting of the Grand National Curling Club of America held at the Caledonian Club last night. There was no material change in the big events, except that the International will this year be held in Utica. A new club, the Kirkcaldy, joined the organization. The schedule is:

North vs. South of Scotland match for the Dalrymple medal and other trophies, at Van Cortlandt Park, Saturday, Jan. 2, 1 P. M. Umpire—George Grieve. Managing Committee—Thomas Wigley, William Mitchell, Robert Boyd. Directors: For the North—John Leslie. For the South—Forest Macnee.

Champion club match for the Mitchell medal, at Van Cortlandt Park, Wednesday, Jan. 6, 10 A. M. Umpire—Andrew Gillies.

Champion rink match for Gordon medal, at Schenectady during the week beginning Jan. 11. Souvenir medals to be awarded the winning rink. Umpire—R. S. Emmit.

Scots vs. other nationalities, wherever played, Jan. 25 to Feb. 6. Scores to be sent to the Grand National Secretary by Feb. 20.

Interstate match, New York vs. New Jersey, for medal presented by John S. Hamilton, at time and place arranged by Grand National officers.

W. Fred Allen memorial medal match at Utica on day following finish of Gordon medal match. Umpire—A. H. Munson.

Scots vs. Americans for the John Patterson medal at Van Cortlandt Park, Jan. 23 at 1 P. M. Umpire—James F. Conley.

International match for Gordon medal at Utica, the date to be arranged after consulting with the Canadians.

Utica cup match at Van Cortlandt Park, Feb. 1 at 10 A. M. Umpire—James F. Conley. This match is open to clubs other than curling clubs in the vicinity of New York devoted to outdoor sports.

The district medal matches are: Thistle and Brookline, St. Andrews and Brae Burn, Utica and Boston, Caledonia and Mohawk, Jersey City and Yonkers, Kirkcaldy and St. Andrews.

Columbia Elects Soccer Leader.

H. Buermeyer, the goal tender on the Columbia soccer team, was elected Captain for the ensuing season at the banquet held last night. Buermeyer played a strong game throughout the season at his post, and his honor is the more noteworthy because of the fact that he was a newcomer on the eleven last season, filling the vacancy left by Krefeld, who is now playing on the Staten Island F. C. team. Columbia will lose the services of J. Peck, the fast inside right on the eleven for the past three years. The other players are expected to return next season, with Eddie Hamilton, whose place as Captain Buermeyer will take.

Cleveland Wins at Hockey.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Dec. 18.—The Cleveland A. C. hockey seven tonight defeated the Riverside team of Toronto, 10 to 1.

BAN JOHNSON MUST STRENGTHEN YANKS

Col. Ruppert Demands New Manager and Five Players Before He Closes Deal.

FRENCH LICK, Ind., Dec. 18.—The 1915 schedule meeting of the American and National Leagues opened here today. No developments were announced in the negotiations for the sale of the New York American League Club to Col. Jacob Ruppert, Jr., and Capt. T. L. Huston.

B. B. Johnson, Barney Dreyfuss, and John A. Heydler spent the greater part of the day considering the schedules and tonight refused to discuss the meeting. Mr. Johnson, however, volunteered the information that negotiations for the sale of the New Yorks would be resumed tomorrow.

Col. Ruppert and Capt. Huston conferred frequently. Col. Ruppert, when asked if he had come to any conclusion regarding the purchase of the New Yorks, said:

"I shall not start with a tail-end team and try to make a pennant winner out of it. I have made up my mind what to do if it is agreed to give me five new players and a manager. As to the Federal League proposition, I am not considering it at all. If I go into baseball, it will be with the Yankees."

Col. Ruppert said negotiations for the sale of the club might not be concluded until Dec. 23.

KELLEY TO LEAD YANKEES?

Latest Selection for Manager Comes from Chicago Source.

CHICAGO, Dec. 18.—A local paper, quoting an unnamed National League magnate, prints today a story that Joe Kelley, the former Baltimore star, and leader last year of the Toronto team, will be manager of the New York Americans should the Ruppert-Huston deal go through. Kelley, it is said, is a personal friend of Capt. Huston. He was manager of the Cincinnati club for several seasons.

Hope for a trade in which Fred Maisel, third baseman of the New York Americans, would come to the Chicago Americans, was one thing that caused C. A. Comiskey to visit Jacob Ruppert, possible new owner of the Yankees, it was said today. In the deal "Kid" Gleason would go to New York to assume the management.

Clarence Rowland, new manager of the White Sox, admitted in telephone conversations from his home in Dubuque that a shake-up among the South Siders was probable. The acquisition of Maisel, it was said, was part of the Sox rejuvenation planned by Rowland, the first step in which was the purchase of Eddie Collins.

Two Scouts for the Red Sox.

BOSTON, Dec. 18.—Tom McCarthy of this city will act as a scout for the Boston American League club next season, it was announced today. McCarthy was released by the local National League team for which he performed similar duty last season. It was also announced that Patsy Donovan would continue to scout for the Red Sox as in past years.

Houser to Coach Colby Nine.

WATERVILLE, Me., Dec. 18.—The appointment of Benjamin Houser as coach of the Colby College baseball team was announced today. Houser, who is an infielder, was assistant coach at University of Pennsylvania last Spring, and had played with the Boston Nationals, Philadelphia American and Buffalo International League teams.

$800 to Help Lift Crew Debt.

Columbia's Greek letter fraternities have come forward with a vim in the efforts to reduce the crew debt of $2,700, which was left after the end of the rowing season last June, and have subscribed $400 within a few days after the appeal was issued. Each man in the fraternities has subscribed the $1 assessment set by the Student Board. The undergraduates at the cane sprees yesterday also subscribed $400. The students expect to have the $1,000 necessary to meet a note on Jan. 15, and a substantial amount toward some of the other notes held by the graduates.

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FEDERAL MINOR LEAGUES.

Surplus Players May Be Taken Care of Instead of Casting Them Adrift.

Officials of organized baseball have construed the action of the Federal League in postponing their general meeting in Chicago as simply another measure to force the major leagues to take the initiative in any kind of a deal which would involve a compromise. It is known that the Federal League had decided to retrench to the extent of cutting down their baseball clubs to twenty players, including a manager, and it was pointed out yesterday that when the Federal League's surplus of players is turned loose it will place 104 minor leaguers at random with no place to go.

Robert B. Ward of the Brookfeds, Vice President of the new league, is the authority for the statement that none of the players who signed contracts last season would regret their action and that they would be taken care of by the Federal League. There is only one way to solve this problem, for it does not stand to reason that the Federal League is going to pay money to over 100 ball players for taking a long Summer's vacation. They are sure to put them to work somewhere.

So despite all the denials to the contrary, the officials of organized baseball believe that unless there are some overtures for peace from organized ball before Spring, the surplus of Federal League players will be formed into two minor leagues to further harass the International League and the American Association, the two Class A A organizations.

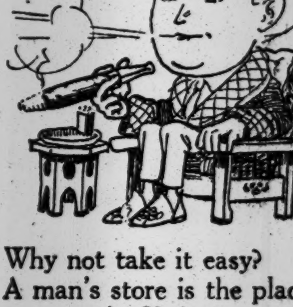
The radical retrenchment of players in the two major leagues is also going to work out to the dissatisfaction of many minor league players, who see their chances of getting in the major leagues greatly reduced. When the minor leaguers come up to the majors and get an additional salary of 25 per cent. over their minor league stipend and are then sent back to the minors at a reduced salary there is sure to be more or less of a howl. The Players' Fraternity is now formulating a request upon the National Commission to rectify this state of affairs, but President Ban Johnson of the American League is authority for the statement that the National Commission will very likely not give the Fraternity any more concessions for some time to come.

If the minor leaguers are dissatisfied, they will be able to find solace with new minor leagues formed under the wing and protection of the Federal League. The new organization has come to the realization that it will be necessary to go ahead instead of retreat if they expect a final satisfactory arrangement with organized baseball.

While the two major leagues officially have practically decided to abandon all efforts for a compromise with the Federals, friends of August Herrmann, Chairman of the National Commission, state that Herrmann in a purely individual capacity will continue to sound the Federals in regard to a settlement. Herrmann knows better than any one else just what the "Feds" had to offer, and it is stated that he has told his colleagues that he still believes that there is hope for some kind of a settlement before the baseball season opens next April. Every one connected with baseball has about arrived at the conclusion that there is no room for three major leagues or any more minor leagues, and there is more to be gained in peace for all concerned than in war.

West Harlem A. C. Open House.

The West Harlem Athletic Club are now in their new large and luxurious rooms and will throw open the doors tomorrow to visitors. The regular cross-country runs will be held over a still better course than before. A large gymnasium and shower baths are at the disposal of the runners. J. J. McNamara of the N. Y. A. C. and Harry Parkinson, winner of the Sea Gate marathon, as well as other well-known runners of the metropolitan district, will compete. All others wishing to participate should report at 2:45 P. M. at club house 301 West 135th Street, off Eighth Avenue.



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NEW YORK, SATURDAY, DEC. 19, 1914.

THE RATE ADVANCE DECISION.

The Interstate Commerce Commission has granted in principle and substance the application of the Eastern railways for a 5 per cent. advance in their rates. There are certain exceptions in the case of a few specified commodities of no very great importance and for reasons. There are greater additions to the main decision through the extension of it outside the territory of the railways making the application. Thus the decision is made applicable to joint rates to and from New England, and on traffic south of the Potomac and west to the Missouri. The Southwest, the Southeast, and New England are benefited with official classification territory.

This tardy concession to the necessities of the railways and of the Commission does the right thing at the right time for the stock market and the country, but not at the best time for the railways or the Commission. If the decision had been made promptly it would have exhausted the effect of the stimulus at a time when it was not so sorely needed, and, therefore, would have forestalled relief to a situation now become much worse. If the advance had been made sooner its benefits would have been filched away from the railways. The advance now allowed must be net to the railways, and is not to be made the excuse for further burdening them by any unjust additions to their costs. There are pending applications for increases of wages, which must be dealt with on their merits. If they are deserved they should be allowed, but rates should be correspondingly advanced. The same consideration applies to tax increases, or to legislation like full-crew laws. If such additions to costs are to be made they should be accompanied with the means of paying the bills by allowing an increase of railway income.

The broad meaning of this decision is that the ordering of charges against railway profits has been checked, because it is perceived that the limit has been reached. The demonstration has been carried to the cracking point of railway credit, and to the extreme of injustice to the railways. The injury to everybody of theoretic regulation is perceived at last, and it is no small gain that the perception comes before it is too late. The immediate psychological effect is considerable, and is the greatest of the immediate effects. It has taken a long time to check the momentum of the affairs of 100,000,000 people, and it will take some time to restore it. But from now the movement will be in the right direction. The progress will be away from disaster, not toward it.

This boon comes through the Commission, but not in the time or the manner to win an excess of gratitude. Even now there are Commissioners who dissent. And the Commission as a whole rather surrenders to the power over it than to the arguments used. The ground of the decision is the recognition of principles established and declared before the application for the advance of rates was made, which the Commission hitherto assumed to deny. The latest official declaration of these principles was by the Hadley Commission, which declared that railway securities must be allowed to rank with other investments if their credit were to be maintained. The Commission undertook to dictate to investors what should be a fair profit on their money. The Commission further undertook to manage the railways rather than to regulate their rates. If it had succeeded it would have been entitled to the credit. Having failed, as it was sure from the beginning that it must fail, it must take the discredit. The failure is a deathblow to regulation of the sort imposed upon the Commission by its chosen advisers, its counsel, Mr. BRANDEIS, and Mr. CLIFFORD THORNE, the Iowa Commissioner, who appeared for the Commissioners of eight States against the railways over whom they had power. Mr. BRANDEIS's error was an excess of zeal for reform and what he thought the public interest. He is not likely again soon to press his views in public or to be retained anew by the Commission. It would be better without counsel of any sort. Mr. THORNE's procedure was an abuse of his office which ought to be dealt with by the people from whom he received his power. Referring to the arguments of the railway representatives, whose pleas are now allowed, he said before the Commission:

> If you railroad gentlemen are able to put that over the American people I shall congratulate you for your consummate ability. You will have earned your handsome salaries for all the rest of your days on this earth. If you gentlemen are able to put that over, that thing which will make this epoch famous for all time, the great miracle of the twentieth century, will be the transformation of water into gold. This will be done by the magic wand of the Interstate Commission. No other event in all recorded history is comparable to this since that wedding feast two thousand years ago. The alchemists of the Middle Ages tried to turn metal into gold, but they failed. They should have tried water.

The Commission's rejection of that argument proves that the exact opposite is true. They are not converting water into gold. They came as near as they dared to requisitioning private property for public use and turning billions of gold into nothing by prostitution of their functions. They have recoiled on the brink and may be trusted not soon again to place themselves in such a predicament as that from which they now escape. This is said without reference to its personal bearings, either toward Mr. THORNE or any of the Commissioners. The reason for the reference to Mr. THORNE is that he represents sentiments which must be discarded if Federal control is to prevail over that sort of Western populistic friendship for the people which has been defeated now thrice within a single generation. It should not be allowed to rear its head anew for many years. The expense of defeating it is too great.

NOT A "RUBBER STAMP."

Gen. WOTHERSPOON, late Chief of Staff of the United States Army, who has accepted Gov.-elect WHITMAN's offer of the State Superintendency of Public Works, is reported in an Albany dispatch to The Sun as destined to be "a very little toad in a big puddle." The General has talked with the present incumbent of the office, Mr. DUNCAN W. PECK, who pointed out that plans for the work on the great barge canal improvement are drawn up by the State Engineer and approved by the Canal Board, in which Gen. WOTHERSPOON will be one of seven. If he wishes to reject a bid for a contract or to award the contract to any but the lowest bidder, that matter, too, must be referred to the Canal Board, five of whose members are strict Republican organization men. Only a vote of the people, who authorized the $101,000,000 improvement, can enlarge the Superintendent's powers. Moreover, the contracts for most of the work are already let and $95,000,000 spent or pledged. The Barge Canal is almost an accomplished fact.

All this being so, what chance has Gen. WOTHERSPOON to render the State a great service? He is still charged with the execution of all laws relating to the repair and navigation of the canals, and at that point he may encounter the opposition of great interests that have already sought, and with considerable success, to hinder the completion of the great work. If Gen. WOTHERSPOON can overcome this opposition and put the canal promptly into service as the cheapest carrier of bulk freight from the West, making expeditious rules for their use, he will have done much. His personal influence, also, should be felt beyond the narrower range of his authority. And if he has not enough to do as administrator of the canal system and member of the Highway Commission, it ought not to be difficult for Gov. WHITMAN to find some special supplementary field for his services. While in public life Gen. WOTHERSPOON will not rust unused.

THE PHILIPPINES BILL.

What a difficult and thorny question legislation for the Philippines may become is shown by the conflicting opinions expressed to the Senate committee by officers directly connected with the administration of the affairs of the islands. For example, HENDERSON S. MARTIN, Vice Governor of the islands, is strongly in favor of fixing now a definite date upon which complete independence shall be announced. As the only logical and consistent corollary to this radical proposition, the Vice Governor would have the United States on that date leave the islands, "bag and baggage." He has no patience with the plan to seek the neutralization of the islands by international agreement.

The virtue of this view, if thoroughly applied, is that it would obviously dispose of the whole question of the rights and duties of the United States in connection with the Philippines. It is a step in advance from Mr. Dooley's philosophic reply to the query of Mr. Hennessy: "Do you "think we should keep the Philip-"pines?" "I do; may the devil fly away with them." Mr. MARTIN thinks we should not keep them, but leave the devil to do his worst—or his best—with them. Two years ago Mr. JONES had the same notion as Mr. MARTIN as to fixing a date for complete independence, but he clung to the scheme of neutralization. He gave up the latter even before the fate of Belgium had thrown a clear light on the probable working of such a scheme, and he was wise. Of all well-meant devices for securing trouble while aiming at peace, that would be about the worst. It would end in stripping us of all real power and greatly increasing our responsibilities.

Chairman JONES, and, apparently, the Filipino leaders with whom he is collaborating, have now given up also the plan for setting a definite date for complete independence—a surrender which, we take it, was induced by the advice, possibly by the demand, of the President. Instead of a period of greater autonomy for the islands, to close with independence tempered by neutralization, the bill now pending in the Senate extends the powers of the Philippine Government somewhat. One of its provisions relates to the suffrage. It grants the vote to three classes: those who held certain offices under Spanish rule; those with 500 pesos ($100) worth of real property, or paying 30 pesos ($6) a year in taxes; and those able to read and write Spanish, English, "or a native language." It is on this latter point that the division of opinion occurs to which we have referred. Brig. Gen. MCINTYRE, Chief of the Bureau of Insular Affairs, says that the War Department fears that great confusion would attend this extension of the suffrage in the election that would closely follow the enactment of the law.

Undoubtedly that is one of a number of risks that are involved. Ex-President TAFT and former Commissioner WORCESTER are to appear before the committee, and they will be able to give advice based on intimate knowledge. Their views in general are known to be conservative. In the meantime, it is to be noted that the grants of power to the Philippine Government are much more carefully guarded than in plans formerly proposed. The general idea seems to have been to widen largely the scope of legislation, reserving corresponding rights of veto and annulment. All measures passed by the Legislature may be vetoed by the Governor General, appointed by the President of the United States with the consent of the Senate. If repassed over the veto of the Governor General, they must still have the approval of the President. Any law passed by the Legislature of the Philippines may be annulled by the Congress of the United States. All laws governing trade relations with the United States must be enacted by Congress. The Justices of the Supreme Court are to be appointed by the President with the consent of the Senate.

CONFUSING THE SITUATION.

The relations of the Government at Washington with the various factions in Mexico are already so disturbing that the persistent activities of the chronic mischief-makers in the border States have became unusually annoying. It is well to remember, now as ever, that the most conscientious reporters and correspondents in Texas and Arizona are continually in danger of being misled by misinformation. The recent report that Gen. BLISS, in command of our troops along the border, had sent an ultimatum to MAYTORENA, whose troops in their bombardment of Naco, Sonora, had been shooting American soldiers and citizens in Naco, Ariz., is now proved to be a hoax. There is reasonably authentic information that MAYTORENA has withdrawn his troops to a point sufficiently far from the border to avoid throwing bullets and shells upon American territory.

We know perfectly well that neither he nor any other Mexican revolutionist is eager to destroy American life or property. Naco, Sonora, and Naco, Ariz., are practically the same town, with the international line running through it. HILL, the Carranza leader in that part of the country, has planted himself there, and his opponents have been trying to dislodge him. The whole situation, as Secretary GARRISON says, is abnormal, and the chronic interventionists, who, strange to say, are bolder and stronger now than ever before, rely on these occasional border mishaps to stir up sentiment in the United States in behalf of their cause. Their most vigorous efforts in the last four years, however, have received no response.

Obviously the American people do not want to intervene, and do not intend to. They are satisfied with their Government's present attitude. So far as the incidents of the few weeks past go, there seems to be no cause for alarm. GUTIERREZ disclaims all responsibility for the reprisals in the capital, and has taken measures to stop them. The capture of Puebla by ZAPATA and ANGELES further weakens the hold of CARRANZA. He has failed utterly to keep the confidence of his compatriots, and there are clear indications now that VILLA and his party will soon be in control of the whole country. That may mean much or nothing, according to their disposition to keep their promises and work in unison to restore order.

THE LINCOLN MEMORIAL.

There is ample assurance that the Lincoln Memorial Building in Washington, designed by Mr. HENRY BACON, will be worthy of its subject and its conspicuous site in the capital. Much of its dignity and beauty, however, and its effect upon future generations of Americans—who will inevitably give no heed to the circumstances of its origin, and the notable triumph of its promoters over the advocates of a dozen quite unsuitable schemes, but will reverence the great man whose memory it honors until the end of time—must depend upon the quality of the sculpture which serves to adorn it. The selection of DANIEL CHESTER FRENCH to make the bronze statue of the martyred President is, therefore, most encouraging.

We have younger sculptors, and some, perhaps, with the imaginative gift more highly developed, but the sum of Mr. FRENCH's achievement thus far has been most satisfactory, and his fitness to execute this honorable commission is not to be questioned. He already has an admired Lincoln in the City of Lincoln, Neb., while his statue of the Minute Man at Concord, Mass., and his John Harvard at Cambridge are examples of American statuary always justly esteemed for the very qualities essential in the new work. Mr. FRENCH made the figure of Alma Mater at Columbia University and the four striking groups which adorn the façade of the New York Custom House. His name, in fact, is closely associated with civic art, and his work for the Lincoln Memorial may fairly be expected to be both spirited and dignified and in close harmony with its surroundings.

CHICAGO IN A QUANDARY.

A municipal committee has been appointed in Chicago for the encouragement of local art. By Dec. 20 this committee is required to spend $2,500 for works of art by Chicago artists. All the artists in Chicago have been asked to submit two works each and to place a very low valuation upon them, so that the committee may buy as many as possible. After the purchase has been made the new collection must be hung somewhere or else passed around where it will do the most good. The committee of necessity washes its hands of this part of the problem, as its power ends with the buying.

This is a quandary more serious than it seems. To spend a million dollars for art in a fortnight's time is easy enough. The magnitude of such a sum would bring advice worth having to the aid of the spender. But where is the man who will aid you in dissipating $2,500 to the satisfaction of posterity? Artists whose fame is safe, who are on committees and in "Who's Who," are not willing to part with an impressive number of works for this sum of money, even in war time, and the committee obviously is counting on a considerable collection. If the work of the unknown men is chosen the Commissioners will have a wider range and quite as much fun in determining what they like. They will not, however, be able to choose the work of men of moderate means and quiet taste, because suburban artists are barred out. People who live in Oak Park and Park Ridge and Winnetka may not compete. This is equivalent to barring our residents of Brooklyn and the Bronx from a New York competition. No one would think of such a thing!

It will be interesting to know how this first attempt of our sister city to do something municipal about art collecting will turn out.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Six Lionesses Loose in a Theatre.

Several highly interesting peculiarities of both lions and human beings were revealed when a combination of ill-luck and carelessness released six of the animals in one of our uptown theatres. Most notable of the manifestations, perhaps, was the revelation that the big cats, in spite of their reputation for ferocity, made no attempt whatever to utilize a marvelously good opportunity for proving how well they deserve it.

All six showed themselves to be quite as much frightened as were the theatregoers with whom they so unexpectedly mingled, and an even stronger inclination to wage a purely defensive war if the preferable alternative of waging no war at all were offered to them. The fact that such animals are always well fed before they are put through their paces by their trainers presumably had something to do with the mildness of temper displayed by these lions—much more, probably, than did the fact that they were not lions at all, but lionesses, since the female of this particular species, if not more deadly than the male, is not appreciably less efficient in battle or less well equipped for it. But very few animals ever attempt to kill anything except when hungry or in self-defense, and lions are not among the exceptions.

For the time being, therefore, these lionesses wanted to be let alone as much as did the people whom they so frightened, and it is beyond reasonable question that any competent animal handler could have half persuaded and half compelled back into safe captivity the one lioness that managed to escape from the confines of the theatre. Instead, the policemen, more courageous than judicious, attacked and killed the poor beast—and incidentally brought down one of their own number while engaged in the work of needless slaughter.

The people in the theatre would have better preserved their equanimity had they remembered that the lion is a stalking animal, with a deep-seated preference for single and lonely victims, attacked from behind and by surprise. That alone made the crowd practically safe if its members did nothing at all.

Efficiency in War Acknowledged.

England's militants, when they again become articulate, are likely, should their demand for the vote not be promptly granted after the war is over, to say a good many and rather embarrassing things to their opponents about the organization, just reported from London, of a Women's Volunteer Reserve.

They and their milder sisters, both in and out of Great Britain, have been told innumerable times that the vote is not for them because they, as a sex, cannot take in war the effective part upon which the existence of a nation then depends. The logic of this assertion has always been made perilously weak by the fact that men, too many to be called negligible exceptions, though in like predicament, have the same suffrage privileges as do their younger and stronger brothers. Still, though this argument [illegible] under strain, it has not broken, hitherto, but just that it now threatens to do.

The Lord Mayor of London and other high officials are not only lending their grateful encouragement to the formation of this new body, but they are crediting it with functions and abilities not less distinctly and directly military than is the firing of rifles or cannon. The women, it seems, are to be trained after enrollment for signaling, dispatch riding, telegraphing, motoring, and camp cooking, and all these are or may be tasks so dangerous that nobody ever did or would deny to men who perform them either the name o the credit of soldiers.

If the enfranchisement of women depends on their capacity to perform important military services, there remain but poor and insincere excuses for withholding it from them, especially as they do not differ from any man in being unable to perform, or at least ill-adapted for performing, all the kinds of military service there are. Some women, unquestionably, are competent for every kind that could be mentioned; indeed, there is nothing demanded by war that certain women have not already done. And that is as much—or almost as much—as can be said about any representative of humanity's masculine half. That is what the militants will say, anyhow, and it will not be easy to prove them wrong.

Celebrating Ghastly Slaughters.

When one reflects upon what it means to sink a modern battleship—the carrying down of close to a thousand men with hardly more chance for their lives than has a trapped rat when dropped into a pail of water—it gives more than excuse for professing surprise that any civilized people should rejoice over such a victory and celebrate it with songs and cheers, the waving of flags and the setting off of fireworks.

Yet just such rejoicings occur in one country or another after every naval victory—which is also, of course, a naval defeat—and even the fellow-citizens of the drowned sailors seem to feel sorrow rather than horror, and are moved to no such angry determination to punish somebody as followed the sinking of the Titanic.

But the difference is not inexplicable. The men who perish in these dreadful, and always unfair, combats, are the objects of little or no animosity as individuals; their courage and their devotion to what is called "duty" prevent that; yet it is realized that what was done to them they would gladly have done to "the enemy," and when we happen ourselves to be that "enemy" we cannot be expected to mourn their fate or to refrain from rejoicing over it.

Pertinent to these reflections, perhaps, is the fact that in modern naval war victory is not a matter of skill in manoeuvring, as it so largely was in the past, or of heroic persistence in fighting against odds. Instead, it depends on mere thickness of armor and weight of cannon. The stronger fleet or ship always wins, the weaker always loses. A fine business, truly, war on the sea has come to be!

Pernicutous Criticism. Is Resented.

One of our readers has been moved to pious horror, real or in specious pretense, by the discovery in this column of the word "boughten," used in distinction from "home-made." At any rate, he has cut out the paragraph containing the word and sent it to us pasted on a sheet of paper bearing the exclamatory — and unsigned — exclamation, "O Lord, you must have come from the Tennessee mountains!"

The deduction, if true, wouldn't be particularly opprobrious, for there are worse places than the Tennessee mountains to come from. But what is the matter with "boughten"? It may not be stately, probably it wouldn't be the first choice of a Mr., Mrs., or Miss Primmy, but we are not all, and wouldn't be, of that ilk, and the dictionary has nothing scathing to say of "boughten." What a large fat one just consulted does say is "Local, U. S.," and that, surely, breaks no bones—no American bones, at least, however the characterization may be interpreted.

Would our critic have preferred the somewhat stuffy word "purchased," or "bought," which certainly offends the sensitive ear if used as an adjective? "Boughten" is exactly as good as a hundred other words similarly formed with the same termination, it is used all over the country, as well as in the Tennessee mountains, it is lucid and convenient, and there is no satisfactory substitute for it. More or higher merits no word needs.

DID PLAY NATIONAL ANTHEM.

Secretary of the Irish Volunteer Committee Corrects a Report.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Allow me to correct two misstatements which appeared in your report of the Irish Volunteer meeting held in Terrace Garden last evening. One is that the audience did not applaud when the "Star-Spangled Banner" was played. The other is that the "Star-Spangled Banner" was not played. Neither statement is true.

The meeting was opened, as all Irish Volunteer meetings are, by the playing of the national anthem by the orchestra. When, some time later, two companies of uniformed Volunteers entered the hall, bearing aloft the Stars and Stripes, behind which was borne the Irish Republican tri-color, the strains of the national anthem again broke forth, the whole audience rising to its feet and cheering enthusiastically.

The meeting started promptly at 8:30, and it was later when THE TIMES reporter appeared. I conducted him to the press table, and can vouch for the fact that the national anthem was played twice before his belated appearance.

It is quite true that "Die Wacht am Rhein" and "A Nation Once Again" were heartily applauded by a mixed audience of "hyphenated Americans." This is as it should be, and will, no doubt, lose its novelty through frequent repetition.

MATTHIAS HARFORD,
Secretary I. N. Volunteer Committee.
New York, Dec. 18, 1914.

AN APPEAL FOR THE WOUNDED

Mrs. Benjamin Guinness Asks for Magazines and Picture Papers.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The whole country is teeming with soldiers; fine, strong, cheerful men, all longing to get out to the front, and it is really extraordinary to be in London, where you can't walk the streets without meeting a little squad of recruits 100 strong marching along and getting ready to go out.

In our tiny village here and the neighborhood we have 1,000 men training, so I would be glad to have newspapers and magazines for them, as I am organizing a kind of club for the men in the evenings where they can read, write, and smoke, and any kind of literature is more than welcome. Perhaps some of your readers would send me weekly their old magazines and picture papers for the use of the soldiers, sailors, and Belgians in hospitals. It would be a wonderful help, as I could be the direct means of distributing to thousands of people both here and abroad, because so many of my friends have hospitals abroad, and I am on a soldiers' club committee here besides the one in my village. Old playing cards are most welcome.

I am delighted with your new mid-week picture magazine. I really think THE NEW YORK TIMES is the most interesting newspaper in existence.

(Mrs. BENJAMIN) BRIDGET GUINNESS.
North Cross, Windsor Forest, England, Dec. 5, 1914.

"PEACE WITH FREEDOM."

Comments on The Times's Editorial Article on the War.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I have been a careful reader of the editorial articles of your most excellent paper for the last twenty years, but never in all these years have I read a more timely editorial than that appearing in your issue of Tuesday, Dec. 15, 1914, under the title, "For the German People, Peace With Freedom." I wish that a copy of this editorial might be placed in the hands of every German-American in the country, and that it might be published in every newspaper in the German Empire. FRANK W. LARNED.
Wilkes-Barre, Penn., Dec. 15, 1914.

Hopes Germany Will Heed.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

You are to be congratulated upon the profound wisdom and admirable judgment displayed in that wonderful editorial of yours in this morning's edition entitled "For the German People, Peace With Freedom," and it is safe to say that it is the heartfelt wish of all Americans that Germany may hasten to profit by your good advice.

W. W. HALLOCK.
New York, Dec. 15, 1914.

The Duty of German-Americans.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Thank you for your leading editorial article in this morning's paper entitled "For the German People, Peace With Freedom." It is a great utterance of incalculable value at the present time. You have spoken on the same subject before, but never with such clearness and strength.

I have just finished reading your publication of the French "Yellow Paper," and feel still more strongly than ever that it is time for all lovers of freedom and free institutions, and haters of militarism, whatever their national or racial antecedents may be, to try and show our German friends what they are fighting for, and to plead with them to give up this "stupid, senseless, and unnecessary war."

Very justly do you appeal to men of German blood among us, our German-American citizens, to be American first of all, and to do all within their power to help their kinsmen beyond the sea understand conditions as they are. Why are they in America if they do not love liberty, true democracy? If they believe in German militarism why are they not over in their true Fatherland fighting for the empire? WILLIAM M. BRUNDAGE.
Brooklyn, N. Y., Dec. 15, 1914.

An Unusual Page.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Pardon me for expressing my opinion that "the page" in THE TIMES of Dec. 15, 1914, has never been surpassed in the history of journalism. The brilliant Chesterton on one side and that wonderful leader on the other! Convincing from the pregnant first line to the last word. It is the last word and makes for peace. W. L. D. O'GRADY.
New York, Dec. 15, 1914.

Germany's Imperial Ambitions.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I cannot refrain from expressing my admiring appreciation of your editorial in last Monday's issue. It may be our duty as good citizens to support to the end the upright position of neutrality assumed by the Government at Washington—even if it should incline backward, though of this I am not so sure. What I am sure of is this: It is the duty of the people with united voice to protest against the behavior of Germany in bringing on and prosecuting this "needless and senseless war." We all pity the poor German school boys and fathers of families who are being sacrificed, as we pity the Belgian children whom they have made fatherless and motherless—not always, by any means, in fair fight. But we have only moral detestation for the arrogant German claims of a superior culture, and still more for their ruthless plans to dominate Europe, and, later, other large areas of the world (?) by the traditional and avowed Prussian method of "blood and fire."

GEORGE TRUMBULL LADD.
New Haven, Conn., Dec. 16, 1914.

The German Military Caste.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I wish to congratulate you and express my appreciation of the editorial entitled "For the German People, Peace with Freedom," published in THE TIMES Tuesday, Dec. 15. It is a most able presentation of the case and I am sure has been read with particular interest by all who are concerned with the disastrous effect of this present war on the great German people. A very nice distinction is drawn in this editorial article between the German people as we know and love them and the imperial and military caste which is responsible for this present catastrophe. L. S. HORNER.
New Haven, Conn., Dec. 16, 1914.

An Enthusiastic Reader.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Will you permit me to make an acknowledgment of appreciation to you for your editorial in THE TIMES upon the German people, and also for your tribute to our highly esteemed fellow-citizen Col. Roosevelt in the same issue? I am writing for three or four readers of THE TIMES who are beyond the middle-age limit, but so eagerly watch for your editorials since the dreadful war and are such enthusiasts that we feel we must extend the hand of kindly good fellowship to you as earnest well wishers.

MARY B. KIDDER.
New York, Dec. 16, 1914.

Should the United States Protest?

To the Editor of The New York Times:

You are to be congratulated upon your most able and outspoken article upon the present war situation and its ultimate outlook. Few newspapers have so fearlessly expressed their opinion where neutrality has been so strongly minded. But the proof of the contention of your article in part, that the countries of the world could not allow Germany to win, is best brought to the attention of this country again today by the wanton bombardment of three English towns, all of which are unfortified, and the killing of many innocent citizens, which is against all civilized modes of warfare as agreed on at The Hague conventions, at which this country was a signatory.

Isn't it about time the United States should voice a strong protest against such modes of warfare? A fair fight at sea or bombardment of fortified places is all part of the game, but the slaughter of non-combatants, including women and children, is a disgrace to one and all who stand by and see it done. A. WILES.
Brooklyn, N. Y., Dec. 16, 1914.

Commends the Advice.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Permit me to commend THE NEW YORK TIMES for its exhaustive and able editorial entitled "For the German People, Peace with Freedom," in your issue of Dec. 15. The editorial sounds like the kindly advice of an admiring friend of the German people. I earnestly hope that the German-Americans in this country, to whom the editorial is specifically addressed, will take it very seriously to heart. They certainly stand in a position to do great service for their native country.

If citizenship in this country means anything at all to them, it should have bred an intelligent disregard for so-called imperialistic ideas and the divine right of Kings. This subject was pretty well thrashed out on this continent in our Revolution and fully discussed at that time by a native Englishman, resident here, Thomas Paine, to whose writings on that subject I commend the Germans in this country.

New York, Dec. 17, 1914. R. A. P.

The Times War Pictures.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I send two copies every week of THE NEW YORK TIMES Mid-Week Pictorial War Extra to England and the recipients say they are superior to anything published in the United Kingdom.

ARTHUR F. WHITIN.
Whitinsville, Mass., Dec. 10, 1914.

SOME DISSENTING VIEWS.

German-Americans Want Fatherland to Fight to the End.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In your editorial entitled "For the German People, Peace with Freedom," which appeared in your issue of Dec. 15, you say that Germany is doomed to sure defeat. It appears to me that this is a clear case of the wish being father to the thought. No man is able to predict with certainty what the future holds in store, and it may be that in the end Germany will be forced to yield. But up to the present time I fail to see any indications of this; in fact, it looks to me more and more as if Germany were bound to win eventually. All efforts to invade German soil continue to fail, and I think you will admit that in order to defeat Germany it will be necessary for the Allies to overrun her territory. Germany is fortunate in that she is entirely self-supporting. She produces everything which her population requires and needs to import nothing. She can continue the war indefinitely, whereas financial reasons will eventually compel the Allies to quit.

Your advice to Americans of German extraction may be sincere, but it will not be followed. We Americans of German extraction want Germany to fight to the bitter end, and we are encouraging her to do so with every means in our power. We are sending large sums of money to the German and Austrian Red Cross and we are encouraging our German friends and relatives to keep up the fight, as we all know that Germany will triumph in the long run.

BENEDICT PRIETH.
Newark, N. J., Dec. 15, 1914.

Germany Not "Overmatched."

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Your editorial in today's paper on Germany, in which you predict that she "is doomed to sure defeat," is remarkable. I beg to differ with you most emphatically. You say Germany is "overmatched in arms," and state further on, rather illogically, that if the Allies cannot overcome her, (with nearly the entire organized military strength of the world,) then the other European nations will take a hand in the game.

Now I doubt if Germany is overmatched in arms. It is conceded that she is now outnumbered, but to be "overmatched" means, to my mind, that there is no hope for her in military skill, resources, or in anything else. I have just been reading of how Darius led hordes of the Persians against certain tribes in Europe said to be Scythians. Historians differ as to who these European Scythians really were, but I believe they were the original Teutons. Darius was glad to retire alive, and the tactics employed by these "barbarians" were similar to those of the Germans today, the employment of the forces of nature to foil the invaders.

ROBERT E. GARDINOR.
Napanoch, N. Y., Dec. 15, 1914.

Will Complain to Germany.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

As a reader of your paper for over twenty-five years I trust I am not trespassing on your time if I allow myself to write to you regarding your today's editorial headed "For the German People, Peace with Freedom."

As an American citizen of German birth it has grieved me deeply to see the absolutely unrelenting anti-German feeling expressed in your paper since the war began, but today's editorial certainly caps the climax for malicious vituperation.

Your article is nothing less than scandalous, and while it may not make any difference to you, I shall certainly stop reading your paper and do everything in my power to influence my friends to do the same.

I have secured sufficient copies of this editorial to send to a number of my friends in Germany, who will see to it that the proper authorities take cognizance of same, so that any of your representatives who hereafter may wish to enjoy the hospitality of Germany will receive the proper treatment.

I. S. WOLF.
New York, Dec. 15, 1914.

Servia's Valor.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

As a Serb allow me to thank you for your instant and wholehearted appreciation of Serb valor, as set forth in your stirring and brilliantly written editorial article in THE TIMES.

As a soldier, I may say that the Servian victory is due not only to the genius of our great general, Field Marshal Putnik, who conducted also the two previous victorious wars, but in a very important degree to the perfect co-ordination of effort of every arm and branch of the Servian Army, and the determined and united spirit of the entire nation. As a letter addressed by me to the Servian nation—published in the Belgrade press in March, 1912—expressed that faith:

> Servia's best ally has always been Servia. The conquering might of a people as of an army lies not in mere numbers—not in big battalions, nor yet in the sole mechanical superiority of the armaments; but that which makes an army or a nation invincible is the spirit of the man behind the gun, and the spirit of the nation back of that man. * * * The sure stronghold of Servian defense is the soul of every Servian man and woman.

THE NEW YORK TIMES must be congratulated for its splendid achievement in giving to the American people a comprehensive account of the present great events in Europe with fairness to all the combatants.

LAZAROVICH AREBELSANOVICH.
New York, Dec. 16, 1914.

QUESTIONS.

Morituri salutamus,
For we're marching to the war,
To fight the foreign foemen,
To kill men we never saw;
They are some one's fathers, brothers,
They've left loving, weeping wives,
We'll forget their fond old mothers,
For we're bound to take their lives;—
Why?

Morituri salutamus,
Peaceful homes and joyful days,
Loved ones who have made us happy
In a thousand different ways.
Dear wife—loose those clinging fingers,
Think not of our babe unborn,
For we're bound to kill, to murder,
And we march tomorrow morn;—
Why?

Morituri salutamus!
Life was sweet and full of zest,
We had hoped for other battles,
To achieve the most and best;
But our country's call has reached us,
'Tis a call we must obey;
It has said, "Rise, leave thy loved ones,
Gird on arms, go forth and slay!"—
Why?

Morituri salutamus!
We shall see our homes no more,
While our dear ones, leaden-hearted,
Live to mourn, life's joy all o'er,
Eyes have seen such awful visions,
Ears are filled with din of strife,
Men are killing Christian brothers,
Death is making sport of life—
Why?

Nos victurae, nos rogamus,
We, the sisters, mothers, wives,
Who have sent our men to battle,
To lose health, and limbs, and lives,
As we sit in lonely terror,
Waiting for the blow to fall,
We would know why they are fighting,
What shall profit from it all?—
Why?

Quam vivemus, tam rogemus,
Why our homes are desolate,
Why the potent strength of millions
Must destroy, and not create;
Why this mighty cry of children,
Left without a guiding hand,
Why this woeful wail of famine,
Should be heard throughout the land—
Why?

Dum vivemus recusemus
'Gainst this senseless, godless strife,
'Gainst this Juggernaut of battle,
Endless sacrifice of life;
Why, when Christmas bells are ringing
Out the news of Jesus' birth,
Why are there no voices singing
Joy to men and peace on earth?—
Why? E. M. P.

FRANK'S MORAL ENERGY

'Can He Write His Own Speeches?' a Personal Acquaintance Asks.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In the light of later developments in the Frank case and in part answer to two questions recently put:

1. Why is so much publicity being given to this case in New York?
2. Is Leo Frank capable of writing the speeches attributed to him, or were they prepared by his counsel?

I am asking you to reprint a letter published in THE TIMES of March 14, 1914:

> I first met Leo Frank in a children's library of which I was in charge from 1896 to 1906. He was then attending a public school in the neighborhood of the library and of his home. Between the ages of 12 and 14 years he read a finer selection of books than any boy who frequented the library. His delight in the great heroic characters of literature and history remains one of the vivid memories of years which marked the beginnings of special library work for children.
>
> The boy read with rare appreciation and intelligence, and like hundreds of other boys, was in the habit of talking with me familiarly about his reading and his future hopes and plans. In February, 1898, an exhibit of books and portraits relating to heroic characters was held in the children's room. The boys and girls were unusually interested in this exhibit and the subject of heroism and wrote papers about their favorite characters and their ideas of heroism. Leo Frank, then a boy of 14, wrote the following:
>
> "In ancient times a brave man only was a hero, but now in modern times a hero has to be brave and good morally and virtually."
>
> This sentiment characterizes the habitual mental attitude of the boy I knew during eight years of his life, from the age of 12 to 20 years. On entering high school, Leo Frank was transferred to the adult department of the library. Throughout his high school course, however, and during his college years, he continued to visit the children's room and to take a vital interest in its concerns and progress, and to share his growing experience with books and life.
>
> The children's library does not segregate boys and girls. It approximates the life of a large family in recognizing no age limit and in its freedom of personal contact. In its insistence upon equal social rights and privileges it affords rare opportunities for the study of democratic relationships.
>
> In this environment and as a resident of the neighborhood in which he lived, I watched Leo Frank grow from boyhood into manhood. I knew his mother and sister, also, during this period of eight years, and I know that the aspiration to be fine pervaded his daily life.
>
> ANNIE CARROLL MOORE.

This letter was written after reading Leo M. Frank's statement when resentenced to death on March 7. His words, "I say that moral death is my terror," recalled other words of his spoken as a boy of 14. I was able to find them in his own definition of heroism. In so doing and in verifying his signature on the library register many memories were stirred, and I became morally certain that the boy I had known during eight of the most impressionable years of his life was father to the man sentenced to be hanged. It seemed incredible. I have been asking myself at intervals ever since: What is education about, any way, if there is to be no deep and continued interest in those who have passed into the life of the State and the nation?

Leo Frank is the first Jewish boy I ever knew, for I grew up in a Maine village and was partly educated in two of the old New England academies. During eighteen years of library work for children in New York I have come to know personally and through others the children of many races and religions, and I have grown to estimate more clearly and to value increasingly the fine mental, moral, and spiritual qualities to be found differently expressed in each race, religion, and individual.

There are two boys who stand out from all the others I have ever known, who remain with me in persistent memory as to their characters and their tastes in reading. One, a little Scotch boy, who died fifteen years ago at the age of 9. The other, Leo Frank.

Both were singularly gifted in their ability to express their thoughts concerning living persons and books. Both were also normal, healthy, happy boys, with the right kind of families and friends.

As the daughter of a lawyer who, for more than half a century, was deeply concerned with educational, moral, and social problems in their relation to the laws and in their still more vital relation to the life of the State, I know that the effect of the process of law is strengthened whenever the moral aspects of a case based upon circumstantial evidence are clearly set forth and long dwelt upon by the community and the country at large.

This is precisely what THE NEW YORK TIMES has tried to do with the Frank case, it seems to me, and as an unsolicited contributor moved solely by a strong human interest in the fate of a man whose boyhood has been an active influence in my understanding of boys of many races, I desire to express my appreciation of its efforts and those of other newspapers in setting this case before the people of the State in which Leo Frank was educated and beyond its boundaries.

Is Leo Frank capable of writing the speeches attributed to him?

That the speeches more than anything else reflect the personality and expressive style of the boy is my own opinion confirmed by his teachers of history and English and by others familiar with his philosophic turn of mind and his gift of self-expression. No one except Leo Frank could possibly have composed them. That he should have been capable of writing the last one under such circumstances after an imprisonment of eighteen months and in the face of death is a wonderful tribute to the sustaining power of the English language in the mind of a person who has something to say.

What has the process of education to do with this or with any criminal case? Very much more than we have been accustomed to think when the case in question challenges respect for the entire legal process. What then shall we do?

Shall we retire to our laboratories for educational research concerning the making of American citizens while the law takes its course with those we have already made? or Shall we declare the faith that is in us concerning persons whose characters are known to us?

ANNIE CARROLL MOORE.
New York, Dec. 18, 1914.

A Cheerful Christmas Spirit.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I should like to propose that every person in our great country wear something red from Thursday, the 24th, till Monday, the 28th—red holly berries, a red ribbon in the buttonhole, a red necktie, any little touch of red to signify Christmas cheer, and that the "Wearers of the Red" shall attempt to give Christmas smiles and pleasant words to everyone. It is especially urged that persons in mourning observe this suggestion of the decoration, to relieve the strain which mourning clothing casts upon all beholders.

Surely every one will be glad to honor the Prince of Peace at this season by wearing a "good-will badge" and smiling a "peace-on-earth smile" to rich and poor alike.

New York, Dec. 16, 1914. K. N. B.

MARIE TEMPEST IN AN OLD FAVORITE

She Gives Again Her Brilliant Performance in "The Marriage of Kitty."

PLUS A CURTAIN RAISER

"The Dumb and the Blind," by Harold Chapin, Is a Drab Study of the Hearthside of a Clod.

THE DUMB AND THE BLIND. A one-act play, by Harold Chapin.
Joe Henderson..........W. Graham Browne
Liz, his wife..........Nellie Moore
Emmy..........Lilian Cavanagh
Bill Pepper..........John Alexander

THE MARRIAGE OF KITTY. A three-act comedy, adapted from the French by Cosmo Gordon Lennox.
Sir Reginald Belsize.....W. Graham Browne
John Travers..........Herbert Ross
Nerbury..........John Alexander
Hampton..........Guy Newall
Mme. De Semiano..........Katherine Kaelred
Rosalie..........Kate Serjeantson
Katherine Silverton..........Marie Tempest

Marie Tempest reached the third stage of her Comedy Theatre répertoire last evening when she put away "At the Barn" and gave in its place "The Marriage of Kitty," that gay and sprightly comedy which Cosmo Gordon Lennox adapted from the French of De Grésac and De Croisset. It was in this play that she made such a complete success, both in London and America, about twelve years ago.

"The Marriage of Kitty" is the story of a woman who formally marries a baronet for his convenience and then decides that no one shall take him from her. After that no one has strong prospects of doing so. The comedy is entertaining and shows precious few signs of age. What makes it so highly agreeable, however, is the brilliant performance of Miss Tempest as Kitty. Her fun is so sparkling, so infectious, so infinitely communicable.

There is no escaping it, for she all but steps across the footlights in her perfect assumption that those on the other side have a fine sense of humor, and that they are relishing all she imparts by every amused wink, every shrug of the shoulders and every one of those funny, throaty famous little chuckles.

"The Marriage of Kitty" is preceded by a one-act curtain raiser called "The Dumb and the Blind," the work of Harold Chapin, who wrote "The Marriage of Columbine," recently seen here at the Punch & Judy Theatre. It was probably tacked on to the evening's programme, partly for good measure and partly to afford a further glimpse of the versatility of W. Graham Browne, the leading member of Miss Tempest's supporting company.

"The Dumb and the Blind" is a quite undramatic fragment. It is no more than a drab little study of emotion forcing its way to expression through the inarticulateness of the tenement folk whose bleak household the playlet visits. Its process is somewhat akin to the quest of a light in a fog. Mr. Browne, whose performance in the longer play is roublesomely mechanical, gives a really fine portrait study as the bargee lord and master of the top floor back.

MME. DESTINN HAS A COLD.

Unable to Sing in "La Gioconda"—Two Operas Given.

The chill blasts of Winter succeeded last night in making good their threats of the past few days against the Metropolitan Opera Company, for the scheduled performance of "La Gioconda" had to be omitted in favor of another bill, owing to a cold contracted by Mme. Emmy Destinn. The day before it was a question up to the last moment whether Geraldine Farrar would be able to sing the title rôle in "Tosca" on account of a similar indisposition, and even Antonio Scotti was not spared, for he spent Thursday afternoon in his rooms trying to get rid of a sudden hoarseness that threatened to interfere with his singing of Baron Scarpia.

"Cavalleria Rusticana" and "Pagliacci" were sung last night in place of "La Gioconda." The casts of both operas were familiar, except that in the former Mme. Gadski sang Santuzza, a rôle in which she is not frequently heard. While there is perhaps a little touch of the grand manner carried over from her Wagner rôles that scarcely fits the character of Santuzza, her impersonation and her singing of the part were, on the whole, as excellent as they have already proved themselves to be.

Her singing was a little uneven, but at its best it had considerable power. The others in the cast were Luca Botta, a fine Turiddu; Mmes. Duchene and Mattfeld, and Mr. Tegani.

In "Pagliacci" Caruso, Amato, and Miss Bori showed that neither the weather nor anything else has had a bad effect on their voices. The others were Messrs. Audisio and Tegani. Mr. Polacco conducted both operas.

WEDDED BEFORE PORTRAITS

Pictures of Miss Ackerman's Late Parents at Improvised Altar.

Miss Florence Nightingale Ackerman and William Hamilton Forsyth, an Englishman, were married on Wednesday night at the Hotel Astor. Portraits of the bride's parents, the late Major Howard Ackerman and Mrs. Ackerman, framed in white satin, were placed at the improvised altar.

The bride was just convalescing from a serious illness, and a trained nurse was with her. Her parents and a brother had all died within the last year, and her country home was recently burned to the ground.

The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Dr. William L. Tenney of Brooklyn, and was witnessed by the immediate relatives and a few friends.

Mr. Forsyth and his bride plan to make their home in this city.

SOCIAL NOTES.

Alfred G. Vanderbilt has left for Pasadena, Cal., to be with his friend, Frederick Martin Davies, who is seriously ill. Julien T. Davies left several days ago to join his son, who is a nephew of the late Frederick Townsend Martin. Mrs. Vanderbilt and her two young sons will spend Christmas at Sagamore Lodge in the Adirondacks.

Mrs. John Hubbard Parker of 24 East Sixty-second Street, will give a tea on next Tuesday for Mrs. Charles S. Whitman.

Mrs. Walter C. Noyes of 31 East Sixty-third Street, is to entertain with a dance for her daughter, Miss Marian A. Noyes, on Monday, Dec. 28, in the Ladies' Annex of the Metropolitan Club.

Mr. and Mrs. Ralph H. Isham of 226 West Seventieth Street are being congratulated on the birth of a daughter. Mrs. Isham was formerly Miss Marion Gaynor, a daughter of the late Mayor Gaynor.

Today's entertainments will include the first of the Saturday evening dances at Delmonico's; Mrs. Richard V. Lindabury's tea dance for her débutante daughter, Miss Margaret Lindabury; Mrs. John L. Cutler's tea dance at Sherry's for Miss Elinor Cutler; Mrs. George H. Macy's dance for Miss Kathleen Macy; Mrs. Gustaf Stromberg's afternoon reception for her daughter, Miss Adelaide B. Parker; Mrs. Pierre Mali's dinner dance for Miss Eva Mali; J. Hornblower De Witt's dance at Sherry's for his niece, Miss Helen Anita De Witt, and Mrs. George A. Morrison's tea for Miss Cornelia Lee.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

George Grossmith and Emmy Wehlen will be the hosts at a Yuletide party on the stage of the Shubert Theatre following the opening performance of "Tonight's the Night" at that theatre Christmas Eve.

William Faversham will appear in the Christmas Fund benefit at the Hippodrome Sunday night as Marc Antony and will deliver the funeral oration in the Forum scene in his street clothes. The "mob" will be made up of well-known actors and actresses.

A. H. Woods will donate the entire receipts of "Kick In" at the Republic Theatre next Tuesday night to the Santa Claus Association of New York, which provides presents for poor children.

TWIN SISTERS DEBUTANTES.

Misses Hayden Introduced—Misses Tweed and Robb Among Buds.

There were many entertainments given yesterday afternoon and last night for débutantes.

Mrs. James Raynor Hayden gave a coming out reception at her residence, 121 West Fifty-fifth Street, for her twin daughters, the Misses Ruth T. and Faith T. Hayden. Mrs. Hayden and the débutantes, in pale pink satin, had receiving with them the Misses Margaret Erhart, Constance Peabody, Gertrude Welling, Julia Potter, Grace Pierce, Ensley Hodgson, Katharine Thomas, Elinor W. Kendall, Martha S. Gay, and Margaret Warren.

Mrs. Charles H. Tweed of 12 East Thirty-sixth Street introduced her youngest daughter, Miss Mary W. Tweed, at a tea dance at the Colony Club. Mrs. Tweed and the débutante had receiving with them the Misses Sallie Carter of Williamstown, Mass.; Theodora Dunham, Margery D. Westcott, Helen Evarts, Sylvia Holt, Sylvia Hoyt, and Katharine Arnold of Albany.

Mrs. Clarence E. Chapman of 970 Park Avenue introduced her daughter, Miss Alice Chapman, at a reception followed by a dinner and informal dancing. Those in the receiving party included the Misses Dorothy Boreham, Marie Barber, Dorothy Carman, Katharine Hill, Frances Peck, Katharine Sperry, and Cecilia Broom. The men asked for the dinner were Frank Skinner, W. Martin Vogel, Charles P. Eddy, Jean Leonard, Walter Beinecke, John Bonbright, John Tuthill, Lorne Coesaut, Hugh Grimshaw, and Dr. Lewis K. Modley.

Mrs. Park Mason Woolley of the Apthorp entertained last night with a dance at Sherry's for her débutante daughter, Miss Cornelia Leggett Woolley. The dancing was in the tapestry suite, which was decorated with holly, mistletoe, and poinsettias, and a buffet supper was served from midnight on. Mrs. Woolley and Miss Woolley received alone.

Mrs. Henry A. Todd of 824 West End Avenue entertained at a luncheon yesterday for Miss Roxana Wentworth Bowen, a bud of the season. The other guests were, besides the Misses Lisa and Clover Todd, the Misses Almy Gilford, Constance Peabody, Hope Colgate, Helen Ridgely Morgan, Anne Woodin, Sylvia Hyde, Anne Moore, Sylvia Holt, and Mildren Dennis.

Mrs. N. Thayer Robb gave a dance at Sherry's last night to introduce her daughter, Miss Janet Henderson Robb. A number of small dinners for débutantes preceded the dance, including one that Mrs. Goodhue Livingston gave for Miss Robb. The dance was in the small ballroom, which was decorated in pink. Mrs. Robb, in pale pink satin veiled with embroidered pink tulle, and Miss Robb, in a white robe with iridescent trimming and pink roses, had receiving with them the bud's grandmother, Mrs. Charles R. Henderson, in pale gray satin. Supper was served in the adjoining rooms.

Mrs. Livingston's dinner guests included, besides her niece, Miss Janet Henderson Robb, the Misses Anna R. Alexandre, Louise Hoadley, Mary Alexander, Helen Hamilton, Katharine Porter, Esther Auchincloss, and also Bayard Rives, Wadsworth Lewis, F. Burrall Hoffman, Jr., Robert R. Livingston, and John Hodges, Jr. The Misses Clara and Gertrude Gilbert also gave a dinner for their débutante niece, Miss Noemi Gilbert Townsend, and took their guests to the dance. Among them were the Misses Symphorosa Bristed, Adrienne Iselin, Violet King, Elizabeth McVickar, Mary Stevens Chapin, and Josephine de Gersdorff.

WEDS WITH SISTER'S AID.

Miss Pfaessle Becomes a Bride and Wires Absent Brother-in-Law.

Mr. and Mrs. Carle Wadsworth Johnson, the bride of Great Neck, L. I., and the bridegroom of Altoona, Penn., started South for their honeymoon on the 6 o'clock train from the Pennsylvania Station last night. When it became known yesterday that Mr. Johnson had married Miss Gertrude Pfaessle, the 21-year-old sister of Mrs. Ashton Vandegrift, the latter told the story.

Mr. Johnson was introduced to Miss Pfaessle four months ago at a luncheon. They were engaged in a short time. Mrs. Vandegrift did not say that her husband did not welcome Mr. Johnson to their home on Cedar Drive, in Great Neck, but she said that, to forestall any possible objection on his part to the wedding, she helped Miss Pfaessle in her plans, which included obtaining a license in Manhasset and motoring to the Little Church Around the Corner in Manhattan for the ceremony during Mr. Vandegrift's absence in Philadelphia. Mr. Vandegrift was in Philadelphia on Thursday and the programme was carried out without a hitch.

After the wedding breakfast at the Waldorf-Astoria, a telegram was sent to Mr. Vandergrift in Philadelphia, announcing the wedding. Then the wedding party returned to the Vandegrift home in Great Neck. If Mr. Vandegrift had any objections to the match he will have time to forget them before Mr. and Mrs. Johnson return.

MISS ANDREWS'S WEDDING.

Attendants for Her Marriage to Nelson Collingwood Hyde on Jan. 20.

The wedding of Miss Naomi Andrews, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel W. Andrews of 875 Madison Avenue, to Nelson Collingwood Hyde, son of Mr. and Mrs. Salem Hyde of Syracuse, N. Y., will be celebrated in St. James Church, Madison Avenue and Seventy-first Street, at 4 o'clock on Wednesday afternoon, Jan. 20. There will be a reception after the church ceremony at the home of the bride's parents.

Miss Dorothy Hyde of Syracuse, sister of the bridegroom, will be the maid of honor, and the bridesmaids chosen are the Misses Adeline Hotchkiss, Elizabeth Kirlin, Marion J. Becker, Marion Hall, Eleanor Scarfe of Sewickley, Penn., and Phyllis Tomlinson of Bridgeport, Conn.

Mr. Hyde will have as best man William Willets. The ushers include Arthur B. Churchill and Maltbie Babcock of Syracuse, Oscar Weston of East Orange, and Stuart Raleigh and Oakley Brown of this city.

"The Messiah" at Columbia Tonight

"The Messiah" will be sung tonight by the Columbia University Chorus of 260 voices in the university gymnasium. This oratorio is given under the auspices of the Columbia Extension Teaching Department and the Institute of Arts and Sciences in the interests of choral music. Prof. Walter Henry Hall will conduct the chorus, and the soloists will be Mrs. Agnes Alsop Ward, soprano; Miss Ida Gardner, contralto; Dan Beddoe, tenor; Robert Maitland, bass, assisted by a complete orchestra. The concert is the first of three to be given during the Winter and Spring by the chorus.

Tea for Mrs. Melthorpe Beauclerk.

Miss Katharine A. Carl gave a tea yesterday afternoon in her studio, 51 Washington Square, for her cousin, Mrs. Melthorpe Beauclerk, a daughter of the late Sir Robert Hart. The late Hon. Mr. Beauclerk was a son of the Duke of St. Albans and was in the English diplomatic service in China and elsewhere, and at the time of his death was British Minister to Peru. The guests at the tea were chiefly those who had been connected in some way with China, Peru or the other countries in which Mr. Beauclerk had seen service.

Rumanians Call to See Bryan.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 18.—Rumania's special commission sent to inquire into the ability of American manufacturers to furnish military supplies and equipment for the Rumanian Army reached Washington today and paid a visit of courtesy to Secretary Bryan at the State Department.

Tourists for Panama.

Among those sailing today for Panama on the Tenadores are:

Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Chaplin, Mr. and Mrs. A. Alexander, Mr. and Mrs. S. G. Davenport, Mrs. P. Gibson, Mrs. M. K. Paxton, Mr. and Mrs. S. F. Shaw, and A. Whitner.

PAUL JONES CLUB STARTS CHARITY AID

Brilliant Array of Society at Founders' First Meeting at Hotel Vanderbilt.

FOR SUPPER AND DANCING

Membership Fee Is $30, of Which $20 Goes to City's Well-Known Charities—The Guests.

The first meeting of the Founders of the Paul Jones Club was held last night in the Della Robbia Room of the Hotel Vanderbilt, and society was brilliantly represented. The governors of the club are Richard Peters, Alfonso de Navarro, Horace Stebbins, Moncure Robinson, Elliot Bacon, Percy R. Pyne, 2d, William W. Hoffman, W. R. Stewart, Jr., Francis Roche, Hamilton Fish, Jr., and Charles D. Wetmore.

The club is to have meetings for supper and dancing during January and February on Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, and Saturday nights, the last night of the week to be given over to members and their guests. To become a member costs $30, of which $20 goes to charity. It is estimated that $10,000 will go to the charities under whose auspices the club has been formed.

The charities interested are the Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor, Cornelius N. Bliss, Jr., President; Charity Organization Society, Robert W. de Forest, President; Secours Nationale, Mrs. Whitney Warren, Chairman; LaFayette Fund, Archer M. Huntington, Treasurer; American Women's War Relief Fund, Lady Paget, President, and the American Ambulance in Paris. For the latter $2,200 is expected to be raised for the purchase of two ambulances, one to be known as the Paul Jones, the other as the LaFayette. Each charity will have its night.

The decorations of the Della Robbia Room last night consisted of wistaria and vari-colored lanterns hanging among foliage. Former Ambassador to France, Myron T. Herrick, was the invited guest of honor. Many came after the opera. Among the guests were Mr. and Mrs. C. B. Alexander, Mr. and Mrs. Perry Belmont, Mr. and Mrs. M. Orme Wilson, Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt, Mrs. Francis K. Pendleton, Miss Louise Sands, Mr. and Mrs. Austin Gray, Mr. and Mrs. James B. Eustis, Mr. and Mrs. Archer M. Huntington, John S. Milburn, Ogden L. Mills, George Sheldon, Mr. and Mrs. Edmund L. Baylies, Mr. and Mrs. F. Gray Griswold, Mr. and Mrs. J. Gordon Douglas, Miss Evelyn Burden, Mrs. Whitney Warren, James Deering, Philip M. Lydig, and Mr. and Mrs. R. A. C. Smith.

THE NEW YORK SYMPHONY.

Saint-Saens's Symphony and Debussy's "Iberia" Played.

At the concert of the New York Symphony Society yesterday afternoon in Aeolian Hall, the symphony was Saint-Saëns's in C minor; the soloist was Ossip Gabrilowitsch, who played, as he did once before in New York just six years ago, Rachmaninoff's second piano concerto: and this was followed by Debussy's three pieces for orchestra called "Iberia."

Saint-Saëns's ambitious sympthony, which has been known in New York for a quarter of a century, does not often appear upon programmes of the orchestral societies, although it is by no means generally "shelved." It is long and very serious, his most elaborate attempt in orchestral composition, and enlists besides the usual orchestral apparatus the organ and the piano, not as solo instruments, but as part of the collective instrumental forces. He has also adopted in it some more or less original ideas of his own concerning form, one of whose results is that the work appears in two main divisions, containing within them the four traditional movements, but with certain abbreviations or omissions of some of the customary repetitions. He has also made use of a "germinal theme," as others have done before him, which appears in various transformations and furnishes some of the material for all the movements.

Like most of Saint-Saëns's music, this symphony is more interesting than inspiring or inspired. Its beauties are sober and self-restrained; there is ingenuity in the development of the central idea, and in some of the contrapuntal passages. It has something to say, though it does not rise to lofty eloquence or poetic fervor. The elaborate instrumentation, to which the composer called attention when it was first produced, no longer seems especially noteworthy, if it ever did; the use of the piano, played sometimes by one performer and sometimes by two, is singularly ineffective and unnecessary. That of the organ, however, makes a real contribution to the tonal substance.

Mr. Gabrilowitsch played the concerto in a masterly style. He has developed since his first appearance in New York a dozen years ago into a commanding artistic personality. There were fine, sinewy vigor, poetic feeling and splendid rhythmic incisiveness in his performance, which was marked by admirable self-restraint. It was a performance dominated evidently by affection for the work and devotion, and set forth the concerto in its best light. It has been many times heard in New York; but even so excellent a performance as Mr. Gabrilowitsch gave does not establish its place very high. There are pages of real beauty in it, certain climaxes of impressiveness. If the theme of the slow movement were not so insistently repeated it would leave a more fragrant memory than it does.

Debussy's "Iberia" consists of three pieces, all evoking the atmosphere of Spain by day and by night, as he has been fond of doing in other compositions. They are all, of course, what is called "impressionistic," vague in form and substance, depending more upon orchestral color, capriciously shifting harmonies and dissonances, and strongly defined and intricate rhythms than upon thematic material for their effect. They show great cleverness in the manipulation of side materials; but he has done similar things before with greater subtlety and charm.

OFF FOR EUROPE TODAY.

Some of the Passengers on Four Steamships—The Arrivals.

Transatlantic liners sailing today and some of those booked to leave on them are:

TRANSYLVANIA, (Liverpool.)—L. W. Barnett, W. P. Beaumont, Mr. and Mrs. James Buchanan, Mr. and Mrs. O. C. Bush, Col. R. C. Carleton, D. S. O., Miss Marion S. Davies, Prof. B. Freeman, L. J. Garcey, L. S. Gompin, Mr. and Mrs. A. R. Jennings, T. W. Lyons, Charles H. Russell, Mrs. E. J. F. Scott, Dr. J. M. Sinclair, R. A. Suffern, J. G. Weeks, and Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Woodrow.

NEW YORK, (Liverpool.)—Mr. and Mrs. D. W. Brown, Miss E. M. Bevan, C. V. Bryant, Graham Buckley, F. R. G. S., Mrs. F. M. Burns, Mrs. H. C. Carpenter, Mr. and Mrs. E. Collinson, R. A. Colvin, V. J. Cook, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. J. Cuthbert, Mrs. Rose Frood, Mrs. J. Geddes, Thomas Hayes, Mrs. J. A. Holland, W. Kennedy, Miss Jean Miller, Mrs. M. Morant, M. G. Shaw, T. C. Thomas, and T. A. Topping.

ESSEQUIBO, (London via West Indies.)—W. Aichin, James Atkinson, G. Babsom, Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Blevins, James G. Carleton, Mrs. M. E. Carter, Ernest Clarke, Robert Cobb, Miss L. A. Coombs, J. W. Curtis, R. E. Hardin, Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Edwards, M. Johnson, Mrs. Tennant-Lee, Miss A. Powell, I. M. Reed, J. W. Robbins, T. W. Sugden, Mrs. H. E. Stout, W. A. Thurston, E. R. Warner, Miss Anna West, and R. B. Young, Jr.

POTSDAM, (Rotterdam.)—William E. Flick, F. Nelson, J. R. K. Pennink, Dr. P. A. Smithe, William Viall, H. Hessel, and Augustus Frank.

Among those arriving yesterday on the Touraine from Havre were:

Mrs. L. J. Black, H. Clews, Jr., M. Claverie, H. Guillaume, M. Hotchkiss, E. Hermes, Dr. and Mrs. Le Goff, and J. M. Reitlinger.

HERRICK, BRYAN'S GUEST.

Secretary Gives a Breakfast for Ex-Ambassador to France.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 18.—Secretary of State Bryan entertained at breakfast today, complimentary to the former Ambassador to France, Myron T. Herrick. Invited to meet the latter were the Ambassador of France, Senator Burton, Senator Pomerene, Henry White, ex-Ambassador to France; Lawrence Norton, and Julius H. Parmalee.

Gen. and Mrs. John A. Johnson entertained at dinner this evening, complimentary to Postmaster General and Mrs. Burleson.

Mrs. John B. Henderson entertained a large dinner company this evening, having among her guests Secretary of State and Mrs. Bryan, Ambassador from Chile and Mme. Suarez, Secretary of War and Mrs. Garrison, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Todd Lincoln, Minister from Peru and Mme. Pezet, ex-Ambassador to Germany and Mrs. David Jayne Hill, Mr. and Mrs. Winston Churchill, Dr. and Mrs. Charles Wolcott, Mrs. William F. Draper, and Senator Burton.

Mrs. John H. Gibbons entertained a large luncheon company of young people today, complimentary to Miss Helena Elliott, who is the guest of Mrs. Thomas T. Gaff. Capt. and Mrs. Gibbons have cards out for a dance at the Play House on Jan. 2 in honor of Miss Ruth Wilson and Miss Elizabeth Wiley.

The first of the season's dances at the Washington Navy Yard this evening was a brilliant success. Mrs. E. W. Eberle, wife of Capt. Eberle, the new Commandant of the Yard, welcomed the company, assisted by Mrs. Chester Wells, Mrs. J. D. Gatewood, Mrs. Francis Nash, Mrs. Ralph Earle, Mrs. R. H. Woods, and Mrs. Frank Pinney. The dance, as usual, took place in the Sail Loft. A section of the Marine Band furnished the music.

Among the dinner hosts preceding the dance were Dr. and Mrs. Nash, who entertained in honor of Miss Mary Wister Wurtz of Philadelphia, who is the guest of their daughter, Miss Caroline Nash; Mrs. Robert H. Travers, Mr. and Mrs. I. T. Mann, Paymaster and Mrs. Bonaffon and Lieut. and Mrs. John B. Rhodes.

Ex-President Taft, who has been a twenty-four-hour guest of Mr. and Mrs. William J. Boardman, returned to New Haven this evening.

Secretary of War and Mrs. Garrison plan passing Christmas at Atlantic City, where Mrs. Garrison will remain for a week.

Mrs. David Jayne Hill has issued invitations to an afternoon reception Saturday, Jan. 2. Dr. and Mrs. Hill have taken the residence 1424 Massachusetts Avenue for the season.

Mr. and Mrs. Winston Churchill have arrived from Boston and taken possession of the house on Sixteenth Street which they have leased for the Winter.

MRS. JUDGE DIES IN SLEEP.

Prominent Clubwoman's Husband Called in Vain on Telephone.

Mrs. John H. Judge, prominent in women's clubs, suffrage, benevolent and religious organizations, and a sister of Ira N. Hollis, President of Worcester (Mass.) Polytechnic Institute, died suddenly yesterday at her home, 27 West Ninety-fourth Street. She was apparently in the best of health the day before her death.

Yesterday morning her husband entered her room and saw her apparently slumbering. He quietly left the room, went to his office, and at 9 o'clock telephoned back home. He was informed that Mrs. Judge was still sleeping, and again at 11 o'clock and at noon, when he telephoned, he was told that she still was sleeping. Finally he decided to return to see what was the matter, having in the meantime requested the family physician to meet him. It was found that Mrs. Judge had been dead for many hours, probably since the middle of the night.

Her death was attributed to apoplexy. She had never entirely recovered from the shock of an automobile accident a year ago last September, in which her sister was killed and she was injured.

Before marriage Mrs. Judge was Miss Winifred Hollis, daughter of Mrs. M. J. Billings. She was born in Louisville, Ky., and, coming to this city, she developed an interest in club life. She had a Summer home at Wildwood, N. J.

Mrs. Judge was a member of the New York Legislative League, the Rubinstein Club, the Society for Political Study, of which she once was President; the Woman Suffrage Association, of which she was for a long time Secretary; Woman's Health Protective and Little Mothers' Aid Associations, and until recently Chairman of its Auxiliary No. 1; Daughters of the Confederacy; Colorado Cliff Dwellers' Association, Shakespeare and Woman's Press Clubs, and also a worker of St. Agnes's Chapel in West Ninety-first Street.

Besides her husband, Mrs. Judge is survived by a son, Victor H. Stockell.

MRS. F. M. DYCKMAN DEAD.

One of the Last Surviving Members of Old New York Family.

Mrs. Fannie M. Dyckman, widow of Isaac Michael Dyckman, died yesterday at her residence, 15 East Seventy-first Street. Mrs. Dyckman was in her eighty-third year and was one of the last surviving members of the well-known Dyckman family which owned from early Colonial times a farm of many hundred acres in the upper part of Manhattan Island.

The greater part was sold off by the family several years ago, but the locality is still known as the Dyckman tract. The name of the family is perpetuated in Dyckman Street, and one of the Dutch type of farmhouses built by the family about the time of the Revolution is still standing, overlooking Broadway at 207th Street.

Mrs. Dyckman before her marriage was Fannie Blackwell Brown. Through her grandmother, Jemima Dyckman, she was related to her husband, and in 1867 he inherited from his uncle, Isaac Dyckman, a large portion of the famous farm. Mrs. Dyckman was active in religious and charitable work of the city. She left two daughters, Mary Alice, wife of Prof. Bashford, Dean of Columbia University and the Metropolitan Museum of Art, and Fannie Fredericka, wife of the architect, Alexander McMillan Welch.

John G. Follansbee Buried.

The funeral of John Gilbert Follansbee, Steward of the New York Jockey Club, who died in Summit, N. J., on Tuesday, was held yesterday in Grace Church, Broadway and Tenth Street, by the Rev. Charles L. Slattery. Many associates of the late turfman attended the services. The pallbearers were William Randolph Hearst, Foxhall P. Keene, Algernon Daingerfield, Truxton Beale, John Sanford, H. K. Knapp, D. T. Murphy, M. J. Corbett, Andrew Miller, F. Gray Griswold, John Livingston, Price McKinney, Thomas H. Williams, and P. J. Dwyer. The interment was in Woodlawn Cemetery.

Francis C. Cogan.

Francis C. Cogan, a Democratic politician of New Jersey, died last night at his home at Passaic at the age of 62 years. He was City Clerk of Passaic from 1884 to 1890, Secretary of the Passaic Board of Tax Assessors from 1890 to 1893, and Internal Revenue Collector for the Sixth Congressional District of New Jersey for a number of years. Later he became connected with the Acquackanonk Water Company and was for a while Superintendent of the water works of Dover, N. J.

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NOTED EXPLORER DEAD.

Archibald Ross Colquhoun Dies in London at 66.

LONDON, Dec. 18.—Archibald Ross Colquhoun, the journalist and explorer, died today.

Archibald Ross Colquhoun was born off the Cape of Good Hope in March, 1848, son of the late Dr. Archibald Colquhoun of Edinburgh. He was a member of the Institute of Civil Engineers, and a Fellow of the Royal Geographical Society, of which he was a Gold Medallist. He was educated in Scotland and on the Continent, and in 1871 he was in the Indian Public Works Department. He was Secretary and second in command of a Government mission to Siam in 1879, and from 1881 to 1882 explored Canton to Bhamo to trace the best route for connecting Burmah and China by railway. He was correspondent for The London Times in the Franco-Chinese war, 1883-84.

In subsequent years Mr. Colquhoun in an official capacity visited South Africa and on the occupation of Mashonaland became its administrator in 1890. He visited the United States in 1893 after he had been invalided. Next he went to Central America to examine the Nicaragua and Panama Canal routes. Again he went to China in 1896 to negotiate for railways, and traveled through Siberia, Eastern Mongolia, and China from north to south. He traveled through the Dutch East Indies, Borneo, and the Philippines before he visited this country a second time, and went again to South Africa.

He was the author of dozens of books concerning his travels and investigations.

A. Gross Dies in Railroad Station.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW ROCHELLE, N. Y., Dec. 18.—Albert Gross, a member of the firm of Edward Gross, picture publishers at 853 Broadway, New York City, died suddenly from acute indigestion last night in the New Haven Railroad Station here. Yesterday was his forty-third birthday anniversary. His wife met him in New York for dinner and theatre. He complained of feeling ill and they started home. He took some medicine in a pharmacy. When he reached New Rochelle he collapsed. His home was at Coligni and Clinton Avenues, New Rochelle.

Senator Robert Jaffray.

Senator Robert Jaffray of the Dominion of Canada and President of the company publishing The Globe of Toronto, is dead at his home, Surrey Lodge, Grenville Street, Toronto, in his 83d year. He was born in Scotland, and after receiving his education at Stirling Academy went to Canada in 1852. Senator Jaffray was a member of the Commission of Queen Victoria Niagara Falls Park, Vice President of the Crow's Nest Pass Coal Company, and Vice President of the Imperial Bank of Canada. He was a member of the Ontario, Toronto, Rideau, and Ottawa Clubs.

Obituary Notes.

WALTER S. McKINNON, a civil engineer of York, Penn., died yesterday in the Washington County Hospital, at Hagerstown, Md., aged 43 years. His father is Dr. James B. McKinnon, ex-City Clerk of York, Penn.

ISRAEL P. KALES, for forty years a manufacturer of hosiery at Reading, Penn., is dead at his home there, aged 76 years.

ROBERT A. HAMILTON, a veteran of the Confederate Army, a well-known musician and the last surviving member of Stonewall Jackson's brigade band, is dead at his home in Staunton, Va.

AMMI R. SCHANCK, son of Prof. J. S. Schanck, for many years Professor of Chemistry at Princeton University, is dead at his home in Princeton, N. J. He was a graduate of Princeton, class of '77, and had held several county offices in Mercer County.

WILLIAM HAGGERTY, formerly employed in the United States Mint in Philadelphia, is dead at his home, 1828 South Bancroft Street, Philadelphia. Several years ago he was the owner of the Washington House stables and was active in city politics.

Capt. JOHN VAN PELT, who, during the civil war, was in charge of the State Militia Recruiting Bureau at New Dorp, S. I., died on Thursday at the home of his daughter on the Amboy Road, Great Kills, S. I., aged 92 years. His ancestors had been residents of Staten Island more than 200 years.

JOSEPH CAMERON, Supreme Recorder of the Catholic Mutual Benefit Association of the United States and Canada, died yesterday in his home at Hornell, N. Y. He was a member of the Board of Managers of the Willard State Hospital.

GEORGE WASHINGTON PHILLIPS, a job printer in Manhattan and long active in Methodist Church circles in Brooklyn, died of pneumonia on Thursday at his residence, 252 Stuyvesant Avenue. Mr. Philips was born in Bellport, L. I., seventy-three years ago. He left a son and a daughter.

Miss MARGARET BELL JAMES, born in England in 1846 and a resident of Brooklyn for sixty-five years, died at her residence, 592 Hancock Street. She was a member of the Women's Benevolent Society of the Lafayette Avenue Presbyterian Church and the Woman's Christian Temperance Union.

Mrs. CATHERINE M. CLARK SWICK, wife of the Rev. Minor Swick, a retired minister, died on Thursday at her home, 54 South Parsons Avenue, Flushing, L. I., aged 78 years.

CHARLES J. O'NEIL, an attendant in the Fifth District Court, died on Thursday at the home of his son, 103 Vermilye Avenue, Bronx. He was in his sixty-fourth year and had been employed as a clerk in the Magistrates' Courts of Brooklyn for thirty years.

BRADFORD YALE, Assistant Superintendent of St. John's Hospital, Brooklyn, for the last five years, died of heart disease on Thursday at his residence, 344 Monroe Street, Brooklyn. He left a wife.

LEANDER LEHMAN, for twenty years with the Mallory Steamship Company, died on Wednesday night at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Philip Brady, in Flushing, L. I. He was born in this city seventy-two years ago.

Mrs. GRACE F. HUNTER, wife of James F. Hunter, Assistant Superintendent of the Consolidated Gas Company, died on Thursday at her residence, 1,623 Dorchester Road, Flushing, following an operation for appendicitis. She was in her twentieth year.

MICHAEL REIN, a basket manufacturer, for thirty years in business in Greenpoint, is dead at his home, 4 Monitor Street. He was born in Bavaria, Germany, sixty-three years ago and was a member of the Francis F. Williams Republican Battery.

JOHN WILLIAM RABER, an insurance broker and inspector, died of heart disease on Wednesday at his home, 274 Wallabout Street, Brooklyn.

CHARLES LOCKWOOD, formerly a well-known Hell Gate pilot, died yesterday at his home, 416 Warren Street, Brooklyn, in his ninetieth year.

RALPH McAULIFFE, 22 years old, son of Dr. Denis A. McAuliffe, Professor of Operating Surgery at the New York Post Graduate Hospital and Adjunct Professor in the Medical Depatment of Fodham Hospital, died yesterday at his home at 50 Central Park West. He was a graduate of Holy Cross College and a student in Fordham College.

CHARLES MATHEWS, Jr., a wealthy Philadelphia lawyer, retired, died at his home in Ocean City, N. J., yesterday of paralysis at the age of 72.

PETER WHITE, a member of the firm of Haskins & Sells, certified public accountants, and resident partner of that firm in Chicago, died there suddenly on Thursday. Mr. White was one of the foremost experts in municipal accounting in this country. He formerly lived in New York.

The Rev. NAPOLEON BARROWS, who was for many years pastor of St. John's Church of Huntington, L. I., died at Niagara Falls on Thursday. Dr. Barrows was born in 1825 and was the eldest surviving alumnus of Hobart College, from which he was graduated in 1844. He was a son of Capt. Chester Barrows, who took a prominent part in the battle of Lundy's Lane during the War of 1812. Dr. Barrows is survived by a daughter, Mrs. William Robertson, and two sons, John Chester and the Rev. William S. Barrows, for many years head of the Deveaux College at Niagara Falls.

Mrs. WILLIAM R. MALONEY, 74 years old, widow of William R. Maloney, died at her home, 44 North Hamilton Street, Poughkeepsie, N. Y., yesterday as the result of burns received from her clothing catching fire from an open fireplace.

LEMUEL HAYWARD of the class of 1845 of Harvard University and founder of the Hasty Pudding Club, famous for its college theatricals, died on Thursday at his home at Keene, N. H., in his eighty-ninth year. Mr. Hayward, as a member of the Hasty Pudding Club, arranged a performance of "Bombastes Furioso" at the University in 1844. After his graduation Mr. Hayward engaged in cattle raising in Texas. At the close of the civil war he entered the dry goods business and later became a member of the firm of Francis Skinner & Co., Boston.

WILLIAM H. COONROD, aged 60 years, a wealthy coal, lumber, and feed merchant of Port Jervis, N. Y., was found dead in his bed yesterday morning at his home. He was an officer in the Y. M. C. A., loan and savings society, telephone company, and M. E. Church. He left a wife and two daughters.

BERNARD MORMAN, aged 61 years, President of the Monticello Ice Company, died of apoplexy in Monticello, N. Y., yesterday. Until recently he was a merchant in Port Jervis, Vice President of the oldest building and loan and savings society in New York, a member of the Board of Education in Port Jervis for nine years, and Commissioner of Charities under the recent Democratic administration.

JOHN M. BOYLAN, Registrar of Licenses, died yesterday at his home in Paterson, N. J. He was born in Paterson thirty-five years ago, and, until the time of his appointment as Registrar in 1901, was in the soda water manufacturing business. He was a member of the Elks, Eagles, and the Jefferson Democratic Association.

ALFRED A. HAYDEN, a veteran of the civil war, died Thursday night at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Lillie Leek, 132 Washington Street, Flushing, L. I., aged 73 years. He was born in Great Neck. Mr. Hayden was a member of Shinnecock Tribe, Improved Order of Red Men.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Born.

REDINGTON.—Born to Mr. and Mrs. Paul Merrill Redington, a daughter, Evelyn Dean Redington, on Dec. 16, in New York City. Mother and baby doing well.

Engaged.

HOFFMAN—BRANDT. — Clara Brandt to Harry Hoffman.

Married.

CHEW—McDONALD.—Dec. 17, Helen L. McDonald to the Rev. Dr. John M. Chew.

COHEN—HERMAN.—Dec. 15, Alma Herman to Sidney Cohen.

LEVY—SYDMAN.—Dec. 14, Sadie Sydman to Aaron Levy.

Brooklyn.

KREUSLER — DAHLBENDER. — Dec. 15, Edna Dahlbender to Richard Kreusler.

SIMMONDS—JACOBS.—Dec. 17, Daisie Jacobs to Edward M. Simmonds.

STEMMANN—FOSTER.—Dec. 17, Mildred W. Foster to John W. Stemmann.

Newark.

CRATER—COWAN.—Dec. 15, Olivia A. Cowan to Edwin C. Crater.

GREGORY—BACHMAN.—Dec. 16, Clara E. Bachman to Harry C. Gregory.

Died.

BARNES.—On Thursday morning, the 17th of December, 1914, Mary Caroline, widow of Henry Wheeler Barnes and eldest daughter of the late Henry Young. Funeral services at 10:30 on Saturday morning at her residence, 106 East 17th St.

BATCHELOR.—Mrs. Annie S., widow of Edward Batchelor of Philadelphia, on the 17th inst., in her seventy-fifth year, at the residence of her son, Edward C. Batchelor, 217 Reynolds St., Kingston, Wilkes-Barre, Penn. Funeral services at 1,321 North 13th St., Philadelphia, on Sunday, 20th inst., at 2 P. M. Interment private.

BEST.—At his residence, Highland Farms, Chatham, N. Y., Dec. 18, 1914, Willis James Best.

BLAUVELT.—Suddenly, of pneumonia, at Rockefeller Institute Hospital, John W. Blauvelt, son of Col. W. F. Blauvelt, United States Army. Requiem mass at St. John's Church, Piermont, N. Y., Monday, Dec. 21, at 11 A. M. Kindly omit flowers.

CAUCHOIS.—Suddenly, on Dec. 17, John J. Cauchois, in his 67th year. Funeral private.

DYCKMAN.—At her late residence, 15 East 71st St., on Friday, Dec. 18, in her 83d year, Fannie Blackwell Brown, widow of Isaac Michael Dyckman of Kingsbridge and daughter of Benjamin and Hannah Odell Brown. Notice of funeral hereafter.

FUREY.—On Dec. 17, suddenly, John V. Furey, Brigadier General, U. S. A., retired, beloved husband of Georgianna G. Furey, at his residence, 10 8th Av., Brooklyn. Interment private. Philadelphia papers please copy.

GREENSTEIN.—On Friday, Dec. 18, Hannah, (nee Stern,) beloved wife of Benjamin Greenstein, mother of Alice and Edith, and sister of Julia Sarzin, Isaac Stern, and Charles Stern, in her 45th year. Funeral from her late residence, 117 East 179th St., on Sunday, Dec. 20, at 10:30 A. M.

GROSS. — Albert Gross, beloved husband of Adeline Baruch and brother of Edward, Samuel, and Jacob Gross, at New Rochelle, N. Y., Dec. 17, in his 43d year. Funeral service Sunday, 10 A. M., at Davis's Funeral Parlors, Rose and Huguenot Sts., New Rochelle, N. Y.

HAYS.—Charles Wilcox, at Fort Montgomery, N. Y., in his 78th year, Thursday, Dec. 17. Funeral private. Omit flowers.

JUDGE.—Suddenly, on Friday, Dec. 18, at her residence, 27 West 94th St., Winifred Elizabeth, beloved wife of John H. Judge and daughter of the late Mrs. Mary J. Billing and sister of Prof. Ira N. Hollis, President of Worcester Polytechnic Institute. Funeral services at St. Agnes's Chapel, West 92d St., near Columbus Av., on Monday morning, Dec. 21, at 11 o'clock.

KEATES.—On Dec. 18, 1914, Gertrude Mead, daughter of the late Robert G. and Harriet N. Mead of Ossining, N. Y. Funeral private.

KELLY.—Frank. Funeral THE FUNERAL CHURCH, 241 West 23d, (Campbell Building.) Under auspices Actors' Fund. Time later.

KING. — At Allenhurst, N. J., on Dec. 17, 1914, Georgina R., wife of Thomas L. King. Funeral services on Sunday, Dec. 20, at 4 P. M., at the residence of Frederick K. Gaston, 734 North Broad St., Elizabeth, N. J. Train leaves Pennsylvania Station, N. Y., 3:04 P. M. Carriages will be in waiting at Elizabeth, N. J.

KOUWENHOVEN.—Thursday, Dec. 17, 1914, Luke Kouwenhoven, in the 85th year of his age. Funeral Monday, Dec. 21, 2 P. M., at his late residence, Shore Road, Steinway, Long Island City. Interment private. Kindly omit flowers.

KYTE.—Suddenly, at Fanwood, N. J., on Friday, Dec. 18, 1914, Jane Elizabeth, eldest daughter of the late Charles and Elizabeth Haynes Kyte. Notice of funeral hereafter.

LIEBLEIN.—On Dec. 18, Margaret Lieblein, beloved mother of Grace Lieblein. Funeral services on Sunday, Dec. 20, at 194 North 19th St., Ampere, N. J. Train leaves D., L. & W. 2:05 P. M.

LE ROY.—Dec. 17, 1914, Marion Peck, wife of Sherman Hoyt Le Roy. Funeral private. Interment at Poughkeepsie, N. Y.

McAULIFFE.—On Dec. 18, 1914, Ralph, beloved son of Dr. Dennis and Carrie McAuliffe. Funeral from his late residence, 50 Central Park West, on Monday, Dec. 21, at 9 A. M., thence to the Church of St. John the Evangelist, where a solemn requiem mass will be offered at 9:30 A. M. for the repose of his soul.

MAXWELL.—Friday, Dec. 18, Henrietta Millar Maxwell, late of 161 West 75th St., widow of Rev. James Lee Maxwell and mother of Mrs. Harry F. Wells. Funeral services at Christ Protestant Episcopal Church, Broadway and 71st St., Monday morning, Dec. 21, 11 o'clock. Interment private. Please omit flowers.

MILLER.—At Brookhaven, N. Y., Dec. 18, 1914, Ellen C., widow of the late Nathaniel Miller, in the 87th year of her age. Funeral service Sunday at 1:30 P. M.

MURPHY.—On Dec. 18, Anna Prudence Murphy, widow of the late James D. Murphy, at her residence, 23 East 83d St. Funeral services at St. Patrick's Cathedral Monday, Dec. 21, 10 A. M.

MURPHY.—Mary, daughter of the late Michael Murphy and Margaret Sullivan, sister of Michael, Timothy, Jere, James, and Margaret, died suddenly Friday, Dec. 18, 1914, at her late residence, 790 Columbus Av. Notice of funeral hereafter.

NEWMAN.—On Dec. 18, 1914, Edward, beloved son of the late Charles I. Newman and Rosa Newman and brother of Israel, Norman, Bertram, Esther, Ella, Mrs. Minnie Isaacs, and Mrs. Julia Fisher. Funeral Monday, Dec. 21, from his late residence, 1,130 Union Av., Bronx. Interment, Bayside Cemetery. Please omit flowers.

PARDO.—Effie Pardo, beloved wife of Carlos Pardo, daughter of late Sarah Cohn, loving sister of Lester, Rose, and Stella. Funeral services 11 A. M., Monday, Dec. 21, at 31 Waverly Av., Holland Station, Rockaway Beach. Interment Mount Zion Cemetery, Astoria, Long Island. Troy, (N. Y.,) papers please copy.

PARISH.—On Dec. 17, 1914, in the seventy-third year of his age, Daniel, son of the late Daniel and Mary Ann Parish. Funeral services at The Brick Presbyterian Church Saturday, Dec. 19, at 10 A. M.

PARISH.—The members of the New York Historical Society are requested to attend the funeral services of Daniel Parish, Jr., Chairman of the Executive Committee, at the Brick Church, 5th Av. and 37th St., on Saturday, Dec. 19, at 10 A. M. JOHN A. WEEKES, President.
FANCHER NICOLL, Recording Secretary.

PARISH.—Members of the American Numismatic Society are requested to attend the funeral services of Daniel Parish, Jr., Governor and Honorary President of the society, at the Brick Presbyterian Church, Saturday, Dec. 19, at 10 A. M.
BAUMAN L. BELDEN, Secretary.

PERRY.—On Thursday, Dec. 17, 1914, at 215 West 105th St., Harriet Maria Perry, in her 89th year. Funeral at Church of St. Mary the Virgin, West 46th St., 9:45 A. M. Saturday. Burial at Wilton, N. Y.

PETTY.—Dec. 18, 1914, May W., wife of Sidney A. Petty, at residence, 23 West 128th St. Notice of service later.

Died.

QUINLAN.—John J. Quinlan. Members of the National Democratic Club are requested to meet on Saturday, Dec. 19, at 9:45 A. M., at the Church of St. Ignatius Loyola, 84th St. and Park Av., to attend the funeral services of John J. Quinlan, a Governor of the club. John M. Riehle, President; William H. Jasper, Secretary.

SCHLESINGER.—Alexander C., son of the late Charles and Hannah Schlesinger, on Friday, Dec. 18, in his 52d year. Funeral services will be held on Sunday morning, Dec. 20, at 11 o'clock, at Hotel Endicott, Apartment 217, 81st St. and Columbus Av. Interment at convenience of the family.

SWICK. — On Dec. 18, 1914, Catharine M. Clark, wife of Rev. Minor Swick, aged 78 years. Funeral services at her late residence, 54 South Parsons Av., Flushing, L. I., on Sunday, Dec. 20, at 3 P. M.

TEEPE.—On Dec. 16, at her residence, 735 11th Av., Astoria, L. I., Anna Fredericka Teepe, in her 64th year, widow of John Charles Teepe and mother of Frieda, Henry, and George, and Anna C. Clausen and Augusta V. Viehmann. Services at home Saturday evening, Dec. 19, at 8 P. M.

TOWNSEND.—Sons of the Revolution in the State of New York.—Office of the Society, Fraunces Tavern, corner Broad and Pearl Sts., New York, Dec. 18, 1914: With regret announcement is made of the death, Dec. 16, of REV. FRANK WILLIAM TOWNSEND of Unadilla, N. Y., a member of this society.
ROBERT OLYPHANT, President.
HENRY RUSSELL DROWNE, Secy.

WEILL.—Thursday, Dec. 17, Adolph, beloved husband of Rachel Goodman Weill. Funeral from late residence, 456 West 142d St., Sunday, Dec. 20, 10 A. M.

WELLINGTON.—On Friday morning, Dec. 18, 1914, Julia Celia Wellington, beloved wife of John Wellington, in her 77th year. Funeral services at her late residence, 1,001 Summit Av., Highbridge, N. Y., on Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Interment private.

YOUNG.—On Dec. 17, 1914, in her 45th year, Margaret T., daughter of the late W. G. and Elizabeth A. Young, formerly of Greenport, L. I. Funeral on Saturday, Dec. 19, at 12:30 P. M., from Home for the Friendless, 936 Woodycrest Av., near Jerome Av. and 161st St.

BOGAN.—Edward, 1,869 Bathgate Av., Bronx, Dec. 17. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.
BYRNES.—John, 841 10th Av., Dec. 17. Funeral today, 9 A. M.
CARTER.—Louisa M., 533 West 156th St., Dec. 17. Funeral today, 1:30 P. M.
DOLL.—Anton, 716 Beck St., Bronx, Dec. 17, aged 73. Funeral tomorrow.
DUNCAN.—James F., 384 Willis Av., Bronx, Dec. 17. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.
ELLIS.—Charlotte E., 594 East 167th St., Dec. 17. Funeral service today.
EMMONS.—Charles E., 910 6th Av., Dec. 16. Funeral private.
FISCHER.—Augusta J., 543 East 87th St., Dec. 17. Funeral tomorrow, 1 P. M.
GLOVER.—Agnes L., 762 Melrose Av., Bronx, Dec. 17. Funeral today.
GRUNDMANN.—Dora, 1,056 Boston Road, Bronx, Dec. 17. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.
HALLENBECK.—Charles W., 304 West 148th St., Dec. 16, aged 1.
HEALY.—William J., Jr., 257 West 122d St., Dec. 17. Funeral notice later.
KIRSCH.—Herman A., 590 Broome St., Dec. 17. Funeral today, 1:30 P. M.
LEE.—Julia, 92 Bank St., Dec. 17. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.
MAGUIRE.—Charles W., 69 East 122d St., Dec. 17. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.
MORREN.—Anthony, 438 West 42d St., Dec. 16, aged 5 months.
NALLY.—John F., 419 East 14th St., Dec. 16. Funeral tomorrow, 1:30 P. M.
O'NEIL.—Charles, 103 Vermilyea Av., Dec. 17, aged 64. Funeral Dec. 21.
REGAN.—Cornelius J., 313 East 51st St., Dec. 17.
ROGERS.—Emma G., 201 West 104th St., Dec. 16. Funeral service tomorrow.
SCANLAN.—Catherine, 52 Manhattan St., Dec. 17. Funeral today, 10:30 A. M.
SCHUMACHER.—Frank, Metropolitan Hospital, Dec. 18. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.
SHERIDAN.—William J., 441 West 48th St., Dec. 16. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.
SMITH.—Mathew, 421 West 34th St., Dec. 17. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

Brooklyn.

ABBOTT.—Abby J., Dec. 17. Funeral 396 Gates Av. today, 2 P. M.
ADLER.—Susan, 1,146 East 2d St., Dec. 16.
ALTENEN. — Hannah L., 782 Pacific St., Dec. 16, aged 49. Funeral today, 1:30 P. M.
BARTHOLDT.—Charles H., 140 Skillman St., Dec. 17, aged 67. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.
BOSSARDET.—Kate, 589 Metropolitan Av., Dec. 17, aged 56. Funeral service today.
CASSIDY.—Walter, 345 Classon Av., Dec. 17. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.
COBB. — Ferdinand, 216 Gold St., Dec. 16. Funeral today, 2 P. M.
CRAIG.—Albert, 120 Concord St., Dec. 17. Funeral today, 2 P. M.
DIAMOND.—Rose, 305 Bedford Av., Dec. 17, aged 42.
ECK.—Michael, 81 Himrod St., Dec. 17, aged 24. Funeral today.
ENGELFRIED.—John Z., Dec. 17, aged 54. Funeral 15 Greene Av. today, 3 P. M.
FIRMERY. — Augusta, 1,255 Herkimer St., Dec. 16, aged 47. Funeral today, 2 P. M.
GALBRAITH. — Edward, 880 Belmont Av., Dec. 16, aged 37. Funeral tomorrow, 10 A. M.
GREEN.—William, 160 Monitor St., Dec. 17, aged 80. Funeral today, 9 A. M.
HEEGAN.—Doretta, 354 Baltic St., Dec. 16, aged 5 months.
JAMES.—Margaret B., 592 Hancock St., Dec. 18. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.
JONES.—Nellie, 890 Myrtle Av., Dec. 16, aged 33. Funeral today, 2 P. M.
KAUFFELD.—John W., 273 Chauncey St., Dec. 16, aged 18. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.
LOCKWOOD.—Charles, 172 Dean St., Dec. 18, aged 90. Funeral notice later.
LYNCH.—Geraldine G., 519 Greenwood Av., Dec. 17. Funeral tomorow, 2 P. M.
MARSLING. — Joseph, 448 Van Brunt St., Dec. 16, aged 12.
OSTERTOP.—Fredericka, 98 Baltic St., Dec. 17. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.
PHILLIPS.—George W., 896 Gates Av., Dec. 17. Funeral service today.
REIM.—Michael, 4 Monitor St., Dec. 17, aged 63. Funeral today.
REYNOLDS.—John A., 693 Myrtle Av., Dec. 17. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.
RITTER.—Eleanor, 287 Ryerson St., Dec. 17. Funeral service tomorow.
SHERIDAN.—Mary F., 676 Quincy St., Dec. 18. Funeral notice later.
SMITH.—Julius J. R., 807 Lincoln Place, Dec. 17. Funeral service today.
WILKENS.—Metta, 90 South St., Dec. 17, aged 73. Funeral today, 1:30 P. M.
YALE. — Bradford, 344 Monroe St., Dec. 17. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

Hoboken, Jersey City, and Newark.

BENSON.—John M., Newark, Dec. 16, aged 51. Funeral today, 2 P. M.
BROWN.—Louisa, 374 Washington St., Newark, Dec. 17.
BURKE.—Edward, 74 Bidwell Av., Jersey City, Dec. 17.
CASTLE.—John, Newark, Dec. 17. Funeral today, 8 A. M.
COLEMAN.—William J., 24 Tuers Av., Jersey City, Dec. 17, aged 24.
DUCHEMIN.—Emily, 25 Schley St., Newark, Dec. 17, aged 76. Funeral Dec. 21, 2 P. M.
DUNN.—Addie, 36 Van Riepen St., Jersey City, Dec. 16. Funeral today.
EDWARDS.—William S. C., 116 Madison St., Newark, Dec. 17. Funeral today, 2 P. M.
HANSEN.—Andrew C., 247 St. Paul's Av., Jersey City, Dec. 17, aged 52. Funeral tomorrow, 1 P. M.
HILLAS.—Maria L., 418 John St., West Hoboken, Dec. 17.
LAWLER.—Elizabeth, 139 Garden St., Hoboken, Dec. 16. Funeral today, 8:30 A. M.
LETT.—Joseph, 195 Newark St., Newark, Dec. 17.
MATHEY.—Albert J., 53 Vesey St., Newark, Dec. 18.
MATIKAINEN.—Hilda M., 44 Clinton Av., Newark, Dec. 16, aged 31. Funeral today, 2 P. M.
MILARZZO.—Josephine, 84 Jefferson St., Hoboken, Dec. 18.
MORRISON.—Mary L., 973 West Side Av., Jersey City, Dec. 17. Funeral tomorrow.
PIERCE.—Julia, 82 North 7th St., Newark, Dec. 17, aged 70. Funeral Dec. 21, 11 A. M.
ROSSMIER.—Leopold, 50 Hudson St., Newark, Dec. 17. Funeral tomorrow, 2:30 P. M.
STROHMEIER.—Johanna, 829 Hudson St., Hoboken, Dec. 16, aged 36. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

Long Island.

HOLDERER.—Henrietta, Floral Park, Dec. 15, aged 3. Funeral today, 9 A. M.
MUELLER.—Fannie, Flushing, Dec. 16, aged 47.
MURPHY.—Sinnott P., Forest Hills, Dec. 17. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.
SHEA.—George E., Ronkonkoma, Dec. 16.
SILEO.—Jennie, Corona, Dec. 16.
TUREY.—Charles, Union Course, Dec. 16, aged 73. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

Westchester County.

BURKE.—Bridget, 213 Nepperham Av., Yonkers, Dec. 17. Funeral today, 10 A. M.
COLO.—James, Peekskill, Dec. 15, aged 3.
GREY.—Louisa, Peekskill, Dec. 16, aged 68. Funeral today, 2 P. M.
HARRIGAN.—Dennis, Verplanck, Dec. 17. Funeral today, 10 A. M.
KELLY. — Patrick, Peekskill, Dec. 16, aged 70.

In Memoriam.

BROWN.—Solemn requiem mass in memory of Thomas McKee Brown, priest, at the Church of St. Mary the Virgin, 139 West 46th St., on Saturday, Dec. 19, at 10:45 A. M.

BOYLAN.—Sarah K., mass St. Bernard's Church, today, 9 A. M.
FARLEY.—James, mass St. Aloysius's Church, Newark, N. J., today, 7:45 A. M.
POHALSKI.—Julia, in memory of, died Dec. 19, 1909.

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SAYS GERMANY MADE "TRAGIC MISTAKE"

Prussian General, a Captive of Russia, Cites Many Unfulfilled Expectations.

WHY PLANS WERE UPSET

Amazed at Rapid Mobilization of the Czar's Forces—Thought Poland Would Revolt.

Special Correspondence of THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Dec. 4.—A representative of the Bourse Gazette of Petrograd has had an interview with a distinguished Prussian General, who is now a prisoner of war.

In reply to the interviewer's expression of sympathy for him in his position, the General replied that it was no dishonor to be captured by the Russians.

"They have left me my sword," he added. "Your commander behaved to me like a knight, and by his chivalry made a little easier the most terrible moment for a soldier—that in which he surrenders."

"Germany," he said in reply to further questions, "ought never to have commenced a war on Russia. The most victorious war could not give us as much benefit as our peaceful commercial treaties did, or increase our influence in Russia. If we had not made that mistake there would now have been only two Emperors in the world—the Czar and the Kaiser. It was a tragic mistake.

"Who could have thought that all our expectations would fall to the ground so tragically? Was not Italy our ally? Was not England going to be neutral? Who could have doubted the neutrality of Belgium Who could have foreseen that Liége would eat up 40,000 of our best troops and the two most valuable weeks of the war? Who, again, would have thought that Turkey would hesitate for a whole three months, and that Japan would join you instead of keeping your Siberian regiments busy away from us? Our plans were largely built on these reasonable expectations.

"Then, again, who would have expected that your troops, as early as Aug. 3, would have given us a check at Verbolouoff? Who could have thought that in such a vast country as Russia the mobolization would be carried out so quickly and so thoroughly? We knew that on the very eve of the declaration of war your revolting workmen were building barracks in all the great manufacturing centres, and that on the very day of President Poincare's visit to Petrograd they stopped the trainways in the streets there.

"We had other more important information, also, yet suddenly this great popular upheaval, the like of which the world has never seen, has disappeared.

"We fully expected that Russia would be attacked on all sides, not only by ourselves and Austria, but by Italy, Bulgaria, Turkey, Japan, and China. Can we doubt that we should have been victorious in that case? With France we should have finished in a month, while Austria would have held you in check. Then you would have had to fight on all sides. We were assured that Poland would rise and that we should have a repetition of 1863. We also expected a series of disorders in Finland. We hoped to promulgate at Warsaw a new kingdom, which would have for us the greatest political and strategic importance for all time. Yet we had to retire. You could move along your awful roads, while we were drowning in them. I hear our War Office explains our retirement by strategic considerations. Why these fictions? Have we not had our 1818?

"I cannot say much about the Allies, but they have not fulfilled our hopes. Perhaps it is because the Russians have exceeded our estimate of them. Evidently they have no one fit to put against your Gen. Ivanoff. Ivanoff is a genuine Russian old von Moltke."

The General stopped abruptly and concluded his remarks by saying that "nature itself, fate and history are apparently all against us. It is difficult to war with them. We wanted to fight only Russia, and I can assure you we were fully ready to defeat her. Circumstances, however, have proved against us."

WOODBURY NAMES DEPUTIES

Attorney General-Elect Retains Two Democrats as His Assistants.

JAMESTOWN, N. Y., Dec. 18.—Egburt E. Woodbury, the incoming Attorney General, tonight announced the following partial list of appointments as his Deputies:

Ex-Senator Morton E. Lewis of Rochester, First Deputy; Ex-Senator Sanford W. Smith of Chatham, Columbia County, Second Deputy; A. Frank Jenks of Jamestown, President of the local Bar Association, Chief Deputy, conservation department; District Attorney Frank K. Cook of Geneseo, Deputy; E. Clarence Aiken, former Mayor of Auburn, Deputy.

Mr. Woodbury also announced that he would retain the services of Edward J. Mone of Ithaca, a Democrat, who devotes his attention to the work of the Canal Board, and would also retain Benjamin McClung, a Democrat, who has had much to do with conservation matters. Mr. McClung is soon to form a law partnership with the retiring Attorney General, James A. Parsons, and will be unable to continue long in that office.

It is understood that Deputy Attorney General Frank K. Cook is likely to be assigned to the cases before the Court of Claims.

DAYLIGHT JEWELRY THEFTS.

Shoplifters Get $2,000 in Loot in Two Maiden Lane Stores.

It was learned yesterday that two Maiden Lane jewelry firms had lately been the victims of shoplifters, who took packages of jewelry from the stores in broad daylight, almost under the eyes of employes and customers.

The firms are the Gorham Company, 17 Maiden Lane, and Reed & Barton Company, 4 Maiden Lane. A package containing $1,000 worth of gold and silver toilet articles disappeared from the top of a case in the Gorham store last Saturday, and a package containing gold and silver mesh bags, also worth about $1,000, disappeared from the store of Reed & Barton Company on Monday.

Receiver for Marie Dressler.

Marie Dressler, the actress, who used to sing the song, "I'm Lookin' for a Angel," is in the hands of a receiver. The Coliseum Syndicate recovered a judgment against her for $3,850, and Sampson Weinhandler was named receiver yesterday by Justice Newburger in the Supreme Court.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 18.—Forecast:

N. and S. Car.—Cloudy and warmer Sat. Sun., probably rain; fresh e. winds.

Ga.—Cloudy and warmer Sat., probably followed by rain. Sun., rain; fresh e. winds.

Fla.—Cloudy, with probable rain, Sat. and Sun.; fresh e. winds.

Ala. and Miss.—Rain Sat. and probably Sun.; colder Sun.; fresh e. winds.

La.—Rain Sat. Sun., cloudy and colder; fresh e. winds.

East. Tex.—Rain Sat.; colder in n. Sun., clear and colder; fresh shifting winds.

West. Tex.—Rain in s. and rain or snow in n. Sat.; colder. Sun., fair and colder.

Utah, N. and S. Dak.—Fair Sat. and Sun.

Okla.—Snow and colder Sat. Sun., fair.

Ark.—Rain Sat. Sun., clear and colder.

Tenn. and Ky.—Rain Sat. and probably Sun.; colder Sun.

Ohio—Cloudy Sat. and Sun., probably snow; colder Sun., fresh s. winds.

Ind.—Snow Sat.; colder at night. Sun., cloudy, colder, probably snow in s.

Ill.—Snow Sat., colder at night. Sun., cloudy, probably snow in s., fresh, shifting winds, becoming n. w.

Lower Mich.—Snow flurries, colder Sat. and probably Sun.; fresh shifting winds, becoming n. w.

Upper Mich.—Snow flurries, colder Sat. Sun., cloudy, probably snow flurries near Lake Superior.

Wis.—Cloudy, colder Sat. Sun. probably fair; fresh n. w. winds.

Minn.—Fair Sat. and Sun.

Iowa—Cloudy, colder Sat. Sun., probably fair.

Mo.—Snow, colder Sat. Sun. cloudy, probably snow in s.

Neb.—Fair Sun.; colder in e. Sun. fair.

Kan.—Cloudy, colder, preceded by snow Sat. Sun. fair.

DIVIDEND BY KOBRE'S BANK.

Supt. Richards to Pay Out $360,000 Beginning Monday.

Supt. of Banks Richards will begin next Monday morning to pay approximately $360,000 in cash to the depositors of Max Kobre's private bank, which was closed by the Banking Department in August. Orders have been granted by the United States District Courts of New York and Brooklyn to pay a 10 per cent. dividend to the depositors, of whom there are approximately 12,000 in Manhattan, 9,000 in Brownsville, and 1,000 in Williamsburg. The payments will be made at the several offices of the bank.

Only depositors who have filed claims by tonight will be paid at this time.

Supt. Richards hopes to pay a substanital dividend soon to the depositors of Deutsch Brothers' and L. W. Schwenk's banks.

Judge Hough, in the Federal District Court yesterday, referred to Peter B. Olney, as referee, a motion to compel the Maryland Casualty Company, as surety of Max Kobre, to pay Supt. Richards, receiver, $100,000. This is alleged to be due on a bond whereby the casualty company guaranteed the solvency of Kobre's banks. Judge Hough sent to William Allen, as referee, a claim for $100,000 against the Aetna Accident and Liability Company on a bond guaranteeing the solvency of Adolf Mandel, another bankrupt private banker.

TO SPEND $1,000,000.

Victor Talking Machine Company to Extend Plant in Camden.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 18.—The Victor Talking Machine Company, according to Louis F. Geissler, its General Manager, is about to let contracts for a $1,000,000 extension to its plant in Camden, N. J. A $30,000 restaurant and a hospital building, representing part of $1,000,000 already placed under contract this year, are nearing completion.

The restaurant will be for the convenience of the officials of the company and heads of departments. The hospital is to be thoroughly equipped for the treatment and care of any of the 6,200 employes.

The big plant is now operating twenty-four hours daily. To increase its capacity, one of the new contracts provides for a power house and additional machinery which will add 2,000 horse power, at an estimated cost of about $150,000.

JUDGMENTS.

These judgments were filed yesterday in New York County; the first name being that of the debtor:

Abrahams, Joseph—R. Wallerson et al, $268.
Accident Proof Tire Co., Inc.—J. G. Hodge, $255.
Same—Same, $255.
Butinsky, Morris—M. Stone, $351.
Bauman, Jacob R.—A. R. Benn, $113.
Buccini, Joseph—Leon Hirsh, Inc., $241.
Balkon, Frank—A. H. Barashick, $164.
Carpenter, F. Newton—J. K. Stafford, $114.
Chvatal, Joseph—J. Seeman et al, $135.
Claremont Coal and Sand Co.—Goodwin, Gallagher Sand and Gravel Corporation, $424.
Cohen, Isaac—G. Willis et al, $492.
Cohen, Morris—City of N. Y., $438.
De Forest Radio Telephone Co.—Same, $123.
Dominican Construction Co.—Same, $1,279.
Dominion Construction Co.—Same, $543.
Dow, Alexander—Same, $543.
Doyle, Frederick K.—Same, $333.
Doke, James A.—Alco Building Co., $118.
Doran, John—L. McDonald, $323.
Du Moulin, Charles B.—A. Schreiner et al, $113.
Dillon, Conrad C.—H. R. Patten, $517.
Balbora, Dominick—W. H. Syre et al, $157.
Dow, Alexander—Pratt & Whitney Co., $202.
Eastern Coal Co.—T. C. Sheehan, $127.
Edelson, Maurice H.—Nassau Finance Co., $446.
Frielingsdorf, Walter—J. J. Levy, $163.
Fallot, Georgette—C. Perceval, $329.
Gottesman, Mandel, and Samuel D.—John Munroe & Co., $2,159.
Glaser, Henry C.—Hencken & Willenbrock Co., $109.
Gregory, Joe—S. P. Jones et al, $140.
Galley, Frank W.—Alco Building Co., $120.
Gorham Construction Co., Inc.—Keefe & Murphy, $361.
Glavey, William J.—American Meter Co., costs, $107.
Glavey, Joseph, by guardian—same, costs, $109.
Heimann, Martin—Graniger Bros., $11,470.
Hope, Roy—S. G. Milazzo, $134.
Herbst, John—United Distillers Co., $190.
Hollander, Aurelie—Renrew Realty Co., $129.
Henjes, William—Simmons Hardware Co., $362.
Himmel, Max—A. Schumesky, $119.
Hendrick, Frank—W. C. Davidson, $234.
Hirsch, Melvin M.—Abraham S. See and Depew, $217.
J. Alexander Mfg. Co.—I. H. Tifft, $281.
Jankower, David—W. E. Ward, $380.
John J. Shea Contracting Co.—United States Casualty Co., $958.
Keenan, Annie M.—S. J. Morton, $4,218.
Katzman, Kolman—J. Wolinsky, $404.
Jacobs, Harold—W. Rich, $468.
Largey, Allie, or Mrs. M. S. Largey—I. D. Cote, $190.
Linch, George W., receiver—F. Ritter, $250.
Lazarowitz, Jacob and Otto Lorence—E. Roach, costs, $168.
Melas, Peter—G. Contos, $668.
Maynard, Andrew J.—Firestone Tire and Rubber Co., $350.
McHugh, John H.—A. Oliver, $287.
Mutual Furniture Co.—Majestic Metal Bed Co., Inc., $161.
McDonald, James P.—F. R. Kennedy, $9,066.
Moss, Emil—R. Best, $163.
N. Y. C. & H. R. R. R. Co.—M. E. Edwards, $24,944.
O'Donnell, Charles F.—L. St. Clair, $447.
Picard, Samuel—J. Schreiner, $169.
Robinson, Blanche—Same, $332.
Robinson, Murray H.—Same, $107.
Sobel, Morris—M. Mencher, costs, $107.
Southard, Edw. C.—J. Schreiner, $149.
Stender, Olga—B. Altman & Co., $519.
Scully, Edw. J.—C. H. J. Erdenbrecker, $121.
Smart, Matilda J.—M. R. Alexander, $151.
Stiles, James E.—Globe Book Binding Co., $132.
Shoemaker, Thomas B.—C. T. Terry, $146.
Tzempelis, Panagiotis, and George Theodoropoulos—M. Steinberg, $469.
Tager Co., Inc.—W. von Erlenbell, $124.
Victor, Louis—J. Glockner et al., $152.
Ullman, Ralph R.—W. Lowe, $1,044.
Van Wyck, Frederick—Lord & Taylor, $501.
Same—Same, $337.
Victorson, Louis—Inter. Rapid Transit Co., costs, $233.
Woodward, Anna W.—N. Y. Railways Co., $443.
Wiener, Alexander—L. Brinner, $717.
Webber, Jacob—M. Amdur, $943.
Wasserman, Samuel—S. C. Walsh, $357.
Yonke, Henry—A. Herzlich et al., $193.

In Bronx County.

Blaney-Spooner Amusement Co., Cecil Spooner Blaney, and Charles E. Blaney—Columbia Trust Co., $1,841.
Conroy, Winfred—E. Wolf, $164.
Della Penna, Antonio—J. C. Bogert Co., $204.
Drusin, Harris, and Charles Maisel—I. Leader, $1,652.
Greenberg, Sisse—M. Gans et al., $166.
Same—C. Vogt, Jr., et al., $354.
Same—G. H. Dennerlein, $480.
Same—M. Blumblein et al., $577.
Same—J. H. Duys et al., $166.
Jordan, Nicholas—M. Shapira et al., $113.
Kessler, Theresa—R. Cattella, $131.
Koslow Iron Works—American Iron Supply Co., $141.
Mackay, Henry—Sulzberger & Sons Co., $136.
Minton, Tellfair Marriott—Hilliard Hotel Co., $161.
Mulcahey & Gibson—T. De Luca, $614.
North Sand Co.—Glenwood Sand and Gravel Co., $517.
Same—Same, $215.
Serating, Esther and Morris—R. Goldman, $104.
Schechtet, Bernard—D. Greenhouse, $107.
Towanda Construction Co.—Michael Real Estate and Mortgage Co., $13,629.

SATISFIED JUDGMENTS.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor and date when judgment was filed:

Andrew Greis Co., Inc.—R. Oppel, Dec. 11, 1914, $606.
Brouder, Gaston A.—M. B. Brandger, Jan. 19, 1914, $381.
Dailey, John D., and De Witt C. Irvine—New England Steamship Co., Dec. 14, 1914, $111.
Concordia Fire Ins. Co. of Milwaukee—S. Jurow et al., Nov. 21, 1914, $510.
California Ins. Co. of San Francisco—Same, Nov. 21, 1914, $445.
Peoples National Fire Ins. Co. of Philadelphia—Same, Nov. 21, 1914, $482.
German Fire Ins. Co. of Pittsburgh, Penn.—Same, Nov. 21, 1914, $482.
Edmund Francis Realty Co. and Albert E. Hartcorn—F. N. Dubois & Co., Dec. 1, 1914, $1,110.
McBrearty, Bernard J.—C. F. Piehl, Sept. 9, 1914, $322.
North Side Coach and Auto Co.—L. Kolgstein, Nov. 22, 1913, $200.
Powell, Thomas—Henry Pierron & Co., Oct. 22, 1914, $404.
Title Guaranty and Surety Co.—Assets Realization Co., Dec. 7, 1914, $16,905.
Vingut, George F.—Title Guarantee and Trust Co., Sept. 29, 1914, $169.
Wagner, Jacob, and Samuel Kuker—M. Zucker, March 12, 1908, $164.
Schwarzenbach, Arthur, Charles C. Ingalls, and Albert E. Stephens—T. Palmer, Feb. 20, 1914, (reversed,) $12,674.
Motokart Co.—M. Teitelbaum, Dec. 9, 1914, (vacated,) $530.

In Bronx County.

Bathgate Realty Corporation and Louis Weiner—A. Greenberg, Oct. 13, 1914, $321.
Same—Same, Oct. 13, 1914, $321.
Grossman, Gustav, and Martin J.—B. Gottlieb, Feb. 25, 1914, (reversed,) $1,187.

WRONG BASIS OF DUTY.

Value Is Not Determined by That in Consulated Invoice.

H. Marquardt & Co., Inc., of this city imported heron feathers from Mexico. They were shipped from Laguna, and, because there was no American Consul at that place, an invoice describing it was certified to by a British Vice Consul. When the importers sought to make entry on that invoice the Collector refused to receive it, and thereupon the importers, having satisfied the Collector that the failure to produce a duly certified invoice was due to causes beyond their control, were permitted to make entry by pro forma invoice upon giving a bond in the sum of $10,000 to produce a duly certified invoice, as required by the Tariff act of 1909.

The pro forma invoice stated the value of the feathers to be $612. The local Appraiser, after receiving the pro forma invoice and examining the importation, returned the invoiced price as correct. Later the importers requested the Collector to cancel the bond on the ground that there was no American Consul in the district who could legalize invoices.

It was said yesterday that the Treasury Department will ask Assistant Attorney General Hanson to take the issue to the Customs Court. Pending a decision by the court, the Custom House authorities understood, continue the use of the present bonds whenever importers desire later to produce certified invoices, but use pro forma invoices in making entry.

New Device Wins Gold Medal.

A solid gold medal for the most meritorious and original device displayed in the International Exposition of Inventions at the Grand Central Palace was awarded last night by the Jury of Awards of the American Institute to the Wappler Electric Development Company of this city for the kymogenerator. The device generates electric currents to stimulate the muscles and tissues of the body. The second honor, a silver medal, was awarded to the Welte-Mignon Autograph Piano.

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

In Town.

GREAT WESTERN FURNITURE CORPORATION.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against the Great Western Furniture Corporation of 120 West Eighteenth Street by these creditors: Morris Crames, $194; Abraham S. Madoff, $160, and Nathan Gertier, $170. Liabilities are $50,000, and assets $20,000.

MARTIN & FABBRINI.—Martin and Edith Branner, who did business as Martin & Fabbrini, at 120 West 123d Street, have filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $3,115 and no assets.

JOSEPH RUBEL.—Judge Hough has dismissed the petition in bankruptcy filed on Nov. 9 against Joseph Rubel, manufacturer of furs, 109 West Twenty-seventh Street, on a settlement at 20 cents on the dollar cash.

CARBONDALE SPONGE COMPANY, Inc., of 46 Gold Street, has filed schedules in bankruptcy showing liabilities of $31,494 and assets of $10,320. Among the creditors are John K. Cheyney of Tarpon Springs, Fla., $11,492; Sponge Exchange Bank, of the same place, $1,103, and Arthur H. Ferber, New York $4,700, secured.

ADOLPH BLUMENKROHN, manufacturer of cloaks and suits, 12 West Twenty-first Street, has made an assignment to Nathaniel Walkof.

HENRY COHEN, manufacturer of furs at 277 Seventh Avenue, has made an assignment to Lester B Freedman.

PAULINE WEIL, dealer in millinery and gowns, 9 East Forty-seventh Street, has made an assignment to Sydney Bernheim.

ROSE ENGLISHER, jobber in dry goods, 117 Pitt Street, has made an assignment to Bernard H. Sandler.

LEON BLOCK.—Judge Hough has appointed Henry J. Block receiver for Leon Block, trading as the Lip Cloak and Suit Company, 2,182 Third Avenue, with leave to continue business for ten days to get the benefit of the holding trade. Liabilities are $40,000 or $50,000 and assets $10,000.

CROWN REALTY COMPANY.—Judge Hough has appointed Clifford G. Ludirgh receiver for the Crown Realty Company of 225 West 109th Street. The company leased the building at 225 West 109th Street, containing fifty apartments, which were furnished by the company with household effects and furniture and rented by the week or month. Assets are $2,000.

ISIDORE GROSSMAN.—Judge Hough has appointed Jacob Clark receiver for Isidore Grossman, manufacturer of furs, 36 East Tenth Street. Liabilities are $5,000 and assets $750.

MARIE DRESSLER.—Judge Newburger of the Supreme Court has appointed Sampson Weinhandler receiver for Leila Dalton, otherwise known as Marie Dressler, the actress, on application of the Coliseum Syndicate, Ltd., on a judgment for $3,850.

ANDREW CUNEO.—About 400 creditors of Andrew Cuneo, private banker, 28 Mulberry Street, held a meeting before Judge Mayer in the United States District Court to receive an offer of composition at 100 cents on the dollar. The offer provided that the cash in the hands of the receiver be paid at once to the depositors pro rata and the balance in notes of a new corporation, to which the assets are to be transferred and liquidated. Cuneo owes about $200,000 to depositors.

Out of Town.

Special to The New York Times.

HOUSTON, Tex.—Donaho & Martin, merchants of George Cave, Montgomery County, filed a petition; liabilities, $29,956; assets, $66,222.

466 Business Failures This Week.

Bradstreet's reports 466 business failures in the United States during the week, against 427 for the previous week, and 378, 322, 294, and 271 for the corresponding weeks of 1913 to 1910. The Middle States had 140; New England, 42; Southern, 148; Western, 78; Northwestern, 25, and Far Western, 38. Canada had 77, against 81 for the preceding week. About 85 per cent. of the total number of concerns failing had capital of less than $5,000, and 11 per cent. had from $5,000 to $20,000 capital.

LATEST CUSTOMS RULINGS.

An Appraiser Is Scored for Volunteering His Opinion.

It was decided yesterday by the Board of General Appraisers that tripods designed for use in supporting cameras are not the "parts of cameras" specified in the Tariff act of 1913. Sears, Roebuck & Co., Chicago, the importers in the case, maintained that the articles are "parts," and as such entitled to enter at 15 per cent. ad valorem under the above-named provision.

The Collector returned the tripods as manufactures of metal, and took duty at the rate of 20 per cent. At the hearing the importers submitted their case upon the report of the Appraiser, which accompanied the protest when transmitted to the board. That official, while stating that the tripods had been classified as metal articles, added that this "class of merchandise is now returned under paragraph 380. The claim of the protestant is well founded." Judge Fischer severely scores the Appraiser for expressing an opinion relative to classification, and says such an opinion is "absolutely meaningless," since an Appraiser's function is confined to ascertaining and determining the value of merchandise. The General Appraiser, in affirming the Collector's assessment, says that the use of a tripod appears to be optional rather than essential, and that accordingly this article cannot be considered a part of a camera.

Rockhill & Vietor lost in contentions for free entry on oil of petitgrain, imitation oil of sweet almonds, and oil of peach kernels under the act of 1909 as unrefined oils. The Collector's action in taxing the oils at 25 per cent. ad valorem as refined essential oils was affirmed.

The S. K. F. Ball Bearing Company was overruled in a claim for lower duty on merchandise known commercially as aligning washers and as aligning seats. They were assessed at 35 per cent. ad valorem under the present law as "ball bearings." The claims were for entry at 20 per cent. ad valorem as manufactures of metal, or at 5 per cent. as washers.

Several importers were partly sustained in protests relating to imitation precious stones imported under the act of 1909. The protestants included William E. Flory & Co., H. Wolff & Co., and the H. E. Frankenberg Company. Albert Lorsch & Co. were overruled in protests dealing with the classification of imitation gems entered under the old tariff.

Old Municipal Building Sold.

Brooklyn's old Municipal Building, which was erected in 1887 at a cost of $299,000, was sold at auction yesterday by Sidney H. Goodacre, Collector of City Revenue, for $7,250.50. The auction was held in the Municipal Building in Manhattan. The structure must be torn down within thirty days. It was bought by Harry Steessler, a house wrecker, of 132 Attorney Street.

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning 1000 Bryant.

BALTIMORE—Strouss-Baer Co.; A. K. Baer, middy blouses, children's specialties; 1,182 B'way.
BOSTON—L. Levinson Sons; J. Levinson, laces, clothing, notions; Navarre.
BOSTON—R. H. White Co.; F. H. Bell, laces; 470 4th Av.
BOSTON—J. J. Connell Co.; J. J. Connell, millinery; Herald Square.
CHICAGO—Marks & Co.; J. J. Cohen, furn. goods; Herald Square.
CHICAGO—Greenes, Ltd.; B. Greene, millinery; 60 W. 33d.
CHICAGO—H. G. Lipman, trimmed hats; C. H. Johnson, velvets; Navarre.
CHICAGO—A. Smith, furn. goods; Hoffman House.
CHICAGO—E. Feldman, furn. goods, ready-to-wear; Wallicks
CHICAGO—J. Neuman, Jr.; H. B. Neuman, jobs coats, suits, dresses; 470 4th Av.
CLEVELAND—May Co.; J. O. Sprowl, jobs furs; 37 W. 26th.
DALLAS—Sanger Bros.; D. Y. Oppenheimer, domestics, dress goods; 19 E. 24th.
DETROIT—C. G. Fisher, carpets; Grand.
ELLENVILLE, N. Y.—I. Ostrander, furniture; Grand.
KANSAS CITY—G. Bernheimer Bros & Co.; L. J. Schiff, jobs ladies', children's Fall coats; 7 W. 22d.
KNOXVILLE, Tenn.—Curiton-Kennedy-Calloway Co.; J. R. McDowell, clothing; Wellington.
NORFOLK—Dixon & Foster; R. S. Foster, hats; Wallick's.
PHILADELPHIA—Gimbel Bros.; Miss A. Guggenheimer, umbrellas; B'way and 32d.
PUTNAM, Conn.—Deacon's; H. Deacon, general mdse.; Murray Hill.
RICHMOND, Va.—A. G. Hoover, ready-to-wear; Latham.
SACRAMENTO—Weinstock, Lubin & Co.; L. M. Goodfriend, Spring waists, house dresses, kimonos, catalogue; 220 5th Av.
SIOUX CITY—Scanley Co.; M. Hess, jobs coats, suits, dresses; 470 4th Av.
ST. LOUIS—Rothschild Bros. Hat Co.; B. Rothschild, hats; Longacre.
SYRACUSE—Waldorf Mfg. Co.; Miss N. M. Stack, waists, dresses, petticoats; 37 W. 28th.
TORONTO, Canada—T. Eaton Co.; Mr. Baruch, jobs misses' silk dresses; Mr. Grant, house dresses, children's serge dresses, blanket robes; 45 E. 17th.
TORRINGTON, Conn.—Workman-Rowlinson Co.; R. Rowlinson, furniture; Murray Hill.
WASHINGTON, D. C.—Persian Rug Importing Co.; P. G. Garber, rugs; Hoffman House.
WHEELING—Abercrombie Bros.; C. H. Abercrombie, millinery; B'way Central.

3-lb. Shaker Socks
$1.75 Per Doz.

Can deliver 2,000 dozen weekly, men's blue Shaker socks, 3 pounds to dozen, $1.75 cash. Will only deal with principals. Will close with first responsible firm interested. Manufacturer, K 331 Times Downtown.

WANTED: For Boston and New England, line of infants' or children's dresses. Young man with established Boston office and well acquainted with trade. PAUL L. SELIGMAN, 67 Chauncey St., Boston, Mass.

AUCTION SALES

MERCHANDISE.

A very high grade stock of
Sterling Silver, Silver Deposit, GLASS & FLAT WARE.
All made by the most prominent manufacturers in the world.
Inventoried at over $30,000.

consisting of Sterling Silver, comprising solid silver tureens, vases, mirrors, tea sets, punch bowls, silver boxes, pastry dishes, loving cup, match boxes, toilet trays, napkin rings, plates, tea strainers, crumb trays, tea balls, scissors, butter dishes, letter scales, whisk brooms, pepper mills, creamers, decanters, hot milks, etc. Also a stock of Reed & Barton's flatware, consisting of table spoons, oyster cocktail, fish, and berry forks, sugar shells, ice cream, tea, salad, dessert, horse radish, mustard, and coffee spoons, butter, fruit, game, and cheese scoops, sugar shovels, nut picks and crackers, sugar lifters, etc. Also a stock of silver deposit ware: sherbets, butter tubs, vases, relish dishes, tumblers, bowls, fern dishes, decanters, horse radish, custards, children's cups, bar bottles, salt dips, coffee cups, ramikins, ice tubs, pin trays, coffee and tea sets of the finest Lenox Ware, and other articles.

All to be sold Monday, Dec. 21, 1914,
at 10:30 A. M. at salesroom,
8 Greene St., near Canal St., N. Y. C.,
By D. Hartmann, Auctioneer.

NOTICE:—The make of these goods is guaranteed of the highest standard. Every piece was carefully examined; all are the most exclusive designs, and will be sold positively to the highest bidder without reserve. For further information telephone Spring 4299.

$10,000 Stock of Hand Tailored High Grade
MEN'S SUITS OVERCOATS
BOYS' AND CHILDREN'S CLOTHING
VAN PRAAG & CO., Auct'rs, will sell on Monday, Dec. 21, '14, at 10:30 A. M., at our salesrooms, 15-17 Greene St., N. Y.

FURNITURE—RUGS—ART.

FRENCH AND BELGIAN ARTISTS' RELIEF FUND
Tonight at 8:30 o'clock in the
GRAND BALL ROOM OF THE
HOTEL PLAZA
Fifth Ave. & 59th St.
ADMISSION FREE.
ART AUCTION
THE VALUABLE PAINTINGS and Other Works of Art
Donated and to be sold for the benefit of the
French and Belgian Artists' Relief Fund
Under the Auspices of the Committee.
The sale will be conducted by
MR. AUGUSTUS W. CLARKE.

STOCKS AND BONDS.

ANDREW J. McCORMACK, Auctioneer.
REGULAR AUCTION SALE OF
STOCKS AND BONDS,
BY ADRIAN H. MULLER & SON,
OFFICE NO. 55 WILLIAM ST.,
WEDNESDAY, DEC 23D, 1914,
at 12:30 o'clock at the
EXCHANGE SALESROOM,
NOS. 14 AND 16 VESEY STREET.
FOR ACCT. OF WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:
250 shs. Shannon Manufacturing Co.
48 shs. National Incinerator Co. Prefd.
50 shs. National Incinerator Co. Common.
100 shs. Western Pacific Railroad Co.
340 shs. Williams Commission Co., N. Y.
4 shs. Hatch Realty Co.
10 shs. Cincinnati Centrifugal Process Mining Co.
100 shs. Pacific Bank.
$5,000 Studebaker Corpn. 5% Notes, due Mch., 1922.
$5,000 Studebaker Corpn. 5% Notes, due Sept., 1921.
$3,000 Studebaker Corpn. 5% Notes, due Mch., 1922.
70 shs. First Natl. Bank of Roselle, N. J.

MISCELLANEOUS.

EXECUTOR'S SALE.
Estate of
DR. JOSEPH W. GLEITSMANN, Deceased.
By Public Auction,
SATURDAY, DEC. 19, 1914,
at 1 o'clock P. M., at
SYDENHAM BUILDING,
N. W. Cor. 58th St. and Madison Av.,
Surgical Instruments,
Apparatus and Charts, also
Complete Medical Library.
To Be Sold to the Highest Bidder Without Reserve.
All Articles on View Any Day After 2 P. M.
J. H. MAYERS, Auctioneer.

Immense establishment of Morris Levy & Co., Clothing Manufacturers, Retiring from Business.
Plant, Machinery, Fixtures, Motors
VAN PRAAG & CO.
& Merchandise Purchasing Co.,
JOHN VAN PRAAG, Auctioneer,
will sell Monday, Dec. 21st, at 10:30 A. M., on premises, 462-468 B'way, cor. Grand St., N.Y.C.,
100 Singer 31-15 and 31-20 Machines,
Singer Buttonhole Bartack, Singer, 96-2, 96-S V 4, 51-10, 25 Union Specials, 5 H. P. Gen Elec. Motor.
2 Vreeland Gas Engines, 6 & 10 H.P.
and all fixtures pertaining to a very large clothing manufacturing establishment.

INFORMATION TO DATE.

Every occurrence in the world's history chronicled in the newspapers found in The New York Times Index. Found easily. Bound in cloth, price $2 a volume, by mail.—Advt.

BUSINESS WORLD

Buyers' Wants

45 Cents per agate line each insertion. Count six words agate to a line.

OLD-ESTABLISHED IMPORTING HOUSE open to make connection with up-to-date domestic silk mills; good banking facilities. S 80 Times.

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday...4¼@5 per cent. for the best names
Thursday...4¼@5 " " " "
The quotation is for six months' paper.

⁂

Shorn Sheepskins in Demand.

LONDON, Dec. 18.—A sale of Cape of Good Hope and Natal sheepskins was held here today. There were 358,894 pelts offered, and about half were sold. Skins suitable for lining coats were in strong demand, but the rest were slow. Prices of long-wooled declined ¾d., but short and shorn skins advanced from ½ to 1½d.

⁂

Pile Fabrics Had Fine Season.

Plushes and pile fabrics have more than fulfilled expectations during the season that has drawn to a close, and manufacturers are prone to regard the future very optimistically. Goods for the Fall will be opened up around the 1st of February, and the manufacturers contemplate little or no advances on the new lines. The use of plushes, contrary to the general notion on the subject, has helped rather than restricted the sale of furs. The cheaper grades of furs have suffered, of course, but it is a question if the fur trimmings employed to set off the cloaks of pile fabric and plush have not made up for the loss.

⁂

Cotton Goods Demand Better.

If buying of cotton goods on the part of the jobbing trade in the last few days can be taken as an indication of what is going to happen generally in the near future, merchants in the Worth Street dry goods district will soon be going around with the smile that can't come off. Buying of bleached goods, dress ginghams, prints, and percales has been good generally, and the buyers are also said to be showing a disposition to trade ahead on colored cottons wherever they can find a mill with enough dyestuffs on hand or in prospect to warrant booking such orders. The export demand is looking up, it is said, the foreign buyers, particularly South Americans, being more willing to take goods now that the seaways have been cleared of hostile war vessels. One of the quiet spots at the moment is the lack of demand for heavy cotton goods suitable for war purposes.

⁂

Bagmakers Buy Sheetings.

It was learned from a reliable source yesterday that orders from trade had been placed in this market during the day calling for about 1,250,000 yards of sheetings. While details as to construction and price were not given out, it is understood that the sheetings taken were 36-inch 5.50-yard goods. The price the goods brought was either 3 or 3⅛ cents, with a strong possibility that the first figure was the right one. Bids of quantities of these goods were in the market on Thursday, but then it was said that the mills were firm for 3⅛ cents.

⁂

Extension on Army Contracts.

An extension to January has been obtained by the organization of mills that obtained part of the recent contract placed for uniform cloth and overcoatings for the French Army. This fabric is of the blue-gray type. The time limit on deliveries has not been rigidly enforced so far by the foreign Governments that have placed orders in this market, several extensions of the sort mentioned having been obtained. The mills, however, that can prove their ability to turn out quantities, not alone up to standard, but within the time set, will be setting a reputation for themselves that may do much toward obtaining additional business.

⁂

Are Now Buying Higher Gaiters.

Buyers of footwear for the allied armies, finding it difficult to get enough of the other kinds of footwear that would keep the men in the trenches warm, have turned their attention to high gaiters. A substantial order for four-buckle, wool-lined, jersey-cloth gaiters has been placed with a local shoe house for delivery in the near future. It is understood that these goods are very scarce here, as are supplies of men's combination one and two buckle felt boots. The last-named goods are also in small supply in the Canadian maket, according to reports received here, the British Army buyers having snapped up all of these boots they could get in that country.

⁂

Commercial Attache to Sail.

Lincoln Hutchinson, Commercial Attaché for Brazil, is sailing today on the steamship Byron for his new post. J. A. Massel, special agent of the Department of Commerce, also leaves on the same vessel to make an investigation in South America of the opportunities for enlarging the American export trade in agricultural implements, machinery, and machine tools. Mr. Hutchinson said yesterday that he will make every effort to encourage, facilitate, and aid American manufacturers to secure to the fullest extent the latent opportunities which Brazil offers as a market. The local branch office of the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce plans to keep in close touch with the Attaché, and will receive special reports concerning his work and such trade inquiries as may develop.

⁂

Financing of Accounts.

The recent announcement that a prominent house had made arrangements to have its accounts financed gave birth to the usual reports concerning financial responsibility. Why the fact that a concern prefers to leave the burden of credits and finances for others to shoulder should be linked up with the idea that there is a deeper meaning to the change is one that puzzles many who are familiar with the benefits to be derived through this arrangement. A saving is effected in the credit, bookkeeping, and shipping departments. At the same time through employing the commission house the credit work, because the information available is more comprehensive, is carried out in more capable fashion. Many houses that started in business under the financing arrangement have grown to large proportions, and yet have seen no advantage to be gained by a change.

⁂

Better Gray Goods Buying.

There was more trading in printcloths yesterday for July-January delivery, notable among which were large sales of four-yard 80 squares at 5¾ cents. For deliveries from January to July these goods were available at 5⅝ cents in some quarters of the market, while in others there was a disposition to ask more. Five cents is asked for 72-76s for deliveries past the turn of the year, with only a few of these goods to be had for December shipment at 4⅞ cents. On 68-72s, no first-class spot or near-by goods are now to be had under 4⅝ cents, while 4½ cents is asked for these goods for delivery past March. Bids of 3 11-16 cents were refused yesterday, 38½-inch 64-60s for January, February, and March delivery, and 3¾ cents was asked. For deliveries of the goods past March, there is a demand for 3⅞ cents on the part of several of the mills. Good 64 squares cannot now be had for near-by delivery under 3⅞ cents, with 3 15-16 and 4 cents asked for futures. The near-by price for 64-56s is put at 3 9-16 cents, with 3⅝ cents asked for futures. For 60-52s and 60-48s, for January and February delivery, several mills are asking 3¼ and 3⅛ cents, respectively. Narrow goods were rather quiet, but on the whole the market was considered unusually active for December. Everywhere there was a feeling that the corner had been turned so far as prices were concerned.

⁂

Are Buying Shoe Specialties.

It has for a long time been the complaint of well-posted shoe men that a lot of retailers in that line were losing business in December because they ignored, more or less, the demand for specialties which always springs up at that time and endeavored to push sales of staple footwear instead. This year, however, a good many of the local retailers seem to have realized that December is not a good shoe month, and are going in for specialties in order to fill their coffers. From all accounts they are buying these goods much more freely than usual, with the result that the showroom salesmen in the downtown shoe houses have been kept busy in the last two weeks, especially so in the last few days. The showroom of one of the biggest houses did a fine trade on specialties yesterday and on Wednesday the crowd of buyers in this house was said to be so large that the salesmen found it difficult to meet the demands made on them.

BUSINESS LOCATIONS.

TO LEASE!
at very low rentals, these exceptionally desirable properties:
108 E. 16TH LOFT. 33x103.
Between Union Sq. and Irving Place. Exceptionally good light. Reasonable rental.
28-30 W. 25TH LOFTS. 50x100
Exceptionally fine loft building. 3 elevators, automatic sprinklers.
37-45 W. 20th STORE, BASE. & LOFTS, 100x100.
Exceptional light; excellent service. Modern building of the highest type.
6-8 W. 18TH STORE, BASE. & LOFT. 50x100.
Steam heat. Modern building; very attractive. Also part of loft
14-16 W. 17TH STORE, BASE. & LOFTS 50x100
Modern fireproof building. Well located for manufacturing and salesrooms.
Send for our complete list.
SPEAR & CO., 840 B'way
(cor. 13th St.) Phone Stuyvesant 627.

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News-stands throughout the city are finding difficulty in keeping stocked up with the first number of

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THE NEW YORK TIMES WAR HISTORY, TIMES SQ., N. Y.

MORE SURGEONS GO TO WAR HOSPITALS

Red Cross Sends Two to Join the Staff in Russia and One to Austria.

LEPERS GIVE TO BELGIANS

Mercy Fund Sends $25,000 to Women and Children Suffering Through the War.

Three more Red Cross surgeons will sail for Europe today. Two of the surgeons, Dr. John Mann of Petersburg, Va., and Dr. T. Lyle Hazlett of Pittsburgh, will go on the Russian steamer Dwinsk for duty with the Russian forces. The third, Dr. P. A. Smith, of Enid, Okla., will sail on the Potsdam for Rotterdam on his way to Austria.

Red Cross contributions received yesterday totaled $1,268.42, which brought the Red Cross Fund up to $409,384.45. Subscriptions should be sent to Jacob H. Schiff, Treasurer, 130 East Twenty-second Street, or 52 William Street. Yesterday's contributions of $10 or more were:

Dr. Dernburg, (col.)	$339
Albany Red Cross	300
Barnard College French Society	110
Red Cross, Thomasville, Ga.	100
Aid Society, Upper Montclair	100
Mrs. T. Frelinghuysen	100
S. S. Association of Putnam Co., N. Y.	71
St. Michael's Church, (col.)	61
Catherine Schuyler Chapter, D. A. R.	25
"Two Friends"	25
Albert Schinz	12
Mrs. Elizabeth C. Cammann	10

Lepers Aid Belgian Fund.

The Woman's Section of the Belgian Commission announced yesterday that $127.65 of the $35,000 contribution raised in Hawaii had been contributed by the lepers of the Molokai leper colony. Mrs. Linden W. Bates, Chairman of the Woman's Section, has sent to the lepers copies of the picture of Queen Elizabeth of Belgium and her message of grateful appreciation, with the statement that no contribution yet made to Belgium has been more touching than this from the leper settlement.

The Belgian fund now amounts to $687,578.36, of which amount $4,563.24 was received yesterday. Contributions should be sent to J. P. Morgan & Co., 23 Wall Street, or the Belgian Relief Committee, 8 and 10 Bridge Street. Yesterday's contributions of $10 or more were:

Ogdensburg Catholic Diocese	$1,000
Providence	200
Woonsocket, R. I., Bureau de Secours Belge	200
Charlotte, N. C.	182
Tiffin, Ohio	154
Vassar College	125
B.	100
Mrs. F. D. Berrien	100
Memory E. G. H.	100
Mrs. E. D. Hawkins	100
Miss M. B. Merwin	75
Mrs. E. B. Renwick	50
Quincy, Fla.	50
Mrs. H. G. Shepard	500
R. C. Hawkins	200
Mrs. G. T. Hepburn	100
W. F. Keilholer	100
Women of Sherburn	50
E. Beadle	25
Anonymous	25
Ella Lockwood	10
Mary S. Cook	10
W. L. Rumsey	10
C. K. Bronson	10
Evelina K. Strong	25
I. N. Baker	25
Performer's Club of Wykeham Rise	87
Alice E. Mosenthal	10
Rev. C. A. Huyette	10
O. E. M.	48
J. S. Sheldon	10
H. T. Daniels	15
Amherst, Mass.	$10
Newton E. Stowe	10
A. W. Bohn	25
Alice Sealy	10
W. L. M.	15
Bronx Club	12
J. H. T.	10
A. Courtenay	25
John G. Singer	15
G. G. Levy	20
Alice M. Boutell	10
A. A. Ellis	20
Ruth Magillan	25
T. H. Saunders	10
J. Schweizer	15
Miss Papazian	25
Students, Oxford, Ohio	26
M. De F. Richards	10
I. M. S.	10
J. M. Tibbout	10
Employes of Louis Bustanoby	32
Anonymous	10
Summit Primary School	28
Mrs. W. J. Reid	20
H. G. Cone	10
Miss E. Tobias and A. L. Cantrell	25
E. R. H. Fairfield	[illegible]
George T. Ladd	10
Charles Stafford	10
Rec. J. C. MacErlain	25
Anonymous	25
Satur'd'y Ev. Bridge Club	10
Cornelia E. Reed	25
A Friend	15
Anonymous	22
Anonymous	[illegible]

BARREL COLLECTIONS.

Mme. Genaille	$21
E.	1
G.	1
Anonymous	2
Z. Bourgreen	1
J. De Borger, Jr.	4
Diamond	$1
Ann Slater	1
Alice Slater	1
Mrs. J. A. Agar	1
Mrs. Welch	3

Mercy Relief for Women.

The Committee of Mercy has appropriated $25,000 for Servian, Polish, and French women and children, also $2,550 for relief of women and children in New York suffering because of the war. For Servian relief $10,000 will be used for food and supplies to be distributed by United States diplomatic representatives in the Balkans. The $10,000 for the suffering Poles will be handled by the American Ambassadors at Petrograd and Vienna. The north of France will get $5,000.

This relief was voted immediately after Frederick H. Allen, Chairman of the Finance Committee, had read communications from Gabriel Hanotaux, former French Minister of Foreign Affairs. One of M. Hanotaux's communications follows:

> Nov. 24.
>
> Dear Mr. Allen: We are very much touched by your inexhaustible activity, and we thank you most heartily for the different sums of money and other help which we have received through your aid. I want again to ask you to get as soon as possible gifts of sweaters, jerseys, &c., but especially shoes, confirming my telegram of the 24th November. Will you be good enough to transmit our thanks to the numerous people who have devoted themselves to the work of helping the French in America. All this testimony of American friendship we shall never forget.
>
> Please accept, my dear Mr. Allen, the expression of my warmest sentiments.
>
> GABRIEL HANOTAUX.

Following are the contributions of $10 or more to the Committee of Mercy fund, acknowledged by August Belmont yesterday:

GENERAL FUND.

D. McConnell, Mount Vernon	$10
W. H. Simons, Warsaw, Ind.	10
Mrs. K. D. Williams, Wilmington, Ohio	15
James N. Gamble, Cincinnati	50
Relief Com. of Warren County, Ohio	398
Florence D. Mills	10
Miscellaneous Contributions	85

BELGIAN FUND.

Julia E. Blanhard, Wheaton, Ill.	$10
Elisha M. Stevens, Lynn, Mass.	10
Kinnear Mfg. Co., Columbus, Ohio	100
Miscellaneous Contributors	39
Strand Theatre Benefit	14,400

BRITISH FUND.

Mrs. John H. Bailey, Pittsburgh	$50
Frank Whitney, Boston	100
Mrs. Stanley McCormick	100
Marguerite Little, Salem, Mass.	10
Mrs. C. A. Proctor, Boston	10
Mrs. B. Schlessinger, Brookline, Mass.	50
Ethel M. Hamilton, Oakmont, Penn.	50
Sale of Photos by Bauman Studios	12
Mrs. A. M. Morse, Brookline, Mass.	10
Mrs. W. W. Blockburn, Pittsburgh	100
Mrs. Oscar Tateji, Boston	50
Mrs. C. W. Taintor, Boston	25
Jerome Jones, Boston	100
Mrs. C. Walbau, Brookline, Mass.	25
Mrs. T. K. Lathrop, Boston	200
Mrs. and Miss Duavo, Pittsburgh	15
Charles Hopkinson, Manchester, Mass.	25
Miscellaneous Contributors	17

AMERICAN FUND.

Louis Sherry	$2,550

The fund, subscriptions to which should be sent to August Belmont, 200 Fifth Avenue, now totals $85,041.49.

American Ambulance in Paris.

The committee raising funds for the American ambulance in Paris announced yesterday that seventeen women had raised a fund of $710 to pay for the recent advertising of the hospital. The advertised appeal for ambulances, of which the hospital was in urgent need, brought in several responses, and the contributions to the general fund presumably traceable to advertising increased the fund by several thousand dollars. Contributions, which should be sent to J. P. Morgan & Co., 23 Wall Street, were announced yesterday from the following:

Advertising Com.	$710
Alfred Seligsberg	25
C. R. Meston	25
Pres. Ch., Seneca Castle, N. Y.	$10
Charles A. Wehrly	10
J. D. Taylor	10

The total of the fund now is $220,532.50. There is on hand barely enough to support the hospital three months.

The fund for the relief of the women and children of France, subscriptions to which should be sent to Mrs. Whitney Warren, now totals $43,019.86, of which amount $60.15 was received yesterday. Among yesterday's subscribers were Mrs. Goddard, who sent $25, and John A. Perry and Charles A. Sherman, who sent $10 each.

It was announced yesterday that the Austro-Hungarian Red Cross and Relief Funds have grown to $68,601.37 since Nov. 12.

A DIARY OF DREAD DAYS.

New Mother Flees Shells in Belgium and Dies Amid War's Terrors.

A prominent Belgian-American citizen of New York received a letter yesterday from a member of his family, now in Belgium. The letter was in the nature of a diary and parts of it were made public by the Belgian Relief Committee last night. The diary begins in the latter part of September and ends the latter part of October.

During the bombardment of the village in which the writer lived, the diary said that a baby girl was born to his sister, the wife of a Belgian soldier. For awhile mother and child did as well as could be expected during so terrible a time, but on the third day the roar of howitzers and bursting of shrapnel proved too much and the young mother sank into coma. The writer added:

> The shooting of Monday made her very nervous, but when all of a sudden shells burst at our very door, killing a few soldiers and horses, and bringing down the steeple of our church with a terrible crash, you can imagine the effect it had on Irma, and what a panic struck our population. It was a real race for life against the German shells.
>
> You will hardly believe what happened to Irma, our dying sister. Her husband, poor Lanny, had watched at her bedside through these frightful days and nights; he had moreover the care of three little children, the oldest of which is not quite four years. Our dear old mother could give very little help—she is hardly able to walk now. I was at work, away from home, and knew nothing of the happenings there. If it hadn't been for Louis, who came out of his way dodging shells, God only knows what might have happened to them. How to save Irma, hopelessly sick, was Louis's only anxiety. He hunted all over for a conveyance, but could not get any willing help; no one believed his story about Irma; as a last resort, he commandeered a beer wagon and horse which had been abandoned in the village. Getting all ready for the flight was quick work. The wagon emptied—two mattresses and Irma onto it. Helped by two soldiers dodging shells, it was a general "souve qui pent" of our own dear folks. Mother herself kept up with the race.
>
> A terrible accident occurred half way to Duffel—one of the back wheels of the improvised ambulance came off; poor Irma was thrown heavily on the cobbled road. The wheel was fixed again and off they went. When well out of range of the guns, they halted for the night at the house of niece, Marie. All this happened on the Monday; it was the first of a long list of evil days which have fallen on the family and which, as I write these lines, are still on the increase. Yes, dear Hubert, worse was yet to come. When I had done my day's work, I started cycling home. On getting near, old acquaintances advised me not to venture into Wavre St. Catherine. No one could give me any news of mother, so I decided to roll on homeward. Shells were still flying, but fewer and at longer intervals. When I reached home it was growing dark and all was quiet. I found Irma's home wide open, but nothing had been touched. Mother's little home was locked and unharmed, so, too, was the house of Louis. That of Marie's was closed, but damaged by shrapnel. The church lay in ruins; almost every one had fled. As no one knew where mother had gone, I decided to stay at home for the night in company with a soldier of my acquaintance.

The next day in the terror and excitement of the situation the writer lost all track of his family and it was two days later when he found his sick sister. She was dying in a hospital near Antwerp. Three days later she died, with no member of her family present.

"God help us all," continued the letter, "for we cannot even weep. The Germans had dried up the tears within us. We felt the blow. Three poor little orphans. Won't you adopt this war baby, H——? We buried Irma the Monday after. No mass, no priest at the grave—we all went to the cemetery except mother."

Two days after the burial of the sister the old mother became ill and was removed to a hospital. Then follows a vivid description of the terrors attending the German bombardment of Antwerp, and it was while the bombardment was at its height that the old mother died. She was buried, the writer added, in an unmarked grave.

"The Germans have crushed the tears out of us," the letter adds, "for even the most sacred of human sorrows. Weep for us over mother's unknown grave. I was glad indeed that none of our folks were about."

The letter ended with a description of the flight of the Belgians into the Netherlands during and following the bombardment, and subsequent capture of Antwerp by the German forces.

SCHEUTZEN NIGHT AT BAZAAR.

Germans Preparing for Great Crowd at Armory Tonight.

The Charity Bazaar for the benefit of the widows and orphans of German, Austrian, and Hungarian soldiers, now being held in the Seventy-first Regiment Armory, Park Avenue and Thirty-fourth Street, drew another huge crowd last night. It was estimated that 20,000 persons attended in the afternoon and evening. The receipts are now more than $200,000 it was said, and this does not include about $70,000 that has been donated to the Bazaar Committee.

It was "Schuetzen Evening" last night, and the result was the attendance of German sharpshooting and target societies and organizations from all parts of the city. Judge Lorenz Zeller was master of ceremonies.

Tonight will be "Bronx, Free Mason, and Odd Fellow Night," and the management is anticipating one of the largest crowds that has ever gathered for such an affair in New York City. Last Saturday night, which was "Hungarian Night," produced a crowd so large that about 5,000 persons were turned away at the doors.

Tomorrow is the final day of the bazaar. It will be known as "New York Night." The committee in charge said last night that they hoped to realize $250,000 above all expenses from the bazaar. The money will be divided equally between German and Austro-Hungarian widows and orphans.

ARTISTS' AID SALE TONIGHT.

Plaza Auction Expected to Realize $100,000 for War Relief.

An auction sale of 200 objects of art will take place tonight at the Plaza for the benefit of families of French and Belgian artists suffering through the war. Many of the articles which will be sold have been taken from some of the best private collections in this country. Some of the painters who have contributed are William Sergeant Kendall, Louis C. Tiffany, Edwin H. Blashfield, William M. Chase, and Daniel C. French.

Among the patrons will be the Belgian Minister, Eugene Brieux; Gov.-elect Whitman, Charles H. Sherrill, William Jay, Dr. Robert Abbe, Archer M. Huntington, Otto Kahn, Thatcher Adams, and Victor Morawetz.

The Committee of Artists in charge of the sale are Duncan Candler, Thomas Shields Clarke, Kenneth Frazier, Robert Underwood Johnson, Albert C. Herter, William Ordway Partridge, Daniel C. French, Louis C. Tiffany, William M. Chase, and Edwin H. Blashfield.

Mr. Partridge said last night that there was reason for expecting that the sale would produce about $100,000. The proceeds will be distributed through the American Embassy in Paris.

STEAMSHIP HITS A ROCK.

With Hole in Bottom, the Isthmian Races for San Diego.

SAN DIEGO, Cal., Dec. 18.—The American-Hawaiian steamer Isthmian is in danger of foundering at sea with her million-dollar cargo.

The steamship, which sailed from Los Angeles two days ago for New York, scraped across the northwestern end of San Benito Island, 300 miles south of here, early today, and with twenty-six feet of water in her No. 1 hold decided to run for this port.

Wireless appeals brought the destroyer Perry, with the cruiser West Virginia and the naval tug Iroquois following. The Perry reported the Isthmian in great distress tonight, and might go down at any minute.

When soundings were taken at 10 P. M. in No. 1 tank the sounding rod went through the ship's bottom and the water was pouring in at a terrific rate. All the ship's pumps were out of order, but the firemen remained at their posts, keeping up sufficient steam to drive the vessel forward in her seemingly hopeless race for San Diego.

The Isthmian is a vessel of 5404 tons. She left San Francisco five days ago.

DE BERIGNY GETS DIVORCE.

Merchant of New York and Japan Obtains a Decree in London.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Dec. 18.—An American, Mrs. Mary Elizabeth de Berigny, has been divorced from her husband, Victor Francis Thiennette de Berigny, who obtained a divorce in the Divorce Court here today.

The petitioner is a wealthy merchant of New York and Japan. His wife was born in New York. The marriage took place at the American Legation in Tokio in 1895.

The petitioner came to America and England in 1901. His wife remained in Japan.

JAIL MORE BOYS IN JERSEY.

Two Lads Sold Postcards Near Duke Estate.

Special to The New York Times.

METUCHEN, N. J., Dec. 18.—For selling post cards on the estate of James B. Duke, the tobacco man, near Bound Brook, Louis Varba, Antonio Gammbino, and Nicholas Matino, all under 15 years, are locked up in the Somerset County Jail, at Somerville, serving sentences of five days each imposed yesterday by Justice of the Peace Joseph Navetto of Raritan.

The Hillsborough Township Committee passed an ordinance a few months ago prohibiting the selling of postcards without a license, to cost $20. David Smith, Superintendent for Mr. Duke, charged that the boys peddled picture postcards on the Duke property and also on the public highway without a license. The jail is the same in which Oscar Jacobson, the boy who killed a rabbit out of season, was confined.

NEW STEFANSSON THEORY.

Ottawa Believes He May Have Lengthened His Arctic Journey.

Special to The New York Times.

OTTAWA, Ontario, Dec. 18.—It is believed here that Vilhjalmar Stefansson, who started north from Herschel Island last Winter with the announced intention of traveling 100 miles over the ice, taking soundings and making such observations as he could, really went on 200 miles farther north in the hope of discovering land and spending the Summer there.

If he did not find land, he would have to spend the Summer on the floating ice; but there would be an abundance of fish and game for food. Then this Winter he would return south over the ice, and should be heard from next Spring.

FOUND MURDERED IN DITCH.

Missing Man Slain with Axe and Brother-in-Law Held as Witness.

RED BANK, N. J., Dec. 18.—Missing since Tuesday, when he was seen with his brother-in-law, Eddie Shassino, John Sherlock, 28 years old, today was found buried in a ditch three miles from the Cross farm at Holmdel, where the two men were employed. Sherlock had been murdered with an axe which was found near by.

Shassino was arrested as a material witness and examined. Two hours later a detective found the body in a ditch covered with leaves and branches. Shassino is held at the county jail at Freehold. Coroner Woods of Red Bank will hold an inquest on Monday at Holmdel.

Alabama Mob Lynches Negro.

FORT DEPOSIT, Ala., Dec. 18.—Will Jones, a negro, was lynched near here early today by a mob that took him from the county authorities. It is said the negro confessed to an attempted assault on a high school girl last night. A Coroner's jury found that the negro came to his death "at the hands of unknown parties."

The New York Times Current History of the European War, containing the magazine publication of Bernard Shaw complete. The whole of his world-celebrated article "Common Sense About the War," and many other interesting and valuable articles. Twice a month. Price 25 cents a number; 50 cents a month; $1 the first four months; $6 a year. If your newsdealer is out of it, order by mail from The New York Times War History, Times Square, New York City.—Advt.

CITY LODGERS' FUND DIVERTED, HE SAYS

Former Steward Charges Superintendent Supplied His Table from Charity Donations.

TELLS OF BRUTALITY CASES

Commissioner Kingsbury Testifies in His Own Behalf in Civil Service Inquiry.

Charges of mismanagement of the Municipal Lodging House were made yesterday at the investigation of the Municipal Civil Service Commission by the State Commission in the Municipal Building. Walter J. Sloane, formerly acting steward of the lodging house, testified that Superintendent W. A. Whiting dismissed him when he insisted upon making an investigation into the disappearance of several dozen night shirts that had been bought for the city's lodgers. Sloane testified that Superintendent Whiting maintained his family, consisting of his wife, two children, and father-in-law, in the institution and that they partook of food that was meant for the lodgers and the employes of the place.

"I complained to Mr. Whiting," said the witness, "that his relatives were eating food that should have gone to the people taking care of the institution and Mr. Whiting replied that he did not care a rap about that and that his family 'came first.'"

When Sloane testified that Whiting ordered seven different kinds of cereals for the use of his family, Frederic R. Coudert, counsel for the local commission, objected. Frank Moss, counsel for the State Commission, said:

"Here is a case of a Superintendent pitchforked into a place in which he is supposed to be competent. We want to prove that he is not competent."

Charity Funds Misused He Says.

Sloane went on to say that he told the Superintendent that the seven cereals were not on the food supply list, and that he was ordered to take the money sent to the institution by charitable people and buy the food. He said that Mr. Whiting and his family used a large box of oranges each week that were meant for the fifty people employed in the lodging house. Sloane also testified that he saw Sigmund Simonds, the Assistant Superintendent of the lodging house, brutally treat some of the men who applied for shelter. He testified that during the time he [Sloane] was in the institution he gave Whiting's father a coat, hat, and vest; his wife four pairs of shoes, and Whiting himself some blankets which he took from the storehouse which contained the goods donated from charitable sources. Sloane said that in five months he had saved the city $7,000 in the food bill.

Commissioner Kingsbury for the first time testified yesterday in his own behalf. He explained why he had appointed a number of special examiners without taking them from the civil service list. It was the appointment of these examiners that led to the present investigation.

Kingsbury Denies Partisanship.

"I had given no personal consideration to this matter," said Commissioner Kingsbury, "knowing that my Second Deputy was eminently fitted for the task I had assigned him. I defy any one to show that any of these forty-six examiners were selected because of any partisan or political or personal favoritism. I had complete confidence in my Deputy Commissioner's desire to serve the public with a single eye to the welfare of the children and the poor who were being looked after and to show results. I did not suggest a single man on the list.

"When the complete quota was filled it was put before me and I approved them all. I have a staff of 3,098 employes in which there are over 13,000 changes in the course of a year, and there are a great many grades and salaries attaching to the various positions. It is physically impossible for me to give attention in detail to all communications on this subject, or to be sure that they are in harmony with the civil service rules. It is my judgment and belief that the special examiners have, on the whole, done admirable work.

"It is interesting to observe that 244 children have been discharged from seven institutions. As a result of the work of these examiners about 1,187 children were returned from private institutions to their homes, and about 71 from the city institutions on Randall's Island. The city institutions on Randall's Island are insufficient to provide for all who should go there. The city is in need of space for children who are going wrong. There are hundreds of children who have been found to be feeble-minded in the clearing house who are still at large.

Hospital Helpers Employed.

"The bulk of hospital helpers were people who did physical labor and, as a rule, were of an unskilled sort. There were also persons in the institutions who did a variety of more or less technical duties, sometimes clerical, sometimes pertaining to hospital work having to do with X-ray machines, all of whom were called hospital helpers. In a great many cases these hospital helpers were people who were receiving very much lower wages than would be required if they were taken from an eligible list, if one were established for the position. In many cases they were ex-patients or persons whose employment was temporary, but under that title the department was able to obtain a higher grade of service than it could conceivably get in a competitive service."

John A. Daly, an examiner in the Charities Department stationed at the Bureau of Dependent Adults on Staten Island, testified that he had protested to Dr. Henry Moskowitz, President of the Municipal Civil Service Commission, against the appointment of the forty-seven examiners as an injustice to the old examiners who had passed a civil service examination and who were not getting a square deal.

"I called President Moskowitz's attention to matters that happened in the department," said Daly. "These matters did not reflect credit on the Civil Service Commission. I told the President of several instances of injustice, especially one case where a man earning a salary of $2,400 a year displaced an examiner so that his own son could get the position."

As a result of his visit to Dr. Moskowitz, Daly said he was transferred to Staten Island, where he had to cover fifty-six miles of territory, although he lives at 30 Bradhurst Avenue, Manhattan.

The hearing will be resumed on Monday morning.

Supt. Whiting said, regarding Sloane's testimony:

"Sloane was an inmate of the Municipal Lodging House last April when I took charge. I gave him temporary work, and later put him on the payroll. In the Fall I reduced some of his authority, and this caused him to turn against me. As a whole, the charges which he makes are untrue, misleading, and absurd. In detail they have all been investigated by Deputy Commissioner Thomson, who states that there is not the least reflection on any of the matters dealt with in the charges. The absurdity of his statement which he makes, to the effect that fifty nightgowns had disappeared each night from July 1, 1914, to Nov. 25, 1914, is apparent. This elapsed period of 148 days would mean a total loss in nightgowns of 7,400, or more than four times as many as we have received or had in the institution.

"As to maintaining my family at the lodging house on food intended for the lodgers, the charge is too absurd to consider seriously. It is the privilege of the Superintendents of the institutions to live a tthe institutions, and the monthly requisitions make provision for the Superintendent, his family, staff, and extras."

MRS. BRECK IN RAHWAY?

Description of Strange Pedestrian Tallies with That of Missing Woman

Special to The New York Times.

ELIZABETH, N. J., Dec. 18.—Walter Breck of Orange, whose wife has been missing from their home for more than a week, has been notified by the authorities of Elizabeth and Rahway that a woman believed to be his wife was seen in this vicinity this afternoon.

Several residents of Rahway and Linden late this afternoon noticed walking along the old Monroe Road a woman who appeared to be laboring under some mental trouble, stopping every few seconds to pick from the roadside pieces of paper and waste, which she carefully placed in a handbag. The woman was about 34 years old. Descriptions of her tallied with those of Mrs. Breck.

Special to The New York Times.

ORANGE, N. J., Dec. 18.—Walter Breck of 292 Park Avenue, Orange, suffering from the strain of the hunt for his missing wife, has decided to rest and await developments.

Tomorrow morning a large number of Boy Scouts will start out to again search the Orange Mountains with moving picture men "reeling" them off. This will be part of the picture which will be sent broadcast in which will be a picture of Mrs. Breck.

The police still hold to the theory that Mrs. Breck is alive and hiding somewhere or working in some office or factory under an assumed name.

William E. Christiansen of Boonton, a friend of the family, who has been in charge of the search for the woman, believes Mrs. Breck had managed to jump from a ferryboat in the North River, and says he expects her body to be found at any time.

CAUGHT GIRL IN DEATH LEAP

Motorman on Subway Train Grabbed Her as She Jumped for Tracks.

As his train, a northbound Subway express, drew into the 191st Street station at 10:45 o'clock last night, Motorman Edward Middleton saw a girl who was barefoot and wore no hat dart from behind the shelter of a pillar on the platform and run toward the tracks as though to jump in front of the train. Middleton had the door beside him open for air, and he leaned out of this, grabbing at the girl as she made the leap to land in front of the car.

He caught her by the hair and held her swinging over the platform while she struggled with him and cried:

"Let me alone. I want to die. Let me go."

Middleton clung on, however, until he got an arm around the girl's waist and he pulled her into the motor box just as the car swept past the end of the station. In another instant she would have been smashed against the wall. Middleton stopped his train and then carried the girl back through it to the platform.

She was unhurt, but was hysterical at first. When she became calm Policeman Rabbitt of the West 177th Street Station made her don her stockings, shoes, and hat, which had been found on the platform, and took her to the West 123d Street Station.

There she said she was Isabel Picard, 25 years old, of 611 West 114th Street. The girl was locked up charged with attempted suicide.

FOUND RAVING FROM HUNGER

Evicted Man Sent to Bellevue, Aged Father Missing.

Delirious from starvation, Benjamin Foley, 38 years old, was found yesterday in the hallway outside an apartment at 457 West Fifty-sixth Street, from which he, his father, 70 years old, and his young sister were evicted several days ago.

Foley was taken to Bellevue Hospital in a dangerous condition. Neighbors began a search for his father, who was thought to be wandering somewhere on the west side. His sister is with neighbors, but they are almost as poor as the Foleys and will not be able to care for her much longer.

Foley worked for a gas company until five months ago, but was laid off when work became slack. They pawned everything they could. Several days ago the last piece of furniture was sold and the family slept on mattresses and pillows on the floor. Later the family was evicted.

When neighbors took in the girl Foley and his father began wandering in the streets and sleeping in hallways.

HURRICANE HALTS TOURAINE

Liner's Decks Swept by Seas on Her Voyage Here.

The French Line steamship Touraine arrived here yesterday from Havre, thirty-six hours late on account of hurricanes she encountered crossing the Atlantic on Dec. 10 and 11, and Dec. 15 and 16. High seas swept her decks fore and aft, while the passengers were battened down below.

Henry Clews, Jr., the banker's son, who is a sculptor, returned from Italy, where he had been since July, with specimens of his work which will be exhibited in this city.

Henri Guillaume, a French architect, who is to supervise the erection of the French Pavilion at the Panama-Pacific Exposition in San Francisco in 1915, was also a passenger.

SEEK WENDEL ESTATE.

Sisters of "Hermit of Fifth Ave." Ask for Administration Papers.

Special to The New York Times.

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., Dec. 18.—Ella V. von E. Wendel and Rebecca A. D. Wendel Swope, sisters of John G. Wendel "hermit of Fifth Avenue," applied today for letters of administration of Mr. Wendel's estate, which real estate experts in New York placed at $55,000,000 for realty holdings alone. Mr. Wendel left no will.

The sisters stated that they had searched for a will and finding none had the consent of the other possible heirs to their appointment as administrators. These consents were filed by two other sisters, the only next of kin whom Mr. Wendel left. They are Mary Eliza Astor Wendel and Georgiana G. R. Wendel. All the sisters live in Irvington, where Mr. Wendel made his home.

TRIES TO KILL COUNCILMAN.

Pittsburgh Crusader, Wounded, Drives Assailant Away.

PITTSBURGH, Dec. 18.—As the result, it is believed, of his activity in aiding in the crusade against evil resorts here, an attempt was made tonight to kill Dr. George A. Dillinger, one of the nine Councilmen. An unidentified assailant plunged a knife into Dr. Dillinger's neck, but a blow aimed at the physician's breast was deflected by his watch.

Dr. Dillinger is in a hospital, but the wound in his neck is not believed to be mortal. After a struggle, the Councilman succeeded in driving his assailant from the porch of his home, where the attack occurred. The man and a companion fled.

UNION'S TREASURER MISSING

Newark Grand Jury Takes Up Matter of $3,200 That Can't Be Found.

The attention of the Grand Jury at Newark was called yesterday to the disappearance of Joseph Mang, Financial Secretary of the Brewers' Union, and the fact that the union is unable to find $3,200 of its funds.

Mang lived in Paterson. His wife says he left home on Dec. 1, saying he was going on a two weeks' vacation.

A short time before his disappearance, Mang is said to have told the union that it was losing interest on its bank deposits, and suggested that the deposits be scattered among several banks. The suggestion was accepted and checks signed by the Trustees for the transfer. The money was withdrawn by Mang.

Argentina Seeks Loan Here.

BUENOS AIRES, Dec. 18.—The Minister of Finance is endeavoring to negotiate a loan of $10,000,000 in New York.

SHIPPING AND MAILS.

Miniature Almanac for Today.

Sun rises..7:20|Sun sets..4:35|Moon sets..7:28

THE TIDES.

	High Water. A.M.	High Water. P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	Low Water. P.M.
Sandy Hook	9:05	9:49	2:50	3:31
Governors Island	9:24	10:08	3:20	4:06
Hell Gate	11:14	11:58	5:00	5:46

Arrived—Friday, Dec. 18.

SS Touraine, Havre, Dec. 7.
SS Floride, Havre, Nov. 25.
SS Splendor, Genoa, Nov. 28.
SS Maracaibo, San Juan, Dec. 4.
SS Nebraskan, Boston, Dec. 16.
SS El Valle, Galveston, Dec. 12.
SS Indradeo, Balboa, Dec. 7.
SS Chesapeake, Baltimore, Dec. 16.
SS City of Savannah, Savannah, Dec. 16.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TODAY.

Baltic	Liverpool	Dec. 10
Massapequa	Rotterdam	Nov. 27
Canning	Liverpool	Dec. 1
Themistocles	Palermo	Nov. 30
Santa Cecilia	Balboa	Dec. 8
Veenbergen	Rotterdam	Dec. 4
Minnewaska	London	Dec. 10
Italia	Palermo	Dec. 4
Advance	Colon	Dec. 12
Bolsheim	Penarth	Dec. 4
Mohawk	Jacksonville	Dec. 16
DUE TOMORROW.		
Adriatic	Liverpool	Dec. 12
Prins der Nederlanden	Haiti	Dec. 13
Chicago City	Swansea	Dec. 5
St. Louis	Liverpool	Dec. 12
Esperanza	Havana	Dec. 15
Isabela	Colon	Dec. 12
Kentra	Rio Janeiro	Nov. 28
Saramacca	Santiago	Dec. 16
Stampalia	Naples	Dec. 8
City of Montgomery	Savannah	Dec. 17
Oosterdyk	Rotterdam	Dec. 6
DUE MONDAY.		
Laura	Rotterdam	Dec. 7
Ryndam	Rotterdam	Dec. 11
Bayamon	San Juan	Dec. 16
Coamo	San Juan	Dec. 16
Jolando di Giorgio	Jamaica	Dec. 16
Antilles	New Orleans	Dec. 16
Terje Virken	Santos	Nov. 21
El Mundo	Galveston	Dec. 15

Outgoing Steamships.

SAIL TODAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Potsdam, Rotterdam	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
New York, Liverpool	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Touraine, Havre	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Dwinsk, Archangel	10:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Byron, Argentina	7:00 A.M.	10:30 A.M.
Re d'Italia, Naples	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Havana, Havana	8:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Brazos, San Juan	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Tenadores, Havana	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Mandeville, Jamaica	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
American, Rio Janeiro	10:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Transylvania, Liverpool	——	10:00 A.M.
Yaguez, San Juan	——	12:00 M.
Essequibo, Jamaica	——	1:00 P.M.
Huron, Jacksonville	——	1:00 P.M.
Alamo, Tampa	——	1:00 P.M.
City of Savannah, Savannah	——	3:00 P.M.
El Oriente, Galveston	——	12:00 M.
Creole, New Orleans	——	12:00 M.
SAIL MONDAY.		
Rio Janeiro, Bahia	12:00 M.	2:00 P.M.
Madison, Norfolk	——	3:00 P.M.
SAIL TUESDAY.		
Saxon Prince, Rio Janeiro	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Scottish Prince, Rio Janeiro	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
San Francisco, Montevideo	9:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Matura, Grenada	10:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Korona, St. Thomas	11:30 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Mohawk, Jacksonville	——	1:00 P.M.
City of Montgomery, Savannah	——	3:00 P.M.

By Marconi Wireless.

SANDY HOOK, N. J., DEC. 18.

SS Baltic, Liverpool to New York, was signaled; time and distance not given; due 19th, forenoon. White Star Line.

SCOTLAND LIGHTSHIP.

SS Carolyn, San Francisco to New York, was 924 miles S. of San Pedro at 8 P. M. 17th.

SS John A. Hooper, San Francisco to New York, was 1,196 miles S. of San Francisco at 8 P. M. 17th.

SS S. V. Luckenbach, San Francisco to New York, was 384 miles N. of Colon at noon 17th.

SS Antilles, New Orleans to New York, was 136 miles S. of Jupiter at noon.

SS El Mundo, Galveston to New York, was 118 miles S. of Jupiter at noon.

SS Esperanza, Vera Cruz to New York, was 389 miles S. of Diamond Shoals at noon.

SS Satilla, Gulfport to New York, was 245 miles S. at noon.

SS City of Montgomery, Savannah to New York, was 9 miles N. E. of Frying Pan at noon.

SS El Sud, Galveston to New York, was 236 miles E. of Galveston Bar at noon.

SS Algonquin, Sanchez to New York, was 325 miles S. at 7 P. M.

SS Sabine, Mobile to New York, was 45 miles S. of Tampa Bar at 7 P. M.

SS Caracas, La Guayra to New York, was 1,380 miles S. at 8 P. M.

SS Mohawk, Jacksonville to New York, was 212 miles S. at 7 P. M.

SS Arapahoe, Jacksonville to New York, was 22 miles N. of St. John's Bar at 7 P. M.

SS Concho, Galveston to New York, was 75 miles S. at 7 P. M.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS Roma, at Marseilles, Dec. 14.
SS Duca degli Abruzzi, at Gibraltar, Dec. 17.
SS Napoli, at Naples, Dec. 17.
SS Hiso, at Esbjerg, Dec. 16.
SS Bantu, at Troon, Dec. 18.

Sailed.

SS Finland, from Gibraltar, Dec. 17.
SS Guiana, from St. Thomas, Dec. 18.
SS New York, (tank,) from Rotterdam, Dec. 15.
SS O. Sundt, from Shields, Dec. 18.

Passed.

SS Ancona, New York for Naples, passed Sagres.

Transpacific Mails.

These mails close at 6:30 P. M.

Hawaii, Japan, Corea, China, and Philippine Islands (via San Francisco)—Nippon Maru	Dec. 21
Japan, Corea, China, and Philippine Islands (via Seattle)—Sado Maru	Dec. 24
Hawaii, (via San Francisco)—Matsonia	Dec. 25
Guam, (via San Francisco)—U. S. Transport	Dec. 31
Tahiti, Marquesas, Cook Islands, New Zealand, and Australia, (except West,) (via San Francisco)—Moana	Jan. 1

Transatlantic Parcel Post Mails.

France—Close at 11 A. M. Dec. 19, SS Touraine.
Belgium—Service suspended.
Greece—Close at 12 M. Dec. 23, SS Themistocles.
Sweden and Denmark—Close at 9:30 A. M. Jan. 2, SS United States.
Norway—Close at 9:30 A. M. Jan. 2, SS Bergensfjord.

Pacific Mails.

Postmaster Morgan announces that mails of the following dates—Brisbane, Nov. 25; Sydney, Nov. 26; Wellington, Nov. 30, and Auckland, Dec. 1—which arrived per steamer Niagara, were dispatched east from Seattle on Dec. 16, and are due in New York on the morning of Monday, Dec. 21.

UP THE HUDSON SUNDAY
STEAMER "NEWBURGH"
For Newburgh, Highland Falls, etc., $1.00 round trip. Franklin St., 9; W. 129th St., 9:30 A. M. Restaurant.
Saturday Service Dec. 19. Str. "Benj. B. Odell" leaves Franklin St. 4, W. 129th St. 4:30 P. M. for Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, Kingston.
CENTRAL HUDSON LINE

LEGAL NOTICES.

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—JOHN C. EAMES, Complainant, against THE H. B. CLAFLIN COMPANY, Defendant.—In Equity.

To all creditors of or claimants against The H. B. Claflin Company:

Take notice that by order of the above entitled court, duly made and filed herein, on the 27th day of November, 1914, it was Ordered

"1. That any and all creditors of or claimants against The H. B. Claflin Company, who claim that The H. B. Claflin Company is indebted to them or that they possess a cause of action against it, and all other persons whomsoever who assert any claim against it, are hereby required to assert their said claims on or before the 28th day of December, 1914, and on or before said day present and file duly verified written statements or proofs of their claims against The H. B. Claflin Company and its estate with Joseph B. Martindale and Frederic A. Juilliard, as Receivers of The H. B. Claflin Company at their office, No. 224 Church Street in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County and State of New York.

2. That no creditor of and no claimant against The H. B. Claflin Company who claims The H. B. Claflin Company is indebted to him, or that he possesses a cause of action against it, and no person whosoever who asserts any claim against it, who fails to file a statement or proof of claim on or before the said 28th day of December, 1914, as hereinabove directed shall thereafter be permitted to assert any claim whatsoever against the estate of The H. B. Claflin Company in the hands of said receivers or to share in any distribution thereof whatsoever."

JOSEPH B. MARTINDALE and FREDERIC A. JUILLIARD,
Receivers of The H. B. Claflin Company, 224 Church Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.
RUSHMORE, BISBEE & STERN,
Solicitors for Receivers.

INSTRUCTION.

ITALIAN
FRENCH, SPANISH, GERMAN, ETC.
Low rates and most efficient instruction in classes and privately. Native teachers only.
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Madison Square (1,122 Broadway.)
Harlem Branch 343 Lenox Av., nr. 127th St.
Brooklyn " 218-220 Livingston St.
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Free Conversation Circles.

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Thirty-fifth Year.
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For $30 weekly diplomaed professor will teach French, design, sculpture, woodcarving, decorative, applied arts, violin, collectively or privately. Write High References, S 58 Times Downtown.

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DIAMONDS, WATCHES, GOLD JEWELRY.
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OPEN EVENINGS UNTIL 9.30

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FOUR days of blue sea to San Juan; thence around the "Island of Enchantment," stopping at Ponce, Mayaguez, and other fascinating ports. The most alluring short cruise ever arranged from New York.
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Sailing under the American Flag

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Sailings Every Saturday
Write for beautiful booklet "Porto Rico Cruise." Address
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OLD DOMINION LINE
SPEND YOUR CHRISTMAS VACATION IN THE SUNNY SOUTH
666 miles of all-water travel, including meals and stateroom berth, also including 1¼ days' accommodation at the famous
HOTEL CHAMBERLIN
Old Point Comfort, Va.
$18.50 includes all expenses.
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W. L. Woodrow, Traf. Mgr.
J. J. Brown, Gen'l Pass. Agt

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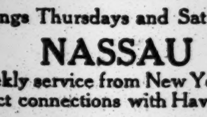
By Regular Line TWIN-SCREW S. S.
"BERMUDIAN"
Fastest, newest, and only steamer landing passengers without transfer.
Sailing from New York Dec. 26th, and Weekly.
Apply to A. E. Outerbridge & Co., Agents; Quebec S. S. Co., Ltd., 29 B'way, N. Y.; Thos. Cook & Son, 245 & 2081 B'way and 264 & 553 5th Av., N. Y., or Any Ticket Agent.



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Sailings Thursdays and Saturdays.
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Weekly service from New York and direct connections with Havana.
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Built in America and sailing under the American Flag.
Separate or combined tours of 10 and 23 days, $70.00 and up. Excellent service, spacious passenger quarters. Booklets, rates and schedules will be promptly supplied on application.
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Where Realization Exceeds Expectation
SYDNEY-AUSTRALIA via Sydney Short Line
That is one of the secrets of the wonderful popularity of those splendid 10,000 ton American steamers—"Sonoma," "Sierra" and "Ventura." They are rated 100 A1 Lloyds, and are marvels of marine comfort and luxury. Sydney in 19 days—Round trip, $337.50. Honolulu, $110. First Cabin. Grand Tour of South Seas, including Honolulu, Samoa, Australia, New Zealand and Tahiti, $337.50. Round the world at reduced rates. Write for illustrated folders with colored maps of the Islands of the Pacific.
OCEANIC S. S. CO.
673 Market St., San Francisco
or H. E. BURNETT
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SAILINGS Honolulu—Dec. 22, Jan. 5, 19, etc. Sydney—Dec. 22, Jan. 19, etc.

FRENCH LINE
Compagnie Generale Transatlantique
POSTAL SERVICE
Sailings for HAVRE
LA TOURAINE . Dec. 19, 3 P. M.
CHICAGO . . . Dec. 26, 3 P. M.
NIAGARA . . . Jan. 2, 3 P. M.
ROCHAMBEAU . Jan. 9, 3 P. M.
FOR INFORMATION APPLY
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FABRE LINES
To Azores, Lisbon and Mediterranean.
Jas. W. Elwell & Co., G. A., 17 State St., N. Y.

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Steamers leave Pier 32, N. R., foot Canal St., 6 P. M.; West 132d St., 6:30 P. M., Daily and Sunday. Phone 9400 Spring.
Fare $1.50
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"THE PUBLIC BE PLEASED."
COLONIAL LINE
BOSTON Via Boat and Rail $2.60
PROVIDENCE Boat Direct $1.60
Week days and Sundays at 5 P. M. from Pier 39, N. R., foot West Houston St. All Outside Rooms, $1.00 to $3.00. Wireless equipment. Uptown Office, Broadway and 23d St. Telephone Spring 9491.

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$2.50 BOSTON $2.50
Worcester, $2.50; Providence direct, $1.50. OUTSIDE STATEROOMS, $1.00. Daily, including Sunday, 5:00 P. M. From Pier 19, E. R. 'Phone 2700 Beekman. City Ticket Office, 290 Broadway, N. Y. Uptown Ticket Office, Broadway and 23d St.

FALL RIVER LINE
TO BOSTON $3.00
Lv. PIER 14, N. R., ft. Fulton St., Daily at 5 P. M. Music.
New London (Norwich) Line. Lv. Pier 40, N. R., ft. Houston St., week days only, 5:30 P. M.; Pier 70, E. R., ft. E. 22d St., 6:00 P.M.

CUNARD
Established 1840
EUROPE VIA LIVERPOOL
New Twin-screw Geared Turbine
"TRANSYLVANIA"
SATURDAY, DEC. 19, 10 A. M.
Excellent Accommodations
Comfortably Appointed
LUSITANIA, - Wed., Dec. 30, 10 a.m.
Franconia . . . . Sat., Jan. 9, 10 a.m.
ORDUNA . . . . Sat., Jan. 16, 10 A. M.
New Triple-screw Turbine, 15,500 Tons
TRANSYLVANIA . . . Sat., Jan. 23, 10 A. M.
MEDITERRANEAN SERVICE
Azores, Gibraltar, Genoa, Naples, Piraeus.
CARPATHIA, - - Tues., Jan. 5, noon
COMPANY'S OFFICE, 21-24 State St., N. Y.

American Line
Under the American Flag
New York—Liverpool. Pier 62, N. R.
New York Dec. 19, n'n | St. Louis Dec. 26, n'n
Atlantic Transport Line
New York—London. Pier 58, N. R.
Minnewaska, Dec. 26, 1 pm | Minneapolis, Jan. 2
White Star Line
New York—Liverpool. Pier 60, N. R.
BALTIC, DECEMBER 23, 12 NOON
MAMMOTH STEAMER
ADRIATIC, DEC. 30, NOON
*N. Y. via Boston—Italy—Greece, Calling at Azores & Gibraltar.
*CANOPIC, JANUARY 26, 10 A. M.
Company's Office, 9 Broadway, New York

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S. S. "Oceana"
Largest and most magnificent steamship in the Southern trade and the only steamship to Bermuda
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ANCHOR LINE
Royal Mail Twin-Screw Steamships
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From Pier 64, N. R., (foot W. 24th St.)
CAMERONIA . . Jan. 2, noon
1st Cabin, $85; 2d Cabin, $55; 3d Class, $35.
HENDERSON BROTHERS, 21-24 State St.

To PORTLAND, Me., $3
MAINE STEAMSHIP LINE
Low fares to all points East & North of Portland
Passenger Service from New York Dec. 19-24-29, Jan. 2-7. Freight Service Tues., Thurs. and Sat. Steamers leave Pier 19, N. R., foot Warren St., 5 P. M.
EASTERN STEAMSHIP CORPORATION.

Holland America Line
21-24 State St., N. Y.
Sailing Under Neutral Flag.
DIRECT TO ROTTERDAM
Twin Screw Sailings Carry U. S. Mail.
Potsdam . . . . . . Dec. 19, noon | N. Amsterdam, Jan. 16
Ryndam . . . . Dec. 26, noon | Potsdam . . . . Jan. 23

SUMMONSES.

NEW YORK SUPREME COURT, COUNTY of New York.—THOMAS C. WYNNE, Plaintiff, against THE VALLEY BANK OF PHOENIX, ARIZONA, Defendant.—Summons.—Trial desired in New York County.

To the above-named Defendant:

You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint in this action, and to serve a copy of your answer on the Plaintiff's Attorneys within twenty days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service, and in case of your failure to appear or answer Judgment will be taken against you by default, for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated, November 19, 1914.

BREED, ABBOTT & MORGAN, Plaintiff's Attorneys, Office and Post Office Address, No. 32 Liberty Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

To the above-named Defendant:

The foregoing summons is served upon you by publication pursuant to order of Hon. Joseph E. Newburger, a Justice of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, dated December 18th, 1914, and filed in the office of the clerk of the County of New York, at the County Court House in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 19th day of December, 1914, with the summons and complaint in this action, which were filed in said office on the 19th day of November, 1914.

Dated, December 18, 1914.

BREED, ABBOTT & MORGAN, Plaintiff's Attorneys, Office and Post Office Address, No. 32 Liberty Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

4½% to 6½%
On Your Savings
may be obtained by purchasing well-secured mortgage bonds at present low prices, which in many cases are from five to ten points below quotations of a year ago.
Write for offering No. G-102
A. B. Leach & Co.
Investment Securities
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Chicago Boston Philadelphia Baltimore Buffalo London

Two and One
The ultimate goal reached by the Partial Payment Plan is as plain as addition. Through an initial deposit and regular monthly payments you acquire full title to standard securities.
You can buy two shares of good stock and a sound $100 bond, value about $270, on an initial deposit of $50 and monthly payments of $15. The average yield is about 6%.
Send for List 131.
John Muir & Co.
Specialists In
Odd Lots
Members New York Stock Exchange.
MAIN OFFICE—74 BROADWAY, N. Y.
42d St. & B'way—Longacre Bldg., N. Y.
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Impregnable Investment Values
The most stable investments suitable for the private investor are
Municipal Bonds
We are offering a large number of carefully selected issues at
Prices to Yield 4½% to 5½%
Particulars on request
Spitzer, Rorick & Co
Successors to
SPITZER & CO.
Established 1871
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High Grade
Investment
Securities

Benjamin Franklin says:
"Be slow in choosing a friend."
THIS advice may profitably be applied to investments.
Interest bearing *certificates of deposit* offer a safe and attractive means of keeping idle funds profitably employed while awaiting permanent investment.
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43 Exchange Place, New York
ALBANY—BOSTON—CHICAGO.

FINANCIAL MARKETS

Highly Favorable Significance of the Rate Decision, News of Which Checked a Decline.

Should any one attempt to judge the Commerce Commission's decision in the rate case by the net result which it produced on prices in yesterday's stock market he would be forced to the conclusion that it was a very indifferent decision. A broader view of the matter leaves no room to doubt that the decision is of great significance to the railroads directly, and indirectly to the country at large. The effect of such a decided change in the attitude of the commission toward the plea of the railroads is not to be measured by any such narrow standard as a single day's movement on the Stock Exchange.

The commission, in granting this increase in rates, had to reverse its previous judgment, and it was hardly to be expected that it would do so without any reservations. Reservations are made in this decision, and the increase in net earnings will not be in the full amount asked for by the railroads. They have, however, been granted relief, and if this should not prove sufficient, the commission has now set a precedent which cannot easily be ignored when similar questions are again before that body. Investors will recognize that fact, as well as the actual gain in earnings which this decision promises. The sentimental effect should be great.

It ought to be easier for the railroads from now on to join successfully in the competition for capital, and the standing of existing railroad securities is directly strengthened. That is by no means a small gain. The immediate effect upon trade will not be as great as it would have been had a larger increase in earnings been allowed, but in due course trade will inevitably profit by improvement in the position of the railroads. No long delay in making the new rates effective is likely, for the railroads have been given permission to put them into effect on ten days' notice.

The immediate market influence of the decision, unimportant as that is compared with its longer range influence upon the investment position and upon trade, is not fully indicated by yesterday's net changes. Before the decision was announced, prices were declining and the good news of the decision served to rally them quite sharply. Thursday's dividend reductions were an important factor in the market until the rate decision was announced. The former reflected past conditions, which were unfavorable; the latter points directly toward more favorable conditions for the future. The previous refusals of a rate increase to the Eastern roads deterred the railroads in other sections from asking for a general increase. The new stand now taken by the commission may result in railroads in some other sections seeking relief on the same grounds. If their arguments are as good as those of the Eastern lines, they should be able to count on the same treatment.

Preparations have been practically completed for some important financing by industrial corporations, but this is again taking the form of short-term notes. The extraordinary conditions of recent months imposed unusual restraint upon all financial operations. We have rapidly been throwing off those restraints, but it will no doubt be found in respect to a good deal of the re-financing which has to be done that it will most easily be done through new short-term issues. The ease with which financing in that form can be done is one of its drawbacks. Notes once put out are more easily covered by a fresh issue of like character than by long-time obligations, and thus in actual experience a note issue more often than not leads to a series of note issues, with the permanent provision of the capital thus raised left to the future. This sort of financing is too easy to be altogether desirable.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

RESERVE BANKS DISCOUNT RATES.

	30 or Less.	Days. 30 to 60.	60 to 90.
Boston	5	5½	6
New York	5	5½	6
Philadelphia	5	5½	6
Cleveland	5	5½	6
Richmond	5	5½	6
Atlanta	5	5½	6
Chicago	5	5½	6
St. Louis	5	5½	6
Minneapolis	5½	6	6
Kansas City	5	5½	6
Dallas	5½	6	6
San Francisco	5½	6	6

BANK ACCEPTANCES.

Four to six months....3½@3¾

COLLATERAL LOANS.

Continued call loans which represent the bulk of the money now loaned nominally on call, but actually not subject to immediate call, 4@4½ per cent. Actual call loans, payable upon demand, 3@3½ per cent., with the last loan at 3¼ per cent.

	60 Days.	90 Days.	4 to 6 Mos.
On time	3¾@4	3¾@4	3¾@4

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Four to six months, best names....4¼@5

FOREIGN EXCHANGE RATES.

Cable and Sight Rates.

	High.	Low.	Last.
Demand sterling	$4.87⅛	$4.86⅞	$4.86⅞
Cables	4.87⅝	4.87⅜	4.87⅝

Closing Rates.

	Demand (or check.)	Cable.
London	$4.86⅞	$4.87⅝
Paris	5.15⅝	5.15⅛
Berlin	.88¼	.88½
Switzerland	5.22	5.21
Holland	.40⅝	.40¾
Italy	5.29¼	5.28¾

New York Clearing House exchanges, $250,545,821; balances, $13,316,797; Sub-Treasury debit balance, $4,107,630.

The local banks lost $8,448,000 on their Sub-Treasury operations this week.

Exchanges on New York at domestic centres: Boston, par; Chicago, 5c premium; St. Louis, 25c discount; San Francisco, 25c premium; Minneapolis, 50c premium; Cincinnati, 10c premium; Montreal, $2.50 premium.

SILVER QUOTATIONS.

Bar silver in London, 22 9-16d, off 5-16d; in New York, 48⅞c, off ⅝c.

STOCK MARKET AVERAGES.

The average quotations of twenty-five leading railroad and twenty-five industrial issues yesterday and of these two groups of stocks combined with comparisons:

	High.	Low.	Last.	Ch'ge.
Railroads	70.15	68.83	69.74	+.33
Industrials	53.60	52.92	53.35	−.29

COMBINED AVERAGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Ch'ge.
Dec. 12	60.53	59.72	60.48	+2.71
Dec. 14	62.56	61.18	62.39	+1.91
Dec. 15	63.21	61.60	61.73	−.66
Dec. 16	61.98	61.40	61.64	−.09
Dec. 17	61.78	61.40	61.52	−.12
Dec. 18	61.87	60.87	61.54	+.02

Range of Fifty Stocks.

	—High—		—Low—		Last.
Dec., 1913	68.69	Dec. 26	65.10	Dec. 15	68.06
Dec., 1912	82.54	Dec. 2	72.23	Dec. 16	78.20
Dec., 1911	78.40	Dec. 20	75.06	Dec. 8	77.60
Year to date	73.30	Jan. 31	57.41	July 30	61.54
Year, 1913	79.10	Jan. 9	63.09	June 10	68.04
Year, 1912	85.52	Sep. 30	75.24	Feb. 1	78.30
Year, 1911	84.41	Jan. 26	69.57	Sep. 25	77.60

Statement of Bank of France.

PARIS, Dec. 18.—The condition of the Bank of France on Dec. 10 as shown in the Ministerial budget was as follows:

	Francs.
Gold	4,141,756,843
Silver	351,033,704
Bills discounted	3,850,805,716
Advances to State under law of Sept. 5	3,600,000,000
Advances on obligations	780,757,669
Notes in circulation	9,986,641,985
Treasury deposits	170,556,828
Current accounts	2,273,008,523
Deposit accounts	398,942,257

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

FRIDAY, DEC. 18, 1914.

	Stocks, (Shares.)
Total sales	224,110
Same day last year	283,844
Total year to date	47,015,978
Same period last year	85,704,100
Average price and change 50 stocks	61.54 + .02
Same day last year	66.81 + .99

	High.		Low.	
This year's range	73.30	Jan. 31	57.41	July 30
Range year 1913	79.10	Jan. 9	63.09	June 10

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
24⅛	24¾	1,100	Alaska Gold Mines	24½	24⅝	24⅛	24⅝	+ ⅛
54	54¼	15,200	Amalgamated Cop	54⅜	55	53	54⅛	− ⅛
30½	31	1,300	Am. Beet Sugar	30½	31⅛	30½	30¾	− ⅜
25½	25⅝	2,600	Am. Can	25⅞	26¼	24¾	25⅝	− ⅞
89½	90	510	Am. Can pf	90½	90¾	89½	89½	−1⅜
45	46	400	Am. Car & Fdry	45	45½	45	45½	+ ½
39	40	500	Am. Cotton Oil	39¼	40	39	40	...
91	98	150	Am. Cotton Oil pf	96½	96½	96½	96½	...
4¼	4⅜	100	Am. H. & Leather	4½	4½	4½	4½	...
23	24	100	Am. Ice Securities	23	23	23	23	...
7½	9	25	Am. Linseed	7½	7½	7½	7½	...
23¼	23½	400	Am. Locomotive	23	23	23	23	...
..	96½	50	Am. Locomotive pf	95	95	95	95	− ⅝
57½	58½	400	Am. Smelt. & Ref	57½	58¼	57½	58¼	...
99¾	100¼	400	Am. Smelt. & R. pf	99½	100	99½	100	− ¼
105	107	200	Am. Sugar Refin	107	107	107	107	...
117¾	118¼	300	Am. Teleph. & Tel	118	118¼	118	118¼	− ½
210	220	300	Am. Tobacco	218⅜	218⅜	218	218	− ⅛
26⅛	26½	500	Anaconda Cop. Co	26½	26½	26¼	26¼	−3
93¼	93½	1,600	Atch., Top. & S. F	93	94	92¾	93½	− ¼
98½	99	100	Atch., T. & S. F. pf	98⅞	98⅞	98⅞	98⅞	− ⅛
69⅞	70	5,800	Baltimore & Ohio	69⅜	70⅛	68	69⅞	+ ⅞
69¼	69⅞	1,350	Baltimore & O. pf	69¼	69⅞	69⅛	69¼	+ ⅛
41⅛	41¼	300	Bethlehem Steel	40¾	41	40¾	41	− ⅞
85	89	100	Bethlehem Steel pf	85	85	85	85	+ ¾
85¾	86¼	500	Bklyn Rapid Tran	85¾	86	85⅜	86	+ ¼
15¼	16¼	100	California Petrol	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛	...
156½	157	4,300	Canadian Pacific	157¾	157¾	155¾	157	...
..	85	60	Case (J. I.) Co. pf	83	83	83	83	− ⅞
37¼	37¾	7,120	Central Leather Co	38¼	38¼	37¼	37½	− ¾
100	101	100	Cent. Leather Co. pf	100½	100½	100½	100½	...
42	43¼	600	Chesapeake & Ohio	43¼	43⅜	43⅛	43⅛	− ⅝
28½	29¾	500	Chi. Gt. West. pf	28½	29	28½	29	− ⅝
88¾	89¾	2,210	Chi., Mil. & St. P	88	90⅛	88	90	− ⅜
125	126	340	Chi. & Northwest	126	126	125	125	...
34	34¼	2,600	Chino Copper	34¾	34¾	33⅞	34	+ ⅛
19½	..	100	Colorado Southern	20	20	20	20	−1½
89¾	92	300	Continental Can pf	89¾	89¾	89¾	89¾	−1
115	116½	250	Consol. Gas x r	117	117	116	116	+1¾
..	..	1,200	Consol. Gas rights	2½	2 9-16	2½	2 9-16	−1
8⅜	9	280	Corn Products Ref	8¾	8¾	8¾	8¾	+1-16
5	6½	110	Den. & Rio Grande	5	5	5	5	− ⅛
12½	13½	300	Distillers' Secur	12½	12½	12½	12½	...
22¾	22⅞	15,100	Erie	21⅛	23⅜	21⅛	22⅞	− ½
35¼	36	1,600	Erie 1st pf	35¼	36⅛	35⅛	35½	+ ⅞
139½	140½	100	General Electric	140	140	140	140	+1
79	83	200	General Motors	80	80¼	80	80¼	...
24¼	25	100	Goodrich (B. F.) Co	24½	24½	24½	24½	−1¾
114¾	115⅛	1,700	Gt. Northern pf	114½	115½	113½	115½	− ½
25½	27½	600	G. N. certs.ore prop	27	27	26	26½	...
45¼	46	200	Guggenheim Ex.x d	45⅝	45⅝	45⅝	45⅝	− ¼
109	112	148	Illinois Central	110	110	110	110	...
16	16½	800	Inspiration Copper	16½	16½	16	16	+6
12½	12¾	810	Inter.-Met. v. tr.cfs	12½	12⅝	12½	12⅝	− ½
50¼	50⅝	2,050	Inter.-Met. pf	51½	51½	50¼	50½	− ⅛
..	..	150	Int. Harv., N. J. pf	118⅛	118⅛	118⅛	118⅛	−1⅛
7½	8	100	Int. Paper	7⅝	7⅞	7⅝	7⅝	+1¾
21	22	600	Kansas City South	21½	22	21½	22	− ⅞
134¾	135	2,900	Lehigh Valley	134½	135½	133⅞	135	...
202	215	100	Liggett & Myers	210	210	210	210	+ ⅜
69	71	20	Mackay Cos	70	70	70	70	...
125½	128½	25	Manhattan Elev	126¾	126¾	126¾	126¾	...
¾	1	1,400	Mercan. Marine	1¼	1¼	1	1	...
..	51	240	Mexican Petroleum	51	51	51	51	− ⅜
18¾	19	200	Miami Copper	18¾	18⅞	18¾	18⅞*	...
107	109	514	M., St. P. & S. S.M	105	107	105	107	+ ¾
9½	10	400	Mo., Kan. & Texas	10	10¼	9¾	10¼	+6
26	30	200	Mo., Kan. & T. pf	30	30	30	30	+ ⅛
10⅛	10¼	1,650	Missouri Pacific	9⅞	10¼	9⅞	10¼	...
41½	42	400	Montana Power	42⅜	42⅜	41½	41½	+ ¼
12	12⅛	1,800	Nevada Con. Cop	12	12¼	12	12	− ⅞
83½	84	4,900	N. Y. Central	82¼	84⅞	81½	83⅝	− ⅛
57½	58	3,500	N. Y., N. H. & H	55⅞	59	55⅞	57⅞	+ ⅝
21½	22	1,050	N. Y., Ont. & West	21	22½	21	22	+1¾
100½	101½	900	Norfolk & Western	102	102	100½	100½	+1
101	102	1,630	Northern Pacific	101½	101½	99⅝	101¼	−1
18½	20	500	Pacific Mail	19¾	19¾	19¼	19¼	− ⅝
107¾	107⅞	6,000	Pennsylvania R. R	107½	108⅜	107	107⅞	−1¾
16	17	500	Pittsburgh Coal	16	16	16	16	− ¼
80	82	200	Pittsburgh Coal pf	81	81	81	81	−1
35	36	1,485	Pressed Steel Car	34½	35	34	35	...
150	153	100	Pullman Co	150	150	150	150	+ ½
23½	24½	300	Railway Steel Sp	23	23½	23	23½	...
16⅛	16¾	2,200	Ray Con. Copper	16½	16½	15¾	16⅛	+ ⅛
146¾	147¼	26,100	Reading	148⅛	148¼	145½	147	− ½
1⅜	1½	1,510	Rock Island Co	1¼	1¼	1⅛	1¼	−1
2¼	2¾	800	Rock Island Co. pf	2¼	2½	2¼	2½	...
4½	5	200	Rumely, (M.,) Co	5	5	5	5	+ ½
12¾	13½	250	Seab. Air Line	12¾	12¾	12¾	12⅝	− ¾
184	186	200	Sears, Roeb. & Co	185¼	186	185¼	186	− ¾
84	84¼	9,350	Southern Pacific	85¾	85⅜	82⅞	84	+6
..	16	1,100	So. Railway ext	16⅛	16⅛	16	16	−1¾
..	..	67	So. Ry.,M.& O.st.cf	65	65	65	65	− ¼
45	47	100	Standard M.lling	45	45	45	45	...
32½	33	300	Studebaker Co	33	33	32¾	32⅞	...
86½	88	100	Studebaker Co. pf	87	87	87	87	− ⅜
32⅞	32¾	2,150	Tennessee Copper	32½	32¾	32	32⅝	− ⅜
12	13	700	Texas & Pacific	13	13	12	12½	− ⅞
36½	36¾	300	Third Avenue	35	36½	35	36½	−1
5½	5¾	100	Tol., St. L. & W. pf	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	− ¼
96¼	97	50	Twin City R. T	97	97	97	97	− ⅛
18½	23	10	Un. B. & P. Co. pf	23¼	23¼	23¼	23¼	...
117⅞	118	9,100	Union Pacific	118½	118¾	116⅛	118	...
..	..	400	Union Pacific war	27⅝	27⅝	27¼	27¼	...
41¼	43	200	United Cigar Mfrs	42	42	42	42	− ⅜
99	..	100	Un. Cigar Mfrs. pf	100⅛	100¼	100⅛	100⅛	+2
23½	25	100	Un. Rys. Invest. pf	24½	24½	24½	24½	...
..	75	100	U. S. Ind. Alco. pf	75	75	75	75	− ⅛
53¾	54	810	U. S. Rubber	54½	55¼	53½	54	−1
102	102¼	110	U. S. Rub. 1st pf	102	102	102	102	− ⅜
50½	50⅝	49,630	U. S. Steel	50⅞	51⅜	50⅛	50½	...
104¾	105½	816	U. S. Steel pf	104¾	105	104	105	− ½
48¾	48⅞	5,950	Utah Copper	49	49¼	48	49	+ ¾
..	20	100	Va.-Car. Chemical	20	20	20	20	...
¾	⅞	500	Wabash	¾	¾	¾	¾	−1
15¼	..	800	Western Maryland	14¼	15¼	14	15¼	− ⅛
58	58⅞	300	West. Un. Tel. x d	57½	58	57½	58	+ ½
68	68½	600	Westingh. E. & M	67	68¼	67	68¼	+ ⅞
3	4	100	W. & L. E. 2d pf	3¼	3¼	3¼	3¼	+ ¼
30	32	100	Wisconsin Central	30¼	30¼	30¼	30¼	− ⅜

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS.

Closing quotations for Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.
2s, r, 1930	96	..
2s, c, 1930	96	97
3s, r, 1918	100	..
3s, c, 1918	100	..
4s, r, 1925	108½	..
4s, c, 1925	109	..
Pan 2s, r, 1936	95¾	..
Pan 2s, r, 1938	95½	..
Pan 3s, r, 1961	98½	..
Pan 3s, c, 1961	99	..

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
Adams Ex.	..	88
Allis-Chalm	8	9
Do pf	35	37
Am Ag C.	48	49½
Do pf	91	92
A B S pf.	75	85
A B S & Fdy	..	97
A C & F pf	113½	115½
Am C Pr.	83	84
Do pf	..	105
Am Exp	..	97
A H & L pf	18⅛	20
Am L pf	..	27
Am Malt	4	5
Do pf	30½	34
A S pf, B, ex div	..	79½
Am Snuff	145	155
Am St Fd.	26	32
A S R pf	113½	115½
A T & C.	58	61
Am T pf	103¼	104
Am Wool	14	23
Do pf, ex div	73¼	77
Am Wr Pa pf	..	11
Ann Arbor	..	30
Do pf	..	70
Assets R.	5	12
Atl C L	..	112
Bald Loc	..	40
Do pf	..	105¾
Batop M	⅜	1
Br Sh pf	..	85
B Un G	..	121
Bruns Ter	..	7½
B, R & P	..	90
But'k Co	..	40
Cal Pet pf	50	54
Canada So	57½	..
C R R of N J, ex div	..	310
C & S A Tel	106¼	..
Chi & Alt	..	12
Do pf	..	15
Chi Gt W	10½	11
C, M & St Paul pf	126	129
Chi, St P, M & Om	..	132
Do pf	..	145
C, C, C & St L	21	40
Do pf	40	55
Cluett-P	..	67
Do pf, ex div	96	100
Col F & I.	23½	25
C & S 1st pf	37	42
Do 2d pf	29	30
Cont Can	..	42½
Corn P R pf	63	66
Crex Carp	..	75
Cub-Am S	..	50
Do pf	90	..
D & Co pf	..	90
Del & H	138	142
D, L & W	386	400
D & R G pf	9¼	9⅞
Det Ed	..	113
Det & M	80	..
Do pf	80	..
Det U R	..	68½
D, S S & A	3	10
Do pf	..	11
Erie 2d pf	28	30
F M & S	..	10
Do pf	28	35
Gen Ch	167	170
Do pf	108	114
Gen M pf	90⅝	93
G'drich (B F) Co pf	93½	96
Granby C	58	65
Helme (G W) Co	..	180
Do pf	..	113
Homestake	110	120
Int Agric	..	12
Do pf	..	20
Do pf	10	13
Int Harv	89½	91
Inger-R	105	..
Do pf	92	..
Int H C	..	82
Do pf	..	116
Int P pf	83	84
Int St P	..	3
Do pf	6	..
Iowa Cent	5	7
Kan C So pf	56	58½
Kayser (J) & Co	..	84
Do 1st pf	103	106
K & D M	3	8
Do pf	36	..
Kresge (SS) Co	93	95
Do pf	98	102
Lack Steel	25½	28
Lacl Gas	91	92
L E & W	..	5
Ligg & M pf	112¾	114
L-W Bis	26	30
Do 1st pf	..	103
Do 2d pf	..	94⅝
Lorill Co	..	184
Do pf	..	115
Louis & N	..	125
M'kay Cos pf	67	69
M Dep Sts	..	58
Do pf	..	98¼
Mer M pf	3	7
Mex P pf	69	..
M & St L	..	11
Do pf	..	27
M, St P & S S M pf	..	127
Do l l	73	82
Mon P pf	..	100
M W pf	110	120
N C & St L	..	133
Nat Bis	122	125
Do pf	123	125
Nat Enam	10½	11¾
Do pf	76	88
Nat Lead	43	46
Do pf	104	107
Nat Rys of M 1st pf	..	25
Do 2d pf	4	7
Norf So	..	26½
N & W pf	83	88
North Am	66½	68¾
N O T & Light	..	61
N W Tel	107	..
Ont Min	2	3
Pabst B pf	90	115
P T & T	25	27
Do pf	87	89¾
Peo G C	115	117½
Pett-Mull	12	27
Do 1st pf	..	85
P, C, C & St L	69	89
Pr St Car pf	100	101¼
Pub S Cor	..	108
Quicksilver	1¼	1½
Do pf	1	2
Ry St Spr pf	88	99
Rdg 1st pf	..	86½
Do 2d pf	80	82
Rep I & S	18¾	22
Do pf	..	76
Rumely (M) Co pf	..	21
St L & S Fran	2	2½
Do 1st pf	10	14
Do 2d pf	2½	4½
St L S W	..	20
Do pf	..	38
Seab A L pf	..	45
S-S S & I	22½	24
So P R S pf	..	100
So Ry pf	..	64
St'd M pf	66	68⅞
Texas Co	128	133
T P L Tr	95	..
T, St L & West	1½	8¼
Und Type, ex div	..	70
Do pf, ex div	..	102
U B & P	4¼	5
Un P pf	79	80½
Un Dry G pf	35	60
U Rys In	8	9
U S C I P	7	9
U S Exp	..	84
U S Ind A	..	23
U S R & Imp	..	51½
Va-Car Ch pf	..	92
Va R & P	..	48
Vul Det	..	11
Wabash pf	1½	2¼
W F Exp	..	80¼
W E & M 1st pf	..	116
Weym-B	..	280
Do pf	..	115
W & L E	2⅝	3
Do 1st pf	9	15
W'w'th (F W)	90½	92
Do pf	..	115½

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE.

After a heavy opening, followed by a sharp recession in prices, the market on the Consolidated Stock Exchange rallied sharply on the publication of the rate decision. Toward the close, however, trading tended to quiet, with the prices of leading stocks receding from the best. In the early dealings the latest war developments were not construed as making for optimism and exerted an adverse influence. Business reflected an enlargement in volume compared with Thursday, with forty-two different issues represented by transactions.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
10	Alaska Gold	24¾	24¾	24¾	24¾
1,710	Amal. Copper	54¼	55	52⅞	54¼
120	Am. B. Sug.	30¾	31⅛	30¾	30⅞
60	Am. Can	25	26	25	26
50	Am. Car & F.	45	45½	45	45
20	Am. Ice Sec.	23⅛	23⅛	23⅛	23⅛
80	Am. Smelting	57⅞	58⅝	57¼	58⅝
80	Am. Sugar	107	107	107	107
10	Balt. & Ohio	69½	69½	69½	69½
10	Bklyn. R. T.	85⅝	85⅝	85⅝	85⅝
100	Can. Pacific	157½	157½	156¾	157
640	Cent. Leather	38½	38½	37⅞	37¾
50	Ches. & Ohio	43¼	43⅞	43¼	43⅞
230	C. M. & St. P.	88¾	89⅛	88¾	89⅛
60	Chino Copper	34¼	34½	34¼	34½
20	Con. Gas	117⅛	117⅛	117⅛	117⅛
50	Corn Products	8⅞	8⅞	8⅞	8⅞
1,040	Erie	22	23¼	21⅛	22⅞
90	Great Nor. pf.	114¾	114¾	114	114
30	Inter.-Met.	12⅝	12⅝	12½	12½
210	Inter.-Met. pf.	51⅜	51⅜	50¼	50¼
40	Kan. City So.	21¾	21¾	21¾	21¾
80	Lehigh Val.	134¼	135	134¼	135
10	Mo., K. & T.	10	10	10	10
250	Mo. Pacific	10	10¼	9¾	10¼
220	N. Y. Central	83	84⅞	81½	83⅝
240	N.Y.,N.H.&H.	56¼	58⅝	55⅞	57⅝
10	N. Y., O. & W.	22½	22½	22½	22½
20	Nor. Pacific	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝
280	Pennsylvania	107¼	107⅞	107	107⅞
30	Pitts. Coal	16⅞	16⅞	16⅞	16⅞
40	Ry. Steel S.	23	23	23	23
50	Ray Copper	16½	16½	16¼	16¼
2,420	Reading	148¼	148⅜	145¾	147¼
400	So. Pacific	85⅜	85⅜	83	84
50	Tenn. Copper	32⅞	32⅞	32⅞	32⅞
1,160	Un. Pacific	118⅝	118⅞	116¼	117⅞
170	U. S. Rubber	54½	54⅝	54⅛	54⅝
2,870	U. S. Steel	50⅞	51⅜	50	50⅝
180	Utah Copper	48⅝	48¾	48	48¾
20	Va.-Car. Ch.	20	20	20	20
40	Westing. El.	67⅞	67⅞	67⅞	67⅞
18,200					

MINING STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
1,400	Atlanta	.44	.44	.40	.40
400	Caledonia	.30	.30	.30	.30
600	Comb. Frac.	.10½	.10½	.10½	.10½
200	Goldf'd Con.	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50
300	Goldf'd Mer.	.35	.35	.35	.35
300	Jim Butler	.78	.78	.78	.78
500	Jumbo Ext.	2.37½	2.40	2.37½	2.40
150	Mexican	.30	.30	.30	.30
300	Ophir	.10	.10	.10	.10
500	Silver Pick	.11	.11	.11	.11
200	West End	.61	.61	.61	.61
4,850					

Trading on Paris Bourse.

PARIS, Dec. 18.—Trading was quiet on the Bourse today. Three per cent. rentes, 70 francs, 55 centimes for cash. Exchange on London, 25 francs, 20 centimes.

OUTSIDE SECURITIES

Narrow Range of Prices in Most of the Stocks on the Curb.

Transactions in the outside security market yesterday amounted to 114,179 shares of stock and $50,000 of bonds. The sales of stocks were divided as follows: Industrials, 23,075; oils, 3,219, and mining, 87,885. In addition there were sales of 600 rights. The range of prices in all issues in which transactions were reported was:

INDUSTRIALS.

Shares.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
900	C. of R. & H.	7¼	7⅜	7¼	7⅜
300	B.-A. To. Ord.	17⅛	17¼	17⅛	17¼
500	Brit.-Am. Tob. Ord. Bearer	17½	17½	17½	17½
25	Kelly Spr. T.	67	67	67	67
500	Marconi of A.	2¼	2¼	2¼	2¼
1,500	Sterling Gum	4	4	3⅞	3⅞
40	Stew. Warner	52½	52½	52½	52½
2,000	U. C. S. new	9¼	9¼	9⅛	9¼
6,400	U. P. Shar'g.	17¼	17⅝	16¾	17⅝
8,900	U. P. S., new	4¼	4½	4¼	4½
10	Willys Ov. pf.	92	92¾	92	92¾
2,000	†World Film	5⅝	5⅝	5½	5⅝

MISCELLANEOUS RIGHTS.

		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
600	Detroit Edis'n	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

		High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
2,500	Anglo-Am. O.	14⅞	13¾	13¾	− ¾
8	Atlantic Ref.	597	595	595	..
5	Buckeye P. L.	118	118	118	−1
3	Continen'l Oil	225	225	225	+2
3	Ill. P. L., w. i.	165	165	165	+8
5	Indiana P. L.	107	107	107	−4
10	Northern P. L.	94	93	93	−2
325	Ohio Oil	182	177	182	..
125	Pierce O., new	16¼	15¾	15¾	− ¾
27	Prai'e O. & G.	457	450	457	+2
25	Southern P. L.	206	204	205	+1
5	S. Penn. Oil	260	260	260	..
60	S. O. of Cal.	312	308	310	−3
25	S. O. of N. J.	404	401	402	−2
10	S. O. of Kan.	360	358	358	−2
38	S. O. of N. Y.	204	201	202	−3
40	Union Tank L.	85	84	84	−2
5	Vacuum Oil	200	200	200	−1

MINING STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
12,500	*†Atlanta	43	44	42	42½
3,500	†Blue Bell	5	5	5	5
1,000	*Booth	15	15	15	15
100	Braden Cop.	6¼	6¼	6¼	6¼
100	Canada Cop.	1¼	1¼	1¼	1¼
400	*Caribou Cob.	63	63	63	63
3,500	Comb. Frac.	10½	12	10½	11½
275	Con. Ariz.	½	½	½	½
2,000	Con. Nev.-U.	¼	⅜	¼	⅜
1,000	Crown Res.	¾	¾	¾	¾
3,000	*C. O. D. Con.	7	8	7	8
3,700	*Di. Blk. Bu.	7½	8	7	7½
1,000	*Diaf. Daisy	7	7	7	7
400	El Paso Con.	1¾	1¾	1¾	1¾
600	*Florence	58	58	57	57
800	Goldf. Con.	1½	1½	1½	1½
6,000	*Goldf. Merg.	34½	35	33½	33½
500	Gold Hill M.	¼	¼	¼	¼
100	Halifax Ton.	35	35	35	35
300	Hollinger	21½	21½	21⅜	21⅜
550	Iron Blossom	1¼	1¼	1⅛	1⅛
4,700	Jumbo Ext.	2⅝	2¾	2⅝	2⅝
3,000	†Kewanas	21½	21½	20	21
1,000	La Rose Con.	¾	¾	¾	¾
4,300	Lone Star	15	15	13	13
1,150	*McKinley-D.	56	60	56	56
10	Mines of Am.	2½	2½	2½	2½
300	*Nevada Hills	30	31	30	31
100	*Nipissing M.	6	6	6	6
2,000	*North Star	18½	19	18½	19
500	*Ohio Copper	15	15	15	15
12,000	*†Oro	15	15	13½	14
3,800	*Silver Pick	14	14	11	11
300	Std. Sil.-Lead	1¼	1⅜	1¼	1⅜
1,400	Stewart	1 1-16	1⅜	1 1-16	1⅛
1,000	*Tono. CashBoy	4	4	4	4
400	Tonopah Ext.	2⅝	2⅝	2 9-16	2⅝
100	*Tono. J. But.	79	79	79	79
4,700	*Tono. Merger	37	37	36	36
3,000	*Tono. Mizpah	28	29	28	29
1,000	*Tono. Res. Eula	7	7	7	7
800	Tularosa	¼	¼	¼	¼
1,000	W. End Con.	60	60	58	58

BONDS.

$50,000	C. & N. W. 5s	106⅝	106½	106⅜	106½

*Sells cents per share. †Unlisted.

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Bid and asked quotations of issues not traded in compared with those of previous day:

INDUSTRIALS.

	Dec. 18. Bid.	Dec. 18. Asked.	Dec. 17. Bid.	Dec. 17. Asked.
Am. Light & Trac.	320	325	320	325
Am. Light & T. pf.	105	108	105	108
Electric Boat	20	26	20	26
Electric Boat pf.	38	45	38	45
Houston Oil	10½	11½	10½	11½
Inter. Rubber t. c.	4½	5½	4½	5½
K. S. T. new 1st pf.	75	79	75	79
K. S. T. new 2d pf.	93	97	93	97
Lehigh V. C. S. Co.	155	165	155	165
Manhattan Transit	⅝	⅞	⅝	⅞
Maxwell M. com.	14½	14¾	14½	14¾
Maxwell M. 1st pf.	43	45	43	45
Maxwell M. 2d pf.	17	18½	17	18½
Riker & Hege., new	6¾	7	6¾	7
Savoy Oil	7	8	7	8
Tobacco Prod. pf.	85	85½	85	85½
Un. Cig. St. of Am.	90	92½	90	92½
Wayland O. & G.	3½	4	3½	4
Willys Overland	83	85½	83	85½

MISCELLANEOUS RIGHTS.

R. J. Reynolds rts.	2½	2¾	2½	2¾
U. Profit-Shar. rts.	11½	12½	11½	12½

MINING STOCK.

Beaver Con	19	21	19	21
British Col. Cop.	¾	1	¾	1
Buffalo Mines	1¼	1¾	1¼	1¾
Copper Mines	¾	1	¾	1
Con. Arizona Smelt.	½	⅝	½	⅝
Canada Copper	¾	1	¾	1
Greene-Cananea	27	29	27	29
Greenwater	⅛	¼	⅛	¼
Kerr Lake	4	5	4	5
Nipissing Mines Co.	5⅝	5⅞	5⅝	5⅞
North Butte Develop.	⅜	½	⅜	½
Pacific Smelters	¼	½	¼	½
Tonopah-Mining	7½	7¾	7½	7¾
Tuolumne Copper	20	25	20	30
Wettlaufer Silver M.	7	8	7	8
Yukon Gold Mines	2¼	2⅝	2¼	2⅝

BONDS.

Chicago Elevated 5s.	94	98	94	98
N. Y. City 4¼s, 1960	97⅝	98	97⅝	98
N. Y. City 4¼s, 1962	97⅝	98	97⅝	97⅞
N. Y. City 4¼s, 1964	97⅝	98¼	97⅝	98

PUBLIC UTILITY SECURITIES.

	Bid.	Asked.
Adirondack Electric Power	13	16
Adirondack Electric Power pf.	41	45
*American Gas & Electric	89	91
*American Gas & Electric pf.	47	49
American Power & Light	60	65
American Power & Light pf.	82	85
American Public Utilities	35	45
American Public Utilities pf.	65	68
American Water Works & Electric	5	6
Am. W. W. & E. participating pf.	16	19
Am. W. W. & E. 1st pf.	58	61
Cities Service	47	52
Cities Service pf.	53	56
Commonwealth P., R. & L.	54	56
Commonwealth P., R. & L. pf.	78	80
Denver Gas & Electric gen. 5s	90	92
Electric Bond Deposit pf.	40	60
Empire District Electric 5s	..	71
Empire District Electric pf.	..	70
Federal Light & Traction	10	16
Federal Light & Traction pf.	44	52
Gas & Electric Securities	..	75
Gas & Electric Securities pf.	..	80
Lincoln Gas & Electric	15	25
Northern Ontario Light & Pow.	11	15
Northern Ontario L. & P. pf.	53	57
Northern States Power	20	22
Northern States Power pf.	81	82
Ozark Power & Water	20	22
Pacific Gas & Electric	44	45
Pacific Gas & Electric pf.	79	82
Republic Ry. & Light Co.	12	15
Republic Ry. & Light Co. pf.	68	71
Southern California Edison	77	80
Southern California Edison pf.	90	92
*Standard Gas & Electric	6	7½
*Standard Gas & Electric pf.	17½	19
Tennessee Ry., Light & Power	7	9
Tennessee Ry., Light & Power pf.	35	42
United Light & Rys.	43	46
*United Light & Rys. 1st pf.	68	71
*United Light & Rys. 2d pf.	65	68
Utah Securities	14½	16½
Western Power	13	15
Western Power pf.	57	60
Colorado Power Co.	14	16
Colorado Power Co. pf.	85	90
Electric Bond & Share pf.	97	100

*Par value, $50.

STANDARD OIL STOCKS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Asked.	Thursday. Bid.	Thursday. Asked.
Anglo-American	13¾	14¼	14½	15
Atlantic Refining	590	600	595	605
Borne-Scrymser	260	280	260	280
Buckeye Pipe Line	116	120	117	120
Chesebrough Mfg	660	690	660	690
Colonial Oil	105	115	105	115
Continental Oil	220	225	217	225
Crescent Pipe Line	40	48	40	48
Cumberland Pipe L.	52	57	52	57
Eureka Pipe Line	235	240	235	240
Galena S. Oil	167	170	167	170
Galena S. Oil pf.	140	145	140	145
Indiana Pipe Line	102	105	100	105
National Transit	35	38	37	38
N. Y. Transit	225	230	225	230
Northern Pipe Line	92	97	94	98
Ohio Oil	181	183	181	183
Pierce Oil	16	16½	16¼	16¾
Prairie Oil & Gas	455	465	455	465
Solar Refining	255	265	255	265
Southern Pipe Line	203	208	203	208
South Penn. Oil	258	262	260	263
So. W. Penn. P. L.	122	127	122	127
Standard Oil, Cal.	308	311	312	314
Standard Oil, Ind.	468	473	468	473
Standard Oil, Kan.	350	355	355	365
Standard Oil, Ky.	246	252	250	255
Standard Oil, Neb.	330	350	330	350
Standard Oil, N. J.	402	405	403	406
Standard Oil, N. Y.	202	205	204	206
Standard Oil, Ohio	430	440	430	440
Swan & Finch	165	175	165	175
Union Tank	83	85	84	85
Vacuum Oil	200	203	200	203
Washington Oil	37	41	37	41
Ill. P. L. (w. i.)	140	160	155	165

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

Total sales Dec. 18, 1914	$1,402,000
Same day last year	2,044,000
From Jan. 1, 1914	450,009,000
Same period last year	482,410,920
Average price and change 40 bonds	82.00 — .01
Same day last year	85.69 + .24

	High.		Low.	
This year's range to date	89.42	Feb. 4	81.42	Dec. 2
Range year 1913	92.31	Jan. 10	85.45	Dec. 18

Jap Gov 4½s, ster loan, 2d Ser
10,000....78
N Y Canal 4½s
1,000....107⅛
N Y City 4s, 1958
2,000....95⅜
4s, 1957
1,000....95¼
4½s, Nov, 1957
6,000....103⅞
Adams Expr 4s
1,000....72¼
Am T & T cv 4½s
25,000....96⅛
50,000....96
10,000....95¾
27,000....95⅞
Armour & Co 4½s
,000....91
10,000....90½
A, T & S F gen 4s
1,000....90⅝
2,000 c....91⅛
adj 4s, stpd
2,000....82
conv 4s, 1955
7,000....93
conv 4s, 1960
1,000....92½
10,000....93⅝
At, T & S Fe 5s
3,000....100¼
Atl Coast L 1st 4s
9,000....86¼
L & N col 4s
1,000....85¼
1,000....85⅝
5,000....85½
B & O pr lien 3½s
1,000....88⅜
2,000....88¼
gold 4s
1,000....88½
conv 4½s
21,000....84⅛
11,000....84
20,000....83⅞
4,000....84¼
1,000....84½
Beth S 1st & ref 5s
1,000....84⅞
B R T gold 5s
1,000....101¼
6,000....101
5s, 1918
21,000....98⅞
Bklyn Un Gas 5s
2,000....103¼
Cent Leather 5s
8,000....96¾
Cent Pac gtd 4s
9,000....86½
5,000....86¼
Ches & O con 5s
7,000....102½
conv 4½s
3,000....71¾
5,000....71½
10,000....72
10,000....72½
Chi, Mil & St P gen 4½s
22,000....98⅝
refund 4½s
3,000....89⅞
conv 4½s
2,000....96¾
17,000....96½
2,000....96⅝
C, M & P Sd 4s
1,000....88¼
C & P W 5s
3,000....101⅜
Chi, Rock Isl & P Ry deb 5s
2,000....57½
Col & Southn ref & ext 4½s
1,000....79½
1,000....80

C, B & Q gen 4s
1,000....89⅜
joint 4s
2,000....94⅜
5,000....94⅞
8,000....94⅜
registered
2,000....94⅛
C of Ga Ry con 5s
1,000....100⅛
C, R I & P R R 4s
2,000....25½
1,000....25⅜
Cent Tr ctfs
1,000....25½
2,000....25⅝
1,000....25½
1,000....25⅞
Con Gas cv 6s, w i
1,000....110¼
13,000....110⅛
65,000....110
11,000....109⅞
3,000....110
18,000....110¼
2,000....110⅛
D & H 1st & ref 4s
3,000....91¼
deb 4s, 1916
35,000....99
D & R Gr imp 5s
1,000....80
Dist Sec Corp 5s
2,000....56
Dul & Iron R 5s
15,000....99¼
East Tenn, Va & Ga con 5s
3,000....103¼
Erie 1st con 4s
2,000....81¼
gen 4s
2,000....67
cv 4s, Ser A
8,000....63
1,000....63⅜
Series B
9,000....64¼
26,000....65
Gen Motors 6s
1,000....100½
Hud & M adj inc 5s
5,000....25½
1st & ref 5s, Series A
10,000....75
Ill Cent ref 4s
5,000....86
Ill C & Chi, St L & N O joint 1st ref mtg 5s, Series A
2,000....99
Insp Con Cop cv 6s, 1922
1,000....97½
Inter-Met 4½s
7,000....74½
5,000....74¾
10,000....74½
I R T 1st & ref 5s
3,000....96⅝
8,000....96½
2,000....96⅝
Inter Paper 6s
3,000....100⅜
7,000....100
conv 5s
2,000....83
5,000....84
Int Stm Pump 5s
2,000....38⅞
Iowa Cent ref 4s
2,000....40
Kan City So 5s
1,000....89⅞
8,000....90
Ligg & Myers 5s
3,000....100
Lack Steel 5s, 1915
8,000....98⅞
4,000....99

Lacl Gas L of St L 1st 5s
2,000....100¼
Lorillard Co 7s
1,000....120½
1,000....121
Lorillard Co 5s
2,000....100
Manhat Con 4s, tax exempt
1,000....88⅝
Mer Mar col tr 4½s
6,000....29¾
Minn & St L 1st & ref 4s
2,000....42¾
Mo P 1st con 6s
5,000....100½
Mo Pacific 4s
2,000....42¼
3,000....42⅛
conv 5s
1,000....39½
Mob & O gen 4s
5,000....75
National Tube 5s
4,000....97
N Y, Chi & St L 1st 4s
2,000....93¼
deb 4s
2,000....82
N Y G, E L, H & P col tr 5s
2,000....101¼
N Y, N H & H conv deb 6s
1,000....103⅞
8,000....104
1,000....103½
1,000....103
N Y Rys ref 4s
10,000....71
1,000....71¼
5,000....71⅛
4,000....71¼
3,000....71½
adj 5s
11,000....51¼
5,000....51⅛
2,000....50⅞
2,000....50¾
1,000....51⅛
2,000....51
25,000....51⅛
Norf & W con 4s
1,000....92¼
conv 4½s
1,000....102
7,000....101½
divisnl 4s
1,000....86⅜
Nor Pacific 4s
1,000....89⅝
3,000....89¾
17,000....89½
Nor Pacific 3s
12,000....63
6,000....63⅛
Penn conv 3½s
1,000....99¼
500....99¼
23,000....99⅛
4s, 1948
4,000....99
Peop Gas & C of Chi ref 5s
6,000....99½
Pub Ser C s f 5s
1,000....87
Ray Con 1st 6s
3,000....104⅛
11,000....104
Reading gen 4s
9,000....92½
Rep Iron & Steel s f 5s, 1940
1,000....90¾
3,000....90½
St L, Ir M & So unify & ref 4s
1,000....65¾

St L & S F R R gen 5s, Tr Co ctfs of dep
4,000....31¼
ref 4s
1,000....60
St Lo Tran 5s
3,000....65½
Sav, F & W 1st 6s
10,000....115
So Pac col 4s
3,000....84
conv 4s
17,000....80½
8,000....80¼
9,000....80⅜
conv 5s
1,000....96½
500....96⅞
1,000....96⅝
500....96¾
1,000....96⅝
71,000....96½
2,000....96¼
16,000....96⅛
16,000....96¼
16,000....96⅜
12,000....96½
1,000....96⅝
28,000....96⅜
6,000....96⅝
1st ref 4s
4,000....84
Southn Ry 1st 5s
3,000....98⅜
26,000....98½
10,000....98⅝
gen 4s
6,000....65⅛
Tenn Coal, Iron & Ry gen 5s
1,000....99
Texas Co conv 6s
1,000....98⅞
18,000....98½
Third Av ref 4s
6,000....80
1,000....79¾
Union Pac 1st 4s
6,000....95¼
3,000....95⅛
conv 4s
10,000....87½
1,000....87⅜
1st & ref 4s
2,000....89½
U S Rubber 6s
2,000....101⅝
4,000....101¼
U S Steel C s f 5s
2,000....100
11,000....99⅞
9,000....100
registered
500....99¾
Wabash 1st 5s
10,000....98¾
2,000....98⅞
Wabash R R ref & ext 4s
5,000....34½
7,000....34
5,000....33½
Eq Tr Co ctfs of dep, stpd
5,000....31
15,000....30¾
Wab P Ter 1st 4s, Cent Tr ctfs
3,000....8
10,000....7½
Wn N Y & Penn gen 4s
5,000....78
Westingh El & M 1st conv s f 5s
5,000....91
Wheel & L E 1st con 4s
1,000....68
Wis Cent gen 4s
1,000....84

OUT-OF-TOWN MARKETS.

BALTIMORE.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
5	Com'l Credit pf.	102½	102½	102½	102½
28	*Con. Power	102¼	102¼	102¼	102¼
20	Fidel. & Deposit	135	135	135	135
10	Houston Oil	11¼	11¼	11¼	11¼
11	Northern Central	84¾	84¾	84¾	84¾
69	Unit. Rys. & Elec.	25	25	25	25
10	U.S. Fidel. & Guar.	180	180	180	180
20	Wayl'd Oil & Gas	4	4	4	4

BONDS.

		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
$5,000	Ala., Ga. So. ext. 5s, 1927	101½	101½	101½	101½
3,000	Atlanta Con. St. Ry. 5s	102½	102½	102½	102½
3,000	City Balt. 4s, 1961	94½	94½	94½	94½
1,000	Md. & Penn. 4s	46	46	46	46
5,000	United Rys. & E. 1st 4s	81⅞	81⅞	81⅞	81⅞
3,000	United Rys. & E. fdg. 5s	86¼	86¼	86¼	86¼
800	United Rys. & E. fdg. 5s	87	87	87	87

*Ex dividend.

BOSTON.

MINING.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
50	Adventure	1½	1½	1½	1½
405	Alaska	24⅝	24⅝	24	24½
10	Allouez	36	36	36	36
802	Amalgamated	54	54⅝	53½	54½
450	Am. Zinc	16⅝	16⅝	16⅝	16½
45	Anaconda	26½	26⅞	26½	26⅞
250	Butte & Sup.	35⅝	35⅝	34¼	34¾
384	Calumet & A.	55	55½	54¾	55½
13	Calumet & H.	375	375	375	375
5	Chino	34½	34½	34¼	34¼
80	Copper Range	32	32½	32	32½
63	East Butte	8½	9	8½	9
15	Franklin	5	5	5	5
10	Granby	61¼	61¼	61¼	61¼
75	Greene-Can.	26	26	25	25
40	Isle Royale	18	18	18	18
75	Kerr Lake	4⅜	4⅜	4⅜	4⅜
375	Keweenaw	3⅛	3⅛	3	3⅛
50	Lake	6	6	6	6
160	Mayflower	4⅞	4⅞	4⅝	4⅞
65	Mohawk	47½	48	47½	48
20	Nevada Con.	12	12	12	12
455	New Arcadian	7	7	6½	6½
150	Nipissing	5⅞	5⅞	5⅞	5⅞
395	North Butte	23	23⅜	23	23
100	Old Colony	4	4	4	4
55	Osceola	68	68¼	68	68¼
30	Pond Creek	14	14	14	14
10	Quincy	52	52	52	52
10	Ray Con.	16	16	16	16
100	Santa Fe	1½	1½	1½	1½
15	Shannon	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛
16	St. M. Land	29½	29½	29	29¼
25	Superior Cop.	24	24	24	24
100	Tenn. Copper	32½	32½	32½	32½
15	Trinity	3¼	3¼	3¼	3¼
10	Tuolumne	25c.	25c.	25c.	25c.
60	U. S. Smelt.	28¼	28¼	27½	27½
204	U. S. Sml. pf.	44	44	43½	44
15	Utah Apex	2 1-16	2 1-16	2 1-16	2 1-16
210	Utah Copper	49	49	48	49
50	Winona	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛
57	Wolverine	35	36	35	35
100	Wyandotte	75c.	75c.	75c.	75c.

RAILROADS.

10	Atchison	93	93	93	93
90	Boston Elev.	95	95	94½	94½
405	Boston & Me.	33	37	33	36
20	Bos. & W. pf.	38	38	38	38
25	C. J. & S.Y. pf.	104	104	104	104
10	Fitchburg pf.	76½	76½	76½	76½
20	Maine Cent.	96	96	96	96
20	Mass. Elec.	9	9	9	9
1,134	N.Y.,N.H.&H.	55½	59¼	55	58
25	Un. Pacific	117⅝	118	117⅝	118
20	W. End St. Ry.	66½	66½	66½	66½

MISCELLANEOUS.

10	Am. Agr. Ch.	49	49½	49	49½
10	Am. Ag. C. pf.	92	92	92	92
10	Amoskeag	59½	59½	59½	59½
30	Am. P. S. pf.	17	17	17	17
130	Am. Sugar	107¼	107¼	106½	106⅛
47	Am. Sugar pf.	114¼	115	114¼	115
291	Am. T. & T.	118¼	118⅜	117⅝	118¼
15	*Am. Wool. pf.	75¼	75½	75¼	75½
110	East B. Land	10	10⅞	10	10⅛
2	Edison	250	250	250	250
25	Gen. Electric	140	140¼	140	140¼
91	Mass Gas	84⅝	84⅝	84½	84½
25	Mass Gas pf.	86½	86½	86½	86½
10	McElwain pf.	100	100	100	100
40	New Eng. T.	129	129¼	129	129¼
13	Pullman	150¾	151	150¾	151
60	Reece Button	18	18	18	18
10	Reece Folding	4	4	4	4
103	Swift & Co.	103¾	104	103½	103½
185	Un. Fruit	115¼	116⅝	115	116⅝
12	Un. Shoe M.	53⅞	54¼	53¼	54¼
20	Un. S. M. pf.	28⅞	28⅞	28⅞	28⅞
380	U. S. Steel	51	51⅛	50	50⅞
44	U. S. Steel pf.	104¼	105	104	104⅝
52	Western Un.	57½	58	57½	57⅞

BONDS.

$6,000	Am. T. & T. 4s	87⅛	87¼	87⅛	87¼
1,000	A., G. & W. I. 5s	59¾	59¾	59½	59½
1,000	N. E. Tel. 5s, '32	99¾	99¾	99¾	99¾
600	N.Y.,N.H.&H. 6s, 1948	102	102	102	102
1,000	Oregon S.L. 6s	107	107	107	107
1,000	Un. Fruit 4½s, 1923	91⅛	91⅛	91⅛	91⅛
1,000	Un. Fruit 4½s, 1925	90	90	90	90
2,000	Un. P. 1st 4s, 1947	95	95	95	95

*Ex dividend.

BOSTON CURB.

	Bid.	Asked.
Alvarado	.65	.90
Atl. G'f'd.	.55	.57
Bay S. G.	.11	.12
Begole	1⅛	1¼
Bohemia	1⅛	1¼
Bost. Ely.	.23	.25
Butte and London	.23	.26
Calaveras	.95	.97
Chief Con.	.78	.85
Con. Cop.	1	1⅛
Cortez	.15	.30
Cr. Res've.	.74	.78
Davis-D	.65	.75
Eagle and Bluebell	.95	1.00
First Nat.	1 3-16	1 5-16
G'f'd Con.	1 7-16	1 9-16
G'f'd Mer.	.40	.43
Houghton	1¾	2¼
Iron Blos.	1⅛	1 3-16
La Rose	.73	.78
Majestic	.17	.20
McK-D	.50	.60
Mex. Met.	.18	.20
M of Am.	2¼	2½
New Balt.	1⅞	2
Nev. D.	.56	.58
Ohio Cop.	.12	.13
Oneco	.75	.90
Riker-H	7¼	7½
So. Lake	5	5½
Stew't M.	1⅛	1⅜
U. C. Sts.	9⅛	9¼
U.P.S., n.	4⅜	4½
Do pf.	17½	17¾
U. V. Ex.	1⅞	2
Yukon	2 1-16	2⅛

CHICAGO.

STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
30	Am. Can	25⅛	25½	25½	25¼
232	C. R., Ser. 2.	26	26	25⅞	25⅞
7	Com. Edison	137	138	137	138
8	Dia. Match	91¼	91¼	91	91
4	M. Ward pf.	110	110	110	110
30	Nat. Carbon	119	119½	119	119½
30	Nat. Carb. pf.	120¼	120¼	120¼	120¼
165	People's Gas	116½	116½	116½	116½
1,305	Sears-Roeb.	183½	185⅝	183	185
32	Swift	104	104	103⅝	103⅝
165	Union Carb.	145	145	142½	142½

BONDS.

$1,000	Met. ext. 4s	73	73	73	73
1,000	Com. Ed. 5s	100¼	100¼	100¼	100¼

PHILADELPHIA.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
10	Amer. Can	25	25	25	25
39	Am. G., N. J.	101	101	100½	100½
10	Am. Smelt.	58	58	58	58
10	Am. Rys. pf.	101	101	101	101
25	Am. Tob. pf.	82⅝	82⅝	82⅝	82⅝
120	Cambria Steel	42⅞	43	42⅞	43
62	Cam. St. sc'p.	97¼	97¼	97¼	97¼
30	El. Stor. Bat.	49	49½	49	49
140	Ins. Co., N.A.	21⅝	21⅝	21⅝	21⅝
200	Keystone Tel.	13¼	13¼	13¼	13¼
54	Lake Superior	10	10	10	10
3	Lehigh Nav.	78	78	78	78
2	Lehigh N. t.c.	77⅞	77⅞	77⅞	77⅞
84	Lehigh Val.	67½	67⅝	67	67⅝
80	L. V. Tr. pf.	28	28	28	28
7	North. Cent.	84½	84½	84½	84½
259	Penn. R. R.	54 1-16	54⅛	53⅝	53⅞
18	Penn. S. Mfg.	95	95	95	95
840	Phila. Elec.	24	24	23⅞	24
106	P., R. T. t. c.	13	13	12⅝	12⅝
25	Phila. Co. 6% cum. pf.	40	40	40	40
808	Phila. Co. scp.	91	91	91	91
28	Phila. Trac.	80	80	79	79
112	Reading	74 1-16	74 1-16	73⅝	73⅝
505	Ton. B'mont.	4 9-16	4⅝	4½	4⅝
15	Ton. Mining	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝
20	Un. G. Imp.	82⅝	82⅝	82⅝	82⅝
10	Union Pacific	117	117	117	117
6	Un. Tr., N.J.	223	223	223	223
200	Union Trac.	40¼	40¼	39½	39½
1,190	U. S. Steel	50⅞	51⅜	50⅛	50⅝
10	Utah Copper	49¼	49¼	49¼	49¼
10	W.J. & Sea S.	50	50	50	50
11	Welsbach	35	35	35	35
200	York Rys.	8½	8½	8½	8½

BONDS.

$6,000	A. G. & E. 5s	85¼	85¼	85	85
1,000	Elec. & Peo. 4s. ctfs.	78¾	78¾	78¾	78¾
1,000	I'state Rys. 4s	57½	57½	57½	57½
2,000	L. Nav. con. 4½s	98	98	98	98
2,000	L. Val. gen. con. 4½s	97	97	97	97
8,000	P. Co. con. 5s.	80⅝	80⅝	80⅝	80⅝
7,000	P. Elec. 4s.	78½	78½	78½	78½
2,000	P. R.R. 4s, t.c.	83	83	83	83

PITTSBURGH.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
50	Colum'a G. & E.	8¾	8¾	8¾	8¾
25	Crucible Steel	12¾	12¾	12¾	12¾
10	Crucible Steel pf.	80	80	80	80
10	Harb. Walker pf	99	99	99	99
200	Nat. Fireproof	5½	5½	5½	5½
30	Pure Oil	15½	15½	15½	15½
20	Pitts. Brew. pf.	24½	24½	24½	24½
10	U. S. Steel	51	51	51	51
25	Union Sw. & S.	99¼	99¼	99¼	99¼
75	Westing. Air B.	121	121	121	121
100	Westing. Elec.	33⅝	33⅝	33⅝	33⅝

RAILWAY EQUIPMENT BONDS.

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

Name	Maturity.	Rate.	Bid.	Ask.
Atl. Coast Line	1914-'21	4 @4½	4.90	4.70
Balt. & Ohio	1914-'23	4½	5.00	4.80
Buff., Roch. & P.	1914-'30	4½@5	4.90	4.75
Canadian Pacific	1915-'28	4½	5.05	4.95
Ches. & Ohio	1914-'17	4½	5.25	4.75
Chicago & N. W.	1914-'23	4½	4.88	4.70
Chi., Ind. & Louis.	1914-'23	4½	5.70	5.00
C., St. L. & N. O.	1915-'24	5	5.05	4.90
Del. & Hudson	1922	4½	4.88	4.62
Erie Railroad	1914-'23	4½@5	5.30	5.12
Hocking Valley	1914-'23	4 @5	5.25	4.90
Illinois Central	1914-'23	4½@5	4.90	4.70
Louis. & Nash	1914-'23	5	4.95	4.65
Mo., Kan. & Tex.	1914-'28	5	6.50	5.75
Missouri Pacific	1914-'22	5	6.80	3.00
N. Y. Cent. Lines	1915-'28	4½@5	5.35	5.10
Nor. & West.	1915-'24	4½	4.80	4.55
N. Y., N. H. & H.	1915-'28	6	5.50	5.20
Penn. G. Freight	1914-'23	4 @4½	4.75	4.50
St. L., I. M. & So.	1914-'24	5	5.90	5.20
Seaboard A. L.	1914-'23	5	5.35	5.10
Southern Railway	1914-'24	4½@5	5.25	4.90
Southern Pacific	1914-'23	4½	5.00	4.90
Virginian Ry.	1914-'19	5	5.75	5.00

NEW YORK CITY BONDS AND NOTES.

		Friday. Bid.	Friday. Asked.	Thursday. Bid.	Thursday. Asked.
6s	Sept., 1915	101¼	101⅞	101¼	101⅝
6s	Sept., 1916	102¾	102⅞	102¾	102⅞
6s	Sept., 1917	104¼	104⅜	104⅛	104⅜
4½s	March, 1963	103⅞	104⅛	103⅝	103⅞
4½s	May, 1957	103¾	104	103⅝	103⅞
4½s	Nov., 1957	103⅝	104	103⅝	103⅞
4½s	May, 1917	100⅜	100⅞	100¼	100¾
4½s	Nov., 1917	100⅜	100⅞	100¼	100¾
4¼s	March, 1964	97⅞	98⅛	97⅞	98⅛
4¼s	March, 1962	97¾	98	97⅞	98
4¼s	Sept., 1960	97¾	98	97⅞	98
4¼s	March, 1930-60	98¼	98¾	98¼	98¾
4s	May, 1959	95¼	95½	95¼	95½
4s	Nov., 1958	95¼	95½	95¼	95½
4s	May, 1957	95¼	95½	95¼	95½
4s	Nov., 1956	93¾	95½	93¾	95½
4s	Nov., 1955	93¾	95½	93¾	95½
4s	Nov., 1936	95	96	95	96
4s	1918-1919	98½	..	98½	..
3½s	Nov., 1954-5	84	85	84	85
3½s	May, 1954	84	85	84	85
3½s	1950-1954	83½	84½	83½	84½

TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 18.—Receipts and expenditures for Dec. 17:

	Dec. 17.	Month.	Fiscal Yr.
Customs	$650,680	$8,779,510	$101,621,461
Ordinary	1,075,741	19,609,571	151,772,344
Cor. & In. Tax	2,828	210,524	8,942,812
Miscellaneous	35,601	2,451,737	34,372,521
Total	1,764,851	31,051,344	296,709,140
Expen'tures	984,034	33,432,911	356,263,931
Surplus	780,816	....	....
Deficit	....	2,381,567	59,554,790

100 Years A Commercial Bank
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CHATHAM AND PHENIX
NATIONAL BANK
192 Broadway
Cor. John St.
Capital and Surplus, $3,500,000
Resources, 30,000,000
Invites Your Account

Interest Credited Monthly
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Mortgage and Trust Company
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Employers please apply to
Wall Street Employees Relief Committee
20 BROAD STREET
Tel. 3099 Rector Room 109

DIVIDENDS.

FOUNDED 1803

223rd Consecutive Semi-Annual Dividend

THE MERCHANTS NATIONAL BANK

of the City of New York
42 Wall Street,
December 17th, 1914.

The Board of Directors has this day declared a dividend of four per cent. (4%), free of tax, payable January 2d, 1915, to stockholders of record at the close of business December 24th, 1914.
JOSEPH BYRNE, Cashier.

THE CHATHAM AND PHENIX NATIONAL BANK OF NEW YORK

A quarterly dividend of Two Per Cent. free of tax, has this day been declared by the Board of Directors, payable January 2, 1915, to stockholders of record at the close of business the 22nd inst. Transfer books will be closed from the 22nd to the 31st instant, both inclusive.
B. L. HASKINS, Cashier.
New York, December 18, 1914.

Taylor-Wharton Iron and Steel Company, High Bridge, New Jersey.

The regular quarterly dividend of 1¾% on the Preferred Stock of the Taylor-Wharton Iron and Steel Company has been declared payable 1st February, 1915, for the quarter ending 31st December, 1914, (or for such portion of the quarter as the respective shares of preferred stock were outstanding,) to the preferred stockholders of record at the closing of the books at 3 P. M., 23rd January, 1915. The books will remain closed until 1st February, 1915.
W. A. INGRAM,
Secretary & Treasurer.

NOTICE OF DIVIDEND.

Old Dominion Steamship Company.

The seventy-eighth semi-annual DIVIDEND of THREE PER CENT. (3%) on the capital stock of the Company has this day been declared out of the earnings, by the Board of Directors, payable December 31st, 1914, to the stockholders of record at 12 M., December 21st, 1914.

The stock transfer books of the Company will be closed from 12 M., December 21st, 1914, to 12 M., December 30th, 1914, inclusive.
W. L. WOODROW, Secretary.

The German Exchange Bank

330 Bowery, New York.

At a regular meeting of the Board of Directors of this Bank, held December 15, 1914, a semi-annual dividend of 10% has been declared on the capital stock of this Bank, payable January 2nd, 1915. Transfer books to close December 21, 1914, reopen January 2nd, 1915. GEORGE KERN, Cashier.

THE NATIONAL PARK BANK OF NEW YORK.

December 18th, 1914.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS HAS TODAY DECLARED a quarterly dividend of FOUR PER CENT. (4%) upon the Capital Stock of this Bank, payable on and after January 2d, 1915, to stockholders of record at close of business December 18th, 1914.
MAURICE H. EWER, Cashier.

Kansas Gas and Electric Co.,

Wichita, Kansas.

PREFERRED STOCK DIVIDEND NO. 19.

A dividend of one and three-quarters per cent. (1¾%) on the Preferred Stock of this Company has been declared for the quarter ending December 31, 1914, payable January 2, 1915, to Preferred stockholders of record at the close of business on December 24th, 1914.
M. H. ARNING, Treasurer.

THE BANK OF AMERICA.

New York, December 18th, 1914.

The Board of Directors have today declared a semi-annual dividend of fourteen (14) per cent., free of tax, payable January 2nd, 1915, to stockholders of record of this date. The transfer books will remain closed until January 4th, 1915.
W. M. BENNET, Cashier.

The Importers' & Traders' National Bank of New York.

New York, December 18th, 1914.

A dividend of twelve per cent., free of tax, has today been declared by this bank, payable on the second day of January next. The transfer books will remain closed till that date.
H. H. POWELL, Cashier.

WESTCHESTER & BRONX TITLE & MORTGAGE GUARANTY CO.

White Plains, N. Y., December 18, 1914.

The Board of Directors have this day declared a semi-annual dividend of 4% on the capital stock of this Company, payable January 6th, 1915, to stockholders of record at the close of business December 31st, 1914.
FRANCIS M. CARPENTER, Treasurer.

Office of The United Gas Improvement Co.,

N. W. corner Broad and Arch Streets, Philadelphia, Dec. 9, 1914.

The Directors have this day declared a quarterly dividend of Two Per Cent. ($1 per share), payable Jan. 15, 1915, to stockholders of record at the close of business Dec. 31, 1914. Checks will be mailed.
LEWIS LILLIE, Treasurer.

The Gotham National Bank of New York.

December 15, 1914.

The Board of Directors has this day declared the regular quarterly dividend of two per cent. (2%) payable January 2, 1915, to stockholders of record December 31, 1914.
THOMAS C. FRY, Cashier.

KELLY-SPRINGFIELD TIRE CO.

A dividend of 1½% on the Common Stock of this Company has been declared, payable February 1, 1915, to the stockholders of record at the close of business January 15, 1915.
F. A. SEAMAN, Secretary.
New York, December 9, 1914.

SEABOARD NATIONAL BANK.

New York, December 17, 1914.

The Board of Directors of this bank has declared the regular quarterly dividend of three (3) per cent., payable January 2, 1915, to stockholders of record on December 23, 1914.
W. K. CLEVERLEY, Cashier.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

The United States National Bank, located at Pittsburgh, in the State of Pennsylvania, is closing its affairs. All noteholders and other creditors of the association are therefore hereby notified to present the notes and other claims for payment.
L. S. JOHNS, Cashier.
Dated October 23d, 1914.

NEW HIGH RECORD IN COTTON MARKET

Exports for Week Even Larger Than Hoped For, Exceeding Last Year's Figures.

293,589 BALES SHIPPED

Continent Going Long on October When Prices Show a Temporary Decline.

The cotton market yesterday changed tone several times under the influence of conflicting rumors. At the opening there was a disposition manifested by the professional traders who were short to cover, and the market was very strong during the early trading; making a higher record than has been reached since the issuance of the Government crop estimate. Weakness developed, however, when longs began to reach for profits, and the decline that was started was accentuated by an unconfirmed report that the British Government had forbidden the sailing of British ships from Southern ports without the consent of the Admiralty. As the report was not confirmed, its effect was but temporary and an appearance of trade buying soon caused much improvement. During the afternoon the undertone was decidedly good, and the close was firm.

It appears to continue to be the case that, on soft spots, there is buying for foreign interests; and the Continent is undoubtedly going long on the October contract when prices show a temporary decline.

Exports this week were larger than even the friends of the market anticipated under existing conditions, being larger than for the same week of last year. While the movement continues very heavy, this has no particular influence upon prices, as every one knows the crop is a very large one, and this fact has already been discounted.

The American visible is not large for this season of the year, and the weekly figures were more bullish than bearish.

	This Week. Bales.	Last Year. Bales.
Exports	293,589	273,121
Into sight	602,652	526,365
Interior receipts	309,799	226,070
Interior shipments	267,384	193,118
Interior stocks	1,161,803	852,177
Spinners' takings	337,188	436,645
American visible	4,238,594	4,421,148

Southern spot markets, as officially reported, were: Local market for spot cotton, steady, quiet and unchanged, with 7.40 for middling upland. The range of contract prices was as follows:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Pv.Close.
December	7.11	7.05	7.10@7.12	7.05@7.07
January	7.36	7.25	7.31@7.33	7.26@7.27
March	7.52	7.42	7.50@7.53	7.46@7.47
May	7.70	7.57	7.66@7.67	7.66 flat
July	7.86	7.74	7.83@7.84	7.81@7.82
October	8.12	8.01	8.10@8.11	8.08@8.09

RECEIPTS AT LEADING PORTS.

	Yesterday.	Last Week.	Last Year.
Galveston	21,739	15,992	10,148
New Orleans	4,536	7,596	9,390
Mobile	579	958	6,537
Savannah	13,928	16,708	7,746
Charleston	4,635	3,812	8,254
Wilmington	1,407	1,321	1,340
Norfolk	4,272	3,200	6,359

Total port receipts, 66,736, against 8,674 same day last year.

RECEIPTS AT PRINCIPAL INTERIOR POINTS.

	Yesterday.	Last Week.	Last Year.
Augusta	2,200	2,633	2,563
Memphis	5,063	6,241	13,738
St. Louis	49	1,083	2,970
Houston	21,558	22,812	10,801

ESTIMATED RECEIPTS.

	Today.	Last Week.	Last Year.
Galveston	12,500 to 13,500	25,288	14,120
New Orleans	9,500 to 11,500	11,858	15,314

Total exports yesterday, 8,083; so far this season 2,021,605, against 4,919,844 for the same period last year.

SPOT MARKETS.

Sales.		Price Middling.	Stocks. 1914.	1913.
2,875	New Orleans	7⅛	291,091	281,217
200	Mobile	7	45,482	49,562
1,481	Savannah	7½	275,746	150,374
1,111	Galveston	7½	396,017	237,465
——	Wilmington	7	46,968	33,733
——	Norfolk	7	72,142	61,537
868	Augusta	7¼	157,140	85,270
2,900	Memphis	7	267,845	252,098
——	St. Louis	7½	33,511	25,238
7,958	Houston	7⅛	167,184	170,651

The Liverpool market was quiet. There was a moderate business in spot cotton, with middling 5 points advance to 4.44d. Sales, 7,000 bales. Receipts, 14,000 bales, including 6,500 American. Closed steady.

ISSUE COTTON LOAN RULES.

Holders of Small Quantities May Join in Making Applications.

W. P. Holly, Secretary of the Cotton Loan Committee, sent out last night a supplemental circular of advice to the State and local committees through which the fund is to be administered. The circular related to details discussed at the conference in Washington last Monday between the Cotton Loan Committee and Chairmen of State committees.

Holders of small quantities of cotton will be permitted to join in applying for loans, provided the aggregate is at least 100 bales and no loan is asked for on less than twenty bales. In all cases the local committee must satisfy itself that the warehouse issuing receipts has the cotton actually under cover.

In discussing the responsibility of State and local committees, the circular says:

> The Cotton Loan Committee expects loans to be recommended only when the members of the local or State committee have obtained sufficient information with respect to a particular applicant to convince them that he is a man of business integrity; that, in addition to the security, the obligation represented by his note is of value, and that he has established a reputation for honesty and fair dealing. In other words, it considers that the fund has not been established for the purpose of practically buying cotton at the price stipulated, but in order to relieve the necessities of cotton owners who, with respect to both the moral and financial risk, measure up to the requirements of conservative banking.

The loans are to be made on the basis of 5 cents a pound on "low middling," and the Government schedules are to be used in grading.

DEMAND FOR DRY GOODS.

Reduction of Prices Stimulates Trading in Fabrics.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Dec. 18.—Marshall Field & Co., in their weekly review of the dry goods trade, say:

"Zero temperature is stimulating retail demand for heavier fabrics and wearing apparel.

"The low prices quoted on domestic cottons last week brought very satisfactory orders from retailers. These reductions were timely as domestics are an important item in January sales.

"Evidence that we anticipated the bottom price on a well-known 36-inch bleached muslin is seen in the fact that, although the manufacturers also reduced their price, they have since advanced it.

"The attendance of buyers in the market has been large and orders have been fair."

Montreal to Seek Note Loan Here.

The city of Montreal has decided to borrow about $6,900,000 on three-year notes at 5 per cent., and bankers of this city expect that tenders will be asked before Jan. 1. Usually Montreal has borrowed in London, but, because of the unsettlement of international finances, local bankers expect the loan to be placed here.

RESERVE COUNCIL AT WORK.

Executive Committee Meets to Consider New Banking Policies.

The Executive Committee appointed at the first meeting of the Federal Advisory Council in Washington a few days ago was in session almost throughout the day yesterday at J. P. Morgan's library.

The principal subjects under consideration, it was understood, were the rules and regulations under which State institutions should be admitted to the Federal reserve system, how rapidly, and in what direction the collection of checks through the reserve banks should be extended, what should be the discount policy of the reserve banks and what investments and other open market operations should be permitted to them.

All these matters are subject to the decision of the Federal Reserve Board, which has sought the advice of the Federal Advisory Council. The problems are all knotty ones, and the council directed its Executive Committee to go into the details and report to it at its next meeting.

In the course of the day Gov. Benjamin Strong, Jr., of the Federal Reserve Bank of New York was called into consultation. The members of the Executive Committee are J. B. Forgan of Chicago, Levi L. Rue of Philadelphia, J. P. Morgan of New York, Daniel Wing of Boston, and W. S. Rowe of Cincinnati.

THE CONDITION OF TRADE.

Commenting on the condition of trade and the business of the banks, Dun's Review says:

> The improving tendencies in trade become more distinct and general and the favorable decision of the Interstate Commerce Commission in granting, with a few exceptions, the application of the Eastern railroads for a 5 per cent. increase in freight rates is a constructive development of much importance. Confidence is also strengthened by more liberal credits, the cheapness of money for short terms, better collections, and still more by the progress of financial recuperation.
>
> Trade continues best in the West, where agricultural conditions are most favorable, but in the South, where the big cotton crop is being sold at low prices, the movement continues greatly restricted. In the East the improvement is slow so far as domestic distribution is concerned, except that the colder weather is helping retail distribution. Wholesale jobbing business is gaining in volume, especially in cotton goods, although to a considerable extent this is due to price concessions.
>
> Clearings through the banks do not as yet materially reflect the trend toward improving business conditions that is reported by numerous important commercial and industrial centres, the total this week from leading cities in the United States amounting to $2,502,543,902, a decrease 14.9 per cent. as compared with the $2,939,717,745 of the same week last year and of 19.7 per cent. as contrasted with the $3,242,181,291 reported for the corresponding week in 1912.

Bradstreet's says:

> Trade currents run along irregular lines. On the one hand, retail trade has been helped by two factors, holiday buying and cold weather, but in the larger lines the immediate situation is quiet, reflecting preinventory conditions, plus seasonal slowing down in industrial pursuits. At the same time, optimism as to the future is more in evidence, thanks to lower rates for money, improvement in financial markets and the rendering of a decision in the Eastern railway freight rate case.

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

The railroads reporting so far for the second week of December show these aggregated changes in gross earnings, those reporting increases and those reporting decreases being stated separately:

Two roads	$914,151	+$162,281
Eleven roads	6,208,799	—1,798,268
Total (13 roads)	7,122,950	—1,635,987

Miscellaneous Earnings.

	1914.	1913.	Increase.
FORT WORTH POWER & LIGHT for November—			
Gross	$81,423	$66,798	$14,625
Net after tax	47,045	36,373	10,672
Sur. after chg.	37,556	29,460	8,096
12 mos. gross	891,321	648,970	242,351
Net after tax	481,555	378,715	102,840
Sur. after chg.	376,392	298,088	78,304
Bal. af. pf. dv.	309,659	249,068	60,591
KANSAS GAS & ELECTRIC for November—			
Gross	103,618	102,735	883
Net after tax	42,785	41,310	1,475
Sur. after chg.	27,191	26,213	978
12 mos. gross	1,139,943	1,018,755	121,188
Net after tax	419,331	361,311	58,020
Sur. after chg.	238,323	185,752	52,571
Bal. af. pf. dv.	133,323	80,752	52,571
MT. WHITNEY POWER & ELECTRIC for year ended Nov. 30, 1914—			
Gross earnings	651,054	554,433	96,621
Exp. and tax	274,055	250,275	23,780
Net earnings	376,998	304,158	72,840
Int. charges	140,764	111,638	29,126
Surplus	236,233	192,519	43,714
PACIFIC POWER & LIGHT for November—			
Gross	118,662	111,170	7,492
Net after tax	62,546	58,305	4,241
Sur. after chg.	29,395	29,111	284
12 mos. gross	1,363,552	1,286,985	76,567
Net after tax	708,405	624,057	84,348
Sur. after chg.	325,958	288,659	37,299
Bal. after pf. divs.	80,958	46,159	34,799
PORTLAND GAS & COKE for November—			
Gross	110,800	117,290	*6,490
Net after tax	58,166	61,861	*3,695
Sur. after chg.	36,285	40,126	*3,841
12 mos. gross	1,288,651	1,269,856	18,795
Net after tax	664,212	641,819	22,393
Sur. after chg.	391,218	393,631	*2,413
Bal. after pf. divs.	251,218	279,443	*28,225
PORTO RICO RAILWAYS for November—			
Gross	60,979	71,043	*10,064
Net after tax	31,253	34,498	*3,245
11 mos. gross	713,629	778,755	*65,126
Net after tax	331,429	344,475	*13,046
TEXAS POWER & LIGHT for November—			
Gross	150,078	135,748	14,330
Net after tax	57,858	47,774	10,084
Sur. after chg.	39,781	24,139	15,642
12 mos. gross	1,581,219	1,172,660	408,559
Net after tax	558,718	439,579	119,139
Sur. after chg.	319,116	243,375	75,741
Bal. after pf. divs.	144,428	133,125	11,303

*Decrease.

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alta	.04	Hale & Norcross	.01
Andes	.01	Julia	.02
Belcher	.60	Mexican	.27
Best & Belcher	.04	Occidental Con.	.85
Caledonia	.29	Ophir	.08
Challenge Con.	.04	Overman	.06
Confidence	.16	Savage	.04
Con. Cal. & Va.	.11	Seg. Belcher	.04
Crown Point	.29	Sierra Nevada	.04
Gould & Curry	.04	Union Con.	.05
TONOPAH.		Comb. Fraction	.10
Belmont	4.50	D'field Daisy	.09
Jim Butler	.79	D'field Bl. B.	.06
McNamara	.01	Florence	.52
Midway	.09	Jumbo Exten.	2.87½
Mizpah Exten.	.28	Lone Star	.12
North Star	.18	Silver Pick	.10
Rescue Eula	.07	Vernal	.04
Tonopah Exten.	2.60	Nevada Hills	.29
West End	.60	Round Mountain	.39
GOLDFIELD.		MANHATTAN.	
Atlanta	.41	Manhattan Con.	.03
Booth	.15	Man. Big Four.	.09
C. O. D.	.07		

COLORADO.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Dr. J'pot.	8⅝	8½	Jackpot	6¼	7
Elkton	44¾	45½	McKinney	40	43
El Paso	190	200	Old Gold		1¼
Findlay	1½	2½	Portland	105	113
Gold Dol.	4	6	Vindicator	115	120
Isabella	12⅛	12¼	R. B. H.	3½	4

TOBACCO STOCKS.

	Friday. Bid.	Asked.	Thursday. Bid.	Asked.
American Cigar	115	120	115	120
American Cigar pf.	93	98	93	98
Am. Mach. & F'dry.	65	75	65	75
British-Am. Tobacco.	17¼	17⅝	17¼	17⅝
Conley Foil Co.	280	300	280	300
Johnston T. F. & M.	130	170	130	170
J. S. Young	125	135	125	135
MacAndrews & F.	160	180	160	175
P. R.-Am Tobacco	230	240	230	240
P. R.-Am. Tob. scrip.	118	123	118	123
R. J. Reynolds Tob.	275	290	275	290
R. J. Reynolds rights.	2⅝	2⅞	2⅝	2⅞
Riker & Heg. old.	138	143	138	143
Riker & Hegeman pf.	92	96	92	96
Sterling Gum	3⅞	4¼	4	4¼
Tobacco Prod. Corp.	85	86	85	85½
United Cigar Stores	90	93	90	93
United Cigar St. pf.	110	115	110	115
United Prof. Sharing.	17⅝	17⅞	16⅝	16⅞

METAL MARKET REPORTS.

These prices were quoted on the local Metal Exchange yesterday:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Thursday. Bid.	Asked.
Tin	33.62½	34.50	34.00	34.75
Lead	3.75	3.85	3.75	3.85
Iron, No. 2 fdy.	14.00	14.50	14.00	14.50
Spelter	5.60	5.70	5.65	5.75
Antimony	16.00	17.00	16.00	17.00

Copper was quoted in private transactions at 13¼@13½c, electrolytic, 30 days. Price for iron is dollars per ton; other commodities cents per pound.

London market quotations were:

	Yesterday. £	s.	d.	Thursday. £	s.	d.
Copper, spot	57	10	0	57	15	0
Copper, futures	57	15	0	58	0	0
Tin, spot	147	0	0	148	0	0
Tin, futures	145	15	0	146	10	0
Lead	19	0	0	19	0	0
Spelter	27	10	0	27	12	6

RICHARDS DEMANDS UNION BANK PAPERS

Threatens to Sue Louis Goldstein, Who Holds Them for Pay Claimed as Counsel.

WANTS $40,000 AS HIS FEE

Lawyer Has Received $21,450 and Depositors Have Got Nothing, Says State Official.

Eugene Lamb Richards, State Superintendent of Banks, served notice yesterday on Louis Goldstein, counsel for the defunct Union Bank of Brooklyn, that if the lawyer did not turn over the records and other documents to Joseph G. Deane, whom Mr. Richards appointed a few days ago as Mr. Goldstein's successor, he [Mr. Richards] would apply for a court order to compel him to do so. This followed the receipt of a letter from Mr. Goldstein, who is also an Assistant District Attorney in Brooklyn, saying that a balance of $18,550 was due him for his services, and when it was paid he would turn over the papers.

This is not the first clash between Mr. Richards and those who have been in charge of the Union Bank's affairs. Soon after he took office he had an investigation made by Matthew T. Horgan and others, following which he purposed to retire Edward L. Dodge as Special Deputy Superintendent in charge, and to insist on certain reductions in expenses. A storm of protest came from the depositors, and after a big meeting in his office, at which sentiment was practically unanimous in Mr. Dodge's favor, Mr. Richards let him remain, although compelling him to make some of the reductions in expenses.

A few days ago Mr. Richards announced that Mr. Dodge had been ordered back to duty in the Banking Department, and Daniel W. Quinn, Jr., a State Examiner, had been appointed in his place. At the same time he appointed Mr. Deane to supersede Mr. Goldstein, except as to matters concerning David A. Sullivan and Edward M. Grout, former Presidents of the failed institution.

In response to his notification of these changes Mr. Goldstein wrote:

> I am in receipt of your letter of Dec. 15, 1914, in which, among other things, you state that you have appointed Mr. Joseph G. Deane as counsel for the Union Bank of Brooklyn in all matters not involving Messrs. Edward M. Grout and David A. Sullivan, and continuing me in the capacity of counsel to the bank in all pending matters and claims against either Mr. Grout or Mr. Sullivan, or such matters involving either of them as at this time I may have under investigation and consideration; and requesting that I turn over, without delay, to Mr. Deane all pleadings, documents, and papers pertaining to the liquidation of the Union Bank in my hands, which I may not need for a proper prosecution of matters involving Messrs. Grout and Sullivan.
>
> In said letter you also request me to fix the charges set forth in the statement I rendered you under date of Sept. 26, for services rendered, and the total amount due, less the payments that I have received on account.
>
> In reply thereto, I beg to state that I deem the services rendered by me since September, 1911, in all matters involving the Union Bank of Brooklyn in liquidation, up to the present time, to be reasonably worth the sum of $40,000. In addition, there are certain important matters which are still open, and which, if brought to a successful determination, would entitle me to further compensation for the services heretofore rendered therein.
>
> I have up to the present time received on account of the services rendered the sum of $21,450, leaving a balance now due me for services of at least $18,550. In addition, there are disbursements amounting to $114.65 that have been incurred since the first day of November, 1914.
>
> Of course, this claim is subject to the approval of the court, and I will be glad to facilitate you in having the matter passed upon and determined by the court.
>
> Upon the receipt of the said balance due me, or upon your giving security for the payment of the same I will turn over the papers as requested. In that event, however, it is understood I do not waive my claim to additional compensation should the matters referred to herein be brought to a successful termination.

Supt. Richards replied yesterday in a letter to Mr. Goldstein as follows:

> After 5 o'clock last night I received your letter of Dec. 17, in which, I understand, you refuse to turn over the papers demanded in my letter of Dec. 15 unless you are paid or receive security for the balance claimed by you to be due for legal services in the sum of $18,550, which amount is in addition to $21,450 already received by you, your letter containing a further demand for an agreement on my part that you should have further compensation for past legal services in an unliquidated amount, depending upon success in unfinished important litigation.
>
> I cannot and do not for a moment recognize any such claim, either in substance or in amount. I have accordingly served you with a demand that you turn over the papers forthwith to Mr. Deane, and at the same time I have instructed my said attorney that, upon your refusal, a motion should be made for an order of the court directing you to turn over such papers.
>
> An investigation which I have made since I wrote you on Dec. 15 indicates that the legal matters of the liquidation require prompt attention from Mr. Deane in the interest of the depositors. This is an additional reason why the course suggested by you can, under no aspect of the case, be anything but prejudicial to the best interests of the liquidation.
>
> Your plan for approval by the court, which you say you will be glad to facilitate, is not the approval contemplated by the banking law. Under Section 63 it is the duty of the Superintendent of Banks to fix and pay the compensation of counsel, subject to the approval of the court.
>
> For the reasons above stated the only course left open is for me to ask the court to direct you to turn over the papers, in case you refuse.

"The Union Bank has not paid one penny of dividends to its depositors, despite the fact that it has been in course of liquidation since April, 1910," Mr. Richards said last night. "During that time the cash on hand has dwindled from about $330,000 to $86,000. Of this $86,000, it is admitted by those who were in charge of the liquidation that at least $19,000 is due in unpaid taxes and interest. If these bills and Goldstein's claim for services are paid, the cash will be reduced to less than $50,000.

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Ask.	Yield.
Amal. Cop.	5	Mar. 15,'15	100	100¼	4.10
Am. Loco	5	July, 1915	99⅝	100¼	4.60
Am T. & T. sub	5	Apr., 1916	99⅞	100	5.00
Am. Tob sc.	6	Sep., 1915	100⅝	100⅞	5.00
Balt. & Ohio.	4½	June, 1915	99⅞	100	4.50
Beth. Steel	5	June11,'15	100	100⅛	4.50
B. R. T.	5	July 1918	98⅞	99	5.35
Can. Pacific	6	Mar. 2,'24	101	101½	5.75
Ches. & Ohio.	5	June, 1919	90⅞	91⅛	7.45
C. & W. Ind.	5	Sep., 1915	99¼	99⅝	5.50
Chi. El. Rys.	5	July, 1916	93½	97⅛	6.65
Con. Gas	6	June, 1915	100⅛	101⅛	3.62
C.P.Co(Minn.).	6	May, 1917	95	97⅝	7.00
Erie R. R.	5	Apr., 1915	99⅛	99¼	6.75
Erie R. R.	5	Oct., 1915	97¾	98¼	6.90
Erie R. R.	5½	Apr., 1917	95¼	96¼	7.00
Gen Motors	6	Oct., 1915	100½	100⅞	5.00
Gen. Rubber	4½	July, 1915	99¼	99⅝	5.05
H. R. & P.	5	May, 1915	95½	97	13.50
Hock. Valley	6	Nov., 1915	99⅞	100⅛	5.85
Int. Harv	5	Feb. 15,'15	100	100¼	3.75
Lack. Steel	5	Mar., 1915	98⅞	99¼	7.50
L. S. & M. S.		June 1915	4.87	4.50	....
L. S. & M. S.	5	Sep., 1915	99⅞	100⅛	4.85
L. S. & M. S.	5	Dec., 1915	99⅞	100	5.00
L. G. & El.	6	Apr., 1918	95	97	7.00
Mich Cent	4½	Mar. 2,'15	100	100¼	3.50
M. T. & P.	6	Apr., 1915	97½	99½	7.65
M. Gen. El.	6	June, 1917	99¼	99⅞	6.00
N. E. Nav.	6	May, 1917	90⅜	91½	9.65
N. Y. Cent.	5	Apr., 1915	99¼	99⅞	5.35
N. Y. Cent.	4½	May, 1915	99¼	99⅝	5.10
N. Y. Cent.	5	Sep. 15,'15	98⅝	99⅜	5.35
N. Y. Cent.	5	Oct., 1915	98½	99¼	5.90
N.Y.,N.H.&H.	5	May, 1915	96⅞	98	10.40
Pac. G. & E.	5	Mar.25,'15	99⅞	100¼	4.55
P. R. R. cv.	3½	Oct., 1915	99¼	99¾	4.40
P. S. Corp. of N. J.	5	Mar., 1916	97⅞	98⅜	6.10
Sea. Air L.	5	Mar., 1916	97⅝	98⅝	6.00
Southern Ry.	5	Feb., 1916	98⅝	99¼	5.70
Southern Ry.	5	Mar., 1917	97⅝	98¼	5.75
Sulz. & Sons.	6	June, 1916	98	99⅛	6.35
U. S. Smelt.	5	June, 1918	95	96	6.80
Union Type.	5	Jan. 15,'16	97½	98¼	6.35
United Fruit.	6	May, 1917	100⅝	101	5.60
United Fruit.	5	May, 1918	97	97⅝	5.75
Utah Co.	6	Apl., 1917	97½	99	6.50
West. Power.	6	Jne. 15,'15	99	99½	7.00

BILLARD ARGUMENTS HEARD

Counsel for Railroads Say He Got More Than $3,000,000 Illegally.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Dec. 18.—Arguments were heard in the Superior Court here today on the demurrers and motions filed by the defendants in the suit of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad and New England Navigation Company against John L. Billard of Meriden and other officers of the Billard Company who participated in the purchase and sale of the Boston & Maine Railroad. The plaintiffs seek to recover $3,825,147, said to be the profits from the transactions, and ask for an accounting.

The defendants, besides Mr. Billard, are Charles S. Mellen, former President of the New Haven road; Charles F. Linsley of Meriden, and Samuel Hemingway, Edward D. Robbins, Samuel C. Morehouse and Harry V. Whipple, all of New Haven.

For the defendants, arguments were made to the effect that it was alleged a secret trust was inferred in the complaint, but no specific allegation is made; that no allegation is made that Mr. Billard ever agreed to a secret trust, or that he ever served under such. If shares were held, they were so held without any knowledge of such a trust. Counsel claimed it would be shown that the acquired shares of the Boston & Maine were purchased in the open market.

Counsel for the railroad asserted that Mr. Billard, supposedly acting for the New Haven road, received more than $3,000,000 from the plaintiff companies. Complicated transactions were carried on, it was charged, each in an independent manner, from June, 1905, to 1908. If the charges were separated, counsel asserted, the issue would be clouded.

Briefs were ordered and Judge Case took the papers.

TEXAS BANKER COMING HERE

Beverly D. Harris to be a Vice President of the National City.

Beverly D. Harris, Vice President of the South Texas Bank of Houston, will become a Vice President of the National City Bank of this city next month. Mr. Harris has accepted the offer made to him and will be formally elected to the office at the January meeting of the National City Bank Directors.

Mr. Harris is widely known through the South as a banker. He was formerly connected with the National City Bank of Dallas.

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Dec. 18.—Incorporated today:

Bermuda-American Steamship Corp., $100,000; H. F. and C. W. Morse, J. P. Hand, Hamilton, Bermuda.

New Era Novelty Co., toys, electrical appliances, fancy goods, $75,000; W. Doheney, N. Ballin, L. E. Karnow, 230 Liberty Av., B'klyn.

Farnsworth Realty Co., Buffalo, $75,000; R. B. Richardson, W. H. Davenport, W. H. Farnsworth.

World Comedy Stars Film Corp., $100,000; L. Hubuer, L. A. Ackley, P. Gleichman, Hotel Astor.

Ithaca Film Co., Ithaca, $25,000; J. J. McDonald, E. M. and R. M. Simpson, 2 Rector St.

Stratford Press, $20,000; T. J. O'Connor, A. V. and M. J. Conroy, 824 E. 17 St., B'klyn.

Ornide Production Co., theatrical, $16,000; L. M. Levy, C. H. Owen, E. Henkel, 2,643 E. 25 St.

Stock & Cordts, Kingston, furniture, furnishings, $50,000; M. L. Cordts, L. N. and N. Stock.

Putnam Publishing Co., $50,000; G. J. Corbett, F. P. King, W. J. Smith, 32 Liberty St.

Alliger Box & Lumber Co., North Tonawanda, $50,000; E. C. Metzloff, E. M. Allen, F. L. Alliger, Tonawanda.

Collins Chemical Co., Mt. Vernon, $30,000; W. De Vere, G. W. Van Olinda, W. A. Collins.

Marsam Publishing Co., Brooklyn, $10,000; A. F. Cowen, S. H. Paynter, M. Spinelli, 197 9 St., B'klyn.

Gover Realty Co., realty, construction, brokerage, $10,000; C. Chess, E. and M. A. Cohn, 113 South Second St., B'klyn.

Bedford Chair Co., $10,000; A. Hettick, L. Lang, B. Joy, 1,103 Putnam Av., B'klyn.

Motion Picture Reviewing & Reporting Co., $10,000; M. S. and M. B. Schlesinger, M. S. Epstein, 1,493 B'way.

Standish Realty Corp'n, $10,000; G. Krumme, P. G. Moore, Jr., A. P. Delahunt, 81 Bennett Av.

W. F. Plass & Bro., plumbing, hardware, sporting goods, &c., $10,000; J. J. Cunningham, A. and W. F. Plass, 145 W. 18 St.

Bleiberg-Hanig Co., ladies' garments, $5,000; B. Bleiberg, H. and A. Hanig, 280 E. 10 St.

Sanford Hotel Co., $10,000; J. H. Ross, H. A. Cobb, Upton D. Thomas, 30 Church St.

St. Clair & Newcomb, pure food publications, exhibitions, specialties, hygiene, $5,000; J. St. Clair, A. B. Newcomb, A. Seistac, 71 W. 23 St.

Universal Costume Co., women's clothing, $5,000; I. Stock, A. Okum, J. Schefion, 1,507 Charlotte St.

Voluntary dissolutions: Arthur Cushman Co., N. Y.; 3, 5, and 1 West 61st Street Corp., N. Y.; Rockland Country Club Realty Co., Sparkville; Phoenix Credit Co., N. Y.; Jaffe Stores Co., N. Y.

New Jersey Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, Dec. 18.—Charters filed today: Van Goble Motion Picture Co., Orange, $25,000; Spencer G. Ayers, William T. Van Horn, Orange; Eva Vanhorn, West Orange; Bullus Miller Co., inc., Newark, real estate; $10,000; Edward J. Bullus, M. O. Bullus, East Orange; H. A. Miller, Newark.

TELEPHONE PROFITS MADE ON CITY CALLS

Inquiry Shows Only 5.6% of N. Y. Company's Revenue Comes from Outside Messages.

LICENSE FEES PAID BELL CO.

Corporation's Books Show a Profit and Surplus of $21,958,179, Expert Testifies.

The inquiry into the telephone rates charged by the New York Telephone Company was resumed yesterday morning by the Public Service Commission for the Second District, sitting in the Metropolitan Tower. An accountant for the commission who had charge of the examination of the telephone company's records testified that the New York Telephone Company paid to the American Telephone and Telegraph Company 4½ per cent. of its gross earnings as a "license fee" for use of the Bell telephone patents; that a profit and surplus of $21,958,179.82 was shown on the corporation's books at the time the inventories were taken, and further that only 5.6 per cent. of the total revenue was derived from tolls outside of Greater New York.

The proportionately small revenue coming from calls outside the city was regarded as significant. The telephone corporation has maintained that it should be permitted to fix its rates for New York City after it included the earnings of all its subsidiaries in the State in the general apportionment. The facts brought out by the testimony of the commission's accountant indicated that the New York City system's earning capacity was practically independent of the other systems in the State.

The only witness was Dean Langmuir, accountant. He was questioned by Martin W. Littleton, counsel for the commission. Sitting with Commissioner Seymour Van Santvoord, Chairman, was only one other Commissioner, William Temple Emmet. The Legislative Special Committee on Telephones was represented by Senator James A. Foley, Chairman; Senator Herbert P. Coats of Saranac Lake, and Robert S. Waterman of Ogdensburg, assistant counsel. The New York Telephone Company was represented by John L. Swayze.

Mr. Littleton undertook to analyze the income and disbursements of the New York Telephone Company for the first six months of this year. According to the witness, during that period the exchange service revenues were $12,065,884.64 and the total service revenues amounted to $2,579,788.27. Of its gross revenues, Mr. Langmuir then testified, the books showed that the New York Telephone Company paid to the American Telephone and Telegraph Company 4½ per cent. as a "license fee," amounting to $654,637.74. The gross revenues for the six months' period amounted to $14,039,277.51, after certain necessary reductions were made.

The telephone company's total operating expenses for the six months ended June 30, 1914, was $7,658,916.30, and the net revenues amounted to $6,380,361.21 for the same period. In addition to its revenues from operations it had a revenue of $1,999,098.75 from securities it held. According to Mr. Langmuir, the total non-operating revenues of the corporation for the first six months of the present year was $2,905,689.61.

From the witness Mr. Littleton then brought out the percentages of distribution by boroughs of the telephone company's ground and buildings, central office equipment, and station apparatus, &c. The total plant and service, which, with material and supplies, was shown to be valued on the books at $67,820,335.52, was divided by boroughs, 67.9 per cent. Manhattan and the Bronx, 30.2 per cent. Brooklyn and Queens, and 1.9 per cent. Staten Island.

Mr. Langmuir testified that the tolls revenues of the telephone company were only 15 per cent. of the total revenues. Asked what percentage of the tolls revenues was derived from calls within the greater city, he said 63 per cent. The remaining 37 per cent. of the tolls revenue was made up of calls from within the city to points without, 20.4 per cent.; calls from without to zones within the city, 13.6 per cent.; calls to and from New York City passing through New Jersey, 2.2 per cent., and calls between outside points passing through New York City, .8 per cent.

COMMODITIES MARKETS

WHEAT.

Underlying conditions in the wheat market were again strong, and early in the day prices moved up another cent a bushel, with active buying for foreign account. It was evident, however, that the trade was still very nervous regarding the probable influence of peace rumors from Europe or any change in conditions which would threaten the demand for American wheat, and late in the day the market lost practically all the early gain under liquidation prompted by unconfirmed rumors that shipments from Gulf ports would be checked on account of increased danger to navigation. In the local cash market No. 2 red and No. 2 hard Winter were quoted at $1.28¾, all rail, cost, insurance, and freight, track for export; No. 1 Northern Duluth, $1.31¼, and No. 1 Northern Manitoba, $1.34¼, cost, insurance, and freight, Buffalo.

NEW YORK PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
December	..	..	1.28⅝	1.28⅜	97¼
May	1.32⅞	1.32¼	1.32⅝	1.32⅜	98⅜

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE.

May	1.33⅜	1.32⅛	1.32⅝	1.32⅛	..

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
December	1.21⅛	1.20¼	1.20¼	1.20⅛	88⅛
May	1.24⅛	1.23⅛	1.23⅝	1.23⅞	91⅛
July	1.17⅛	1.16⅛	1.16⅝	1.16⅝	88⅛

CORN.

Prices in the corn market showed a moderate upturn during the early trading, owing to the firmness in wheat and on continued light receipts at primary points. There was also further talk of export demand as well as an improvement in the domestic requirements, but toward the close values gave way under profit taking, and final quotations were net unchanged to ¼c lower. In the local cash market No. 2 yellow corn was quoted at 74¼c, cost, insurance, and freight, to arrive, and prime Argentine, at 72c nominal, delivered.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
December	64⅝	64⅛	64⅛	64	69⅝
May	70½	69⅞	69⅞	70⅛	69⅝
July	71¼	70⅝	70⅝	70⅝	69

OATS.

The oats market followed much the same course as wheat and corn, advancing early and easing off late, although, on the whole, price changes were comparatively narrow. Receipts at primary points were moderate and interior cash markets were firm. The local cash market was steady; standard quoted at 53½@54c; No. 2 white, 54@54½c; No. 3 white, 53@53½c; No. 4 white, 52½@53c; fancy clipped white, 55½@56½c; ordinary clipped white, 53½@54½c, all elevator.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
December	48⅝	48⅜	48½	48½	39¼
May	52⅝	52	52¼	52⅜	41⅞

COTTONSEED OIL.

The volume of business in the local cottonseed oil market was small, and while values were steady early in the session in the absence of selling pressure, an easier tone developed late under evidences of increased pressure of crude offerings, and final quotations were 8 to 15 points net lower. The range of prices was as follows:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Spot	..	..	5.60@5.85	5.70
December	..	..	5.62@5.75	5.73
January	..	..	5.75@5.76	5.79
February	..	..	5.84@5.89	5.87
March	6.05	6.05	6.00@6.02	6.05
April	..	..	6.08@6.12	6.13
May	6.31	6.25	6.25@6.26	6.28
June	..	..	6.32@6.39	6.35
July	6.53	6.51	6.45@6.48	6.50

COFFEE.

There were comparatively few orders in evidence in the coffee market throughout the greater part of the day with a conspicuous absence of the selling pressure which has characterized operations recently. At the close of the day the market was distinctly firm, with final quotations 12 to 16 points above the final of Thursday. Total sales for the day were 13,000 bags. In the local spot market Rio 7s were quoted at 7⅝c and Santos 4s at 10c.

The range of prices was as follows:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Dec.	6.16	6.10	6.25@6.26	6.11
January	..	..	6.25@6.26	6.18
February	..	..	6.35@6.36	6.22
March	6.45	6.30	6.45@6.46	6.31
April	..	..	6.53@6.54	6.39
May	6.55	6.55	6.62@6.63	6.48
June	..	..	6.52@6.53	6.37
July	7.43	7.34	7.42@7.43	7.28
August	..	..	7.49@7.50	7.33
September	..	..	7.55@7.60	7.39
October	..	..	7.62@7.63	7.46
November	..	..	7.69@7.70	7.53

PROVISIONS.

The provision market was firm during the first part of the day, with evidences of buying by packers, but late in the session an easier tone developed as a result of the decline in grain and on larger receipts of hogs at interior points than anticipated. Total receipts of hogs at Western points were 131,000 head, of which Chicago received 43,000, Kansas City 5,000, and Omaha 8,000. Estimated receipts at Chicago for Saturday were 25,000 head.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Lard—					
January	10.17	10.12	10.12	10.12	10.62
May	10.37	10.27	10.27	10.37	10.97
Ribs—					
January	10.02	9.95	9.95	10.02	10.77
May	10.35	10.27	10.27	10.32	11.05
Pork—					
January	18.22	18.20	18.20	18.40	20.62
May	18.87	18.65	18.65	18.87	20.80

BUTTER AND EGG MARKET.

BUTTER.—Receipts yesterday 5,818 packages. The shortage in fine fresh creamery was felt more keenly today, and prices advanced ½c, with quite a firm feeling at the present writing. The medium to choice grades sympathized a little in the improvement. Fair trading in storage creamery and a hardening tendency to values. Renovated firm at the recent advance. Ladies and packing stock are also higher. Creamery, extras, (ninety-two score,) 34c; higher scoring lots, 34½@35c; firsts, 30@33c; seconds, 27@29c; thirds, 24½@25½c; creamery, held, extras, (ninety-two score,) 32@32½c; higher scoring lots, 32¾@33c; firsts, 29@31½c; seconds, 26@28c; State dairy, finest, 32@33c; good to prime, 29@31c; common to fair, 24@28c; renovated, extras, 25½@26½c; firsts, 24½@25c; lower grades, 22@23½c; imitation creamery, firsts, 25@25½c; ladles, current make, firsts 23½@24c; seconds, 22½@23c; lower grades, 20@22c; packing stock, held, fine, 22@22½c; current make, No. 2, 21½c; lower grades, 19@21c.

EGGS.—Receipts yesterday, 4,609 cases. Demand for fresh gathered eggs is only fair, and with a little more stock coming this way the tone of the market is no more than steady. Medium qualities in moderate demand. Refrigerator eggs quite active and firm. Nearby eggs plenty and slow. Fresh gathered, extra fine, per dozen, 45@46c; extra firsts, 43@44c; firsts, 40@42c; seconds, 35@39c; thirds and poorer, 24@33c; checks, good to prime, dry, 23c; refrigerator, early packed, special marks, fancy, charges paid, 25½@26c; firsts, 24½@25c; seconds, 22½@24c; undergrades, 16@22c. State, Pennsylvania and nearby, hennery whites, fine to fancy, 52@53c; defective, 45@50c; gathered whites, as to size and quality, 40@51c; hennery browns, 47@48c; gathered brown and mixed colors, 35@46c.

AN ALL-AMERICA COIN.

One Design for $5 Piece for the Different Republics.

The forthcoming issue of The Americas, the journal of the National City Bank, will contain an interesting account of a proposed Pan-American coin on the dollar basis of exchange. In part, it will say:

"As a help to the popularization of the dollar in South American trade, Horace G. Knowles, former Minister of the United States to several Balkan and Latin-American countries, has suggested that a souvenir five-dollar gold piece be coined in connection with the opening of the Panama-Pacific Exposition, so designed that the republics of South America may later be prevailed upon to adopt it among their own national coins and thus establish a form of money that will ultimately pass current anywhere in the Western Hemisphere."

The face of the design for the suggested coin contains a reproduction of a male and female head, significant of North and South Americas. One is a forceful Inca head, representing the earliest government in this hemisphere, and the other is a refined Columbia head, representing the most modern. At the top of the design are the words "peace, brotherhood, and justice" in Latin, while at the bottom is the inscription "5—Dollars—5." The design also shows twenty-one stars, significant of the twenty-one American republics.

Mr. Knowles suggests that the reverse of the coin would probably be of special design for each of the countries adopting the piece, but that some compromise might be found even for that. The design is said to be the only one for a coin that contains the heads of both the male and female of the human race.

GAS DIRECTORS UPHELD.

Rockefeller and Others Need Not Be Examined in Read Suit.

The Appellate Division in Brooklyn yesterday handed down a decision affirming the order of Justice Blackmar of the Supreme Court dismissing the examination before trial of William Rockefeller and other Directors of the Brooklyn Union Gas Company. The order to examine the Directors was granted by Justice Crane upon the application of Thomas H. Read, a stockholder, who sued for an accounting of $7,000,000 profits.

Justice Blackmar had vacated Justice Crane's order on the ground that the plaintiff had free access to the books of the gas company and could get all the information he needed for his suit. Read appealed.

$1,000,000 FOR RAILROAD.

The Pennsylvania Buys the Dayton, Lebanon & Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, Dec. 18.—Announcement was made here today that the Pennsylvania Railroad had bought the Dayton, Lebanon & Cincinnati Railroad, which runs from Dayton, Ohio, to Lebanon, Ohio, and there connects with the Cincinnati, Lebanon & Northern Railroad for Cincinnati.

The purchase causes the retirement of Eugene Zimmerman as President of the Dayton, Lebanon & Cincinnati Road, and the announcement says that E. B. Taylor of Pittsburgh will become President.

It is reported that $1,000,000 was the price paid for the road.

A Drop in Imports.

Imports of general merchandise here in the week ended Dec. 12 show a falling off compared with the two weeks preceding. The value of last week's foreign goods brought here is placed at $13,149,071, compared with $15,400,000 the week before, and $13,986,536 the week before that. Custom House officials accounted for the slump by recalling that many ships inward bound were delayed several days in reaching port owing to the storm prevailing in the Atlantic.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

THE CHATHAM AND PHENIX NATIONAL BANK OF NEW YORK

The annual meeting of the shareholders of this Bank, for the election of Directors, and such other business as may properly come before the meeting, will be held at the Banking House, No. 192 Broadway, New York, on January 12, 1915. Polls open from 12 Noon to 1 P. M.

B. L. HASKINS, Cashier,

NEW YORK, DECEMBER 10, 1914.

IRVING NATIONAL BANK, NEW YORK

New York, December 1, 1914.

The annual meeting of the Shareholders of this Bank for the election of Directors and the transaction of such other business as may be brought before it will be held in the Banking Rooms, No. 233 Broadway, Tuesday, January 12th, 1915, at 12 o'clock noon, the polls to be open from 12 o'clock noon to 1 o'clock P. M.

The transfer books will be closed from 12 o'clock noon, January 9th, 1915, until 10 o'clock A. M., January 13th, 1915.

J. F. BOUKER, Cashier.

NATIONAL BANK OF COMMERCE IN NEW YORK.

New York, December 10, 1914.

The annual meeting of the shareholders of the National Bank of Commerce in New York for the election of directors will be held at its banking house, 31 Nassau Street, New York City, on Tuesday, January 12, 1915, at 12 o'clock noon. The polls will be open from 12 o'clock to 1 P. M.

STEVENSON E. WARD, Cashier

New York, Dec. 5th, 1914.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION of Directors of THE MERCHANTS NATIONAL BANK of the City of New York will be held at its banking house, No. 42 Wall Street, New York, on Tuesday, January 12th, 1915, from 12 noon to 1 o'clock P. M.

By order of the Board of Directors.

JOSEPH BYRNE, Cashier.

THE HANOVER NATIONAL BANK of the City of New York.

New York, December 12, 1914.

The Annual Election for Directors of this Bank will be held at the banking house, Nassau and Pine Streets, Tuesday, January 12th, 1915, between the hours of 12 o'clock M. and 1 o'clock P. M.

ELMER E. WHITTAKER, Cashier.

DIVIDENDS.

D. C. HEATH & COMPANY

BOSTON

Preferred Stock

The regular quarterly dividend of one and three-quarters per cent. has been declared by the Directors of this Corporation, payable January 1, 1915, to preferred stockholders of record December 24, 1914. Checks will be mailed. WINFIELD S. SMYTH, Treasurer.

THE ELECTRIC STORAGE BATTERY COMPANY,

Allegheny Avenue & 19th Street.

Philadelphia, December 16th, 1914.

The Directors have declared a dividend of one per cent. (1%) from the net earnings of the Company on both Common and Preferred Stocks, payable January 2d, 1915, to stockholders of record at the close of business on December 21st, 1914. Checks will be mailed.

WALTER G. HENDERSON, Treasurer.

PROPOSALS.

THE QUEENS BOROUGH PUBLIC LIBRARY,
Department of Supplies,
402 Fulton Street, Jamaica,
Borough of Queens, City of New York.

Sealed bids or estimates will be received by the Executive Committee of the Board of Trustees at the above office until 12 o'clock noon on

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 6, 1915,

for furnishing (1) Stationery, including papers and cards; (2) Printing, (3) Janitors' Supplies, (4) Electrical Supplies, (5) Cataloguing Materials as required by this Department.

Blank forms, specifications, and further information may be obtained at the above office.

PROPOSALS FOR MANUFACTURING CLOTHING.—Army Building, 39 Whitehall Street, New York, N. Y., December 16th, 1914.—Sealed proposals, in triplicate, will be received here until 1 o'clock P. M., January 15th, 1915, and then opened, for manufacturing and delivering at either the New York or Philadelphia depots of the Quartermaster Corps, 30,000 Breeches, O. D., service, wool, foot; 8,000 Breeches, O. D., service, wool, mounted; 80,000 Coats, O. D., service, wool. Information upon application. A. L. SMITH, Col., Q. M. C., Depot Q. M.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at the Office of the Lighthouse Inspector, Tompkinsville, N. Y., until 2 o'clock P. M., January 2, 1915, and then opened, for recasting sixty buoy bells, approximate weight 225 pounds each; ten buoy bells, approximate weight 1,000 pounds each. Blank proposals and particulars may be obtained by addressing the Lighthouse Inspector, Tompkinsville, N. Y.

FIGHT OVER SIGNALS FOR ELEVATED LINES

Chairman McCall Opposes Hasty Action in Ordering New Safety System.

IN HOT TILT WITH CRAM

B. R. T. Contract Goes to General Railway Signal Company for $3,221,676.

A sharp difference of opinion was evident in the Public Service Commission yesterday over the question of new signals for the elevated lines of the Interborough. Commissioner Cram wanted to order the company immediately to install a system "capable of preventing collisions" and "so designed as to permit the operation of their tracks to their maximum capacity." However, Chairman McCall objected to the adoption of the order yesterday on the ground that that might seem to be the only step to be taken to place additional safeguards on the elevated. After hot words had passed, Mr. Cram agreed to let the matter go over two weeks.

The wrangle began as soon as Mr. Cram read his motion. Commissioner Wood said:

"I understand—"

"I make the motion. I don't care what you understand," broke in Mr. Cram.

Commissioner Williams seconded the motion, and then Mr. McCall objected to passing upon the signaling question before the commission had had time to consider the evidence brought out at the recent wrecks investigation and to take up the problem of safety as a whole.

Commissioner Maltbie pointed out that it might well turn out that the commission ought to order the company to strengthen the structure of the elevated lines, and that that ought to be considered as well as the signals.

"I'll introduce a resolution to that effect now with pleasure,' said Mr. Cram.

"You don't want us to vote on such a resolution without the advice of our engineers," said Mr. McCall. "I would vote against such a resolution if it is brought up before I understand the facts."

Mr. Maltbie suggested that Mr. Cram's signaling motion be sent to the Committee of the Whole, at which it could be considered with other recommendations arising from the accidents. Mr. Cram has hardly ever attended a Committee of the Whole meeting and he objected:

"To bury it permanently? The Committee of the Whole is a graveyard. Two men were killed the other day."

This aroused the indignation of Mr. McCall. He said sharply:

"That is not a proper statement to make. Every man is just as earnest to do the work as you are. Such a statement is a reflection on the commission."

"I'm sorry you take that view of it," said Mr. Cram; "I say it is a star chamber, then."

"I don't like either of your expressions," answered the Chairman.

Mr. Cram called for a vote on his resolution, but in the end was persuaded to adjourn it for two weeks to give the commission time to consider all sides of the safety question at once.

Mr. McCall and Mr. Maltbie were again found together over another question of signals. The B. R. T. had asked the commission to authorize it to grant the contract for the signaling on its new lines, including the Fourth Avenue subway, to the General Railway Signal Company of Rochester, which, when the bids were first opened, asked $1,808,676, while the Federal Signal Company was lower, with a bid of $1,392,833. Since these bids were received, however, the importance of automatic speed control and signal devices in the motorman's cab has come up, and the General Company, in a supplementary bid, was low with $1,413,000, while the Federal Company was about $100,000 higher.

It was the General Company's system which Mr. Williams praised at the wreck investigation, and which Frank Hedley admitted might be successful, although it was such a radical departure from existing signals. It is said for it that it will make collisions impossible, or at any rate harmless, the commission's engineers reporting that it would be a great advance, if it could be developed as promised.

Mr. Williams moved that the B. R. T. be authorized to grant the contract to the General Company. Mr. McCall stood out for the principle of awarding the contract to the lowest bidder, and said that he feared that if all the bids, as Mr. Cram suggested, were rejected, except as far as the Fourth Avenue line was concerned, a combine would be formed and the company would be forced to pay heavily. He had the support of Mr. Maltbie, but they were voted down, and the contract was approved by the votes of Commissioners Cram, Williams, and Wood.

RECEIVERS FOR RAILROADS.

Attempt to Conserve Assets of Subsidiaries of Brazil Railway Co.

PORTLAND, Me., Dec. 18.—W. Cameron Forbes of Dedham, Mass., and Charles E. Perkins of Burlington, Iowa, were appointed receivers of the Brazil Land, Cattle and Packing Company and of the Uruguay Railway Company by the Federal Court today. Mr. Forbes is receiver of the Brazil Railway Company, of which the others are subsidiaries.

The proceedings were instituted by Receiver Forbes to conserve the assets of the two corporations. It was claimed that $450,625 advanced to the Uruguay Railway Company and $709,000 advanced to the Brazil Land, Cattle and Packing Company had not been repaid to the Brazil Railway Company.

The subsidiaries have an authorized capital of $25,000,000 each.

$6,900,000

CITY OF MONTREAL

Three-Year Gold Bonds

The Bank of Montreal, Montreal, is authorized to receive on behalf of the City of Montreal, sealed tenders for the purchase of the undermentioned securities:—

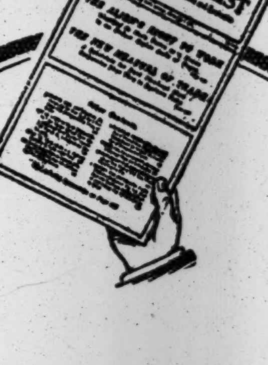
$6,900,000 three-year gold bonds, dated 1st December, 1914, due 1st December, 1917, bearing interest at the rate of 5% per annum, payable half-yearly on 1st June and 1st December.

Principal and interest payable in gold at the City Treasurer's Office, Montreal, or at the Agency of the Bank of Montreal, 64 Wall Street, New York, at the option of the holder. Bonds will be in the denomination of $1,000 each with interest coupons attached. The City retains the right to redeem at par and accrued interest the whole, but not part, of this issue at any time upon giving 60 days' notice by advertisements to be published twice in the English language in one daily newspaper in each of the Cities of Montreal, Toronto, New York, Boston, and Philadelphia.

Delivery and payment are to be made in New York on the 15th January, 1915. Every tender must be accompanied by a certified cheque payable to the City Treasurer for one per cent. of the total amount of the bonds. Tenders must be addressed to the Manager, Bank of Montreal, Montreal, Canada, marked "Tender for City of Montreal Bonds," and delivered not later than 12 o'clock noon, 29th December, 1914. Tenders must be for the whole amount offered. No tender for any part of the issue or for securities not precisely as described above or varying the terms of payment and delivery will be considered. The highest or any bid will not necessarily be accepted.

Any further information and particulars may be obtained upon applying to the Bank of Montreal, Montreal, or to the City Treasurer, Montreal.

December 19, 1914.



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RESORTS.

NEW YORK—Westchester County.

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NEW JERSEY—Atlantic City.

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on the Beach, Atlantic City.
OPEN ALL THE YEAR, CAPACITY 600.
A delightful place to spend the Winter and Spring months.
Bookings now being made for the Christmas Holidays.

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IN WINTER
Provides a charm of comfort and ease admidst characteristic environment that has established it as an ideal seashore home. Directly on the ocean front. Capacity 600
WALTER J. BUZBY.

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Reached by C. R. R. of New Jersey.
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Best to Carolina and Florida Resorts.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

Bankruptcy Auction Sale

All of the road building machinery, supplies and materials of the BRIDGEPORT CONSTRUCTION COMPANY, Bankrupt, will be sold under the direction of the undersigned, at the office of the Company, 236 Main Street, Poughkeepsie, N. Y., on the 22nd day of December, 1914, at 11 o'clock A. M.; the property includes

One ten-ton Buffalo Steam Roller, crusher plant, tar kettles, concrete mixer for street work, Mais Truck, Cadillac Runabout, Ford Runabout.

For information inquire
C. W. H. ARNOLD, Trustee,
54 Market Street, Poughkeepsie, N. Y.
J. B. Vandewater, Attorney for Trustee,
54 Market Street, Poughkeepsie, N. Y.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of MORRIS SCHACHTEL, Bankrupt.

Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Thursday, Dec. 24, 1914, by order of the Court, at 2 P. M., at 99 Stanton St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of men's and children's clothing, fixtures, desk, racks, safe, stove, &c. Inspection Dec. 22d and 23d between 10 A. M. and 4 P. M.
ROBERT H. STRAHAN, Receiver.
MAURICE L. SHAINE, Attorney for Receiver, 350 B'way, New York.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT Southern District of New York.—No. 20,864.—In Bankruptcy.—JOSEPH SIEGEL Bankrupt.

JOSEPH SIEGEL was duly adjudicated bankrupt on December 16, 1914, and the first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, 71 Broadway, City of New York, on December 30th, 1914, at 10 A. M. Creditors may then attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.
Dated, December 17th, 1914.
STANLEY W. DEXTER, Referee in Bankruptcy.

ASSIGNEE SALES.

Assignee Sale.—In the matter of the general assignment of the Liberty Knitting Mills for the benefit of creditors: Notice is hereby given that I will sell at public auction through Daniel Greenwald, Auctioneer, the assets of the Liberty Knitting Mills, consisting of the large wholesale manufactured stock of Sweaters, in men's, ladies', boys' and children's, on Wednesday, December 23, at 10:30 A. M., at 15 E. 4th St.
MORRIS B. ARNOLD, Assignee.
HAROLD LHOWE, Atty.,
320 Broadway, N. Y. C.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 18.—Pressure continues abnormally high throughout the East and the Northern Rocky Mountain region, while an extensive area of low barometric pressure tends southwestward from Lake Superior to the Mexican border, and within which are two storm centres, one over New Mexico and the other over the Upper Lake region.

These disturbances have been attended by a general increase in cloudiness in the Great Central Valleys and the South and Southwest and rains in the Gulf States and California and snow or rain in the western Plateau and southern Rocky Mountain region and the Lower Missouri Valley. Temperature has risen materially over the Gulf States, the great central valleys, and the lake region, and it has fallen again in the Northwest.

In the Middle Atlantic States and New England the weather will be cloudy and warmer Saturday, and become unsettled, with probably snow or rain on Sunday.

In the South Atlantic and Gulf States, Tennessee, and the Ohio Valley the weather will be unsettled Saturday and Sunday, with rain.

In the lake region, the middle Mississippi Valley, and the Southern Rocky Mountain region local snows are probable Saturday and Sunday. West of the Rockies the weather will be fair Saturday and Sunday.

Temperature will rise Saturday in the East, and fall Saturday and Sunday in the middle Mississippi Valley and the Southwest. Colder weather is probable Sunday in the Gulf States, Tennessee, and the Ohio Valley.

Winds along the North Atlantic Coast will be fresh south Saturday and Sunday; Middle Atlantic Coast, moderate variable; South Atlantic Coast, fresh east.

FORECAST FOR TODAY AND SUNDAY.

Eastern New York and New England—Fair and somewhat warmer Saturday; Sunday, cloudy, probably snow.

New Jersey and Eastern Pennsylvania—Cloudy and somewhat warmer Saturday; Sunday, unsettled, probably rain or snow.

Western New York—Cloudy Saturday; Sunday, probably local snows; colder.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1913.	1914.		1913.	1914.
3 A. M.	43	20	4 P. M.	45	29
6 A. M.	43	18	6 P. M.	38	27
9 A. M.	43	20	9 P. M.	33	29
12 M.	47	26	11 P. M.	30	29

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 24; for the corresponding date last year it was 38; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 34.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 18; at 8 P. M. it was 29. Maximum temperature, 31 degrees at 3:15 P. M.; minimum, 17 degrees at 7:30 A. M. Humidity, 71 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 39 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 30.54 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 30.47 inches.

FIRE RECORD.

A. M.	Loss.
1:55—167 St. Ann's Av.; Max Canolove	Slight
3:32—91 Leonard St.; A. Kugleman	Slight
4:30—1,624 Avenue A; Morris Levy	Slight
5:25—35 Gansevoort St.; Armour & Co.	Slight
5:55—212 W 69 St.; not given	Slight
8:35—156 W. 45 St.; John Woltins	Slight
9:45—52 Oak St.; Tony Caciola	Slight
11:15—564 Amsterdam Av.; James Lynch	None
P. M.	
2:05—336 Gerard Av.; Kathadon Bronze Works	None
3:20—159 W. 168 St.; Peter J. Hunt	None
3:40—251 1 Av.; Samuel Alexander	Slight
4:15—71 Forsyth St.; S. Silverman	Slight
5:15—413 St. Ann's Av.; Isidor Student	Slight
5:20—141 Ridge St.; Louis Danieer	Slight
5:50—132 E. 127 St.; Abraham Lipman	Slight
6:50—537 W. 133 St.; Mrs. Boxer	Slight
6:55—33-65 W. 131 St.	Not given
7:00—122 Monroe St.; Alex Silverman	Slight
8:33—799 E. 156 St.; Mary Donnelly	Slight
9:30—B'way at 38 St.; subway shaft	Slight
10:10—414 E. 55 St.; Brown & Son	$2,000
10:40—25 E. 45 St.; Jeremiah Bostorfield	$10
11:15—124 W. 101 St.; Abr. Kirchstein	Slight
11:35—501 Greenwich St.; Max Perle	$100
11:50—52 Manhattan St.; Lambert Suyran	Slight

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Special to The New York Times.

Army Orders.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 18.—Capt. W. H. Burt, 4 F. A., to detached and Capt. J. B. W. Corey, F. A., from detached, Dec. 20.

Capt. Corey relieved from militia and assigned to 6 F. A., to Ft. Riley, Kan., on temp. duty then join his regt.

Capt. F. R. McCoy, Cav., is attached to 3 Cav. and will join it on expiration of leave.

1st Lt. H. Q. Fletcher, M. R. C., to active duty at Ft. Oglethorpe, Ga., and by letter to Comdg. General, Eastern Dept.

Maj. P. D. Lochridge, Cav. from recruiting, Jan. 2, then to this city for duty on staff of Chief of Staff.

1st Lt. A. J. Jervey, M. R. C., to active duty at Ft. Moultrie, S. C., during absence of Capt. G. F. Guenmann, M. C., on whose return Lt. Jervey will stand relieved.

Orders Dec. 1, directing Maj. L. T. Hess, M. C., to make instruction visits to Franklin and Sunbury, Penn., is revoked and he will make instruction visits to Bradford, Penn., instead.

These will report by letter to Comdg. Officer, Central Dept. for assignment to inspection of militia organizations: Maj. C. W. Otwell, Capts. R. S. Thomas and A. Williams, C. E., and Capt. G. E. Kumpe, S. C. Each on completion of duty assigned him, will return to his station.

1st Lt. W. R. Wheeler, Inf., is assigned to 26 Inf.

Capt. J. R. Musgrave, C. A. C., from 74 to 121 Co.

Resignation of 1st Lt. C. J. McDevitt, M. R. C., accepted.

Leaves: Capt. T. C. Austin, M. C., 2 months extn.; Capt. I. Newell, 22 Inf., 1 month and 10 days; Capt. G. E. Pariseau, M. C., 15 days, and Lt. Col. C. H. McKinstry, C. E., 1 month.

Navy Orders.

Rear Adml. C. A. Gove, to retired list from Dec. 11.

Lts. Comdr. F. R. McCrary, the Navy Dept., to command the Parker; C. P. Nelson, from command of the Parker to home and orders.

Lt. J. J. McCracken, the St. Louis, to the Missouri.

Engn. E. B. Hunt, the Montana to the Tacoma.

P. A. Surgn. E. W. Philips, to Las Aninmas Hosp., sick.

Pay Clerks: B. A. Morrow appointed to the Olympia and E. R. Perkins, appointment revoked.

Naval Vessels.

Arrived: Machias, Wheeling, and Brutus, at Port Au Prince; MacDonough at Charleston; Chattanooga, at Bremerton; Cheyenne, H-1, H-2, and H-3, at San Fran.; Annapolis, at Mazatlan, and the San Diego, at La Paz.

Sailed: Parker, New York Yard, for post repair trials; Saturn, Mazatlan, for La Paz, and the Saratoga, Manila, for Shanghai.

EDUCATION NOTES.

The Interborough Association of Women Teachers, of which District Supt. Grace C. Strachan is President, has subscribed $250 to a fund for providing relief to needy public school children. The Association of Men Teachers and Principals has subscribed $100 to the same cause. This committee of teachers to aid these children has been organized: Miss Strachan Chairman; Principal William O. Flaherty of P. S. 40, the Bronx, Secretary; Principal Edward Mandel of P. S. 188 (boys) Manhattan, Treasurer; Magnus Gross, Margaret O'Connell, Frederick W. Mar, and George W. Dorland.

The public schools will close for the present year on Dec. 24 and will reopen on Jan. 2.

Another effort will be made at next Wednesday's meeting of the Board of Education to elect a successor to Walter L. Hervey as a member of the Board of Examiners.

The special committee appointed by President Churchill to consider the mother-teacher problem has practically decided to report to the Board of Education in favor of the adoption of a by-law requiring all married women teachers who expect to become mothers to take a leave of absence for two years, their places to be filled by the appointment of other teachers and they themselves to be appointed to fill existent vacancies upon their return to the school service after the expiration of the leaves of absence. This special committee will hold a joint meeting with the Committee on By-Laws and Legislation on Dec. 28 to arrange the necessary by-laws amendments.

There will be a hearing on Monday evening at the Board of Education Building on the subject of teachers' salaries.

ESTATES APPRAISED.

LAURA A. BAKER, (Oct. 8, 1913;) net estate, $9,838; interests of decedent in the estates of Edward D. Baker, deceased, and Hewlett S. Baker, deceased, $9,887; bank, $935.

FREDERICK R. FOSTER, (April 8, 1911;) taxable in New York stocks, $44,849.

MRS. ROSALIE CESTERO, (April 3, 1912;) net estate, $8,068; bank, $1,124; jewelry and personalty, $1,370; bonds, $6,450.

J. SHEPHERD CLARK, (April 26, 1913;) net estate, $3,285; two lots on Staten Island, $677; bank, $34; insurance and personalty, $2,442; 232 shares of the J. Shepherd Clark Co. Publishers, $2,284.

GUSTAVUS A. GOLDSMITH, (Nov. 24, 1913;) net estate, $117,373; realty, $70,176; bank, $1,707; due from American Lead Pencil Co., $40,413; due from Standard Thread Co., $10,594; other claims total, $55,207; stocks, $752; equities in realty, $24,205.

HENRY WILLIAM HANEMANN, (Sept. 15, 1913;) net estate, $84,603; bank, $1,467; personalty, $761; interest in firm of Mohr, Hanemann & Co., $86,001.

HERMAN KOTT, (April 4;) bank and mtgs., $11,326; net estate, $10,298.

JOSEF KUDER, (July 24, 1913;) net estate, $89,988; bank, $11,228; stocks, $125; interest in Sohmer & Co., $94,500.

WILLIAM H. SCHUMACHER, (Feb. 25, 1908;) net estate, $20,195.

DECISIONS AND CALENDARS

FEDERAL.

Supreme Court.

William C. Crane of New York City was admitted to practice.

678—The Greenleaf Johnson Lbr. Co. v. Lindley M. Garrison, Secty of War.—Motion to advance submitted.

111—Marie Cardennel v. Samuel W. Backus, Com. of Immigration.—Dismissed, with costs.

541—US v. Sherman & Sons Co.—Argument continued.

580—US v. Erie RR.—Argument commenced.

647—Lt Col. D. C. Sterns v. Brig Gen. George H. Wood.—Argued.

It is ordered by the court that all the cases on the assignment for today not disposed of, viz.: Nos. 499, 604, 456, (and 457,) 597, 598, and 14, are reassigned for argument on Jan. 4 next.

Adjourned until Monday next.

STATE.

Court of Appeals.

DECISIONS.

Selwyn & Co. v. Waller, impld. with Shubert, aplt.—Motion to amend remittur denied. Our decision allowed costs in all courts to the successful party, but only the costs taxable on an appeal from an order. If the costs have been improperly taxed, the remedy is to review the taxation.

Re Commissioner of Public Works, CNY, (Harlem Bridge;) re Draper.—Motion for leave to intervene by filing brief granted to the extent of allowing the moving party to file a brief as amicus curiae, but not to be heard orally.

Bartlett v. Harris and ano., Sheriff.—Motion to dismiss appeal denied, without costs.

Veit v. McCauslan, admx., aplt.—Order affirmed and judgment absolute ordered against appellant on the stipulation, with costs, in all courts.

People, aplts., v. Santa Clara Lumber Co.; same v. Ostrander; Prior, admx., v. Hunkin Conkey Constn. Co., aplt.; Mingey, aplt., v. Place, Ind., &c., and ano.; McCabe, aplt., v. McCabe, exrs.; Edinger, infant, v. Buffalo, aplt.; Dominick, admr., v. Stern; Myer, assignee, v. Schulte & ano., aplt.; Agliola, admx., v. Erie R. R., aplt.; O'Connor, admr., rspt., v. Dunnigan, exrx., aplt.; Harbour and Suburban Bldg., &c., Assn. v. Employers Liability Assurance Corpn., aplt.—Judgments affirmed, with costs.

McGee, admx., v. NY Telephone Co. & ano., aplts.—Judgment against the NY Telephone Co. affirmed, with costs. Judgment against the Staten Island Midland R. R. Co. reversed, new trial granted, costs to abide event.

Leggett v. Pelletreau and ano., admrs., aplts.—Judgment affirmed, with costs.

People v. Tomlins, aplt.—Judgment of conviction reversed, and new trial ordered.

London & Southwestern Bank, Ltd., aplt., v. White.—Motion for reargument denied, $10 costs.

NEW YORK COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION DECISIONS.

Edward Kemp, as trustee, &c., et al., applts., v. Louisa M. K. Macready et al., respdts.—Judgment modified as indicated in opinion, and as modified affirmed, with costs to the appellants, payable out of the estate. Opinion by Scott, J. (McLaughlin, J., dissenting and voting for affirmance for the reasons stated by the referee.)

Re application of CNY relative to acquiring title to Benson Av., &c.; Charles Van Riper, applt.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements.

Louise Ellis, as executrix, &c., applt., v. Hawley Chapman, respdt.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. Opinions by Ingraham, P. J., and Laughlin, J. (Laughlin, J., dissenting.)

Enoch Barnett, respdt., v. Holbrook, Cabot & Rollins Corp'n, applt.—Order reversed, with $10 costs and disbursements, and motion denied on Kuloschik v. Holbrook, Cabot & Rollins Corp'n. (147 N. Y., Supp. 1121.)

Hugh C. G. Pullen et al., applts., v. Seaboard Trading Co., respdt.—Order modified as indicated in opinion, and as modified affirmed, without costs. Opinion by Laughlin, J. (Clarke, J., taking no part.)

Evelyn de Cordova, as executrix, respdt., v. Arthur J. Sanville, applt.—Judgment affirmed, with costs, with leave to defendant to withdraw demurrer and to answer on payment of costs. Opinions by Scott, J., and Ingraham, P. J. (Ingraham, P. J., and Hotchkiss, J., dissenting.)

Riviera Realty Co., respdt., v. Illinois Surety Co., applt.—Judgment and order reversed, new trial ordered, costs to appellant to abide event. Opinions by Scott, Dowling, and Hotchkiss, JJ. (Dowling, J., dissenting, and Hotchkiss, J., dissenting in part.)

Ida R. Whipple, applt., v. Prudential Ins. Co. of America, respdt.—Judgment affirmed, with costs. No opinion. (Scott and Hotchkiss, JJ., dissenting.)

Harlan D. Morgan, respdt., v. Bon Bon Co., Inc., applt.—Judgment reversed, with costs, and complaint dismissed, with costs. Opinions by Ingraham, P. J., and Hotchkiss, J. (Hotchkiss, J., dissenting.) Clarke, J., taking no part.

Canadian Agency, Ltd., respdt. v. Frank G. Webster et al., impleaded, &c., applts.—Judgment affirmed, with costs, with leave to defendants to withdraw demurrer and to answer on payment of costs.

Canadian Agency, Ltd., respt., vs. Assets Realization Co., impd., applt.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements, with leave to defendant to withdraw demurrer and to answer on payment of costs.

Theodore Nesteruk as admr., respt., v. Harris Witkin, applt.—Judgment and order affirmed with costs.

Adolf Malman, respt., v. Babcock & Wilcox Co., applt.—Judgment and order reversed and new trial ordered with costs to appellant to abide event on the ground that the evidence does not sustain the finding that the defendant was negligent.

Torrence M. Burtnett, respt., v. Erie R. R., applt.—Judgment and order affirmed with costs. No opinion. (Clarke, J., dissenting.)

Riverside Contracting Co., applt., v. CNY. et al., impld., with First Nat. Bank of Bayonne, respt., Josiah Cantor as recr., &c., v. the same. The same v. the same. Charles W. Wright v. the same.—Judgment affirmed with costs. No opinion. (Dissenting memorandum by Laughlin, J.)

Levering & Garrigues Co., respt., v. Century Holding Co. and ano., applt.—Judgment modified as directed in opinion, and as modified affirmed without costs.

Elizabeth B. Colt, applt, v. Harris D. Colt, respt.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements, with leave to plaintiff to amend on payment of costs. No opinion. (Clarke and Scott, JJ., dissent on De Brauwere v. De Brauwere, 203 N. Y., 463.)

Louis B. Wasserstrom, applt., v. Cohen, Frank & Co, respt.—Determination and judgment modified as stated in opinion and as modified affirmed with costs to plaintiff-appellant in all courts.

Wisner B. Martin, applt., v. CNY., respt.—Judgment affirmed with costs.

National Surety Co., respt., v. Lecky & Ruffin, Inc., applt.—Judgment and order affirmed with costs.

People, &c., respt., v. James Paternostro, applt.—Judgment affirmed.

People &c, respt., v. Alfred Bradley, (true name Alexander Roworth,) applt.—Judgment affirmed.

Edith V. Gardiner, applt.-respt., v. N. Y. C. & H. R. R. R. Co., respt-applt.—Judgment reversed, new trial ordered, costs to defendant to abide event, unless plaintiff stipulates to reduce the verdict to the sum of $50; in which event the judgment as so reduced is affirmed with costs of appeal to defendant-appellant (See Gardiner v. N. Y. C. & H. R. R. R. Co., 201 N. Y., 387.) Settle order on notice.

People ex rel. William H. McKeon, rel., v. Rudolph P. Miller, as Supt., &c., respt.—Order and judgment reversed, with costs and judgment ordered for relator as directed in opinion.

Basilio Ricciardelli, as admr., respt., v. N. Y. C. & H. R. R. R., applt.—Judgment and order reversed, with costs and complaint dismissed with costs.

People ex rel. John J. Brown, rel., v. Rhinelander Waldo, as Commr., respt.—Writ dismissed and proceedings affirmed, with $50 costs and disbursements.

Balto. Dairy Lunch Co., applt., v. Belmore Lunch Co. et al., respts.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs.

Michael Cantwell, as admr., respt., v. N. Y. C. & H. R. R. R., applt.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs.

Cawston Construction Co., applt., v. Prospect Investing Co. et al., respts.—Judgment affirmed, with costs.

Lena Citron, applt., v. Michael Nesi, impld., respt.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements.

Frank H. Travis, respt., v. Knox Terpezone Co. et al., applts.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements, with leave to demurring defendants to withdraw demurrer and to answer on payment of costs. Opinion by Laughlin, J. (McLaughlin and Scott, JJ., dissenting.)

Lippman D. Gibbs, applt., v. Title Guaranty & Surety Co., respt.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements, with leave to plaintiff to amend on payment of costs.

Anna T. Koch, respt., v. William Fox, impld., applt.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs.

Lenox Construction Co., applt., v. New York Telephone Co., respt.—Judgment affirmed, with costs.

People ex rel. Charles L. Blankenberg, rel., v. Rhinelander Waldo, as Commr., respt.—Writ dismissed and proceedings affirmed, with $50 costs and disbursements.

Jacob H. Dilks, respt., v. Edward W. Wilson, applt.—Judgment and order reversed, new trial ordered, costs to appellant to abide event. Opinion by Laughlin, J.

Carlina Di Prete & ano., respts., v. Canavan Bros. Co., applt.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs.

Henry C. Brown, respt., v. Marcus Daly, impld., with Margaret P. Brown & ano., applts.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs to plaintiff, respondent and to the guardian ad litem of the defendants, appellants payable out of the estate.

Regina Hartman, respt., v. William W. Carman, applt.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs.

Charles S. Thomas et al, respts., v. John Thomson and another, applts.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs.

N. Y. City Advertising Co., respt., v. Morris Park Estates, applt.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs.

Eastern Advertising Co., respt., v. Morris Park Estates, applt.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs.

Re Henry P. Dunham, decd.—Order reversed, with $10 costs and disbursements and motion granted, without costs.

B. Altman & Co., applt., v. Ada Comstock and another, respts.—Order reversed, with $10 costs and disbursements and motion granted, with $10 costs.

Clarence W. Gormly, applt., v. John Thomas Smith and another, respts.—Order modified as directed in opinion, and as modified affirmed, without costs.

Nellie Levene, applt., v. Louis Levene, respt.—Order reversed, with $10 costs and disbursements with leave to defendant to renew as stated in opinion.

Re Louis Strauss, respt., v. Isidore D. Morrison, as assignee, &c., applt.—Order modified as indicated in opinion, and as modified affirmed, without costs.

DAY CALENDAR.

SPECIAL TERM—Part II.—Newburger, J.—Ex parte business.

Surrogates' Court.

DAY CALENDAR—Fowler, S.—Will for probate: Geo. Zieger.

City Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Part II.—Ransom, J.—Ex parte business.

Referees Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Newburger, J.—Cohen<S. & J. Realty Co.—Moses Cowen.

SUPREME COURT—Hendrick, J.—Re Phoenix Rod & Gun Club—Wm. Allen.

SUPREME COURT—Whitaker, J.—Wiltschek<Cuddy—James Dunn. Montague<Elliott—Morgan J. O'Brien, Jr.

Receivers Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Newburger, J.—Mary J. Kingsland<Bassy Block—Jacob Klein. Wm. Burrough<Ambran Realty Co.—J. Romain Browne Co.

KINGS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION DECISIONS.

Louis Bossert et al., rspdt., v. Frederick Dhuy et al., applts.—Motion denied, without costs.

Oscar Fried, rspdt.-applt., v. N. Y., N. H. & H. RR., applt.-rspdt.—Motion granted, unless the defendant move at the next Special Term; otherwise motion denied, without costs.

Re probate of the last will of Mary T. Grant, decd.—Motion for leave to appeal to the Court of Appeals denied, and temporary stay vacated.

Re opening, &c., of Washington Av., &c.—Motion to dismiss appeal denied, without costs.

Same.—Motion to intervene denied, with permission to the moving party to file a brief as amicus curiae.

Eugenie H. Nicholson, admx., &c., rspdt., v. CNY., applt.—Motion for stay granted, provided the motion for reargument or for leave to appeal to the Court of Appeals is promptly brought to a hearing.

Meyer Rosenstein, applt., v. James McCutcheon, rspdt.—Motion to modify the order of May 29, 1914, denied, and motion for reargument denied, without costs.

Morris Schneider, rspdt., v. William W. Farley, &c., applt.—Motion for leave to file exceptions nunc pro tunc granted, on condition that the defendant stipulate to waive the costs and disbursements on appeal.

Hyman Suss, rspdt., v. W. W. Farley, &c., applt.—Motion for leave to file exceptions nunc pro tunc granted, on condition that the defendant stipulate to waive the costs and disbursements on appeal.

Marie S. Bostwick, as execx., &c., applt., v. Sarah E. Carr, as admx., &c., rspdt.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements.

Thomas Brennan, rspdt., v. N. Y. & Q. Co. El. L. & P. Co., applt.—Judgment and order unanimously affirmed, with costs.

Anna F. Burmester, rspdt., v. Charles T. M. O'Brien, applt.—Order affirmed, without costs.

Eliza Cunningham, plff., v. Supreme Council of the Royal Arcanum, deft.—Judgment for defendant in accord with the terms of the stipulation.

Ella De Calatrave, rspdt., v. Eleonora F. C. Reynolds et al, applts.—Interlocutory judgment affirmed by default, with costs.

Jeanette Demuth, rspdt., v. N. Y. Life Ins. & Trust Co., applt.—Order reversed, with $10 costs and disbursements, and motion denied, with $10 costs.

Jeanette Demuth, rspdt., v. Arthur T. Kemp et al, applt.—Order reversed, with $10 costs and disbursements, and motion denied, with $10 costs, on authority of Demuth v. N. Y. Life Ins. & T. Co. decided herewith.

Mary Dooley as admx., &c., rspdt., v. Hay Foundry & Iron Wks., applt.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs.

Delia Flood, as admx., &c., rspdt., v. George Howard Duval & Frederick Gilman, applts.—Judgment and order reversed and new trial granted, costs to abide the event.

Laurence H. Fritz, rspdt., v. Dayton Hedges, applt.—Judgment and order unanimously affirmed, with costs.

Mary E. Gaffney, as admx., &c., applt., v. N. Y. Cons. RR., rspdt.—Judgment affirmed, with costs.

Re guardianship of Ernest A. Heins & Meta M. Heins, infants.—Order of Surrogate's Court of Westchester Co. modified, and as modified affirmed.

Edwin M. Johnston, rspdt., v. Henry P. Johnson, applt. et al, defts.—Final judgment affirmed, without costs.

Frank Keenan, rspdt., v. Alexander Milk, applt.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements.

Michael J. Kennedy, as execr., &c., plff., v. Patrick H. Flynn et al, rspdts. Charles E. Teale & Joseph Coffey, as admrs., &c., applts.—Order reversed, with $10 costs and disbursements, and motion granted, with $10 costs.

Mary La France, rspdt.-applt., v. CNY, applt.-rspdt.—Judgment affirmed, without costs.

John C. Mead & Max Zagat, rspdts., v. William J. Henchey & Barth F. Carmody, applts.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements, with leave to defendants to answer upon the merits within twenty days after the date of this decision, upon payment of $20 costs, and the disbursements of this appeal.

Charles A. Mengez, Jr., applt. v. Edwards Motor Car Co., rspdt.—Judgment reversed and new trial granted, costs to abide the event.

Midwood Park Co., rspdt., v. Amer. Surety Co. of N. Y., applt.—Judgment modified by deducting therefrom the extra allowance of $2,000, and, as so modified, judgment and order affirmed, without costs.

James Moffett, applt., v. Harris G. Eames, as trustee, &c., deft.; Gottfried Piel, as sole execr., &c., rspdt.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements.

James Moffett, applt., v. Gottfried Piel, as execr., &c., rspdt.—Judgment affirmed, with costs.

George M. Murray, rspdt., v. William Sager, applt.—Judgment and order unanimously affirmed, with costs.

Lewis H. Nash, as trustee, &c., applt., v. Kate Moore, rspdt.—Judgment reversed on questions of fact as well as law, and sixth and seventh findings of fact, requested by plaintiff, found, and final judgment directed for plaintiff, without costs.

Lewis H. Nash, as trustee, &c., applt., v. John Zimmer, rspdt.—Judgment reversed on questions of fact as well as of law, and sixth and seventh findings of fact, requested by plaintiff, found and final judgment directed for plaintiff, without costs.

Genevieve Nugent, rspdt., v. Jennie Nugent, as execx., &c., applt.; Arthur H. Nugent et al., &c., defts.—Interlocutory judgment affirmed, with costs.

People of State of N. Y., rspdts., v. Dunbar Contr. Co., Bart Dunn, & Joseph J. Fogarty, applts.—Judgment of conviction and orders affirmed as to each of the applts.

People of State of N. Y., rspdts., v. Samuel Strauss, applt.—Order of County Court of Nassau affirmed.

People ex rel. Stephen W. Furlong, applt., v. Rhinelander Waldo, &c., rspdt.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements.

People ex rel. John F. Schmadeke, rspdt., v. Lawson Purdy et al., &c., applts.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements.

People ex rel. Albro J. Newton Co., rspdt., v. Lawson Purdy et al., &c., applts.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements.

People ex rel. John C. and Albert Morton, rspdts., v. Lawson Purdy et al., &c., applts.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements.

People ex rel. Audley Clarke Co., rspdts., v. Lawson Purdy et al., &c., applts.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements.

Thomas Read, applt., v. Elverton R. Chapman et al., rspdts.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements.

A. & M. Robbins, Inc., applt., v. John Hill et al., respdts., impld. with others, defts.—Judgment affirmed, with costs.

Louis C. Rosenthal, as admr., &c., rspdt., v. Rose Rachlin, applt.—Judgment and order of the County Court of Kings affirmed, with costs.

William Sawey, an infant, rspdt., v. William Wisser, applt.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements.

Marie Scherer, rspdt., v. B. H. R. R., applt.—Judgment and order of the County Court of Queens reversed and new trial ordered, costs to abide the event.

Nathan Schwartz, applt., v. Carbondale Knitting Mills et al., rspdts.—Judgment affirmed, with costs.

George Smith, rspdt., v. N. Y. & Q. El. L. & P. Co., applt.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs.

Anna C. Tolman, rspdt., v. Daniel Gillespie, Louis Gottlieb, and Edward L. Somerville, applts.; John G. Jenkins, Jr., deft.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements, without passing upon the validity of the assessments, and on the authority of Morgan v. Fullerton, as to the proper method of trial of that question.

Violet M. Turner, applt., v. Herbert G. Woolworth, applt.—Martha G. Woolworth, deft.—Judgment appealed from, reduced to $2,591.36, and as thus modified affirmed, without costs of this appeal to either party.

Timothy Vaughan, rspdt., v. Transit Dev. Co., applt.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs.

William W. Walling, applt., v. Commercial Advertising Ass'n, rspdt.—Judgment reversed and new trial granted, costs to abide the event.

Andrew F. Wehner, rspdt., v. Bklyn Wire Forming Co., applt.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs.

Viola F. Woodruff & Harrison S. Moore, as extrs, &c., rspdts., v. Elverton R. Chapman, applt., and Joseph Cassidy, deft.—Final judgment affirmed, with costs.

DAY CALENDAR.

APPELLATE DIVISION—No day calendar.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Motions. No day calendar.

PART II.—Aspinall, J.—Ex parte business.

PART III.—Trials. No day calendar.

COUNTY COURT.

No day calendar.

Surrogate's Court.

No day calendar.

BRONX COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Brady, J.—at 10 A. M. Ex parte business.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Schulz, S.—No day calendar.

County Court.

CHAMBERS—Gibbs, J. Ex parte business.

POLICE AND FIRE NEWS.

Police Department.

Transfers, to take effect 8 A. M., Dec. 20: Lt. John Leonard, 17, to 7; Patrol. R. A. Laurie, 28, to 8 Insp. Dist.; G. R. Mahr, 285, assigned to clerical and house duty. To take effect 8 A. M., Dec. 18: Matron Edith G. Du Bois, 13, to Det. Bu., as Act. Det. Sergt., (mutual.) To take effect 8 A. M., Dec. 20: Patrol. D. J. O'Sullivan, Traf. C, to Traf. B; J. W. Butler, Traf. B, to Traf. C.

Temporary assignments: Capt. W. A. Coleman, 281, to command 12 and 17 Insp. Dists., for 9 days, from 12 P. M., Dec. 22. Lt. J. M. Wheelwright, 279, to command 281, for 9 days, from 12 P. M., Dec. 22. Sergts. J. T. Weckesser, 14, to Marine Div., for 20 days, from 4 P. M., Dec. 22; F. A. Dunn, 36, designated as Act. Lieut., for 1 day, from 9 A. M., Dec. 17; R. H. McGill, 40, designated as Act. Lieut., for 3 days, from 12:01 A. M., Dec. 16; W. J. Irving, 62, designated as Act. Lieut., for 5 days, from 8:40 A. M., Dec. 14; G. L. Suttie, 66, designated as Act. Lieut., for 16 days, from 12:01 A. M., Dec. 16. Patrol. William Fallace, 39, to 5 Insp. Dist., for 10 days, from 4 P. M., Dec. 20; G. E. Stringham, 167, to 33, as operator of of motor patrol wagon, for 30 days, from 9 A. M., Dec. 17; C. W. Rohrlack, 154, to Boiler Squad, for 10 days, from 9 A. M., Dec. 21; F. J. McKenna, 168, to Boiler Squad, for 10 days, from 9 A. M., Dec. 20; Emmett Ghiggeri, 169, and J. P. Harron, 151, to 16 Insp. Dist., for 10 days, from 8 A. M., Dec. 19; Frank Richards, Marine Div., assigned as station house attendant at Subdiv. A, for 20 days, from 8 A. M., Dec. 22. To Det. Bu.: J. B. Leahy, 14, Philip Murphy, 37, and J. J. Donohue, 39, for 10 days, from 8 A. M., Dec. 20; Dominick Caso, 39, for 10 days, from 4 P. M., Dec. 21; W. J. Ferrick, 171, for 10 days, from 8 A. M., Dec. 20; W. E. Barrett, 277, for 10 days, from 8 A. M., Dec. 21.

Assignment discontinued: Patrol. Charles Fried, 174, to Det. Bur., from 8 A. M., Dec. 20.

Leaves, with pay: Inspector T. J. Kelly, 12th Insp. Dis., 9 days, from 12 P. M., Dec. 22, balance of vacation; Capt. J. T. Reith, 66, 1 day, from 8 A. M., Dec. 25, balance of vacation; J. F. O'Connor, 170, 5 days, from 12 P. M., Dec. 24, balance of vacation; W. A. Coleman, 281, 3 days, from 8 A. M., Dec. 19, balance of vacation. Without pay: Patrol. J. L. Coffy, 29, 1 day, from 10 P. M., Dec. 19; Anton Podolak, 63, 1 day, from 12:01 A. M., Jan. 2; C. A. Hanneman, 146, 1 day, from 4 P. M., Dec. 25; G. F. Smith, 149, 1 day, from 8 A. M., Dec. 25; J. F. Dunn, 167, 2 days, from 10 P. M., Dec. 25; S. V. Smith, 167, 1 day, from 12:01 A. M., Dec. 25; William Knapp, 167, 1 day, from 8 A. M., Dec. 25.

Restored to duty: Patrol. P. J. Dunne, 172, to take effect 1:25 P. M., Dec. 17.

Suspended from duty: Patrol. P. J. Dunne, 172, to take effect 1:30 P. M., Dec. 17.

Dismissed from dept., to take effect 4:50 P. M., Dec. 17, Patrol. Lipman Moses, 149, conduct unbecoming an officer, made improper remark relative to promotion of Act. Det. Sergts.

Death reported: Patrol. J. F. Duncan, 63, at 8 A. M., Dec. 17.

Fire Department.

Penalty imposed: Jos. Bloch, H. & L. 49, reckless driving, one leave of absence withheld.

Charge dismissed: E. R. Flanagan, H. & L. 48, neglect of duty.

The following-named members will report at the Repair Shops, 56th St. and 12th Av., at 9 A. M., Mon., Dec. 21, for instructions: George Strohschein, Eng. 5; C. A. Swenson, No. 1, Eng. 10; W. F. Heslin, Eng. 16; J. J. Frein, Eng. 21; Albert Cohn, Eng. 25; J. J. Quinn, Eng. 34; T. C. Blanchfield, Eng. 50; E. A. McAvoy, Eng. 26; E. C. Veith, Eng. 11; George Kuhn, Eng. 15; E. A. Reardon, Eng. 51; J. A. Luddy, Eng. 81; Terence McCaffrey, Eng. 91; T. F. Coy, H. & L. 11; John Housman, H. & L. 22; W. J. Carley, H. & L. 24; Frederick Ruff, H. & L. 32; J. J. Finnerty, H. & L. 43; J. R. Harcke, H. & L. 77; Henry Hofmann, H. & L. 4; Peter Toner, Eng. 4; Thomas Loonam, Eng. 33; F. F. Warttinger, Eng. 36; H. D. Bell, H. & L. 2; C. A. Silbereisen, Eng. 42; Thomas Foy, Eng. 28; W. R. Stilwell, H. & L. 79; J. J. Murphy, Eng. 1; Daniel O'Leary, H. & L. 21; W. F. Stanton, H. & L. 13; J. J. Burns, No. 3, Eng. 8; L. A. D. Sarocco, Eng. 30; J. M. Williams, Eng. 13.

Edward Manning of Eng. 203 is fined $1 for loss of fire-alarm key. James Dempsey of H. & L. 77 is fined $5 for loss of cap badge.

Prob. Firemen appointed fourth-grade firemen, to take effect at 8 A. M. Dec. 21: W. E. Schalle, Eng. 16; P. C. Piatti, Eng. 19; Gottlieb Kohn, Eng. 34; C. M. Brown, Eng. 53; Fred Collin, Eng. 89; J. F. Gorevin, Eng. 205; G. P. Schmidt, Eng. 231; J. H. Woodson, H & L. 106; Valentine Hansen, H. & L. 108; August Krause, H. & L. 110. To take effect at 8 A. M. Dec. 25: H. H. Eichler, Eng. 5; J. J. Garrett, Eng. 20; J. W. Quehl, Eng. 212; F. A. Embeck, Eng. 218.

Leaves without pay: Chief of Battalion B. F. Carlock, 4th Battalion, 24 hours, from 10 A. M., Dec. 24; Capt. J. T. Murphy, Eng. 27, 12 hours, from 8 A. M., Dec. 25; Edward Sullivan, H. & L. 85, 12 hours, from 8 P. M., Dec. 20; Lieut. J. E. McManus, Eng. 219, 12 hours, from 8 P. M., Dec. 31; John Kappstatter, Eng. 72, 24 hours, from 8 A. M., Dec. 20.

THE CIVIL SERVICE.

City.

The following eligible list for promotion to Deputy Chief, Fire Department, is announced: Henry B. Helm, 89.60; Thomas F. Dougherty, 87.90; George J. Kuss, 86.05; George L. Ross, 85.05; John T. Farrell, 83.49; William Clark, 83.40; John Davin, 2d, 80.10; Richard J. Marshall, 80.05; George O'Shea, 80. Thirty-one Battalion Chiefs took the mental examination for this position.

United States.

The commission announces for Jan. 20, at the New York Custom House, a competitive examination for Assistant Inspector of Weights and Measures, for men only, to fill vacancies in the Bureau of Standards, Department of Commerce, for service in the field at salaries ranging from $900 to $1,400 a year. Certification to fill positions at $1,400 a year will be made only from those who attain the highest average percentages in the examination. The duties will include tests and investigations of railroad track scales and other large scales in use throughout the United States, the inspection of scales for the Federal Government, and the investigation and test of special types of weighing and measuring apparatus. Competitors will be examined in letter writing on a subject pertaining to weights and measures, practical and theoretical questions, and education and experience. Four years' practical experience in the design, construction, testing, or installation of weighing apparatus is a prerequisite. Three years or less spent in a mechanical engineering course at a college or university of recognized standing may be substituted for a corresponding period of experience. Applicants must have reached their twentieth but not their fortieth birthday on the date of the examination. Further information may be obtained from the commission, Washington, D. C.

WILLS FOR PROBATE.

FRANK, LESTER, (Dec. 8;) all to widow.

FRANKLIN, PETER A., (Nov. 29;) realty over $20,000; personalty about $5,000; all to sons and daughters and Elizabeth Fisher, a friend.

HOWE, HARRIET F., (Nov. 29;) realty, $8,000; personalty, $1,500; Wm. B. Howe, $2,000; Lucy A. Howe, $1,300; John W. Howe, $1,000; Robert W., Geo. A., and Anastasia Howe, $670 each; Mary Duffin, Anna Ritchie, Helen Strader, and Wm. B. Howe, $500 each; other smaller bequests.

LOWERRE, MARTHA T., (Nov. 20;) personalty exceeds $5,000; certain gifts to relatives and employes and residue equally to sons, Charles H., Jr., and Ernest H.

ROSKNECHT, JOSEPH C., (Dec. 9;) personalty over $10,000, all to sister Elizabeth in trust for life.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

AT 14 VESEY STREET.

By Joseph P. Day.

35th St, 29 to 33 West, n s, 405 ft w of 5th Av, 65x98.9, twelve-story loft and store building; adjourned to Dec. 22.

By Henry Brady.

Lewis St, 68, s e corner of Rivington St, 80x24.11, six-story tenement and stores; R. L. Hoguet et al., commissioner, against Cora Kirschberg et al; H. J. Roig, attorney; J. P. Dunn, referee; due, $38,804.82; taxes, &c, $1,807.47; to the plaintiff for $25,000.

AT 3,208 THIRD AVENUE.

By Joseph P. Day.

Alexander Av, 126, e s, 100 ft s of 134th St, 20x89.6, four-story tenement and stores; adjourned sine die.

Alexander Av, 128, e s, 80.6 ft s of 134th St, 19.6x89.6, four-story tenement and stores; adjourned sine die.

Alexander Av, 130, e s, 61 ft s of 134th St, 19.6x89.6, four-story tenement and stores; adjourned sine die.

Alexander Av, 132, e s, 41.6 ft s of 134th St, 19.6x89.6, four-story tenement and stores; adjourned sine die.

By Charles A. Berrian.

Morris Park Av, 629, n s, 1,431.11 ft e of Walker Av, 25.2x189.6x28.6x174.2; adjourned sine die.

HISTORY IN PICTURES.

The New York Times Mid-Week Pictorial War Extra, illustrating the great European conflict in a series of graphic photographs, week by week; 10 cents a copy; $5 a year by mail. Times Square, New York.—Advt.

THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

Edward H. Reynolds Increases His Holdings on West Seventy-second Street—Good Profits Over Auction Room Prices Obtained by Operator—Brooklyn Municipal Building Sold for $7,250.50.

West Seventy-second Street showed a return to realty activity yesterday in the sale of the four-story dwelling at 126 West Seventy-second Street by Dr. John F. Erdmann. It covers a plot 25 by 102.2 feet on the south side, between Broadway and Columbus Avenue. Edward H. Reynolds, who owns the adjoining house at 124, was the buyer, and he now controls a frontage of 50 feet.

The block has undergone a radical business and tall apartment house transformation within recent years, the new apartments proving satisfactory investments. The recent sale was a cash transaction. The holding price was $90,000. Alfred C. Marks was the broker.

Subsidiary Company for Church Street Plot.

The reported sale of the six-story loft at 274 and 276 Church Street to a corporation known as the 274 Church Street Company was denied by the owners of that property, the Central Building, Improvement and Investment Company, (Sonn Brothers.) The new concern, it was said, is a subsidiary company. The building covers a plot 50.9 by 100.3 between Franklin and White Streets.

Brooklyn Municipal Building Sold.

The old Municipal Building of Brooklyn, on Joralemon Street, adjoining the Kings County Court House, was sold at auction yesterday by Sidney H. Goodacre, Collector of City Revenue. The old structure was bought by Harry Stressler, a house wrecker, for $7,250.50. It was stipulated that the building must be removed in thirty days. It was erected in 1887 at a cost of $299,000.

Good Profits Over Auction Prices.

At a substantial profit over the auction price of $17,000, John J. Talbot has sold to an investor the five-story double flat 64 West 100th Street. The structure occupies a lot 25 by 100 and combined they are assessed for taxation purposes at $21,000.

On Feb. 11, last, Mr. Talbot purchased at auction from the Blair Estate 414 West Forty-first Street, and sold same to the Youdonald Realty Company, and on April 22 bought at auction 412 West Thirty-fifth Street and sold same to Thomas Himton, who resold the property to St. Mary's Hospital, owners of the adjoining property. Both resales netted good profits over the auction figures and all costs.

Tenement Property Sold.

The St. John's Park Realty Company has purchased from Mrs. Mary Nash Agnew 333 West Sixty-ninth Street, a five-story tenement on a lot 25 by 100. The buyers took the property in exchange for the flat 203 West 120th Street, reported sold early in the week. The J. Romaine Brown Company negotiated the trade.

Bronx Borough Sales.

John Liederman has sold to Richard Pashman the three-family house at 2,630 Decatur Avenue, corner of 194th Street. In part payment the buyer gave his restaurant and bakery at 616 Hudson Street. L. Covert negotiated the trade.

Brooklyn.

The Henry Pierson Company has sold the two-family dwelling, 20 by 95, at 850 Union St., near Eighth Avenue, for B. H. Plate to John Scanlon for investment. Also the four-story single apartment, 20 by 110, at 509 Eighth Avenue, near Sixth Street, to Anna G. Fox for investment.

New Jersey.

Mrs. John C. De La Vergne has sold to a client of the Payson McL. Merrill Company here property at Edgewater, N. J., having a frontage on the River Road of about 200 feet and running through to Undercliff Avenue, with a depth of about 500 feet. The property is situated about one mile south of Fort Lee Ferry and opposite Grant's Tomb, Manhattan.

In addition to the two acres of upland, the sale also includes the riparian rights. It has a frontage on the Hudson River of over 175 feet, extending out in the river about 325 feet to the exterior line of solid filling, and a further 300 feet to the pier line.

John J. Dowling of Manhattan has purchased from William J. Patterson the property at 1,010 Fifth Avenue, Asbury Park, as a Summer home. The Brewer & Smith Agency negotiated the sale.

Private Dwellings Leased.

Kenneth Ives & Co. have leased for the Westchester Estates the country place of the late Samuel Jarvis on Quaker Ridge, Mamaroneck, to August Goldsmith, and for Mrs. William T. Bull her estate at Irvington-on-Hudson to George De Forest Brush.

Fish & Marvin have leased, furnished, for a term the property of Mrs. Louis P. Gunning on the corner of Oxford and Cambridge Roads, The Grange, Scarsdale, N. Y., to Harold Loeb of this city.

Seton Henry and Douglas Gibbons have leased for the Winter, furnished, to Arthur Scott Burden the house, 10 West Fifty-third Street, belonging to the estate of Eben Wright.

Commercial Leases.

Seton Henry and Douglas Gibbons have have leased the store in 11 East Forty-fifth Street to Donlon & Kerbeykian, oriental rug and art dealers.

The Charles F. Noyes Company has leased for William A. White & Sons the store and basement 282 Pearl Street.

George R. Read & Co. have leased the store and basement in the building at 500 West Broadway, to J. Personeni.

Real Estate Notes.

The New York Mortgage and Security Company has declared a quarterly dividend of 3 per cent., payable Jan. 2, 1915, to stockholders of record on Dec. 23, 1914.

The last apartment in the building at 640 Park Avenue completed by the Fullerton Weaver Company on Oct. 1, last, was leased yesterday by Douglas L. Elliman & Co. to Mrs. Benjamin Thaw of Pittsburgh, Penn.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

Layton Av, n e corner of Waterbury Av., for a one-story frame bathing pavilion, 28x115, Rose Kirchheim, 762 Melrose Av., owner; Harry T. Howell, 3d Av. and 149th St., architect; cost, $3,000.

Valentine Av, e s, 100 ft s of 201st St, for a one-story brick garage, 14x18; Peter J. Montague, 2,976 Valentine Av, owner; H. H. Duckworth, 733 East 181st St, architect; cost, $350.

Alterations.

Items under $5,000 omitted.

79th St, 203 West, to a five-story dwelling; G. C. Engle, 205 West 79th St, owner; Banister & Schell, 67 Wall St, architects; cost, $10,000.

106th St, 166 and 168 East, to a five-story tenement and store; P. Moskowitz, 1,990 7th Av, owner; A. L. Kehoe, 1 Beekman St, architect; cost, $7,000.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

FRIDAY, DEC. 18.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

CLINTON ST, w s, 225.4 ft s of Rivington St, 25.4x100; Cambridge Livingston, referee, to Barnet Realty Corporation, 271 Broadway, Dec. 18, (mtg $32,000)....$38,000

COLUMBUS AV., 584, w s, 46 ft w of 88th St, 27x95; Mary J. McDonald to Elisa S. Harvie, 10 Jones St, Jersey City, N. J., all liens, Dec. 1; attorney, Jos. F. Stier, 11 Broadway....$100

GOLD ST, 8, s e s, 21.2x70.6; Seig Goldstein and another, executors, to Mary L. Fraser, 103 Gates Av., Brooklyn, Dec. 18, (mtg $20,000,) attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance Co., 160 Broadway....$20,790

SAME PROPERTY; Seig Goldstein et al. to same, Dec. 18; attorney, same....$1

PARK AV., 1,741, n e cor. 121st St, 20.11x75, (foreclosure, Nov. 27,) James F. Donnelly, referee, to U. S. Trust Co., 45 Wall St, trustee of will, of John R. Peters, plaintiff, Dec. 17; attorneys, Stewart & S., 45 Wall St....$16,150

STANTON ST, s s, 30 ft e of Goerck St, 29.10x81.3; Sol Becker to John H. Baierlein, 188 Elton St, Brooklyn, Dec. 18, (mtg $27,250;) attorneys, Amend & A., 119 Nassau St....$100

STANTON ST, s s, 50 ft e of Essex St, 25x75; Cambridge Livingston, referee, to Barnet Realty Corporation, 271 Broadway, Dec. 18, (mtg $22,000)....$22,100

THOMPSON ST, 101-103, 50x100; Amos F. Eno to Dominick Abbate, Jr., 59 Washington Square, Dec. 16; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance Co., 160 Broadway....$500

WILLETT ST., 100, s e cor, Stanton St, 75x25; Moses Kingler, et al., to B. B. B. Holding Co., Inc., 5 Beekman St., (mtg. $41,500,) quitclaim, Dec. 11; attorneys, Straus & D., 5 Beekman St....$1

1ST AV., 2,123, w s, n of 109th St, 25x75, (foreclosure, Dec. 7;) Orson A. Raynor, referee, to Giuseppe D'Allesia, 308 East 109th St, (mtg. $15,000,) Dec. 17; attorney, Jacob I. Berman, 346 Broadway....$1,000

3D ST, n s, 400 ft e of 2d Av, 25x96.2; Beckie Levitch to David Levitch, 164 South 3d St, Brooklyn, (mtg $29,000,) Dec. 16; attorney, Daniel Drangle, 90 Rivington St....$100

40TH ST., 456 West, s s, 100 ft e of 10th Av., 25x98.9, (foreclosure, Dec. 15;) Max Altmayer, referee, to Margaret Marx, 530 East 19th St, Brooklyn, plaintiff, Dec. 16; attorney, Albert W. Vening, 59 Wall St....$13,500

59TH ST., 515 West n s, 200 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 25x100.5; Max Inkelas to Bella Inkelas, 206 East 78th St, ½ part, (mtg. $15,000,) Dec. 17; attorney, Arthur Smith, 111 Broadway....$1

73D ST, n s, 260 ft e of 3d Av, 25x102.2; Frederic de P. Foster and another, trustees of Augusta L. Jones, to Silas Downing, 33 West 48th St, Sept. 22; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway....$12,250

SAME PROPERTY; Silas Downing to Annie M. Christie, 20 East 32d St, Dec. 12; same attorney....$100

78TH ST, 206 East, s s, 105 ft e of 3d Av, 13.4x102.2, and 78th St, 210 East, s s, 131.8 ft e of 3d Av, 13.4x102.2; Max Inkelas to Bella Inkelas, 206 East 78th St, (mtg $11,250,) Dec. 17; attorney, Arthur Smith, 111 Broadway....$1

78TH ST, s s, 175 ft w of 10th Av, 16.8x102.2; Gertrude V., wife of William S. Keiley, to Jarvis W. Keiley, Aug. 3, 1897, (mtg $15,000;) attorneys, Wilson, B. & W., 48 Wall St....$1

78TH ST, 320 West, s s, 232 ft w of West End Av, 18x102.2; Florence H. Fitch to Hatasatah Realty Co., 7 East 44th St, Dec. 18, (mtg $20,000;) attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$1

88TH ST, n s, 150 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 75x100.8; the Ludlow Realty Co. to City Investing Co., 165 Broadway, Dec. 16, (mtg $575,000;) attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance Co., 160 Broadway....$1

112TH ST, n s, 425 ft e of Lenox Av, 25x100.11; Arbi Realty and Construction Co. to Leybuck Co., 141 Broadway, Dec. 17; attorneys, C. P. & W. W. Buckley, 141 Broadway....$150

123D ST, 113 East, n s, 190 ft e of Park Av, 25x100.11; Charles A. Roberts to Samuel E. Weiser, 109 West 114th St, Dec. 17; attorney, M. N. Krakower, 320 Broadway..$1

128TH ST, 71 West, n s, 191.3 ft e of Lenox Av, 18.9x99.11; Samuel Rosenberg et al. to Paula Wright, New Rochelle, N. Y., June 5, 1913; attorney, Joseph F. Stier, 11 Broadway....$1

131ST ST, n s, 225 ft w of Park Av, 50x99.11; Dora Haft to Isaac Haft, Inc., 132 Nassau St, Nov. 24, (mtg $48,000;) attorneys Borowsky & B., 132 Nassau St....$100

135TH ST., 626-30 West, s s, 525 ft w of Broadway, 75x99.11, (foreclosure, Dec. 3;) Theron G. Strong, referee, to Hy. F. Schutte, 447 Fort Washington Av., (mtg. $93,000,) Dec. 17; attorney, William B. McNiece, 128 Broadway....$10,000

142D ST, 289 West, n s, 150 ft e of 8th Av, 25x99.11; Margaretha M. Brohmer to Emily and Marie Lotze, 141 West 110th St, (mtg $20,000,) Dec. 18; attorney, R. Dudensing, Jr., 156 Broadway....$200

168TH ST, s s, 183.4 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 16.8x95; Kath. Hoctor to Marg't Poppe, 2,170 Amsterdam Av, (mtg $7,500,) Dec. 17; attorney, Lawyers Title Co., 160 Broadway....$1

Bronx.

AQUEDUCT AV, e s, 760.2 ft s of Plympton Av, 56.4x136.11; Daniel J. Dunn, referee, to Michel Real Estate and Mortgage Co., 227 East 117th St, (mtg $54,075,) Dec. 18; attorney, E. J. Ludvigh, 31 Nassau St..$5,000

BELMONT AV., 2,130, n e corner 181st St, 51.1x80.8; Mary I. McDonald to Elizabeth S. Harvie, 10 Jones St., Jersey City, Dec. 1; attorney, J. F. Stier, 11 Broadway....$100

BRYANT AV., s w corner of 179th St, 25.6x117.9; Lillian M. Williams to Jacob Marx, 170 West 74th St, (mtg. $7,600,) Dec. 17; attorney, Layers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$100

INTERVALE AV, s w corner of Chisolm St, 50x157.10; Sidney R. Fleischer to Anton Kroutil, 1,356 1st Av, ½ part, July 17; attorney, Anton Kroutil, 1,239 Intervale Av.$1

LONGWOOD AV, n s, 42.6 ft w of Garrison Av, 17.9x66.9; also Longwood Av, n s, 24.6 ft w of Garrison Av, 17.11x67.10; George W. Haas to Margaret V. Diamond, 1,947 7th Av, July 9; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$1

LORILLARD PLACE, e s, 96.7 ft n of 3d Av, 25x100; Thomas J. Coyne to Thomas J. Coyne and another, 2,350 Lorillard Place, Nov. 27; attorney, Title Guarantee & Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$6.50

LOT 42, Block 40, map of Bruce-Brown Land Co.; Bruce-Brown Land Co. to Charles Stern, 327 Central Park West, (mtg $15,000,) Oct. 14; attorneys, Hays, H. & W., 115 Broadway....$100

LOT 67, Map Ruser Estate; Michael Zanfardino to Antoinette C. Gelornini, 856 East 226th St, Dec. 15; attorney, George W. Knobloch, 15 Broad St....$1

LOT 19, map of 62 lots at Mount Hope; Lawyers Mortgage Co. to Anna Bosmann, 17 East 72d St, Dec. 17; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$100

LOTS 45 to 48, Map of N. Y. Chartered Bond and Mortgage Co.; Joseph H. Radigan, referee, to Charlotte W. O'Shew, 521 West 111th St, Dec. 15; attorney, William C. Arnold, 165 Broadway....$5,000

OLINVILLE AV, e s, 151.11 ft n of Adee Av, 42.11x87.2; also Olinville Av, e s, 192.11 ft n of Adee Av, 59.11x74.8; North Bronx Realty Co. to Richard Morrison, 3,446 Station Place, (mtg $3,600,) Dec. 5; attorney, Richard Morrison, 3,446 Station Place....$1

OLINVILLE AV, w s, 400 ft n of 216th St, 25x100; also Olinville Av, w s, 650 ft n of 216th St, 25x100.3; Sarah Cohn et al, to Victor Gerharda, 806 East 169th St, (mtg $4,500,) Dec. 17; attorney, Rudolph Loewenthal, 1,347 Boston Road....$100

PROSPECT AV, e s, 289 ft s of 165th St, 78.3x182.10; Charles S. Hayes, referee, to Nathan A. Eisler, 640 Riverside Drive, (mtg $122,000,) Dec. 16; attorney, Joseph J. Baker, 34 Nassau St....$4,000

ROAD leading from Westchester to West Farms, at corner lane, being Lot 3, map of John Mulrey; Florence A. Gallagher to Michael Donnelly, 2,108 Starling Av, Dec. 5; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$100

WASHINGTON AV, s e corner of 178th St, 82x91.5; Lawrence Holding Co. to Northport Realty Corporation, Northport, L. I., (mtg $90,000,) Dec. 1; attorney, Title Guarantee & Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$100

135TH ST., s s, 206.6 ft e of St. Ann's Av, 18.6x100; Augusta F. Etter to Samuel Etter, 588 East 135th St., July 16; attorney, F. C. Brown, 76 William St....$1

176TH ST., s s, 336.9 ft, e of Anthony Av, 65.5xirregular; Charles A. Ross to Jennie Ferguson, Waterbury, Conn., May 19; attorney, A. K. Mulligan, 461 East Tremont Av....$1

184TH ST, n s, 128.8 ft w of Washington Av, 16.8x100; William J. McKeown, referee, to Johanna C. Hoffmann, 1,555 Southern Boulevard, (mtg $4,500,) Dec. 17; attorney, Title Guarantee & Trust Co., 176 Bway..$400

183D ST, n e corner of Loring Place, 40.5x105.11; Winifred McCarthy and another to New York University Association of Phi Gamma Delta, 2 Rector St, (mtg $13,000,) Dec. 16; attorney, New York Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway....$1

RECORDED MORTGAGES.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

Manhattan.

COLUMBIA ST, s w corner Stanton St, 25x75; Caroline Baierlein to John A. Adams, 2,161 67th St, Brooklyn, Dec. 15, installments, 6 p. c.; attorney, Jacob Schlamp, 119 Nassau St....$3,000

ORCHARD ST, 184, e s, 25x87.2; Jacob Chaimowitz to Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway, Dec. 16, 3 years..$25,000

THOMPSON ST, 101-103, 25x100; Dominick Abbate, Jr., to Amos F. Eno, 32 5th Av, Dec. 16, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance Co., 160 Broadway..$40,000

19TH ST, n s, 200 ft w of 8th Av, 21.4x92; Sarah J. Miller to New York Savings Bank, 81 8th Av, Dec. 18, due as per bond; attorney, John A. Dutton, 80 Maiden Lane..$9,000

44TH ST, s s, 145 ft w of Madison Av, 25x100.5; Harry T. Sherman to New York Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway, Dec. 18, 3 years....$40,000

73D ST, n s, 260 ft e of 3d Av, 25x102.2; Annie M. Christie to William M. Purdy and another, trustees, 32 East 63d St, Dec. 18, due Jan. 2, 1918, 5½ p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway....$11,000

74TH ST, n s, 100 ft w of West End Av, 64x100; Ewen McIntyre et al., executors and trustees, to Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway, Dec. 14, 5 years, 5½ p. c....$32,000

87TH ST, s s, 200 ft w of 1st Av, 25x100.8; Margaret de S. Coppell and another to Theresa Hageman, 201 West 81st St, Dec. 18, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, Amend & A., 119 Nassau St....$1,000

125TH ST, n s, 85 ft e of Lenox Av, 58.10x99.11; Oliver De G. Vanderbilt to Lem A. Smith, 36 East 10th St, Dec. 1, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, A. C. Smith, Jr., 24 Broad St....$6,000

Bronx.

BRYANT AV., s w corner of 179th St, 25.6x117.9; Lillian M. Williams to Minnie G. Frankel, 317 University Av, prior mtge $6,000, Nov. 18, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$1,600

GUION PLACE, n s, 150 ft e of St. Lawrence Av, 25x80; Harry Cohen to Mary J. Haviland, 37 West 58th St, Dec. 16, due as per bond; attorneys, Clocke, K. & R., 391 East 149th St....$2,500

LOT 19, map of 62 lots at Mount Hope; Anna Bosmann to Lawyers Mortgage Co., 59 Liberty St, Dec. 17, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$5,750

ROAD from Westchester to West Farms, being Lot 3 on map of John Mulrey; Michael J. Donnelly to Florence A. Gallagher, 951 Woodycrest Av, Dec. 17, due, &c., as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$1,300

183D ST, n e corner of Loring Place, 40.5x105.11; New York University Association of Phi Gamma Delta to Winifred McCarthy, 111 West 183d St, Dec. 16, due May 1, 1918, 6 p. c.; attorney, E. Whitlock, 2 Rector St....$4,500

RECORDED LEASES.

Manhattan.

With name and address of lessee.

3D AV, 1,709, corner store; Patrick Kiernan to Thomas Barrett, 153 East 97th St, 5 years and 5 months from Dec. 1, 1914; attorney, W. H. Stewart, 1,639 3d Av..$1,860

7TH AV, 2,076, store and corner; Mary J. Cunningham to Hy. Hesse, 150 West 124th St, 5 years from June 1, 1914....$1,800

8TH AV, 73, ground floor; Catharine Cross to James Eagleton, 3 St. Luke's Place, 3 years from Nov. 16, 1914; attorneys, Hirsh & E., 15 William St....$1,860

11TH AV, 591-595, all; Charles F. Bauerdorf to Edward C. Striffler, 315 West 107th St, 20 years from Oct. 1, 1914; attorneys, Deyo & B., 111 Broadway....$5,500

55TH ST, 20 East, all; Jeanette Le B. Parsons and another to Joseph J. Zimmermann, 34 West 33d St, 10 years from Dec. 17, 1914; attorney, W. E. Parsons, 126 East 73d St....$6,875

Bronx.

149TH ST, 280 East, store, &c.; Giuseppina D. Pellegrim to Paul Naples, 1,617 Park Av, 5 years from Jan. 1, 1915; attorney, E. M. Burghard, 111 Broadway....$660

MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

WADSWORTH AV, 124 to 128; Switkes & Feinstien, Inc., against William Hobson, owner; Aldorf Construction Co., contractor....$865

TRINITY AV, 708; Franklin & Walsh against Patrick A. Geoghegan, owner, (renewal)..$12

TRINITY AV, 710; same against same, (renewal)....$12

TRINITY AV, 712; same against same, (renewal)....$12

TRINITY AV, 714; same against same, (renewal)....$12

TRINITY AV, 716; same against same, (renewal)....$12

27TH ST, 148 East; Eagle Contracting Co. against Fanny Levy, owner; Feinrose Construction Co., contractor....$140

3D AV, 1,555; Frank E. Wise & Son, Inc., against Louis H. Reinig, owner; Sidney F. Oppenheim, contractor....$56

WASHINGTON ST, 103; William Kruth Co. against Lillie Wilkens and Claribel Schutte, owners and contractors....$236

Bronx.

INTERVALE AV, 993-995; Morris and Louis Marks against Angel Construction Co., Inc., owners; Carmiene Cioffi and Angel Construction Co., Inc., contractors....$135

TIFFANY ST, w s, intersection of e s of Beck St, 187.4x148.4x irregular; Harris Flooring Co. against Kermit Realty Co., Inc., owners; Hyman Fleischman, contractor....$1,482

KINGSBRIDGE TERRACE, e s, 103 ft n of 229th St, 75x100; Victor and John Zambetti against Arlington Construction Co., Inc., owners and contractors....$375

SATISFIED MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

145TH ST, 502 West; National Fuel Saver Corp. against Charles Kimmelman et al., (vacated)....$50

133D ST, 5 and 7 East; Oriental Fireproof Sash and Door Co. against James Everard's Brewery et al., Dec. 10, 1914....$250

EAST BROADWAY 128 and 130; Noah Fells against A. Sobel et al., Nov. 27, 1914..$66

AUDUBON AV, n w corner of 183d St; H. Greenberg's Sons against Value Realty Co. et al., Oct. 8, 1914....$245

VESEY ST, 81; Jacob Rubin against Thomas R. McNeil et al., Dec. 15, 1914....$237

Bronx.

3D AV, 4,495; James A. Criscuolo against Charles Shapiro Co., Inc., et al., Sept. 19, 1914....$829

LIS PENDENS.

Manhattan.

55TH ST, 237 to 243 East; William Burroughs against Ambrose Realty Co. et al, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Lese & Connolly.

56TH ST, 70 East; Mutual Life Insurance Co. of New York against Frederick S. Pincus et al, (action to set aside deeds;) attorney, F. L. Allen.

93D ST, n s, 250 ft w of Columbus Av, 18.9x72.5; and 125 West 93d St, Gotham Mortgage Co. against David N. Carvalho, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, G. Y. Bauchle.

119TH ST, s e corner of Lenox Av, 85x100; Bank for Savings in the City of New York against Harris Pomorantz et al, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Cadwalader, Wickersham & Taft.

137TH ST, n s, 80 ft e of 8th Av, 45x99.11; Mary J. Kingsland against Bassy Block et al, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, C. P. & W. W. Buckley.

138TH ST, n s, 187.6 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 37.6x99.11; V. Everit Macy et al against Levy & Weinstein Realty and Construction Co. et al, (amended foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Davison & Underhill.

Bronx.

LOT 263, map of 134 lots, part of Varian Estate, 24th Ward; Henry Hahnenfeld et al against Ida Hillman et al, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Elfers & Abberley.

LOT 116, map of Washingtonville; William P. McCarthy against Charles Paul et al, (action to foreclose transfer of tax lien;) attorneys, Siegel & Siegel.

LOT F, map of Washingtonville; William P. McCarthy against Charles Paul et al, (action to foreclose transfer of tax lien;) attorneys, Siegel & Siegel.

LOT 1, Block 3,494, Section 14; Lot 70, Block 3,494, Section 14; Lot 10, Block 3,495, Section 14; Lot 12, Block, 3, 495, Section 14; Lot 53, Block, 3,468, Section 14; Lot 53, Block 3,468, Section 14, Patterson Av, s s, — ft e of St. Lawrence Av, 100x100; Grace Vanvlack against Emma Siel et al, (partition suit;) attorneys, Tausch & Hamilton.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

Real Estate in All its Branches.

Joseph P. Day

31 Nassau St., N. Y. Phone 744 Cort.

BRONX—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Taken under foreclosure
SELL AT COST
Nos. 646-648 Coster St., Bronx.
Two-family brick dwellings. Each floor six rooms and bath. Steam heat, electricity, hardwood floors. First-class condition. Price, $6,500 each. Terms.
W. M. GREER, 176 BROADWAY.

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Beautiful Brick Houses
FOR RENT, $30.
Semi-detached, brick and stone; steam heat; 7 rooms; elegantly decorated; send for Booklet A. MANAGER, 60 Liberty St., N. Y. Phone Cort. 2552.

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Light, Large and Small Offices
20 East 42d St., just off 5th Ave.
MODERN BUILDING.
Rents Very Reasonable.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN—West Side.

NON-HOUSEKEEPING APARTMENTS
B'WAY AT 69TH ST.,
Southeast Corner.
SPENCER ARMS
2, 3 & 4 Rooms
or larger combinations, maid service included, and all meals served in apartments.
Every Room with permanent outside light and large closet space. Most convenient location in city.
RENTAL $900 to $1500
Chas. F. de Casanova, Agt. on premises, or your own broker. Tel., Columbus—3996.

THE CORONET
57 WEST 58TH STREET
Non-Housekeeping Apartments
2-3-4 rooms and bath
Rentals $600 to $1,200.
Meal service if desired.
Apply on premises or to
Harris & Vaughan, 569 5th Ave.
Telephone 31 Murray Hill.

CHURCH SERVICES TO-MORROW

Associated Bible Students.

SUNDAY EVENING LECTURES,
Eight o'Clock Sharp,
PASTOR BRENNEISEN,
Topic:
PEACE ON EARTH.
HOW? WHEN? WHY?
NEW YORK CITY TEMPLE,
W. 63d St., nr. B'way, (Subway Col. Circle.)

BROOKLYN TABERNACLE,
13, 15, 17 Hicks St., near Brooklyn Bridge.
3 P. M.—Discourse by Pastor Jolly.
7 P. M.—Praise Service. 7:30 P. M.—Bible Study.
SEATS FREE. NO COLLECTION.

Baptist.

CALVARY BAPTIST CHURCH,
FIFTH AVENUE BAPTIST CHURCH.
Union Services.
125 West 57th Street.
Rev. CORNELIUS WOELFKIN, D. D.
Pastor preaches at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.
Sunday School, 9:45; Bible Classes, 9:40 A. M.
Friday, Prayer Meeting, 8 P. M.

CENTRAL BAPTIST CHURCH,
92d St. and Amsterdam Av.
Rev. FRANK M. GOODCHILD, D. D., Pastor. 11—"Messengers for Christ." 8—"Bringing in the Sheaves." Brief Address by several laymen.

Collegiate Baptist Church of the Covenant, West 33d St., between 8th and 9th Avs. Dr. Oscar Haywood, Pastor. Services 10:45 A. M., 7:45 P. M.

FORT WASHINGTON BAPTIST CHURCH,
11 A. M., "The Mystery of the Star."
8 P. M., "They Presented Him Gifts."
600 West 181st St. Rev. Enos J. Bosworth.

HOPE BAPTIST CHURCH, Broadway, 104th St.—Rev. E. S. HOLLOWAY, Pastor.
11—"How to Win An Imperishable Crown."
8—"The Knights of a New Crusade."

JUDSON MEMORIAL, Washington Square.—JAMES M. BRUCE preaches, 11, 8.

MADISON AVENUE BAPTIST CHURCH,
MADISON AV., COR. 31ST ST.
C. A. EATON, D. D., Pastor,
will preach Sunday morning and evening.
11 A. M.—"Is Christmas a Mockery with the World at War?"
8 P. M.—"Gifts for Every One."
Union Bible Class, 9:45, Dr. B. S. Dunn, Ldr.

MOUNT MORRIS BAPTIST CHURCH,
5th Av., near 127th St.
JOHN HERMAN RANDALL, D. D.
11 A. M.—"The Mystery of Christmas."
8 P. M.—Special Christmas Service.

WASHINGTON HEIGHTS BAPTIST CHURCH, 145th St. and Convent Av. Rev. Harold Pattison, D. D., Minister. 11 A. M.—"When Jesus was Born." 8 P. M.—Musical Service, "Child Christ."

Christian Science.

Services are held in the following
CHRISTIAN SCIENCE CHURCHES
Sundays, 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.; Wednesdays, 8 P. M.:
First Church, Central Park West & 96th St.
Second Church, Central Park West & 68th St.
Third Church, 125th St. & Madison Av.
Fourth Church, 600 West 181st St.
Fifth Church, Madison Av. & 38th St.

Church of the New Jerusalem.

NEW CHURCH,
(Swedenborgian)
35th St., bet. Park and Lexington Avs.
The Rev. JULIAN K. SMYTH, Pastor.
Sunday School 10 A. M. Illustrated Bible Lesson. Service 11 A. M. The Pastor will preach.
Special Service Christmas Day, 11 A. M.

Congregational.

BROADWAY TABERNACLE,
Broadway and 56th St.
Rev. CHARLES E. JEFFERSON, D. D.,
Pastor, Preaches at 11 A. M.
8 P. M. "Musical Service."
Christmas Day at 11 A. M. Dr. Jefferson will preach.
Wednesday, 8 P. M., Prayer Meeting.

CLINTON AVE. CHURCH, BROOKLYN.
Nehemiah Boynton, D. D., } Ministers.
Morrison Russell Boynton, }
10:30 A. M., Dr. Boynton will preach the Christmas Sermon. 7:45 P. M., Musical Service, "Shepherds of Bethlehem," Demarest.

MANHATTAN CHURCH, Broadway, 76th St.
Rev. H. A. STIMSON, D. D. Christmas services 11 and 4:30 P. M.
Pastor preaches 11.

Disciples of Christ (Christian).

CENTRAL CHURCH, 142 W. 81st.
11 A. M.—Public Worship. Rev. JAMES M. PHILPUTT, D. D., will preach. Sunday School, 10 A. M. Chinese School, 5 P. M.

Evangelical.

SPANISH EVANGELICAL CHURCH,
Madison Sq. and 24th St., (24th St. entrance.)
Sunday, 3 P. M.; Thursday, 8 P. M. All welcome.

Jewish.

BETH-EL TEMPLE,
Fifth Av. and 76th Street.
Rev Dr. SAMUEL SCHULMAN.
Sunday morning at 11.
"WAR AND PEACE IN THE LIGHT OF MACCABEEAN MEMORIES."

FREE SYNAGOGUE
CARNEGIE HALL: SUNDAY AT 11.
DR. WISE: "DOES CHRISTIANITY MEAN PEACE AND GOOD WILL?"
ALL ARE WELCOME.

TEMPLE EMANU-EL,
Fifth Avenue and Forty-third Street.
Saturday, 10:30 A. M. Sermon by Dr. Silverman, "The Open Temple—The Open Judaism." Sunday, 11:15 A. M.—Sermon by Dr. Silverman, "Emancipation of the Jew." Monday, 11 A. M. sharp—Lecture by Dr. Enelow, "The Spiritual Influence of the Bible." All are welcome.

Lutheran.

Church of the Advent. Broadway at 93d St., Rev. WM. M. HORN, Pastor. Services at 11 and 8.

ST. JAMES LUTHERAN CHURCH, Madison Av., 73d St.—Dr. REMENSNYDER. Service 11.

Methodist Episcopal.

GRACE, 104, nr. Col. Christian F. Reisner. 11, "Christmas Giving Necessary?" 7:45, "Winter Flowers." Motion Pictures of Florida.

MADISON AVENUE,
Madison Av., cor. 60th St.
Services 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Preacher, the Rev. Robert W. Rogers, Ph. D., LL. D., of Drew Theological Seminary. The regular choir will be assisted by an additional quartette and violinist. Special choral service at 8.

PARK AVENUE CHURCH, Cor. 86th St.
Lecture by "HAMILTON HOLT," LL. D., "The Federation of the World," 10 A. M., Xmas Music, String Orchestra, (40 players.)

ST. ANDREW'S, 76th St., west of Col. Av.—FRED WINSLOW ADAMS, 11 and 8.

ST. JAMES METHODIST, Mad. Av., 126th St. Dr. ARCHEY DECATUR BALL, Pastor. 11 A. M., Bishop LUTHER B. WILSON. 8 P. M., musical service, Helen Clark, soloist.

UNION M. E. CHURCH, 48th St. at Broadway. J. LEWIS HARTSOCK, minister. 11, "The Incarnate Word." 8, "Christ and the World."
Friday, Dec. 25, Christmas Day, 11 A. M., Union Service, Methodist Churches of Manhattan. Singing by Five Points Mission children. Addresses, Drs. MacRossie and Jamieson.

New Thought.

AEOLIAN HALL, 32 WEST 43D ST.
THE NEW THOUGHT CHURCH.
Sundays, 11 A. M., F. W. Sears, Speaker.
Finest Pipe Organ in the World.
Special Organ Recital, 10:30 A. M.

CHURCH OF THE HEALING CHRIST, LAUREL ROOM, HOTEL ASTOR, SUNDAY, 11. Speaker, Rev. W. JOHN MURRAY. Subject, "Righteousness." Afternoon service, 3:30, Masonic Temple, Brooklyn.

HOME OF TRUTH,
147 West 73d St.,
Services Sunday, 11 A. M., 8 P. M. Healing meetings Tuesday, 3 P. M.; Friday, 8 P. M.

NEW THOUGHT.
MRS. CHAPIN, Berkeley Theatre, 19 West 44th St., Sundays 11 and 8. Subject, "WILL CHRISTMAS EVER COME." Ellen Bauer, Grand Opera Soloist. Sat noons, PEASE MEETINGS, Studio, same building. Interviews and classes Newsboys will sing, Dec. 27.

NEW THOUGHT LECTURES, 32 West 58th St.—Sunday, 11 A. M.; Thursday, 8 P. M. Speaker, W. Ellis Williams. Public invited.

Presbyterian.

A. EDWIN KEIGWIN, D. D., preaches at WEST END, Amsterdam at 105th. XMAS MUSIC. Quartelles, Male and Mixed; Choruses women's and children's solos.

BROADWAY
PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
114th St. and Broadway,
WALTER DUNCAN BUCHANAN, D. D.,
Minister, preaches at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

CENTRAL PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
WEST 57TH ST., bet. B'way and 7TH AV.,
Rev. WILTON MERLE-SMITH, D. D., Pastor, preaches at 11 A. M. and 4:30 P. M.
CHRISTMAS MUSIC AND SERMON
At Both Services.

FIFTH AVE. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Fifth Ave. and Fifty-fifth St.
Rev. J. H. JOWETT, D. D., Pastor.
Services at 11 A. M. and 4:30 P. M.
Dr. Jowett will preach at both services.
Offering for the Presbyterian Hospital.
Men's Bible Class at 10 A. M. The Mid-Week Service will be omitted as there will be service on Christmas Day at 11 A. M. in the Church, conducted by Dr. Jowett.

Presbyterian.

FORT WASHINGTON
PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
174th St., near Broadway,
Rev. DANIEL HOFFMAN MARTIN, D. D., will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

FOURTH PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
West End Av. and 91st St.
EDGAR WHITAKER WORK, D. D., Pastor.
Dr. Work preaches, 11 A. M.
Christmas Cantata, 8 P. M.

MADISON AV. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Northeast Corner of 73d St.
Rev. HENRY SLOANE COFFIN, D. D., Pastor, will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.
CHRISTMAS DAY—Service at 11 A. M.
DR. COFFIN will preach.

MADISON SQ. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Madison Avenue and 24th Street,
Rev. C. H. PARKHURST, D. D., Pastor.
Rev. G. R. MONTGOMERY, Ph. D.,
Assistant Minister.
The pastor will preach 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Special Christmas music, beginning half hour before each service.

NORTHMINSTER, 141 West 115th St.
Rev. ARTHUR H. LIMOUZE, Minister.
Christmas services, 11 A. M., 8 P. M.

OLD FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
FIFTH AVENUE—ELEVENTH STREET.
HOWARD DUFFIELD, 11 A. M., 8 P. M.

RUTGERS PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
BROADWAY AND 73D STREET.
Rev. JOHN DOUGLAS ADAM, D. D.
Preaches at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.
Christmas Music by Augmented Choir.

THE BRICK CHURCH.
Fifth Avenue and Thirty-seventh Street.
Ministers: { WILLIAM PIERSON MERRILL. FRANK LATIMER JANEWAY.
DR. MERRILL preaches at 11 and 4 o'clock.
SPECIAL CHRISTMAS MUSIC
by soloists, violin, 'cello, harp, and organ.
Sunday School and Bible Class unite in Christmas exercises at 10 A. M.
Noon service every week day, (except Christmas Day,) 12:30-12:50.

THE UNION THEOLOGICAL SEMINARY.
Service in the Chapel, Claremont Av., between 120th and 122d Sts., at 11 o'clock. Preacher, the Reverend President ALBERT PARKER FITCH, D. D., of Andover Theological Seminary.
The attendance of all not regularly worshipping elsewhere is cordially invited.

UNIVERSITY PLACE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, cor. 10th St.
Rev. GEORGE ALEXANDER, D. D., Minister, will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

WEST-PARK PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
86th St. and Amsterdam Av.
Rev. Anson P. Atterbury, D. D. } Pastors.
Rev. Anthony H. Evans, D. D. }
Dr. EVANS preaches at 11 A. M.
Dr. ATTERBURY at 8 P. M.

Protestant Episcopal.

CATHEDRAL OF ST. JOHN THE DIVINE,
Amsterdam Av. and 111th St.
8 A. M.—The Holy Communion.
10 A. M.—Morning Prayer.
11 A. M.—Preacher, Very Rev. Dean Grosvenor.
4 P. M.—Preacher, Rev. William Norman Guthrie.
8 P. M.—Organ Recital.
Daily Services, 7:30 A. M., 12 M., 5 P. M. (choral except Monday and Saturday.)
Christmas Day, 7:30 A. M., 10 A. M., 11 A. M. (Preacher, Bishop Greer,) 5 P. M.

ALL ANGELS' CHURCH, West End Av. and 81st St., the Rev. S. DE LANCEY TOWNSEND, D. D., Rector.—Holy Communion 8 A. M. Morning Prayer and Sermon by the Rector at 11 A. M. Choral Evensong at 4 P. M. Christmas Day—Holy Communion, 8 A. M. Holy Com'n & Sermon, 11 A. M. Strangers welcome.

CALVARY CHURCH, 4th Av. and 21st St.
The Rev. THEODORE SEDGWICK, Rector.
Services 8, 10:15, 11 A. M., 8 P. M. Christmas Eve Carol Service 9 o'clock. Christmas Day services 8 and 11 A. M.

CHRIST CHURCH, BROADWAY AT 71ST St., the Rev. EDWIN J. van ETTEN, Rector. Services 8 and 11, (Rector,) 4:30 and 8, (Rector.) Children's service, 9:45 A. M., (Rector.)

CHRISTMAS SERVICES.
Christmas Eve., Holy Communion, midnight; Christmas Day, Holy Communion, 8 A. M.; Morning prayer, sermon, and Holy Communion, 11 A. M.

CHURCH OF ST. MARY THE VIRGIN,
139 West 46th St., Rev. J. G. H. BARRY, D. D., Rector. Low masses, 7:30, 8:15, 9. Solemn mass and sermon, (Rector,) 10:45. Vespers at 4.

CHRISTMAS DAY.
First vespers with carols, (Xmas Eve,) 5 P. M. Low masses, 6:30, 7:30, 8:15, 9. Solemn mass, procession, and sermon, (Rector,) 10:45 Second vespers, with carols, at 5.

CHURCH OF THE HEAVENLY REST,
5th Av., above 45th St.
The Rev. HERBERT SHIPMAN, Rector.
8 A. M.—Holy Communion. 11—Morning service, sermon, (Rector.) 8—Evening prayer.

CHURCH OF THE HOLY COMMUNION,
20th Street and 6th Avenue.
8 A. M.—Holy Communion.
11 A. M.—Rector, Preacher.
12 M.—Holy Communion.
3 P. M.—Children's Service.
3:15 P. M.—French Service.
8 P. M.—Rector, Preacher.
THURSDAY, DECEMBER 24TH.
8 P. M.—Christmas Carol Service.
CHRISTMAS DAY.
7:30 A. M.—Carol Service.
8 A. M.—Holy Communion.
11 A. M.—Rector, Preacher.
12 M.—Holy Communion.

CHURCH OF THE INCARNATION,
Madison Av. and 35th St.
REV. H. C. ROBBINS, RECTOR.
8 A. M., Holy Communion; 11 A. M., Morning Prayer, sermon rector; 4 P. M. Evening Prayer, sermon by Rev. E. S. Buchanan, M. A., "The Second Advent and the Christian Hope."

CHURCH OF ZION AND ST. TIMOTHY,
334 West 57th St.
Rector, Rev. HENRY LUBECK, D. C. L.
Holy Communion .... 8:00 A. M.
Morning Prayer: Preacher, the Rector .... 11:00 A. M.
Evening Prayer .... 4:15 P. M.
Organ and Harp Recital .... 7:30 P. M.
Special Service: Preacher, the Rector .... 8:00 P. M.
CHRISTMAS.
Holy Communion (Choral) .... 8:00 A. M.
Morning Prayer, Holy Communion: Preacher, the Rector .... 11:00 A. M.

EGLISE DU SAINT-ESPRIT,
45 E. 27th St. Services Demain, 10:30 et 8.
Rev. A. V. Wittmeyer, Recteur.

GRACE CHURCH, Broadway and 10th St. Dr. SLATTERY, Rector, 8; and 11, (Rector.) 4 (Mr. Groton;) 8 (Mr. Edwards.)
Christmas Services, 8 and 11.

ST. ANDREW'S,
Fifth Avenue and 127th Street,
Rev. GEORGE R. VAN DE WATER, D. D., Rector,
will preach on Sunday at 11 A. M., on "LIFE OF THE WORLD TO COME," and on CHRISTMAS at 10:30 A. M., on "JESUS CHRIST DIVINE." Strangers welcome. Rev. JOSEPH H. IVIE preaches Sunday night, eight o'clock.

ST. ANN'S CHURCH, St. Ann's Av. and 140th St., Rev. W. Bertrand Stevens, Rector. 8 A. M., 11 A. M., (Rector;) 8 P. M., (Rev. James T. Kerr.)
Christmas Day.
8 A. M., Holy Communion, (Rector;) 9:45 A. M., Morning Prayer, Plain; 10:30 A. M., Holy Communion and Sermon, (Rector.)

ST. BARTHOLOMEW'S CHURCH,
Madison Av. at 44th St.
The Rev. LEIGHTON PARKS, D.D., Rector.
8 A. M., Holy Communion,
11 A. M. and 4 P. M.
The Rector will preach at both services.
The Messiah (Advent Portion) at 4 P. M.
Organ Recital at 5:15 P. M.

ST. GEORGE'S CHURCH
is on 16th Street, east of Third Avenue.
Services at 8, 11, and 8.
ALL SEATS FREE.

SAINT IGNATIUS'S CHURCH, West End Avenue and 87th Street, Rev. MAXWELL GANTER, Rector.—Sunday masses at 7, 8, and 11. Vespers at 4. Daily mass at 7. Friday and holy days at 7 and 10. Christmas masses at 6, 7, 8, 9, and 10.

ST. JAMES' CHURCH,
Madison Av. and 71st St.
Holy Communion, 8. Children's service, 9:45.
Holy Communion & Sermon, (BISHOP COURTNEY,) 11.
Evening Prayer & Sermon, (Mr. BACHMAN,) 4.
CHRISTMAS DAY:
Holy Communion, 8.
Morning Prayer, Holy Communion & Sermon, 11.

ST. LUKE'S, Convent Av and 141st St. Christmas Eve Eucharist, with carols, 11 P. M.; Christmas Day services, 7:30 and 10 A. M.

ST. MATTHEW'S CHURCH, 28 West 84th St. Rev. ARTHUR H. JUDGE. Services, 8, 11, and 8.

ST. STEPHEN'S, 69th St., near Broadway. Rev. Dr. Seagle, Rector, 8, 11, 4. Christmas Day, 8 and 11 A. M.

ST. THOMAS'S CHURCH,
5th Av. and 53d St.
Rev. ERNEST M. STIRES, D. D., Rector.
8 A. M., Holy Communion.
11—Morning Service and Sermon (Rector.)
4—Evensong and Address, (Rector.)
8 P. M.—Hour of Organ Music.
CHRISTMAS DAY.
8 A.M.—Holy Communion with Choir.
11 A.M.—Morning Service and Sermon, (Rector.)

Protestant Episcopal.

THE ASCENSION—5TH AV., 10TH ST.
Rev. PERCY STICKNEY GRANT, Rector.
11, Morning Service and Sermon, (Rector.)
4, Evensong, Saint-Saens "Oratorio de Noel."
8, Forum, Mr. Hamilton Holt.
Subject: "The Federation of the World."
11 A. M., Christmas Day, (Rector.)

THE TRANSFIGURATION, 1 E. 29.
Communions: 7, 8, 9 o'clock; 10:30 SERMON and LE JEUNE'S MASS; EVENSONG, 4 o'clock. CHORAL LITANY and SERMON, 8 P. M.

CHRISTMAS DAY.
COMMUNIONS: 6, 7, 8, and 9 o'clock. CLARK'S MASS (orchestral) and SERMON, 10:30.

TRINITY CHURCH.
Sunday Services:
7, 8, 9 A. M., Holy Communion.
10:30 A. M., Litany.
11 A. M., Morning Prayer, Holy Communion, and Sermon.
3:30 P. M., Evensong and Sermon.
8 P. M., Service and Sermon.
Week Day Services:
7:30, 9 A. M.; 3 P. M.
Short service for business people daily except Saturday at 12 M. Preacher, Rev. C. N. Moller.
Children's Carol Service, Dec. 24th, 3 P. M.
Christmas Day.
6:30 and 7:30 A. M., Holy Communion.
10 A. M., Morning Prayer.
10:30 A. M., Holy Communion and Sermon.
Church Open All Day.

Reformed.

GRACE REFORMED CHURCH, 7th Av. 54th St. Services, 11 A. M., 8 P. M. The Minister, Rev. J. R. Duryee, D. D., will officiate.

HAMILTON GRANGE, Convent Av. and W. 149th St., (near Amsterdam Av.) PAUL SEIBERT LEINBACH, D. D., Minister. 11 A. M., "An Exchange of Christmas Gifts." 8 P. M., "They That Take the Sword," (with cantata.)

MADISON AVENUE REFORMED CHURCH,
Madison Av., corner 57th St.
11 A. M., 4:30 P. M. HUGH BLACK.

REFORMED CHURCH OF HARLEM,
Lenox Av. and 123d St.
Rev. EDGAR TILTON, Jr., D. D., Minister, 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.—Christmas services with appropriate sermons and music.

THE MIDDLE COLLEGIATE CHURCH.
2d Av. and 7th St.
Rev. JOHN G. FAGG, D. D., Minister.
will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.
Service on Christmas Day at 10:30 A. M.

THE MARBLE COLLEGIATE CHURCH.
5th Av. and 29th St.
Rev. DAVID JAS. BURRELL, D.D., Minister.
Rev. Alfred E. Myers will preach at 11 A. M.
Subject: "War."
Rev. Peter H. Milliken, D. D., at 8 P. M.
Subject: "The True Hero."
Special Christmas Music at both services.
Service on Christmas Day at 11 A. M.
Dr. Burrell will preach.

THE COLLEGIATE CHURCH OF ST. NICHOLAS.
5th Av. and 48th St.
Rev. MALCOLM JAS. MACLEOD, D. D., Minister, will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. At 8 P. M., Annual Sermon to the New England Society of the City of New York. Church School and Bible Classes, 9:45 A. M. Quartet, accompanied by Organ, Harp, and Violin. Service on Christmas Day at 11 A. M. Dr. MacLeod will preach.

THE WEST END COLLEGIATE CHURCH.
West End Av. and 77th St.
Rev. HENRY EVERTSON COBB, D. D., Minister, will preach at 11 A. M.
Rev. Thomas McBride Nichols at 4:30 P. M. Cantata "Bethlehem," by J. H. Maunder. Choir assisted by Mrs. Annie Louise David, Harpist. Choir assisted at the morning service by Mr. Graham Harris, Violinist.
Service on Christmas Day at 11 A. M.
Dr. Cobb will preach. Special Music.

Socialism.

CHURCH OF THE SOCIAL REVOLUTION,
Bryant Hall, 6th Av., at 42d.
Sunday, 3:30. BOUCK WHITE, Leader.
Dec. 20, Edwin Markham,
"The Social Vision of Jesus the Carpenter."
Masterclass and Middleclass always invited.

Society of Friends.

RELIGIOUS SOCIETY OF FRIENDS, (Orthodox.)—Meeting for worship at 11 o'clock, 144 East 20th St., New York, and Lafayette and Washington Avs., Brooklyn.

Theosophy.

THEOSOPHICAL HEADQUARTERS, 2,228 Broadway, 79th St.—Sunday, 8:15 P. M. "Theosophy and Vivisection," Mrs. Emilie B. Welton.

THEOSOPHICAL SOCIETY, 25 West 45th St. —Public lecture Sunday evening, 8:15. Subject, "Hellenbach's Philosophy," Edward Herrmann.

Spiritualist.

FIRST GERMAN SPIRITUALIST CHURCH.
Services in English Sundays, 8 P. M.
Pabst Grand Circle, 59th & Columbus Circle.

PSYCHOLOGICAL RESEARCH SOCIETY of N. Y., Inc., holds public spiritual meetings, Tuxedo Bldg., cor. 59th St. and Madison Av., Sunday, 3 and 8 P. M.; Monday and Thursday, 8 P. M.; Wednesday, 8 P. M. Psychic class, Friday, 8 P M. Christensen, Danish Trance Psychic.

Unitarian.

ALL SOULS', (UNITARIAN,)
4th Av. and 20th St.
Rev. Dr. THOMAS R. SLICER, Minister.
Rev. WM. LAURENCE SULLIVAN, Associate.
CHRISTMAS SERVICES, with Special Instrumental Music. Mr. SULLIVAN will preach. Subject: "THE MEANING OF JESUS OF NAZARETH FOR THIS AGE AND FOR THE AGES." Services at 11 A. M. All cordially invited.

CHURCH of the MESSIAH, Park Av. at 34th. JOHN H. HOLMES preaches at 11 A. M. Subject: "JESUS OR NIETZSCHE: A Christmas Challenge." SPECIAL CHRISTMAS MUSIC. Quartet, Violin, Organ. 8:15 P. M.—Public Conference. Report of State Commission on Relief of Widowed Mothers.

LENOX AVENUE UNITARIAN CHURCH, Corner 121st Street. Services at Eleven. "CHRISTIANITY UNDER CRITICISM." Rev. Merle St. Croix Wright, D. D., Minister.

Universalist.

THE CHURCH OF THE DIVINE PATERNITY,
Central Park West and 76th Street.
Rev. FRANK OLIVER HALL, D. D., Pastor, preaches at 11 A. M., "The Universal Christmas," and at 4:30 P. M., "God is Here."
SPECIAL CHRISTMAS MUSIC.

Y. M. C. A.

DR. HENRY R. ROSE.
"A CHRISTMAS CAROL," ILLUSTRATED.
23d St. Y. M. C. A., near 7th Av. Sun., 3:45.

S. PARKES CADMAN.
"A CHRISTMAS MESSAGE." Ladies invited.
West Side Y.M.C.A., 57 St. & 8 Av., 4 P. M.

Other Services.

COSMOLOGICAL meetings are held at 600 West 181st every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock; music; all welcome. Dr. RIVERO.

GOSPEL TABERNACLE CHURCH, 8th Av. and 44th St. Rev. A. B. Simpson, pastor. Sunday 10:30 A. M., 7:45 P. M., preaching by Rev. J. Hudson Ballard.

MYSTICAL REVIVAL UNION, Rev. Holden E. Sampson Lectures at NEVADA, BROADWAY AND 70TH ST, Sundays and Thursdays, 8:15. Classes (open) Sundays and Fridays, 3. Collection.
Monthly Journal of Mysticism, "Ek-Klesia," 10 cts., $1.20 yearly. A LIVE MAGAZINE.

VEDANTA SOCIETY, 135 West 80th. Swami Bodhananda: "Man and Superman."
8 P. M.—Lala Lajpat Rai,
"Growth of Arya Samaja," 8 P. M.

"When I survey the wondrous cross
On which the Prince of Glory died,
Love so amazing, so divine,
Demands my soul, my life, my all."
McAULEY WATER STREET MISSION.
Meetings nightly, 7:45; Sunday, 3.
Drunkards especially invited.
316 Water St. Via all L Lines.

BROOKLYN

Congregational.

PLYMOUTH CHURCH,
Orange St., Rev. NEWELL DWIGHT HILLIS, pastor. Services at 10:45 A. M. and 7:45 P. M. Dr. Hillis will preach at both services, and in the evening continue his series on the Great War.

Presbyterian.

LAFAYETTE AVENUE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, corner of South Oxford St.—Dr. ALBERTSON preaches at 10:30 and 7:45.

Protestant Episcopal.

ST. PAUL'S CHURCH, Clinton and Carroll Sts., Brooklyn. Christmas Eve, Midnight Mass, 11:30 P. M. (40 men's voices—orchestra.) Christmas Day, Low Masses, 7, 8 and 9 A. M.; High Mass, 10 A. M. Sunday, Dec. 20, the Rector will preach at 11 A. M. on "Repentance." At 4 P. M. the Rev. Prof. Jenks will preach. Special musical service. Orchestra

Unitarian.

CHURCH OF THE SAVIOUR, (Unitarian.)
Pierrepont and Monroe Place, Brooklyn, 3 blocks from Borough Hall Subway station. Rev. JOHN H. LATHROP.—Services at 11.

Apartments Wanted—Furnished

Thirty cents a line.

Wanted to sublet, two or three rooms, bath, and kitchen or kitchenette, completely furnished, for indefinite period, on west side below 90th St. Address Sublet, P. O. Box 822, New York City.

Studio and two bedrooms; north light; housekeeping preferred; sublet until June. A. B. C., 24 Times.

Mortgage Loans.

Thirty-five cents a line.

Money advanced on Rents; First and Second Mortgage Money. R. M. De Leeuw, 15 Broad.

City Property.

Thirty cents a line.

Real Estate at Auction.

M. MORGENTHAU, JR., CO., Auctioneers, 95 LIBERTY ST., N. Y. Tel. 1884 CORT.

Bronx—For Sale or To Let.

Corner Tiebout Av. and Ford St. 90x164; sell cheap or exchange. STEINMETZ, 1,005 EAST 180TH.

Brooklyn—For Sale or To Let.

Stores and apartments, Bedford section, corner; rent, $3,888; mortgage, $18,000, asking $32,000; want reasonable offer; 15 minutes to Manhattan now, and near subway being built; principals only. Address Owner, 288 McDonough St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Brick, 1-Fam., $4,700; 2-Fam., $6,200. Easy terms, write or call, Fleer Bros., 354 Eldert's Lane (Enfield St.,) Brooklyn, N. Y.

Queens—For Sale or To Let.

SALE or RENT, BEAUTIFUL SEMI-BUNGALOW; seven rooms and bath, hot water heat, fully decorated; ideal social surroundings, schools, churches, etc.; 28 minutes from Manhattan via Penn.-Long Island 34th St. and Atlantic Avenue stations; four minutes' walk from express station, 100 trains daily. Rent $35.00. Write or phone 3876 Cortland. J. Mead Briggs, 200 Broadway, N. Y.

Real Estate Wanted.

Old building or taxpayer in old dry goods or silk district below 14th wanted in exchange for high-grade income property; state particulars. Spear & Co., 840 Broadway.

To Let for Business Purposes.

Thirty cents a line.

OFFICES TO SUBLET
for unexpired terms of three months to three years; ANYWHERE, uptown or downtown; saving in rent, 20% to 40%; furnished or unfurnished; single offices and suites.
OFFICE SUB-LETTING COMPANY,
1,476 Broadway, (corner 42d.) Bryant—5786.

36 East 49th St.—Parlor floor and basement, suitable for tea room, dressmaker, laundry office, &c. Herbert A. Sherman, 41 East 41st St., or premises.

Building, 511 and 513 West 51st St., five floors and basement; size 45x90; excellent light; steam power plant; elevator.

Loft, with large corner show windows and basement; rent $125 f. 6,000 sq. ft. inc. steam heat. Muller, 129 Patchen Av., Bkn.

Property Out of the City.

Thirty cents a line.

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

HOMES AND ESTATES
FOR SALE OR RENT.
ANGELL & CO., SCARSDALE, N. Y.

Properties of the better class; sale and rent. O'CONNOR & McCANN, New Rochelle, N. Y.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

"The Gables," Cherokee, near Hillside Av., Hollis; $45 month. H 24 Times Annex.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

Owner must sell ideal farm; 6 acres; fine house, several buildings; abundant fruit; with stock, $4,800. Smith-Singer Co., Ridgewood, N. J.

Apartments to Let

Furnished.

Thirty cents a line.

West Side.

A.—A.—CATHEDRAL PLAZA.
100 Cathedral Parkway, 110th, Columbus Av.
At Morningside Park, near Central Park.
1, 2, AND 3 ROOMS.
Dishes, cooking utensils, and silver.
Private bath, kitchenette, furnished, $30, $40, $50 up monthly; unfurnished, $25, $30, $40; elevator, hotel service; near "L" and Subway; references; special rates on lease.

HOTEL MARKWELL, 220 WEST 49TH ST.
A quiet, centrally located transient and residential apartment hotel for refined patronage.
Room and bath, $9 up weekly.
Suites, $16 up.

Attractively furnished three rooms, bath, kitchenette, elevator apartment; Gramercy Park; unusual opportunity; immediate possession. Particulars Leland, 40 W. 33d.

Bermuda, 610 West 150th St.—Elevator apartment, 4 rooms, nicely furnished; piano, &c.; every room sunny; $50 monthly; possession Jan. 1.

Handsomely furnished 4-room new apartments, every convenience. Dentist's residence, 449 West 23d, London Terrace. Phone 3941 Chelsea.

Apartment of 4 rooms and bath, facing Broadway; rent to June 1, $90 per month. 250 West 78th St., corner Broadway.

100th St., 306 West.—Apartment 3 rooms, bath, and kitchenette, nicely furnished; sublet, furnished or unfurnished. Apply Supt.

Attractive four-room sunny apartment, furnished, $45; 660 Riverside Drive. H. Clarke.

Elegant large room, electric, latest improvements; first class, reasonable. 118 W. 43.

237 West 74th.—Seven rooms, well furnished, all light; Winter months. McCormack.

Riverside Drive, 244.—Two-room suite, facing Hudson, $50 monthly. Meek, Apt. 6.

50TH, 14 WEST.—Two-room suite; bath; kitchenette. Plaza 2121

East Side.

Apartments to let, furnished or unfurnished, high-class hotel service, at bargain prices. A few choice apartments left. Restaurant. Two rooms and bath, furnished, $45 month upward; 3 rooms and bath, $50 month upward. Hotel Oxford, 35 E. 27th St. Hotel St. Louis, 34 East 32d St.

Apartments to Let

Unfurnished.

Thirty cents a line.

West Side.

Family leaving city wishes to sublet elegant 6-room elevator apartment, unfurnished; 12th floor; yearly rental, $1,650; apartment is already furnished, and arrangements can be made regarding sale or rental of furniture. Cleburne Apartment, 924 West End Av. Apply Superintendent.

To sublet, unfurnished 5 rooms, in new apartment building; southern exposure; near Subway, 604 West 162d St. Apt. 22. Phone Audubon 3940.

SUBLET.
Three rooms and bath.
HOTEL WALTON, 104 West 70th St.

Four-room apartment at Rhinecliff Court, 789 Riverside Drive; will sublet $50 month for balance of lease. Apartment 2D.

804 West 180th, (Corner Pinehurst Av.)—4-7 room elevator apartments; inducements.

50TH, 14 WEST.—Two-room suite; bath, kitchenette. Plaza 2121

East Side.

PARK AV., 550, (AT 62D ST.)
7 ROOMS AND BATH, $1,300-$1,600.
Fireproof, large rooms, standard service.

480 PARK AV.——54 EAST 59TH ST.
6 Rooms & 2 Baths $1,100
8 Rooms & Bath, (North Light) $600
Fireproof—All Improvements—Standard Service.

36 East 49th St., unfurnished apartments, 1, 2, and 3 rooms and bath, with light, heat, and service. Herbert A. Sherman, 41 East 41st St., or premises.

107 East 96th St.—Six rooms and bath; heat, rent, $25 per month.

Bronx.

Franklin Av., 1,321, (169th.)—Fine 3-4-5 room apartment; every improvement; select families.

Boarders Wanted

Twenty cents a line.

East Side.

11TH, 26 EAST, (adjoining 5th Av.)—Handsome, warm single rooms; superior table; moderate.

15TH, 210 EAST.—Desirable, large heated rooms; home cooking; table guests; references; telephone.

53D ST., 37-52 EAST.—Suite, with private bath; references; table board.

LEXINGTON AV., 965, (70th.)—Two comfortable single rooms; heat; electricity; table guests.

West Side.

44TH, 260 WEST, (Alliance Hotel.)—Room and board, $11 weekly; European and American plan; bath; suites. Times Square.

53D, 57 WEST.—A few table guests; excellent home cooking; moderate; references.

54TH ST., 54 WEST.
Rooms, private baths; electricity; references.

56TH ST., 62 WEST.—Desirable rooms, with board; table board; references.

58TH, 37 WEST.—Attractive rooms; private bath; superior table; white service; table guests.

64TH, 115 WEST.—Large sunny room; also small; excellent table; American house; moderate.

68TH, 74 WEST.—Double, single rooms; private bath; $7-$14 up; excellent table; families.

Boarders Wanted

Twenty-five cents a line.

West Side.

69TH, 116-118 WEST.—Well-appointed large and small rooms, with bath; steam; formerly of 122 West 72d St.

69TH, 111 WEST.—Attractive large, small rooms; private bath; table guests; moderate.

71ST, 62 WEST.—EXCEPTIONAL BOARD; LARGE FRONT ROOMS, PRIVATE BATHS, STEAM HEAT, ELECTRICITY; SINGLE ROOMS; REASONABLE.

71ST ST., 130 WEST.—Attractively furnished; modern conveniences; excellent board; home cooking; business people.

72D, (between Broadway and West End.)—High-class private residence; will accommodate a couple. Phone 8350 Col.

76TH, 127-129 WEST.—Attractive rooms; parlor dining; excellent table; reasonable; table guests.

77TH, 301 WEST.—Select pension offers sunny, second-floor, medium front room; medium single room: unsurpassed cuisine; electricity, telephone.

79TH, 114 AND 182 WEST.—Unusual and attractive "pensions," with large parlors, tearoom, and lounge; Southern cooking; white maid service; private telephone; booklet on request.

79TH, 162 WEST.—Large, comfortably furnished room in refined home; private bath; references.

80TH ST., 106, 108, 110 WEST.—A satisfactory home for refined people; all new, high typo furnishings; pure food; wholesome, generous, well-balanced meals; reasonable; references.

80TH, 124 WEST.—Desirable, large, sunny room; also medium room; generous table.

81ST, 151 WEST.—Newly furnished, high-class house; electricity; telephone; excellent cuisine; table guests.

81ST, 138 WEST.—Beautiful second floor, dressing rooms; private bath; table guests.

81ST, 129 WEST.—Double, next bath, $15; small, $8; excellent English cooking.

82D, 124 WEST.—GREYCOURT.
Open for transients and permanent residents; attractive, modern; write for booklet; references.

82D, 50-52 WEST.—Attractive small rooms; excellent board; reasonable; references.

83D, 11 WEST.—Warm, comfortably furnished rooms; private baths; homelike; excellent board.

83D, 11 WEST.—Warm, comfortably furnished rooms; quiet, homelike; excellent board; telephone.

83D, 40 WEST.—Beautifully furnished rooms; excellent board; table guests; moderate terms.

86TH, 23 WEST.—Large, small rooms; excellent accommodations those desiring refined home.

93D, 21 WEST.—Single front room; "L"; references; French cuisine; table guests.

113TH, 560 WEST.—Exceptionally warm rooms, private bath; singly or en suite; excellent cuisine.

94TH, 140 WEST.—Desirable, warm rooms; superior home; excellent table; "L," Subway.

94TH, 20 WEST.—Newly renovated house; second floor front; bath room; references.

96TH, 54 WEST.—Comfortable, well heated rooms; convenient locality; excellent table; refined neighborhood.

113TH ST., 625 WEST.
A large room, private bath; Southern cooking; reasonable. 8136 Morningside.

114TH, 508 WEST, Apartment 42.—Private Jewish family have nice front room; gentlemen.

114TH, 526 WEST.—Attractive, large, sunny room adjoining bath; exceptional table.

130TH, 247 WEST.—Large, furnished rooms; connecting bath; Kosher table board. 4011 Morningside.

137TH, 296 WEST.—Private house; newly furnished; large and small rooms with bath; telephone; excellent Vienna kitchen; moderate; references.

140TH, 455 WEST.—Large room; electricity; large closets; bath; unexcelled cuisine.

149TH, 544 WEST, (near B'way Subway.)—Nicest selection; the Audubon; well-heated rooms; good home board, $7 up one; $14 up two; every comfort. Telephone 2757 Aud.

THE EVELYN LODGE.
Charming family Hotel of highest order; healthful location. 20 min. B'way, 5c. fare; lovely furnished rooms, suites, all comforts; most excellent cuisine; separate tables; rare, homelike atmosphere; worth investigation; weekly, $8-$12 per adult, with meals.
71 Central Av., St. George, S. I.
Take Sub., "L" or Trolley to South Ferry.

Board Wanted

Twenty cents a line.

Young refined married couple wants room and board in refined family; positively no other boarders. Offers with price to Reliable, 226 West 50th St.

Country Board

Thirty cents a line.

Westchester County.

Winter engagements now made; large, well-heated house; large dining room; beautiful river view; unexcelled home cooking. High Cliff Hall, Park Hill, Yonkers. Telephone 2161 Yonkers

Pennsylvania.

Woodleigh, Towanda, Penn. Refined Winter home for comfort or recuperating; owner trained nurse. Address Miss Elizabeth Lamb.

Furnished Rooms

Twenty cents a line.

East Side.

11TH ST. AND B'WAY. (St. Denis Hotel.)—Revised Winter Rates, $5 and $6 weekly. Elevators, Telephones, Baths; A1 Service. Breakfast, 30c. to 50c.; Plate Lunch, 35c. Famous St. Denis Dinner, 75 cents.
Ask for Mr. Buist. Stuyvesant 4200.

11TH, 28 EAST.—Attractive, large, small rooms; furnace heat; clean; telephone; reasonable.

16TH, 132 EAST.—Elegant room; private house; conveniences; steam heat; telephone; personal references required.

34TH, 56 EAST; also 13 PARK AV.—Large, handsomely furnished rooms; $10 week.

45TH, 16 EAST.—Handsome rom; private bath; square room, with piano; references.

53D, 65 EAST.—Suite, with private bath; private house; no other rooms; phone.

59TH, 129 EAST.—$2 week; steam heat, bath; quite respectable; gentleman. Stevens.

IRVING PLACE, 14.—Front rooms; box spring beds; tiled bathrooms; absolute cleanliness.

LEXINGTON AV., 1,373, (90th.)—Large, sunny room; every convenience; Christian physician's residence; convenient, refined neighborhood; breakfast optional; reasonable.

West Side.

8TH ST., 18 WEST.—Comfortable, well-furnished rooms, all outside, with, without private bath.

12TH, 34 WEST.—Large, small, with or without private baths; steam; electricity; phone.

12TH ST., 111 WEST.—Pleasant, clean, single room; private house; telephone; references.

32D ST., (Hotel Strand, just east of Broadway.)—Room, with private bath, $9 and $10 per week; parlor, bedroom, and bath, $60 per month; same price for one or two persons.

32D ST., (between Broadway and 5th Av.)—Rooms with private bath $10 to $12 for week; same price for one or two persons in room. Hotel Aberdeen.

44TH, 25 WEST.—Two rooms, bath, kitchenette, steam; ground floor; $45-$50.

47TH, 41 WEST.—Excellent single room; steam heated; porcelain bath; privilege select home; reasonable.

50TH, 44 WEST.—Single room in private house; bath adjoining; gentlemen, permanent.

53D, 62 WEST.—Parlor floor; most desirable doctor's office; also cozy, single rooms.

55TH, 49 WEST.—Large, well-furnished room; bath; southern exposure; gentlemen; references.

56TH, 49 WEST.—Comfortably furnished rooms; hot and cold water; gentlemen only; references.

56TH, 306 WEST.—Beautiful large rooms, adjoining bath; continuous hot water; Subway, elevated.

60TH, 27 WEST.—Attractive parlor; running water; small room; $3; telephone; modern conveniences.

63D, 105 WEST.—Attractive room, with hot, cold water, $3; gentlemen; references necessary.

65TH, 128 WEST.—Warm, sunny room, adjoining bath; dressing room; telephone; business man.

68TH, 38 WEST.—Comfortable room, dressing room, bath adjoining; gas, electricity; single rooms.

68TH, 70 WEST.—Handsomely furnished, large and small rooms; parlor floor suite; references.

68TH, 68 WEST.—Large and small rooms; quiet, select house.

70TH, 62-64 WEST.—Newly furnished, beautifully decorated house; conveniences; suites, single; private bath; continuous hot running water; meals optional; white service; telephone; references.

70TH, 36 WEST.—Room; southern exposure; electric light; telephone; other room; transients accommodated.

70TH ST., 136 WEST.—Large front room with lavatory, also small room; homelike.

71ST, 104 WEST.—Well furnished room, suitable two gentlemen; private family.

72D, 248 WEST.—Parlor floor, front basement; also other rooms; exceptional. Columbus 1894.

73D, 153 WEST.—Beautifully furnished, large room; private bath; electricity, telephone; Subway express.

Furnished Rooms

Twenty cents a line.

West Side.

73D, 255 WEST.—Large room, with private bath; also smaller; refined surroundings.

74TH, 149 WEST.—Comfortable rooms, double or single; private bath; reasonable; references.

75TH, 124 WEST.—Exclusive, newly furnished, private house; large, medium, and small rooms; private baths; telephone; breakfast served.

75TH, 46 WEST.—Newly furnished single room; convenient "L," Subway; very reasonable.

75TH, 226 WEST, (Broadway.)—Sunny front suite. Phone 6399 Columbus; references. Saven.

75TH, 104 WEST.—Large, small rooms; new management; American lady. 5858 Columbus.

75TH, 116 WEST.—Choice room; private house; twin beds; steam heat; electricity; references.

75TH, 56 WEST.—Attractive, sunny room; next bath; all conveniences; private home.

76TH, 113 WEST.—Attractive, well-kept rooms; all conveniences; telephone; reasonable.

76TH, 125 WEST.—Attractive, sunny, front room; exclusive neighborhood; breakfast; telephone; references.

76TH, 158 WEST.—Beautifully furnished, small rooms; running water; modern improvements; gentlemen; references.

76TH, 171 WEST.—Comfortably furnished, homelike rooms; southern exposure; continuous hot water; shower; electricity.

76TH, 180 WEST.—Large front room; private bath; parquet floor; electricity; reference.

77TH, 64 WEST.—Beautiful rooms, facing Museum; board optional. Mrs. B. MacGregor.

77TH, 160 WEST.—Desirable large and single rooms, conveniences; gentlemen; references.

78TH, 132 WEST.—Large, well-heated rooms; conveniences; twin beds; bath, 'phone; reasonable.

78TH, 205 WEST.—Attractive, warm, clean room; adjoining bath; second floor; $4.

79TH, 213 WEST.—Delightful, large room; southern exposure; running water; small room; Subway.

79TH, 225 WEST.—Large room; comfortably accommodates two; electricity; southern exposure; owner's residence.

79TH, 216 WEST.—Sunny back parlor; bath; front basement; single room; steam.

80TH, 126 WEST.—One large room; private bath; every convenience; see and appreciate.

81ST, 119 WEST.—Large, sunny front room; well heated; attractive house.

82D, 250 WEST.—Desirable, large, front room; private bath; gentlemen; references. Dutton.

82D, 140 WEST.—Comfortable, large, medium; private house; telephone; references; conveniences.

82D, 33 WEST.—Rent two beautiful large rooms, newly furnished; references.

82D, 134 WEST.—Elegant second floor rooms, private bath. reasonable rates.

84TH, 101 WEST.—Well-furnished parlor suite; front; steam, electricity, piano; single room, running water; homelike; conveniences. Jones.

85TH, 207 WEST.—Large, sunny, homelike room; private lavatory; double closets; excellent neighborhood; telephone; every convenience. Minter.

85TH, 128 WEST.—Large and medium rooms; well-heated house; hot water supply; telephone.

86TH, 341 WEST.—Large, handsomely furnished room; private bath; exclusive neighborhood; near Riverside and Subway.

87TH ST., 351 WEST.—Attractive room; bath, electric light; private house; gentlemen only; references; Subway, "L"; terms reasonable.

87TH, 138 WEST.—Handsomely furnished suite; private bath; kitchenette; small room; reference.

87TH, 319 WEST.—Handsome, large, also small room; gentlemen; private family; references.

87TH, 129 WEST.—Nicely furnished rooms; all conveniences; gentlemen preferred.

88TH, 309 WEST.—Bachelor's suite; hot and cold water; newly renovated house; accommodations; references.

93D, 35 WEST.—Attractive, well-heated, small, sunny, front room; phone; $2.75.

95TH, 11 WEST.—Large, sunny room, suitable two; running water; very reasonable.

97TH, 64 WEST.—Very desirable back parlor, private bath; convenient subway, "L"; suitable two or three. Telephone Riverside 8249.

97TH, 158 WEST.—Attractive, large, sunny room, connecting bath; all conveniences. 7296—Riverside.

97TH, 42 WEST.—Beautiful suites; all conveniences; single rooms; private baths. 7934 Riverside.

98TH ST., 254 WEST.—Elegantly kept apartment; will rent suite, private bath; bachelors or married couple. Apartment 7. 4248 Riverside.

98TH, 15 WEST.—Sitting room, adjoining bedroom; use kitchen; telephone; bath. Hunt, 5.

104TH, 135 WEST.—One, two furnished front rooms; use kitchen; elevator; telephone. Hansen.

105TH, 151 WEST.—Comfortable, warm room; elevator apartment; "L," Subway; references. Cole.

107TH ST., 230 WEST.—Very sunny room, all conveniences. Apt. 50.

111TH, 507 WEST, (Apt. 43.)—Desirable large, light, well-heated doubleroom; lavatory; electricity; elevator; telephone; private family; reasonable; references.

111TH, 536 WEST.—Exceptionally warm room; private bath; business lady or gentleman. Apartment 87.

112TH, 601 WEST.—Large, sunny room facing Broadway. Inquire hall operator.

113TH, 506 WEST.—Newly furnished; elevator, electricity, telephone, shower; private family. Coffey.

113TH, 501 WEST.—Sunny single, double rooms; conveniences; also housekeeping suite. Walker.

114TH, 606 WEST.—Parlor floor; kitchenette; steam heat; electricity; single rooms; reasonable.

114TH, 611 WEST.—Desirable room; private family; southern exposure. Apt. 7.

118TH, 400 WEST.—Morningside Heights; two, three, five beautiful, large, sunny corner rooms, facing park, (bath,) great view; exceptional table; moderate. Inquire Apt. 5.

118TH, 417 WEST.—Attractively furnished, decorated, large and small rooms; splendid restaurant. Dameron.

118TH, 425 WEST.—Comfortable, light room, facing Columbia campus; modern elevator building. Apartment 61.

118TH, 419 WEST.—Front suite, single room; elevator, shower. Apt. 32.

118TH, 423 WEST.—Outside south rooms; single, en suite. Apt. 1.

121ST, 414 WEST.—Large, comfortable room in private family; reasonable, new apartment No. 3.

123D, 520 WEST.—Heated; running water; one flight; $3.50; double, $4.50. Beach.

126TH, 113 WEST.—Large, small rooms; newly furnished; private house; Subway; references.

128TH, 215 WEST.—Private family; two rooms; privileges; telephone; hot water; reference.

130TH, (2,209 7th Av.)—Desirable front room; American home; conveniences; reasonable. Rochat.

135TH, 601 WEST.—Large, bright, elegantly furnished room; bath, elevator; reasonable; Subway. Clayton.

136TH, 538 WEST.—Beautifully furnished rooms; private bath; conveniences; Subway; gentlemen; references. Apartment 1.

140TH, 463 WEST.—Exclusive rooms; private bath; breakfast optional. Phone 7983 Audubon.

142D, 458 WEST.—Large front room; $10 weekly; private residence; Subway; references; telephone.

BROADWAY, 2,643, (100th.)—Desirable room, adjoining bath; private family; electricity, telepnone. Calder.

CONVENT AV., 425, (148th St.)—Large, attractive room, bath, $5; small room, $3; private residence; gentlemen; references; telephone; Subway. Owner.

DESIRABLE ROOM; private family. Address Chandler, 304 West 99th St.

FORT WASHINGTON AV., 280.—Beautiful room, bath; elevator apartment. Audubon 8071. Apt. 23.

LADY having beautiful five-room apartment would rent outside room or apartment. Mrs. Friedrich, 536 West 113th St.

MANHATTAN AV., 439, (Apt. 44.)—Elevator apartment; pleasant surroundings; comfortably furnished room.

ONE AND TWO ROOMS,
Each with bath, at 420 West 116th St., furnished; rentals at $25 per month and upward, including service. 'Phone 5800 Morning.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 258, (cor. 98th.)—Southern couple, with attractive apartment, will take refined couple into their home; every privilege. Telephone 9281 Riverside. Apartment DD.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, (125th St.)—Large, light, outside room, $4.50. Phone 2916 Riverside.

WADSWORTH AV., 115.—Two nice rooms, improvements, $2 room. Westendof. Telephone Audubon 644.

WEST END, 611.—Magnificent large room; private bath; also medium-sized room; electricity 91st Subway; private family; references.

WEST END AV., 328.—Elegantly furnished rooms; $4-$15; suites; breakfast optional. Col. 1194.

Automobile Exchange

Thirty cents a line.

A 1914 CADILLAC OR 1914 HUDSON.
Owner will sell at a big sacrifice either one of the two following automobiles: One late 1914 Cadillac or one late 1914 Hudson, 6 cylinder, Model 54; cost $2,350; both cars run less than 4,000 miles; fully equipped, including extras. Any reasonable offer accepted. Owner, 150 Clymer St., 3 blocks from Williamsburg Bridge, Brooklyn.

Hupmobiles, 1914 and 1913 touring cars; both are in excellent condition throughout and guaranteed same as new; no reasonable offers refused. Hupmobile Agency, 1,190 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

HUPMOBILE RUNABOUT, $175.
In excellent condition, newly painted and fully equipped. J. Diuguid, 1,190 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

Motor Trucks.

TRUCKS. TRUCKS.
Will give profitable contract on 3 and 5 ton new trucks I have for sale; only small cash investment required; balance easy terms and covered by profit.
See at once.
Whitefield, 516 E. 29th St., Brooklyn.
Phone 8228 Flatbush.
TRUCKS. TRUCKS.

WANTED CONTRACTS
for
TRUCKS; any size, any style body suitable for your business; low rates; guaranteed service. If you are renting horses get our figures and see real economy. If motor trucks we can surely beat them!
Harry A. Moss, 800 East 173d St., New York.
Phone 3676 Tremont.

MUST SELL AT ONCE
10 TRUCKS,
different standard makes and capacities; also a few pleasure cars.
CHARLES J. GREENFIELD, Assignee
for Buyers & Sellers' Automobile Co., Inc.,
1,664 Broadway. Columbus 9028.

Chase 1½-ton; must sell at once; genuine bargain to responsible party; will sell on time; part cash, balance in notes. E. P. Risbrough, 601 West 127th St., N. Y. C. Phone 3085 Morningside.

TRUCKS—Have 1, 2 3, 5 ton new trucks; will sell at a discount; must have immediate action.
E. F. Twyman, Hotel Empire New York City.

Automobile Storage.

P. BRADY & SON CO.
Dead storage of Automobiles. Automobiles boxed for export. 552-556 W. 58th St. Col. 3440.

Automobiles for Rent.

To rent by the month, $325, 30 H P. Packard limousine, 1912, or season; in first-class condition; 10 years' references from last employer. J. Schurbrock, 541 East 88th St.

Seven-passenger landaulet Packard, Renault; day, hour, month. 212 West 84th. 6768 Schuyler.

Beautiful landaulet town car for hire; reasonable rates; excellent driver. Brock, 161 East 72d. Phone 9106 Lenox.

Seven-passenger limousine, almost new; beautiful car; chauffeur unequaled; very low by the month. S 41 Times.

Elegant limousine, day or week, monthly preferred; reasonable; references. Jonas, Columbus 9021.

Packard Berline limousine, $2.50 hourly, $300 monthly; owner drives; references. Harlem 6818.

Automobile Instruction.

STEWART AUTO SCHOOL.
Chartered by N. Y. State Board of Regents.
FULL COURSE, $55.
Booklet explains WHY our course is BEST.
225 West 57th Street, (at Broadway.)

WEST SIDE Y. M. C. A., 302 W. 57th St. Largest and Best School in U. S. Send for Booklet and Pass to Visit School. Tel. 7920 Col. Special class for women.

Unfurnished Rooms

Twenty cents a line.

40TH, 66 WEST.—Large room; private bath; high-class house; references required; bachelors.

40TH, 121 EAST.—Large, unfurnished room; bath; congenial private family; ground floor.

Bachelors!—Two large connecting rooms, with bath and grate fires, in private house; convenient to all lines. 30 West 90th St.

Madison Av., 747 (65th.)—Elegant studio apartments one, two rooms; bath; phone.

Help Wanted, Female

Twenty-five cents a line.

CHOCOLATE DIPPERS; experienced. Mary-Elizabeth Candy Shop, 392 5th Av., (corner 35th St.)

COOK wanted in private house; two in family; German, Swedish, or Hungarian preferred. Apply 30 West 92d St.

STENOGRAPHER.—Wanted, a thoroughly well-educated and competent stenographer, sufficiently experienced in filing technical papers, to take charge of such work in an architect's office; reply in handwriting, stating in detail, education, experience, and salary. S 81 Times.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR.—Wanted by a New York Stock Exchange house, thoroughly competent switchboard operator; must also understand stenography and typewriting; satisfactory references required. Address Box E Times, 2 Rector St.

WE NEED three women of education and culture, between 25 and 40 years, to join company of ladies specializing in selling high-class educational work; commission basis; traveling expenses paid; delightful work, offering unusual opportunities. Call between 10 and 12. Hanson-Bellows Co., 303 5th Av.

Instruction.

Thirty cents a line.

A SPECIAL COURSE FOR
TRAINING SECRETARIES,
at a reliable school. Registered and Inspected by the Regents of the State of New York. Day and evening session. Individual instruction; monthly payments. PRATT SCHOOL, 64 West 45th St, Known throughout the country for thorough work.

Help Wanted, Male

Twenty-five cents a line.

MANAGER wanted for a bank in one of the West Indian countries; must be American citizen, absolutely temperate, able to speak, read, and write French fluently, and be possessed of experience in foreign exchange and banking. Any man between 35 and 45, who can fill the above requirements may address E. S., care P. O. Box 1,834, New York City, in writing, giving full particulars of qualifications and previous experience.

SALESMAN wanted to handle popular line of skirts for city and office trade on commission basis only. Baron & Hertner, 142 West 24th St.

Instruction.

Thirty cents a line.

COMPLETE SECRETARIAL COURSE; also stenography, bookkeeping, &c.; individual instruction by specialists, day or night; penmanship lessons by appointment, and improvement guaranteed, civil service, see catalogue. WALWORTH INSTITUTE, (Founded 1858.) Broadway, at 72d St.

Agents Wanted

Thirty-five cents a line.

ITALIAN OLIVE OIL.—Very important Ligurian firm, producing and exporting pure olive oil, wants reliable, well-connected agent for U. S. Write Olea, Oneglia, Italy.

Situations Wanted

Fifteen cents a line.

Female.

BOOKKEEPER.—Entire charge books, cash; three years' experience; reliable; $10. K 311 Times Downtown.

COOK.—Colored girl; first-class cook or general housework; reference. 57 West 98th.

FILE CLERK, (21,) some experience, high school graduate, desires position with chance for advancement. W., Springfield Gardens, L. I.

PRIVATE SECRETARY, experienced, seeks position of trust; office work not objected; no typewriting; references from well-known people; would travel. X 238 Times Annex.

REFINED American widow wishes position in small family or elderly couple. S. A., 66 West 106th St., care Lee.

STENOGRAPHER, TYPEWRITER.—Neat, intelligent girl; American; beginner; rapid, good speller, accurate; no agency; $6. Miss Milton, 297 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Law, (21,) neat, rapid, accurate; 4 years' legal experience; general or patent law office; best references. S 43 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, bookkeeper, typewriter, neat, accurate; salary reasonable; references. Stenographer, 311 East Broadway.

Employment Agencies.

Thirty cents a line.

BERTHA CARLSON'S AGENCY, 2,415 Broadway, corner 89th St.; first-class servants. 9463 Riverside.

SHEPHERD EMPLOYMENT.—Help supplied day, week, month. 107 West 133d. 6916 Morningside.

Situations Wanted

Fifteen cents a line.

Male.

A.—A.—A.—ACCOUNTANT, CERTIFIED.—Books opened, closed, audited, systematized, untangled, investigation. INCOME TAX reports prepared; superior service; rates moderate. Louis Gross, 132 Nassau St. Tel. Beekman—2960.

A.—A.—ACCOUNTANT, RESULTS CERTIFIED.—Books opened, closed, written up, audited, systematized; $5 monthly upward; trial balance; financial statements. Friedlander, 19 Cedar St. Telephone 2851 John.

Lost and Found

Thirty-five Cents per agate line.
Count six words to a line.
Telephone 1000 Bryant.

LOST.—Dec. 17th, on West 55th St., or at or near Delmonico's or Cohan's Theatre, West 43d St., lady's brooch; small gold star, set with diamonds; suitable reward. John H. Stoddart, 100 William St. Telephone 5382 John.

LOST.—Drop earring, 2 large pear-shaped pearls and diamonds, 34th St. crosstown car on Broadway to 44th St.; liberal reward. Return to cashier, Waldorf-Astoria.

LOST—Dec. 16, between 56th and 49th Sts., East, three pieces linen and lace tray covers. Return to Mrs. Furman, 109 East 56th St.

LOST.—Wednesday, black fur neckpiece, lynx, Hudson tube, Broadway car; $20 reward. Tomfohrde, 996 Av. C, Bayonne, N. J.

LOST—Left in washroom Billy the Oysterman's restaurant pearl ring. Finder please return to cashier at Billy's; reward.

LOST — Vicinity Columbus Av., 80th, Tuesday, brown sable scarf; liberal reward. Curtis, 185 West 79th.

LOST.—Vicinity West Farms, gold monogrammed fob, "W. J. N"; reward. 4,523 White Plains Road.

REWARD.—Platinum marquise ring, pearl centre diamond setting. Steiger, 430 Gates Av., B'klyn.

LOST.—Gold watch, Tuesday, blue enamel, inscription "Alice Flexner"; reward. 186 Chrystie St.

LOST—Small red memorandum book, with paid accounts; reward. Packard Auto Exchange, 1,876 Broadway.

LOST.—Tuesday, topaz pen with pearls; great sentimental value; reward. 129 East 19th St.

LOST—Diamond emerald ring; liberal reward. E. Molson, 19th and 4th Av., Pocono Bldg.

FLEXIBLE DIAMOND BRACELET, lost; shopping; suitable reward and no questions asked. Return to Brent, 524 5th Av.

PARTY WHO FOUND black silk and suede lady's bag Monday night, Dec. 14, and returned the check to Harris, Winthrop, return keys, and the same will be appreciated. X 241 Times Annex.

$2,000 REWARD.
NO QUESTIONS ASKED.
Lost, between Globe Theatre and Holliswood Hall on Thursday night, jewel box, containing gems of extreme value. Return Holliswood Hall, Hollis, L. I.

REWARD TEN DOLLARS
for lady's watch, left St. Mary's Church, 46th St., Nov. 30; no questions asked; reward, information. S 66 Times.

REWARD.—Chamois bag, imitation Italian necklace, note Bankers' Tr. Co., sum money. Smith, 227 Riverside Drive; telephone Riverside 1149.

REWARD.—East side 5th Av., between 38th and 44th, gold purse, owner's name inside clasp. Reward, 113 East 56th.

Lost and Found. Cats and Dogs.

REWARD.—From 1,440 Albemarle Road, Brooklyn, Monday afternoon, Airedale terrier; answers name "Chum."

REWARD.—Wire-haired fox terrier, one brown ear; recognizes "Fritz." 121 East 57th.

REWARD.—63d, black female Aberdeen terrier, "Scottie," license 1.210. 106 W. 61st.

Public Notices

Forty-five cents a line.

Friends of late Dorothea Brodzki-Dale please write to W. H., Times, Harlem.

Business Opportunities

Forty-five cents a line.

MILLINERY STORE FOR SALE.—Best location in Bronx; owned by feather manufacturer. Call between 10 and 11 A. M., Levy, 699 Broadway.

Will sacrifice high-class millinery business; fine location. Z 235 Times Annex.

Business Notices

Forty-five cents a line.

Jewelry.

Diamonds at Wholesale.—Bought, sold, and appraised. M. J. Averbeck, 10 Maiden Lane.

Business Loans.

Forty-five cents a line.

Manufacturers' and wholesalers' outstanding accounts financed, notes purchased. Nassau Finance, 119 Nassau.

Make loans outstanding accounts, notes, bank books. Security Finance Co., 149 Broadway.

Printing and Multigraphing

Forty-five cents a line.

MULTIGRAPH letters, 800, $1.30; 1,000 $1.75; 10,000, $9; prompt. Phone Beekman 5350. G. R. Weatherford, 116 Nassau. Room 1,005

For Sale—Miscellaneous

Thirty cents a line.

Beautiful Wilton rugs, 8.3x10.6, 9x12, sacrifice less than cost; also smaller sizes from $3.50 upward. 154 East 78th St.

Violin, (Gagliano,) genuine; $500. Call after 4 P. M., or Sunday morning. Bartlow, 520 West 184th St.

Purchase and Exchange

Thirty cents a line.

HIGHEST PRICES for pawn tickets, diamonds, old gold, silver, platinum, antiques, artificial teeth. A. S. Borg, 146 West 23d.

Highest prices for pawn tickets, diamonds, jewelry. International Diamond Exchange, 1,441 B'way, (near 41st.) 3007 Bryant. 1st fl.

Situations Wanted

Fifteen cents a line.

Male.

ABLE ENERGETIC BUSINESS MAN WANTS LARGER OPPORTUNITY THAN PRESENT POSITION OFFERS; IS AN EFFICIENT ORGANIZER AND DEVELOPER WITH SOUND CONSTRUCTIVE IDEAS AND EXECUTIVE ABILITY; A BUSINESS BUILDER, CAPABLE OF HANDLING A LARGE PROPOSITION. ADDRESS X 240 TIMES.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened, systematized, disentangled; special arrangements firms not employing bookkeepers. Telephone 7958 Cortlandt. Home telephone 9010 Melrose.

ACCOUNTANT—CERTIFIED.
Audits; systems installed; superior service. Kenneth Fairbanks, 55 Liberty St. Cortlandt—6970.

A YOUNG MAN, 21,
for 3 years with concern now liquidating, wants responsible position, either as office manager, correspondent, private secretary, head bookkeeper, or other capacity, where far-reaching office and sales experience, thorough business understanding, and the qualities of initiative, executive ability, energy, and devotion to duty, would be well utilized; extraordinary and convincing reference. K 330 Times, Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, expert, wants work in spare time. Dale, 169 St. Nicholas Av.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC, married, best American, European references, all repairs, good electrician, sober, honest, wants steady situation; town, country. Denaus, 185 West 63d. Telephone 2959 Columbus.

CHAUFFEUR.—Aged 24; good mechanic; private or commercial; city or country. Joseph McGann, 14 New Chambers St.

CHAUFFEUR.—Nine years' experience; thorough mechanic; competent operate any make car. H 18 Times Annex.

EMPLOYMENT DIRECTOR.
One who knows how to buy and direct brains; age 27; highly educated; recommended, aggressive; experienced in above capacity; employing technical and sales people. H 24 Times Annex.

FIREMAN.—First-class fireman wishes position; colored. Box S 63 Times.

GATEMAN OR DOORMAN.—Young man, now employed as gateman, desires position. Box 8, 1,515 3d Av.

MANAGER credit clothing store, knows business thoroughly, open for position. S 79 Times.

MACHINIST, married man, on bench vice assembling, also drill presser, seeks a job; have been unable to get a position for some time, am the sole support of my wife and child and the present depression in business has left me without a job; I am very much in need of work; am strong, willing, and obliging, best of references. If you can place me, address, Joseph Albert, 679 Ninth Avenue, City.

PORTER.—Man, elderly, honest, sober, reliable, as light porter or watchman; good cleaner; reference. Muller, 315 East 84th St.

SALESMAN, 30, ten years' selling experience, wishes connection reliable house; furnish gilt-edge reference; salary, commission. S 76 Times.

SALESMAN.—Experienced salesman bath robes, smoking jackets, with first-class trade, contemplates change by Jan. 15. S 88 Times.

SALESMAN OF HANDKERCHIEFS.—One of the best known, wishes new connection. X 227 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER, typewriter; willing American; beginner; neat; $7. Johns, M 296 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN.—Stenographer, typist, 19; four years' office experience. K. 326 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN wants position at anything; dish washer, bus boy. S 75 Times.

80 SHIPS NOT IN TRIM, GARDNER CHARGES

Twelve of the Navy's Biggest in Cold Storage for Lack of Men, He Tells Committee.

LIVELY TILTS AT HEARING

Massachusetts Man Accused of Playing Politics and Witherspoon Becomes Angry and Leaves Room.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 18. — Lively scenes marked the appearance of Representative Augustus P. Gardner of Massachusetts before the House Committee on Naval Affairs today to back up his insistence on an investigation to determine whether the country was in a condition of preparedness for war. It was demonstrated that Mr. Gardner and several members of the committee were prepared to fight, and for a good part of the hearing they went at each other hammer and tongs.

Several times committeemen demanded that the meeting be adjourned. One member denounced Mr. Gardner's conduct as "outrageous" and the Massachusetts man listened to angry accusations that he was trying to make political capital out of the hearing.

The controversy gained such heat at one point that a committeeman angrily quit the room.

It was Mr. Gardner who started the present agitation about military unpreparedness by introducing a resolution providing for an investigation by a commission of the condition of the land and naval forces. His views on the subject were laid before the Naval Committee today in a long statement, in which he said that American battleships were built to be placed in cold storage. He advocated increasing the enlisted personnel of the navy, and produced figures, which were the centre of today's disturbance. There were insinuations from committee members that Mr. Gardner was acting in the interest of armor and gun makers. These were repudiated by Mr. Gardner.

Just before Mr. Gardner began his argument he had a tilt with Representative Witherspoon of Mississippi about the portrait of Jefferson Davis on the silver service presented to the battleship Mississippi. This appeared to leave a bad taste in Mr. Witherspoon's mouth, and it was not long before he moved to close the hearings. Twice this motion was made, but Chairman Padgett brought his fist down on the table and said he would not adjourn the hearing because that would be just what Mr. Gardner wanted. "He wants us to stop him from talking," exclaimed the Chairman.

Gardner Defiant.

There was a distinct note of defiance in Mr. Gardner's remarks as he went on, and he finally openly challenged members of the committee who were disputing him to disprove his statements.

"We are not here as witnesses," thundered Mr. Witherspoon. "I protest against this outrageous performance."

"But don't deny my figures," shouted Mr. Gardner in a voice that conquered the deafening confusion that had set in.

"Nobody disputes the figures you present, Mr. Gardner," said Chairman Padgett, "but I do dispute your conclusions."

Mr. Gardner's attitude was the reverse of Mr. Padgett's complaisance. Mr. Gardner proceeded to hurl a few more challenges at Mr. Witherspoon, who finally arose and demanded that the proceedings be conducted in order and as quickly as possible.

Representative Gray of Indiana jumped up and made a similar demand. Mingled with their cries came the deep voice of the Chairman begging for order and urging Mr. Gardner to proceed so the excitement might subside.

"I am determined," said Mr. Gardner, "to get an admission from these members of this committee that my figures are correct."

"There he goes again," exclaimed Mr. Witherspoon. "He will proceed without me, for I shall leave this outrageous performance," and the gray-haired Mississipian grabbed his slouch hat and corncob pipe and strode out of the room, glaring fiercely at the member from Massachusetts, who smiled serenely in return.

From this time on Chairman Padgett kept a close watch on Mr. Gardner to see that he did not begin again to ask questions of members of the committee. When he had finished his direct statement Mr. Gardner invited any inquiries that members might wish to ask. Mr. Gray asked him how he had gone about agitating the subject of national defense throughout the country. Thereupon Gardner began a painstaking account of the successive steps he had taken to get his propaganda under headway, and admitted that he sent out circulars to every Chamber of Commerce and Board of Trade in the country, urging discussion of the matter. When he received replies favoring greater military preparedness, he said, he had sent back printed circulars and resolutions and asked that these be adopted and sent to Senators and Representatives. He denied that he had been in touch with manufacturers of military supplies of any kind.

Mr. Gray followed up with questions that evidently were designed to convey the idea that Mr. Gardner had an unworthy motive, and had been in questionable practices in starting the public discussion of military defense.

"I have heard enough of that," roared Mr. Gardner. "It came first from the White House in newspaper dispatches saying the President thought there was nothing in the matter, and that it only came from the armorplate manufacturers and gunmakers. The gentleman is making a personal charge against me. I have never talked with any mercantile concern or its representatives. I have done only what I have described to you in a broad and general way."

Mr. Gardner gave the name of one man he had employed to attend to preparing his circulars and mailing them, and asked if there was anything else he could tell about that phase of the subject.

Coast Guns Deficient.

In a series of letters from the Secretary of War, Mr. Gardner showed the committee that the twelve-inch guns in the coast fortifications were deficient in range as compared with the fourteen-inch guns that were being placed on the dreadnoughts of leading navies of the world. These more powerful guns, he said, were admitted to have a range greater than ours by 4,000 yards. To match them it would be necessary, as recommended in the report of the Chief of Coast Artillery this year, to provide fourteen-inch guns, and such guns could not be mounted on the disappearing gun carriage now in use.

Nor was it practicable, he declared, to meet the deficiency as had been suggested by the Chief of Coast Artillery by firing a lighter propectile, because that reduced the bursting charge. To undertake to increase the range by elevating the guns was impracticable, he said, because it could not be done with the disappearing gun carriage, and the only way was to replace the disappearing carriage with a barbette carriage. Attention was called by Mr. Gardner to the fact that the Secretary of War had called a conference of officers to discuss the matter of national defense.

"The Secretary of War hasn't been afraid to face the situation," said Mr. Gardner. "He doesn't shrug his shoulders and say its all the work of armorplate men. He is not chloroforming Congress or the country."

Taking up the whole situation, Mr. Gardner said that according to Rear Admiral Badger and Assistant Secretary Roosevelt the navy was short 18,000 men, and that battleships were being "built for cold storage." He urged that the programme recommended by the General Board be accepted with provision for building 100 submarines and a liberal appropriation for aeroplanes.

Ships for "Cold Storage."

"I am sorry to say," he said, "that Secretary Daniels in his recommendations to Congress has cut the Naval Board's building programme for this year almost exactly in two. If you gentlemen had permitted me to present as witnesses a few recently retired officers, in a single day the country would have learned of our demented policy of building warships for cold storage. Out of thirty completed battleships, do you know that twelve of them are unavailable without a long delay on account of our refusal to pay the bills for manning them?

"If we had gone to war with the rest of the first-class powers early in August do you realize that no less than nine of our battleships would not have been ready to fight? We have fifteen cruisers, twenty-two destroyers, eighteen torpedo boats, five submarines, and perhaps a dozen miscellaneous fighting ships kept in cold storage with the battleships. Eighty fighting vessels of our modest navy are not available for battle in an emergency.

"I charge that our navy is 18,000 men short and a further shortage of 40,000 men is in sight. The General Board, which has actually made our war plans, estimates the enlisted force of the navy as between 30,000 and 50,000 men short for war. If any attention had been paid to the General Board's emphatic appeals for our national safety, instead of only 27 battleships built and building and authorized, we should now have 47 battleships built, building, and authorized, instead of 68 destroyers we should now have 187 destroyers. If we heeded the advice of the General Board we should have a fleet of fast scouts today. How many do you think we actually have got? Just three, and those were authorized over ten years ago.

"You know that we have 56 submarines in all, built and building, good, bad, and indifferent. Now comes Secretary Daniels and in a few soothing words, recommends submarines to the paltry number of eight or so.

Only Twelve Aeroplanes.

"We have just a dozen aeroplanes in the navy. Last year the aeroplane board recommended an appropriation of $1,300,000. Instead of that sum, according to Capt. Bristol, we let the aviation service spend only $350,000 or $400,000. The General Naval Board in its current report says that we must spend $5,000,000 on air craft. Secretary Daniels recommends no regular specific appropriation at all, but he tells us about a volunteer air craft force. Captain Bristol says that that volunteer force doesn't amount to Hannah Cook.

"Rear Admiral Straus tells us that all battleships in commission now, or which will be in commission before the Nevada and the Oklahoma are completed, 'are equipped with a short range torpedo which may be considered obsolete for the battle fleet.'

"Some persons have quoted Rear Admiral Fletcher as saying the American navy ranks ahead of that of Germany. I have searched the Admiral's evidence and find that he said nothing of the sort. I don't believe that any well informed man believes our fleet to be superior to that of Germany. A year ago Rear Admiral C. E. Vreeland testified that we are third in the race, and moreover, that we are a pretty bad third, for he said that we should still be third in 1920, even if we adopted the building programme of the general board."

INQUIRY BY ARMY CHIEFS.

Officers of High Rank Investigating Our Coast Defenses.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 18.—Headed by Assistant Secretary Breckinridge, a special board of army officers of high rank has been in session at the War Department for several days considering the state of the coast defenses of the country, and particularly the military situation in the Canal Zone.

Proceedings of the board are secret, but the fact that it was sitting became known tonight. It is expected evidences of its work will soon be visible through recommendations to Congress for funds to carry out and develop certain plans for the improvement of the coast defenses, probably based in some measure upon the remarkable developments in the siege operations in the existing war.

Members of the board include Major Gen. Leonard Wood, Brig. Gen. William Crozier, Chief of Ordnance; Brig. Gen. D. C. Kingman, Chief of Engineers; Brig. Gen. Erasmus M. Weaver, Chief of Coast Artillery; Col. Richmond P. Davis, Coast Artillery Corps; Capt. Harry S. Knapp, U. S. N.; Capt. William R. Shoemaker, U. S. N., and Capt. Frank S. Cocheu of the General Staff as reporter.

Major Gen. William W. Wotherspoon, recently retired as Chief of Staff, was present at today's meeting. Brig. Gen. Hugh L. Scott, Chief of Staff, and Col. George W. Goethals are members of the board, but both are absent from Washington.

REASSIGNS BANK EXAMINERS

Controller Williams Groups Them by Federal Reserve Divisions.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 18.—A readjustment of the system under which examinations of national banks are made has been ordered by the Controller of the Currency. It is believed that it will result in the keeping of a more careful check on these institutions. The Controller announced today that the districts assigned to National Bank Examiners had been realigned.

Under the new arrangement there will be twelve districts to correspond with the Federal Reserve divisions. The examiners in each district will be under the immediate direction of chief examiners, whose headquarters will be in the reserve cities, except in the case of the Fifth District, where the chief examiner will be located in Washington.

The system of remunerating examiners by fees, which had been in force for many years, was abolished last month, and all the examiners are now on a salary basis. Arrangements have been perfected for close co-operation between the Federal Reserve Board, the Reserve banks, and the Controller's office in the matter of bank examinations, so that all of the information gathered may be used to the greatest advantage.

HERRICK'S WAR RELIEF PLAN

Wants U. S. Chamber of Commerce to Name Committee.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 18.—Myron T. Herrick, former Ambassador to France, left here tonight for New York to discuss with business men there the formation of a central committee to have general supervision over the collection of funds for the relief of European war sufferers. He called at the White House today and was the guest of honor at a luncheon given by Secretary Bryan.

The plan under contemplation is to have the United States Chamber of Commerce name a central committee, and then to ask President Wilson to give his approval to the plan. The President recently refused to name such a committee himself because he believed the relief work should not be of an official character.

HOUSE CUTS MILEAGE RATE.

From 20 to 5 Cents, but Senate May Disagree.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 18.—If the Senate takes the House at its word, members of Congress hereafter will receive only their actual expenses in coming to Washington and returning home, instead of the twenty cents a mile now given to them. By a vote of 171 to 159, the House today adopted the amendment offered by Representative Hardy of Texas providing mileage at five cents a mile. A majority of those who voted for the resolution hope, if they do not believe, that the Senate will reject the House resolution.

It is recalled, however, that fifteen years ago after the House had for years adopted an amendment to the sundry civil bill prohibiting the sale of liquors in the Capitol, suddenly the Senate, girmly concurred, and, since that time, the restaurants have been conducted on a prohibition basis, while cloak room bottles practically have disappeared.

Candidates for Federal Marshal.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 18.—There is some interest here over the successor to Gen. Henkle as Federal Marshal for the Southern District of New York. Senator O'Gorman is supporting Thomas Boyle, a well-known Tammany district leader, for the place. Others mentioned are John Conway and Thomas McCarthy, campaign manager for James W. Gerard.

CARLSON TO FACE ACCUSER.

Monmouth Man Extradited on $40,000 Swindle Charge.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., Dec. 18.—Gov. Fielder granted an application today for the extradition of Charles A. Carlson of Everett, Monmouth County, to North Carolina, where he is wanted on a charge of stealing $40,000 from Dr. David S. Fuller of Hendersonville, a dentist, 76 years old. It was represented to Gov. Fielder that the family of the elderly dentist, who had a comfortable bank account, had been reduced to poverty and actual distress by the false pretenses of Carlson, who said he wanted to invest the money in a street railway in Hendersonville.

The Governor was told Carlson had squandered the money, and had spent a large part of it on an actress. Carlson, represented by Joseph Reilly, associated with former Attorney General Edmund Wilson of Red Bank, fought the extradition, but when the application was granted and he was held in $4,000 bail pending the service of the papers, he furnished his own bail.

Ex-Attorney General Wilson, at his home in Red Bank, was asked last night what was going to be the defense of Carlson. He replied:

"He has been guilty of no fraud and no crime. That is going to be his defense, but I can't go into any details just now."

"Why, Mr. Carlson is one of the best-known men in this community," said Mr. Reilly. "He has been known here for a long time, and has established a wide reputation for honesty and integrity. He also is a man of means. He is an inventor of note. He has devised and improved new types of gasoline and motor cars, and has built a great many other machines which are widely in use. He owns a fine home and farm in New Jersey."

Mr. Reilly said his client, after furnishing his own bail, was now ready to start back voluntarily to the North Carolina town to face his accusers.

WIFE ACCUSES BLIND MAN.

Charges Aged Husband Attacked Her, but He Denies It.

HACKENSACK, N. J., Dec. 18.—Eighty-two years old and blind for nineteen years, George Flotard, a farmer living in Creskill, has been locked up in the county jail on complaint of his wife, Mary Flotard, 59, who charges him with assaulting her with a pail. In his cell this afternoon the old man said that while he raised the pail in self-defense, he had struck no one.

"For sixteen years after I was stricken blind," he said, "we lived in peace, but about three years ago a rupture occurred, following which we lived in separate apartments in the little house down in Creskill. Yesterday she came to my apartment and upbraided me for selling a cow, twitching my nose, and striking me in the face, knocking me over a red-hot stove. The flooring caught fire, and although my first impression was to let the house burn up, on second thought I would have no place to go, and quickly grabbing a pail of water I doused it on the fire. I then attempted to put my wife out of the room, but she resisted, and I raised the pail as though to strike her."

Flotard has lived in Bergen County fifty-nine years, and makes willow-work baskets.

SAYS WOMAN AIDED SWINDLE

Led Pittsburgh Victims Into Accused Company's Net, Says Attorney

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURGH, Dec. 18.—Attorney A. C. Stein, member of the Legislature for the First District of Allegheny County, promises a sensation that will rock the foundations of Pittsburgh's financial structure when the trial of the officers of the United States Steel Railway Tie Company is held in the County Court. He is the author of the bill for the prevention of fraudulent advertising and was the means of the arrest of the officers of the steel tie company. He said today:

"The main feature of this alleged fraud is the fact that the steerer of the victims is a woman very much on the order of Mrs. Cassis Chadwick, who startled the financial world a few years ago. This woman keeps house with two very beautiful daughters in the fashionable district of the city. There she has been nightly visited by many of the wealthy men of the industrial centre and invariably they have come away the possessors of worthless stock, for which they have deposited good money.

There is no question in my mind but what this woman is the main success of this alleged gigantic steal. We have found that this United States Steel Railway Tie Company hasn't a cent except what they have gotten from their victims, and notwithstanding the fact that they advertise their capital stock at $33,000,000, they weren't able to pay their stenographer a paltry $50 for salary, and she had to enter suit."

Political Wisdom.

Don't elect men to the Legislature just because they smoke ten-cent cigars and wear creases in their pantaloons. See that they know something, too.—Ohio State Journal.

IN NEW JERSEY.

JERSEY CITY—Dr. F. K. MacMurrough of 705 Ocean Avenue, telephoned to the Communipaw Avenue police station early yesterday morning: "Patrolman Frank Kotz has just died in my office." Arrangements were made for the removal of the body, but shortly after, Dr. MacMurrough phoned Kotz had revived. Dr. MacMurrough said Kotz called for treatment and had a spell, in which he had the appearance of death.

NEWARK—Mayor-elect Thomas L. Raymond announced yesterday the appointment of Jerome T. Congleton as Judge of the First Criminal Court and of Themistocles Mancusi-Ungaro as Judge of the Second Criminal Court. Mr. Congleton is now President of the Essex County Tax Board.

NEWARK—David Peters of Morris Turnpike, Millburn, was found guilty yesterday of assault for firing a charge of birdshot into the leg of Alver Abrams, aged 10, of South Walnut Street, East Orange, when the boy went into Peters's orchard to get some apples.

HACKENSACK.—Two masked robbers, armed with revolvers, broke into John J. Allen's livery stable at Park Ridge yesterday, and after beating him into insensibility took his gold watch and $175 in cash.

PATERSON.—Despondent because her husband is working only on part time, Mrs. Emma Lawrence, 46 years old, of 87 Franklin Street, drank the contents of a vial of oxalic acid yesterday. She died in St. Joseph's Hospital four hours later.

TRENTON.—Democratic heads of State departments met yesterday with the leaders of the minority in the Legislature and planned to have a complete programme ready when the session begins.

TRENTON.—As another step in its campaign to obtain an improved quality of illuminating gas, this city is planning to retain Norman MacBeth and Alfred E. Forstall of New York, experts, to make a study of local conditions and then appear for Trenton at the hearing to be given Jan. 5 by the State Board of Public Utility Commissioners.

TRENTON.—A committee of the Republican majority of the Legislature made a thorough investigation of the State Treasury yesterday to acquaint themselves with the exact condition of the State's finances. Senator Read of Camden thought it was the majority's duty to get into intimate touch with the Treasury conditions, so that in planning for the new appropriation bill the members would know exactly where they stood.

BORDENTOWN.—The steamboat F. W. Brune of the Trenton Transportation Line is fast in the ice near here. In efforts to get free she broke her rudder and the ice closed around her.

SHADOW PLAID MADRAS

LOCKWOOD
THE NEW
E&W
RED-MAN COLLAR

FRASCH LEAVES $5,261,776.

Wife and Daughter of Chemist for Standard Get Bulk of Estate.

Herman Frasch, ex-chief chemist of the Standard Oil Company, who died in Paris, France, on March 1, left a net estate of $5,261,776, according to the appraisal filed in the office o the State Controller yesterday. The total securities were $4,506,500 and his bank deposits amounted to $860,492. Mr. Frasch had been President of the Union Sulphur Company and was succeeded by his son-in-law, Henry D. Whiton.

The will provided for $50,000 in cash to his son George B., of Sydney, Australia, and $2,605,888 in trust for life each to the widow, Mrs. Elizabeth Blee Frasch, and her daughter, Mrs. Frieda Frasch Whiton. The sums represent practically all of the residuary estate.

Among the holdings were 505 shares of stock of the Union Sulphur Company, appraised at $2,250 per share; over $700,000 worth of stock of the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey, 2,000 shares of Union Pacific, $308,000; 2,000 shares of Santa Fé, $189,000; 1,700 shares of Baltimore & Ohio, $153,850; 1,000 shares of Southern Railway, $79,000; 2,000 shares of Southern Pacific, $182,000; 2,000 shares of New York Central, $181,250; 2,000 shares of Philadelphia & Reading, $162,375; 1,000 shares of Lehigh Valley, $68,750; 1,485 shares of the Virginia-Carolina Chemical Company, $46,742; 1,000 shares of the American Agricultural Chemical Company, $93,000, and 6,000 shares of United States Steel Corporation common, $350,250.

ARREST WOMAN AS BURGLAR

Loot and False Keys Found on Her at Station.

When Mrs. Beatrice Davis rushed from the door of her home, 33 West Eighty-second Street, last night, crying "Police!" Detectives Thompson and Boyle, who happened to be within earshot, started on the run toward Central Park, where, Mrs. Davis told them, they would find a woman burglar who had just ransacked her house. The detectives thought they saw a man lurking in the shadows, but as they drew nearer they discovered it to be a woman wearing a man's overcoat and carrying a suitcase and a Gladstone bag. They arested her and took her to the Fourth Branch Detective Bureau.

In the suitcase were found several suits of men's clothing, while the Gladstone contained a number of other articles of men's apparel. Most of the suits were identified as belonging to M. M. Hirschberg, a boarder in Mrs. Davis's house. The woman was charged with burglary and sent to the West 123d Street station. There she refused to give her right name, saying that she was a widow, 45 years old, and that her maiden name was Mary Reilley. She was neatly dressed in black and wore glasses. Among her belongings were two false keys, one fitting Mrs. Davis's front door.

DUNN CONVICTION STANDS.

Appellate Division Says Tammany Leader Should Serve Term.

The conviction in Rockland County of Bart Dunn, the Tammany district leader, and of Joseph Fogarty, a State highway inspector, for road building frauds, was affirmed yesterday in a decision handed down by the Appellate Division in Brooklyn.

Dunn was president and treasurer of the Dunbar Contracting company, which had a contract to rebuild a Rockland County road. The evidence showed that the contractors simply tore up the old road, crushed the macadam which formed the bed and plastered the crushed macadam over with cement that would not hold. The two men were convicted of conspiracy and sentenced to ten months each on Blackwell's Island and to pay fines of $500.

Justice Rich in writing the opinion declared that the violations of the contract specifications were so flagrant that they could not be otherwise than the fruits of conspiracy.

DYING, CLINGS TO GIRLS.

Mrotally Stricken, Man Flings His Arms Around Them at Bridge.

The Brighton Beach elevated train platform at the Manhattan end of the Brooklyn Bridge was packed with men and women last evening when a man threw his arms about the shoulders of two girls who stood pressed close to him by the crowd. The girls screamed and struggled to get away from the man and there was great excitement before the crowd could be made to move so that they might release themselves.

When they finally broke away from the man he collapsed on the platform. Men in the crowd raised him, but he hung limp in their arms, and they carried him to a bench and afterward to the emergency room on the bridge, where Dr. Krieger was called from the Volunteer Hospital. The surgeon found the man dead. He had used the last of his strength apparently to grab the girls as he felt himself falling to the platform.

He was about 50 years old, 5 feet 7 inches in height, and weighed about 190 pounds. He was smooth-shaven. In a brown overcoat he wore was a tag with the name "H. C. McGuire, Nov. 25, 1912." There was nothing in his clothes to give an added clue to his identity.

WANT CATS LICENSED.

"Cat Conference" Hears of Harm Done by Household Pets.

A resolution for legislation licensing cats and providing for killing unlicensed cats was adopted last night at the "Cat Conference" at the Academy of Music in Brooklyn where 250 persons gathered, including John Burroughs and a number of other naturalists and physicians.

Samuel Parnass, of the Health Department, said that in the past year the Department had treated seventy-five cases of rabies due to cat bites and called attention to the case of Grace Polhemus, 13 years old, of Brooklyn, who died of rabies long after a cat had bitten her.

Albert H. Pratt, President of the Burroughs Nature Club, who presided, said that in Massachusetts, as an example, every cat killed an average of fifty birds a year and that 6,000,000 birds in that State thus lost their lives last year. Had they lived, he said, those 6,000,000 birds would have destroyed 21,000 bushels of plant-destroying insects and food for many thousands would have been saved.

John Burroughs told of the destruction of birds by cats and favored licensing them. Dr. C. H. Townsend, Director of the New York Aquarium, criticised the press for not rising to the seriousness of the cat problem.

As the resolution was being adopted by a standing vote, A. C. Weeks. who was in the middle of the hall, launched into a defense of cats. One good thing they did, Mr. Weeks said, was to kill flies by thousands.

A motion to adjourn silenced him.

BARRED 'VOTES' LITERATURE

Charities Bureau Refused to Deliver Suffrage Christmas Baskets.

Three hundred Christmas baskets offered by the Woman Suffrage Party of Brooklyn to the Brooklyn Bureau of Public Charities for families of destitute longshoremen have been refused by the charity organization because the suffragists insisted that they be allowed to tie yellow ribbons and tags to the baskets.

Dr. Thomas J. Riley, Executive Secretary of the bureau, said yesterday:

"We offered to handle the baskets, but later refused when we learned that they contemplated putting suffrage tags, ribbons, and literature in them. We said we did not want to lend the name of the bureau to any organization. We have not said that we were for or against suffrage, but only that we would not distribute the literature.

Miss Anna May Mason, in charge of the Suffrage Party's Christmas work, will distribute the Christmas food with the literature.

HER ROBBERY DREAM TRUE.

Finds Trunk Broken and Valuables Gone, Just as in the Vision.

Mrs. Etta Schneider, whose husband was a Quartermaster in the Navy, and who now has two sons on the Idaho, keeps a furnished room for them in the lodging house of Miss Mary J. Whaley at 230 West Ninety-fifth Street, and, in their absense, sometimes iccupies it herself. Recently she left her trunk there, and a day or so ago dreamed that it had been opened and ransacked.

Mrs. Schneider is a governess employed on Staten Island, but her dream was so vivid that she visited the lodging house, found her trunk had been opened, and notified the police that pawn tickets for $1,100 worth of jewelry and furs worth $100 had ben stolen. Mrs. Schneider had pawned her jewelry for safe kepeing and had taken only $150 on the pledges.

Detectives Maddox and Love of the West 123d Street Station suspected Harry Whaley, a brother of Miss Whaley, who is a salesman, but now out of work, and yesterday they arrested him. The detectives say he confessed taking the furs and tickets, and said he had sold the tickets in five lots for $450.

The detectives have traced most of the tickets, they say, and hope to recover all of Mrs. Schneider's jewelry.

The "Young Junior"
For Young Fellows

A smart Silk Hat especially designed for youths and young men—their "first silk topper." The same as Young's for older men but of smaller proportions. Give him an "Order on Young" and let him select this new Silk Hat for himself

Young's Hats
NONE BETTER MADE

A New Derby
The "Snowbird"
Truly Warner introduces an imported idea in this new smart derby hat.
Added to the wonderfully flexible, light weight quality, is the handsome white satin lining and rich white morroco leather. Everything about the hat breathes $5 quality. At Truly Warner stores . . $2
Stores Everywhere Mail Orders Prepaid
Truly Warner
Hatter to Mr. Goodresser

METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE
Today at 2. Euryanthe. Hempel, Ober; Sembach, Weil, Middleton. Cond., Toscanini.
Sun. Evg. Concert, Fritz Kreisler, the Great Austrian Violinist. Alda; Middleton and entire orch.
Next Mon. at 8:15. La Traviata. Hempel; Botta, Amato, Bada. Cond., Polacco.
Wed. at 8. Aida. Destinn, Ober; Martinelli, Amato, Didur. Cond., Toscanini.
Thurs. at 8. Manon. Farrar, Duchene; Caruso, Scotti, Rothier. Cond., Toscanini.
Fri., Xmas Day Mat. 2:30. Prices 50c to $2.50. Haensel u. Gretel. Schumann, Mattfeld; Reiss, Goritz. Cond., Hageman, foll'd by Ballet Divertis'nt.
Fri. at 8. Tannhaeuser. Gadski, Matzenauer; Urlus, Weil, Braun, Althouse. Cond., Hertz.
Sat. at 2. Carmen. Farrar, Bori; Caruso, Amato, Rothier, Reiss, Bada. Cond., Toscanini.
BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
Tonight at 8. La Boheme. Farrar, Schumann; Botta, Tegani, Didur, Segurola. Cond., Polacco.
HARDMAN PIANO USED.

SYMPHONY CONCERTS FOR YOUNG PEOPLE.
N. Y. SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA.
WALTER DAMROSCH......Conductor
Christmas Concert This Aft. at 2:30.
CARNEGIE HALL.
Grieg, Schumann, Brahms, Tschaikowsky and Selections from the Messiah.
Tickets at Office, 1 W. 34th St., & Box Office.

NATIONAL ACADEMY OF DESIGN
WINTER EXHIBITION NOW OPEN—ADM. 50c.
FINE ARTS GALLERIES, 215 WEST 57TH ST.
10 A. M. TO 6 P. M. AND 8 TO 10 P. M.

NEW YORK BROADWAY AT 45TH ST. Eves. 8:30. Daily Mats. 2:30.
UNIVERSAL'S PHOTO PLAY SENSATION
DAMON and PYTHIAS SIX PARTS
Sat. and Sunday Nights 2 Performances, 7:30 & 9.

B. F. KEITH'S PALACE B'way 47 St. Daily Mat. 25-75c
Blanche Ring & Co., Frank Keenan & Co., Laddie Cliff, Doyle & Dixon, oths. & Annette Kellermann.

SYMPHONY Society of New York
WALTER DAMROSCH, Conductor.
Tomorrow (Sunday) Afternoon at 3.
OSSIP Gabrilowitsch
SAINT-SAENS, RACHMANINOFF, DEBUSSY.
Seats at Box Office. AEOLIAN HALL.

PEOPLE'S SYMPHONY CONCERTS.
MAUD POWELL
Soloist, Tschaikowsky Symphony Pathetique. Sun. Aft., Dec. 20, at 3:15, CARNEGIE HALL. Ask about half rates. Tickets at 32 Union Square. Telephone 3382 Stuy. (Office open till 6:30 P. M.)

CARNEGIE HALL
WED. AFT., DEC. 30, AT 2:30.
Kreisler
Direction C. A. Ellis. Steinway Piano used.

AEOLIAN HALL, Tonight at 8:15.
First American Appearance, HERR Moritz Wurm
AND HIS ORCHESTRA.
IDALIA IDE, SOPRANO. Seats at Box Of.

Come today at the tea hour to see the Chiro Walk—the new fox-trot as exhibited by Mr. Clancy—or Mr. Elting's new waltz at

Chiro's

If you make it a habit to attend these Saturday Exhibitions you will join that fortunate fraction of New Yorkers who always know every new step a week or a month ahead of their friends.
Lunch here before the matinee—or bring your friends for tea afterwards—and keep in step.
Your table can be reserved by telephoning Murray Hill 6488.
Six *East* Forty-sixth *Street*

HIPPODROME
6th Av., 43d-44th. Daily Mats., 2. Best Seats, $1
"THE LIVING DOLLS" (Singer's Midgets)—new circus acts, novelties and comedy features for the "Kiddies," and "WARS OF THE WORLD."

SHUBERT 44th, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Last Matinee Today 2:15.
JOSE COLLINS in SUZI
Last Week with TOM McNAUGHTON and Connie Ediss.
THURS. EVE., DEC. 24—SEATS NOW
LONDON GAIETY CO. 80 PEOPLE
in "TO-NIGHT'S THE NIGHT."

LYRIC 42d, West of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Today, Wed., Xmas & New Year's.
JOE WEBER offers THE ONLY GIRL

39TH STREET THEATRE. 25c.-50c.
BELGIAN BATTLEFIELD MOTION PICTURES
Daily at 1—2:30—4—7—8:30—10 P. M.

Manhattan Op. Ho., 34th & 8th Av. Evs. 8. Mats. Today, Wed., Xmas, N. Yr's
MATINEE TODAY AT 2.
LIFE WORLD'S BIGGEST PLAY.
No Holiday Raise in Prices.

Winthrop Ames' LITTLE Theatre, W. 44th St.
Evs. 8:45. Mats. Today, Wed., Xmas, N. Yr's.
Cyril Harcourt's Comedy,
A PAIR of SILK STOCKINGS
All Seats, $2.00.

Maxine Elliott's 39th, nr. B'way. Evgs. 8:20. MtToday, Wed, Xmas, N. Yr's
FAVERSHAM with MLLE. DORZIAT —in— THE HAWK

PRINCESS THEATRE OF THRILLS. 39th, near B'way. Evs. 8:30
Matinee Today $1.00, $1.50 and $2.
GREATEST SENSATIONS IN ITS HISTORY.

CORT 48th St., E. of B'way. Phone Bryant 46 Ev. 8:15. Mats. Today & Wed. (Pop.) 2:15. Under Cover

WINTER GARDEN Broadway & 50th St. Evenings 8.
Mats. Today, Tues., Thurs. & Xmas.
DANCING AROUND with AL JOLSON
and Co. of 125, inc. Bernard Granville.
Sunday Night Concert—Bill of All Stars.

COMEDY 41st, E. of Broadway. Evgs. 8:15. Mats. Today & Tuesday 2:15.
MISS MARIE TEMPEST in "THE MARRIAGE OF KITTY"
Preceded by "THE DUMB & THE BLIND."

44th St. Thea., W. of B'way. Phone 7292 Bryant. Evgs. 8:20. Mts. Today, Wed., Xmas & N. Yr's.
THE LILAC DOMINO

48th St. THEA., E. of Broadway. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Today, Thurs., Xmas, N. Yr's.
THE LAW OF THE LAND with JULIA DEAN

PLAYHOUSE 48th, E. of B'way. Evs. 8:20. Matinee Today 2:20.
POLYGAMY
THE PLAY WITH THE STARTLING LOVE STORY AND SUPERB CAST
Moves Mon. to Park Theatre, Columbus Circle. Seats 4 weeks ahead at Park Theatre Now.
PLAYHOUSE—STARTING WED. NIGHT, Dec. 23
LYDIA LOPOKOVA
in a New Comedy, "JUST HERSELF" Seats Now on Sale.

BOOTH 45th, West of B'way. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Today, Wed., Xmas & New Year's
Most Wonderful Play in New York, EXPERIENCE
Prices 50c-$2. Good Seats in 1st Balc. 50c, 75c, $1.

CASINO B'way & 39th St. LAST 2 TIMES. At 2:15, 25c. At 8:15, 25c, 50c, 75c.
WORLD FILM CORPORATION Presents
Your Girl and Mine
For the Benefit of the SUFFRAGE CAUSE.

Standard B'way & 90th St. Evs. Pop. Prices. Matinee Today 25c, 50c, 75c.
JULIAN ELTINGE in "THE CRINOLINE GIRL."
Next Week—MAY IRWIN—"Widow by Proxy."

THESE NEW YORK LEADING THEATRES HAVE NO DEALINGS WITH THE TYSON CO.

EMPIRE Broadway & 40th St. Evs. at 8:20. Mats. Today & Wed. at 2:15.
SUPERB PLAY, SUPERBLY ACTED.
DRIVEN GREAT BIG HUMAN STORY.
Cast includes ALEXANDRA CARLISLE, CHARLES BRYANT, LESLIE FABER, HAIDEE WRIGHT, LUMSDEN HARE.

LYCEUM West 45th Street. Evenings at 8:20. Matinee TODAY 2:20.
ELSIE FERGUSON IN OUTCAST

KNICKERBOCKER, Broadway and 38th Street. Eve. 8:15. Mats. Today, Wed. & Fri. 2:15.
"A JOYOUS EVENING."—SUN.
HAZEL DAWN and Company of 100 —in— The Debutante
VICTOR HERBERT'S NEW OPERETTA.

NEW AMSTERDAM W. 42d St. Evs. 8:20 Mats. Today & Wed.
CHARLES DILLINGHAM'S production.
Watch Your Step IRVING BERLIN'S MUSIC
Mr. & Mrs. Vernon Castle; Frank Tinney and Company of 100, including:
Elizabeth Murray | Brice & King | Sallie Fisher | Harry Kelly
AFTER THE SHOW VISIT ZIEGFELD'S DANSE DE FOLLIES.

GAIETY THEATRE, B'way & 46 St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15.
RUTH CHATTERTON
IN A NEW COMEDY BY JEAN WEBSTER
DADDY LONG-LEGS

GEO. M. COHAN'S Mats. Today, Wed. & Fri.
"IT PAYS TO ADVERTISE"

FULTON 46th St. West of Broadway.
TWIN BEDS

HUDSON West 44th St. Evs. 8:20.
Richard Bennett—Damaged Goods

BELASCO West 44th St. Evs. 8:20.
Leo Ditrichstein—Phantom Rival

REPUBLIC West 42d St. Evs. at 8:20.
THE SENSATION OF NEW YORK.
"KICK IN"

GLOBE Broadway, 46th St. Evs. 8:15.
MONTGOMERY & STONE CHIN CHIN

CANDLER WEST 42D ST. Evenings 8:20.
"ON TRIAL"

LONGACRE

BRONX OPERA HOUSE, 149 St.
BELGIAN BATTLE FIELD MOTION PICTURES

VITAGRAPH B'way & 44th St.
SIDNEY DREW

Strand B'way & 47th St.
"THE BLACK IS BACK."

IRVING PLACE THEATRE
DIE SPANISCHE FLIEGE

EDEN MUSEE

CHRISTMAS FUND BENEFIT FOR POOR OF NEW YORK
HIPPODROME
TOMORROW (SUN.) NIGHT 8:15
MME. SCHUMANN-HEINK
FRANCIS MACMILLAN,
Celebrated American Violinist, and
30 Other Artists, representing
Opera, Musical Comedy & Vaudeville,
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